CITY OF SOUTH PADRE ISLAND, TEXAS

COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2018



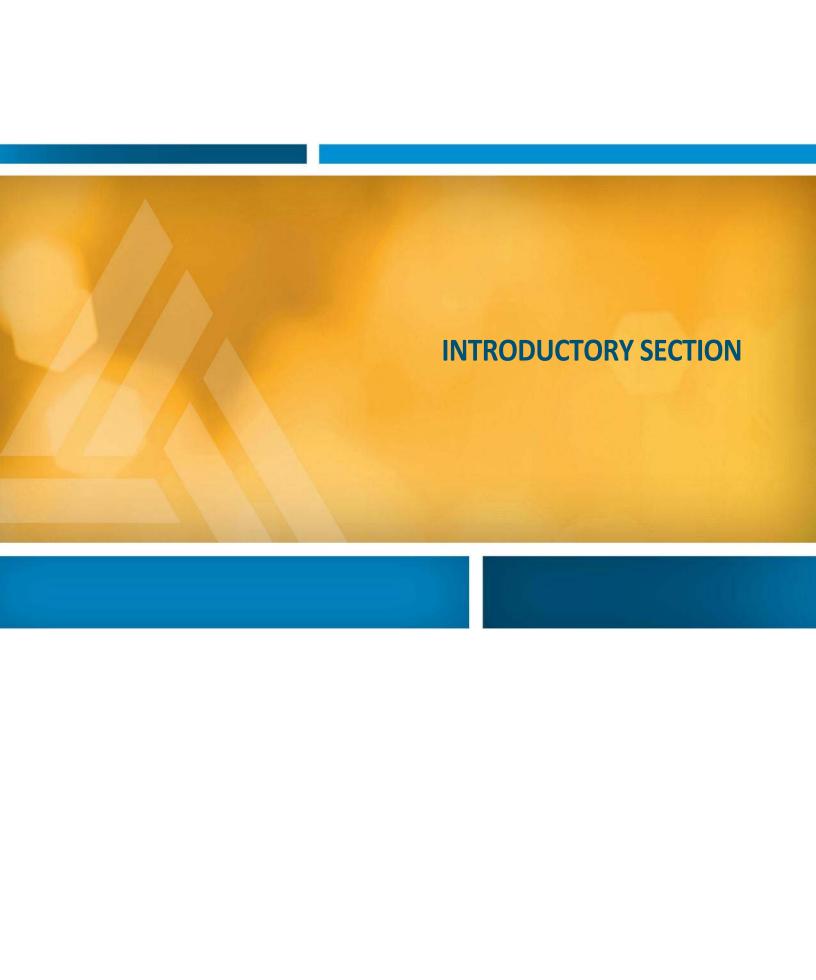
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March 6, 2019

The Honorable Mayor, Council Members, and Citizens of the City of South Padre Island, Texas:

We are pleased to submit to you the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for the City of South Padre Island (City), Texas for the fiscal year that ended September 30, 2018. This report was prepared from the books and records of the City of South Padre Island, Texas and includes the financial activities of the primary government and its component unit. All disclosures necessary to enable the reader to gain an understanding of the City's financial activities have been included.

Responsibility for both the accuracy of the presented data and the completeness and fairness of the presentation, including all disclosures, rests with the City. To the best of our knowledge and belief, the enclosed data is accurate in all material respects and is reported in a manner designed to present fairly the results of operations of the various funds of the City.

The goal of the independent audit, conducted by Carr, Riggs & Ingram, LLC, was to provide reasonable assurance that the financial statements of the City for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2018 were free of material misstatement. The independent audit involved examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements; assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management; and evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. The independent auditors' report is included in this document.

Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP) require that management provide a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A). This letter of transmittal is intended to complement the MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it. The City's MD&A can be found immediately following the report of the independent auditors.

PROFILE OF THE CITY

Known as the Tropical Tip of Texas, the City is a tourist oriented resort community. The white sandy beach of South Padre Island is known throughout the United States and is ranked as one of Texas' top 10 beaches. The City occupies approximately 2.5 square miles and serves a full-time residential population of approximately 2,888.

The Town of South Padre Island was incorporated in 1973, and became the City of South Padre Island when the Home Rule Charter was adopted in 2009. The City operates under the council-manager form of government. Policy making and legislative authority are vested in a governing council consisting of the Mayor and five Council Members. City Council is responsible, among other things, for passing ordinances, adopting the budget, appointing committees, and hiring both the City Manager and the City Attorney. The City Manager is responsible for carrying out the policies and ordinances of the City Council, for overseeing the day-to-day operations of the City, and for appointing heads of various departments. The Mayor and the Council Members serve three-year staggered terms and are elected at large.



MAJOR INITIATIVES

The City of South Padre Island continues to have a strong financial position with a AA+ general obligation bond rating, a six month operating reserve, positive growth in revenues, annual expenditures within budget, and excess reserves to fund capital projects. Furthermore, the City has undertaken several new initiatives to provide a safe and attractive environment and enhance the quality of service we deliver to the citizens and visitors of the City. These include business planning, DMAIC quality improvement processing, and the development of performance metrics. The City has accomplished a great deal this year by enhancing its marketing capabilities as a vacation destination, investing in infrastructure, and improving beach accesses, while maintaining one of the lower property tax rates in the state of Texas.

DMAIC Quality Improvement Processes

The City's ability to provide services in an effective and efficient manner is partly dependent on a reliable fleet of vehicles, other equipment, and buildings. During this current fiscal year, the City funded the first year of the replacement programs for computers and vehicles, as well as preventive maintenance for the City's buildings. These programs were developed through DMAIC processes, which is a data-driven improvement cycle used for improving, optimizing, and stabilizing processes. The DMAIC improvement cycle (Define, Measure, Analyze, Improve and Control) is the core tool to drive Six Sigma projects. The City will move on to its second year of embracing DMAIC quality improvement processing.

Infrastructure

The Public Works department has undertaken many projects this past year to improve infrastructure and beautify the City of South Padre Island. We are investing in infrastructure as well as projects that enhance our ability to market the Island as a premier vacation destination.

The Gulf Boulevard Reconstruction Project was completed in March of 2018 for a total cost of approximately \$3 million. The project encompassed new paving and improvements to pedestrian safety by relocating street parking to the west side of the street and providing wider walking areas as well as bicycle pathways. Traffic delineator posts were also installed for additional pedestrian safety. In addition, the renovation project also addressed a few side streets which included adding curbs and gutters to improve drainage, sidewalks, and new paving.

The City of South Padre Island's Padre Boulevard Sidewalk Improvement Project, which started in late May 2017, is well underway and Phases I, II and IV have been completed with Phase III currently on schedule. The project has improved the sidewalks on both sides of Padre Boulevard from Isla Blanca Park to the Convention Center, which is approximately 4.6 miles each way, totaling 9.2 miles. Thus far, 30 blocks on both sides of Padre Boulevard have been completed with sidewalks and brick pavers, designated areas have been landscaped, and irrigation systems were installed. The project is funded through the Texas Department of Transportation.

Work commenced in April of 2018 for the 2018 Street Reconstruction Project. This project consists of reconstructing eight side streets on the east side of Padre Boulevard as well as an additional three side streets on the bayside. Improvements include five-foot sidewalks, improved drainage and more than 200 additional public parking spaces. The project is scheduled to be completed within seven and a half months for a cost of approximately \$2 million.



The Transportation Department remains on track with the Multimodal Facility Project. The first phase of the project is complete and the second phase has commenced. The basic function of the facility is to be a "transfer station" between different modes of transportation. It serves as a point of transfer between Island Metro's three different routes, enabling riders to wait for their transfers in a comfortable setting. The entire facility sits on property owned by the Texas Department of Transportation and is leased to the City for a fifty year period with extension options. It will house the South Padre Island Metro Bus System and the City's Shoreline Department. A \$4.6 million grant, known by its acronym "TIGER" (Transportation Investment Generating Economic Recovery) was obtained in 2014 to fund the construction of the building. Construction began May of 2018 and as of September 30, 2018 approximately 40% of construction has been completed.

Beautification and Beaches

The City has successfully implemented local programs and campaigns to clean up litter, reduce and recycle waste, educate citizens and beautify and enhance the local community. This year, Keep Texas Beautiful, a statewide grassroots environmental health and community improvement organization, named South Padre Island a Gold Affiliate. The Gold Star recognition is the highest status any community affiliate can achieve.

The Shoreline Department accomplished several improvements to beach access points. To allow easier public access to our beach, several dune walkovers were enhanced. Beach walkovers located at Ocean Circle, Moonlight Circle, and Seaside Circle were part of the Coastal Management Program Grant that have been completed. Each walkover has been built with stronger, more durable materials and constructed with respect to the surrounding dune systems. The new walkovers will provide better accessibility to the beach, include more parking spaces, water fountains and bike racks, and ensuring ADA compliance. The height of the walkovers allows sand dunes to grow naturally without being blocked by the structures. Further, a number of smaller aesthetic improvements were conducted on the City's public beach access points. These include low rope fencing to guide pedestrian traffic directly from parking areas to the beach, hand-made bike racks, and interpretive signage designed to engage the public with the City's ongoing dune conservation and restoration programs.

Public Safety

The South Padre Island Police Department is a member of the United States Department of Homeland Security's Border Enforcement Security Task Force. As a result of their actions, the department was awarded the International Association of Chiefs of Police's Leadership in Homeland Security Award. This award recognizes single agencies and multi-agency collaborative efforts that have made meaningful contributions to both their communities and law enforcement as a whole.

The South Padre Island Police Department was awarded with numerous law enforcement grants this year. The department received funds for rifle resistant body armor as well as police department law enforcement operations. These grants enhance our efforts to further protect our community, reduce the number of crimes, and promote accountability, efficiency and effectiveness within the City.

In addition, the City made major investments in public safety during fiscal year 2017-2018. Such investments included the purchase of a new fire pumper truck and two new ambulances. The City utilized vacant space within City Hall to provide new offices for the Criminal Investigation Division of the Police Department. The room consists of multiple offices, a conference area, and an interrogation room.



Tourism

The South Padre Convention and Visitor's Bureau (CVB) works to generate tourism through leisure, group travel and meetings, and convention markets. As tourism is the City's primary economic engine, success is critical. This year, the CVB incorporated new technologies that apply rigorous analysis to produce broad and relevant insights to their marketing efforts. The goal is to determine which marketing efforts are most effective and result in visits to the Island. These improvements were part of a DMAIC project undertaken to improve marketing efforts. During 2017-2018 fiscal year, the CVB booked 30,069 group room nights, and the Visitors Information Center welcomed 40,595 guests from the United States, Mexico, Canada, and European countries.

The South Padre Convention and Visitor's Advisory Board produced, sponsored or directly supported more than 60 events on our sunny and sandy shores. Funding and sponsorship for these events increased occupancy, average daily rate and revenue per available room in almost every instance depending on the novelty of the event, time of the year conducted, along with several other factors. Events like the Sandcastle Days brought an estimated \$1.2 million in economic impact over a low-season weekend in October, according to a UTRGV special event study.

This year, the City partnered with local airports and airlines to gain additional flights into Harlingen and Brownsville. Four airlines have added flights to the Rio Grande Valley to their flight schedules, which will provide more than 94,900 new flight seats. This increased airlift will provide easy transport to South Padre Island via non-stop flights.

FACTORS AFFECTING FINANCIAL CONDITION

Local Economy

The City of South Padre Island is a tourist oriented resort community. The City has a high market value per capita due to the large number of resorts and vacation properties within the City compared with the limited year-round population. The Queen Isabella Causeway crossings are estimated to be eight million per year according to the Texas Department of Transportation. In the most recent Resort Market Analysis, an estimated 4.75 million visitors come to the Island annually. As a result of the City's dependence on tourism, visitor travel may reflect the swings in the national and state economy as well as the economy of northern Mexico. Despite the economic uncertainties, the City has experienced stability in revenue receipts in part due to impacts from the broad and diverse economy of the Rio Grande Valley. Increased property tax, hotel/motel tax, and sales tax receipts are key indicators of the strength of the City's economic position.

Long Term Financial Planning

Budgeting is an essential element of the financial planning, control and evaluation process of a municipal government. City officials remain committed to a policy of maintaining a six-month reserve level for all operating funds, creating strong budgetary flexibility. Multi-year budgeting provides a means of identifying the impact of implementing new programs and projects on future budgets. The Business Plan is the City's long range operations and capital plan. The plan includes all of the operating departments of the General Fund, Convention Centre, and Transit as well as the capital improvement funds of the City. The plan is reviewed and updated annually. The City has a strong financial position with an AA+ general obligation bond rating through Standard & Poor's, which is a reflection of strong financial practices. The excellent bond rating allows the City to issue bonds for major projects at an advantageous interest rate.



POLICIES AND PRACTICES

Internal Control

City management is responsible for establishing and maintaining an internal control structure designed to ensure that the assets of the City are protected from loss, theft, or misuse and to ensure that adequate accounting data is compiled to allow for the preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP.

Single Audit

As a recipient of federal assistance, the City is also responsible for ensuring that an adequate internal control structure is in place to ensure compliance with applicable laws and regulations related to those programs. This internal control structure is subject to periodic evaluation by management.

As part of the City's single audit, tests are made to determine the adequacy of the internal control structure, including that portion related to federal financial assistance programs, as well as to determine that the City has complied with applicable laws and regulations. The results of the City's single audit for the fiscal year that ended September 30, 2018 identified no material weaknesses of the internal control or violations of applicable laws and regulations.

OTHER INFORMATION

Independent Audit

The City is incorporated under the Laws of the State of Texas and is required to have an annual audit and prepare annual financial statements. This audit was also designed to meet the requirements of the Federal Single Audit Act as amended and the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards*.

Awards

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the City of South Padre Island for its comprehensive annual financial report for the fiscal year that ended September 30, 2017. This was the 28th consecutive year the City has achieved this prestigious award. To be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a government must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized comprehensive annual financial report. This report must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements. A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe that our current comprehensive annual financial report continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements. We are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

Additionally, the City of South Padre Island was awarded the Distinguished Budget Presentation Award for the Fiscal Year beginning October 1, 2017. This was the 7th consecutive year the City has achieved this prestigious award. To receive the award, the Finance Department had to satisfy nationally recognized guidelines for effective budget presentation. The budget is ranked on how well it serves as a policy document, a financial plan, an operations guide, and a communications device. All four categories must be rated proficient. Additionally, fourteen mandatory criteria must be met.



Furthermore, the Texas Comptroller, Glenn Hegar, announced the City of South Padre Island achieved specific transparency goals through the Comptroller's Transparency Stars program. The City received a star in the area of Traditional Finances, which recognizes entities for their outstanding efforts in making their spending and revenue information available. Transparency Stars recognizes local government entities that provide easy online access to important financial data.

Acknowledgments

We would like to thank the Finance Department staff and the Department Directors for their diligent efforts in the preparation of the annual financial report. Furthermore, we would like to thank the Mayor and Council Members. It is their leadership and support of the City that helped make the preparation of this report possible.

Sincerely,

Randy Smith, Interim City Manager

Rodrigo Gimenez, Interim Assistant City Manager and Chief Financial Officer



Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

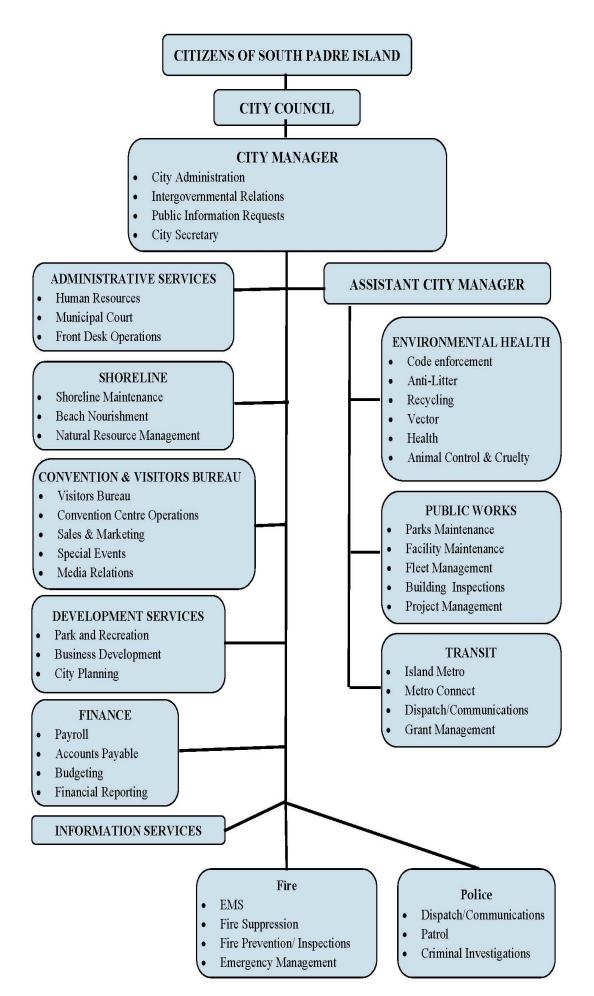
City of South Padre Island Texas

For its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the Fiscal Year Ended

September 30, 2017

Executive Director/CEO

Christopher P. Morrill



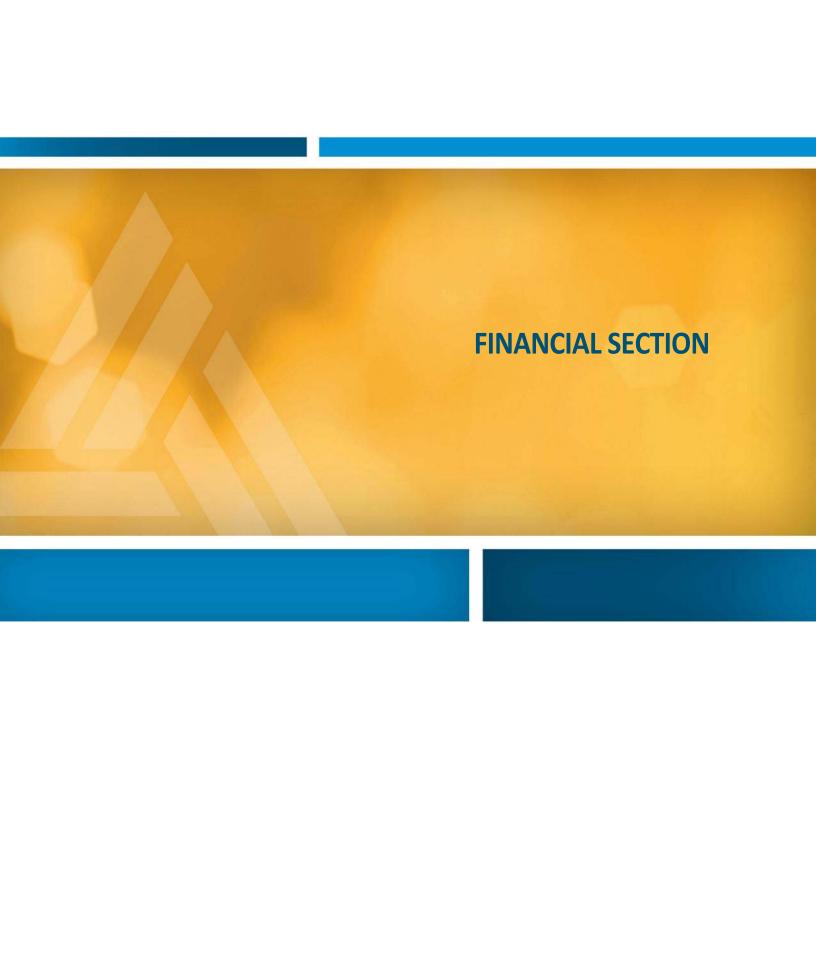
City of South Padre Island, Texas List of Principal Officials September 30, 2018

ELECTED OFFICIALS

NAME	TITLE
DENNIS STAHL	MAYOR
RON PITCOCK	COUNCIL MEMBER, PLACE 2
KEN MEDDERS, JR.	COUNCIL MEMBER, PLACE 1
THERESA METTY	COUNCIL MEMBER, PLACE 3
ALITA BAGLEY	COUNCIL MEMBER, PLACE 4
PAUL MUNARRIZ	MAYOR PRO-TEM, PLACE 5
APPO	DINTED OFFICIALS
NAME	TITLE
SUSAN GUTHRIE	CITY MANAGER
DARLA A. JONES	ASSISTANT CITY MANAGER
RODRIGO GIMENEZ	CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER
KEITH ARNOLD	CONVENTION AND VISITORS BUREAU DIRECTOR
RANDY SMITH	POLICE CHIEF
DOUG FOWLER	FIRE CHIEF
CARLOS SANCHEZ	PUBLIC WORKS DIRECTOR
MARK SHELLARD	INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY DIRECTOR
WENDI DELGADO	ADMINISTRATIVE SERVICES DIRECTOR
CLIFFORD CROSS	PLANNING DIRECTOR
VICTOR BALDOVINOS	ENVIRONMENTAL HEALTH SERVICES DIRECTOR
BRANDON HILL	SHORELINE DIRECTOR
JESSE ARRIAGA	TRANSIT DIRECTOR
SUSAN HILL	CITY SECRETARY
DENTON, NAVARRO, ROCHA,	CITY ATTORNEY

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Carr, Riggs & Ingram, LLC 402 East Tyler Avenue Harlingen, TX 78550-9122

(956) 423-3765 (956) 428-7520 (fax) CRIcpa.com

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

The Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City of South Padre Island, Texas

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of City of South Padre Island, Texas as of and for the year ended September 30, 2018 and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

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We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of South Padre Island, Texas, as of September 30, 2018 and the respective changes in financial position, for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Adoption of New Accounting Pronouncement

As described in Note 19 to the financial statements, the City of South Padre Island, Texas adopted Government Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 75, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other than Pensions*, which resulted in a cumulative effect of change in accounting principle of \$(284,735) and \$(2,313) to the September 30, 2017 net position for governmental activities and the aggregate discretely presented component unit, respectively. Our opinions are not modified with respect to this matter.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and required supplementary information on pages 17 through 26 and 66 through 74 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City of South Padre Island's basic financial statements. The introductory section, the other supplementary information, and statistical section, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards,* and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements.

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The other supplementary information and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the other supplementary information and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory and statistical sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

Can, Rigge & Ingram, L.L.C.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated March 6, 2019, on our consideration of the City of South Padre Island's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of South Padre Island's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering City of South Padre Island's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Harlingen, Texas March 6, 2019

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As management of the City of South Padre Island (the City), we offer readers of the City's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis as of September 30, 2018. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with additional information that we have furnished in our letter of transmittal, which can be found on pages 1-6 of this report.

Financial Highlights

- The assets and deferred outflows of the City of South Padre Island exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$47,961,791 (net position). Of this amount, \$4,958,764 (unrestricted net position) may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.
- Total net position for the City of South Padre Island increased by \$5,331,334 during the fiscal year from the results of current year activities.
- As of the close of the current fiscal year, the City of South Padre Island governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$35,087,265. Approximately 21.5% of this amount, \$7,547,484 is available for spending at the government's discretion (unassigned fund balance). This unassigned fund balance exceeds the General Fund's required six month reserve (\$5,972,371 for 2018) established by the City Charter.
- At the end of the current fiscal year 78.2%, \$27,430,508 of the governmental funds fund balance was restricted and approximately 0.3%, \$109,273 was non-spendable.
- The City of South Padre Island's total bonded debt decreased by \$1,580,000 during the current fiscal year. This decrease is the result of payments made on bonded debt totaling \$1,580,000.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the City's basic financial statements. The City of South Padre Island's basic financial statements are comprised of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements, including information on individual funds.

Government-wide financial statements. The government-wide financial statements include the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities. These statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the City of South Padre Island's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The Statement of Net Position presents information on all of the City's assets, deferred outflows of resources and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, including capital assets and long-term obligations. The difference between the two is reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City is improving or deteriorating. Other indicators of the City's financial position should also be taken into consideration, such as the change in the City's property tax base and condition of the City's infrastructure (i.e. roads and drainage systems), in order to more accurately assess the overall financial condition of the City.

The Statement of Activities presents information showing how the City's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave).

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the City that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities). The governmental activities of the City of South Padre Island include general government, public safety, public works, shoreline, transportation, community service, and convention and visitors bureau. There are no business-type activities of the City of South Padre Island.

The government-wide financial statements include not only the City of South Padre Island itself (known as the primary government), but also a legally separate Economic Development Corporation. Financial information for this component unit is reported separately from the financial information presented for the primary government itself.

Fund financial statements. The fund financial statements are designed to report information about groupings of related accounts which are used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City of South Padre Island, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance related legal requirements. All of the funds of the City are considered governmental funds.

Governmental funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. Most of the City's basic services are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how cash and other financial assets can readily be converted to available resources and on the available balances left at year-end. This information may be useful in determining what financial resources are available in the near future to finance the City's programs. Other funds are referred to as non-major funds and are presented as summary data.

Because the focus of governmental fund level statements is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. In addition to the governmental fund balance sheet and the statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balance, separate statements are provided that reconcile between the government-wide and fund level statements.

The City of South Padre Island maintains 20 individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the General Fund, the Hotel/Motel Fund, Transportation Grant Fund, Padre Blvd. Improvement Fund, and the Venue Tax Construction Fund all of which are considered to be major funds. Data for the other governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these non-major governmental funds is provided in the form of combining statements elsewhere in this report.

The Governmental Accounting Standard Board (GASB) released Statement 54—"Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions" on March 11, 2009, which was effective for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2011. This statement was intended to improve the usefulness of the amount reported in fund balance by providing more structured classifications. Previously, fund balance was classified as "reserved" or "unreserved". GASB 54 has changed how fund balance is reported. The hierarchy of five possible classifications is as follows.

Non spendable fund balances are balances that cannot be spent because they are not expected to be converted to cash or they are legally or contractually required to remain intact.

The spendable fund balances include restricted, committed, assigned and unassigned based upon the hierarchy of spending constraints. **Restricted**: fund balances that are constrained by external parties, constitutional provisions or enabling legislation; **Committed**: fund balances that contain self-imposed constrains of the government from its highest level of decision making authority (the city council); **Assigned**: fund balances that contained self-imposed constraints of the government to be used for a particular purpose (the city manager has the authority to assign funds for specific purposes); and **Unassigned**: fund balance of the general fund that has not been constrained for any particular purpose.

Notes to the financial statements. The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

Other information. In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, the City of South Padre Island adopts an annual appropriated budget for its General Fund, certain Special Revenue Funds, Capital Projects Funds and its Debt Service Fund. Budgetary comparison schedules have been presented as required supplementary information for the General Fund and major Special Revenue Funds. Budgetary comparison schedules have been presented as other supplementary information for certain Non-Major Special Revenue Funds, Capital Projects Funds and the Debt Service fund which have a legally adopted budget. This report also presents certain required supplementary information concerning the City's progress in funding its obligation to provide pension benefits to its employees.

Government-wide Financial Analysis

The following table reflects a summary of Net Position compared to the prior year (in thousands):

	Total	Total
	Governmental	Governmental
	Activities	Activities
	2018	2017
<u>ASSETS</u>		
Current and other assets	\$38,284,904	\$36,130,314
Capital assets	34,582,759	32,533,426
Total assets	72,867,663	68,663,740
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Deferred outflows related to pension liabilities	877,010	2,014,505
Deferred outflows related to OPEB liabilities	36,915	-
Deferred amount on refunding	163,494	186,851
Total deferred outflows of resources	1,077,419	2,201,356
<u>LIABILITIES</u>		
Current liabilities	2,618,753	2,068,529
Non-current liabilities	22,318,731	25,629,028
	24,937,484	27,697,557
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Deferred inflows related to pension liabilities	1,045,807	252,347
Total deferred inflows of resources	1,045,807	252,347
NET POSITION		
Net investment in capital assets	25,616,028	22,437,085
Restricted	17,386,999	15,101,328
Unrestricted	4,958,764	5,376,779
Total net position	\$47,961,791	\$42,915,192

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the City of South Padre Island, assets and deferred outflows of resources exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$47,961,791 at the close of the most recent fiscal year.

A large portion of the City's net position (53%) reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings, machinery, and equipment), less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The City uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the City's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

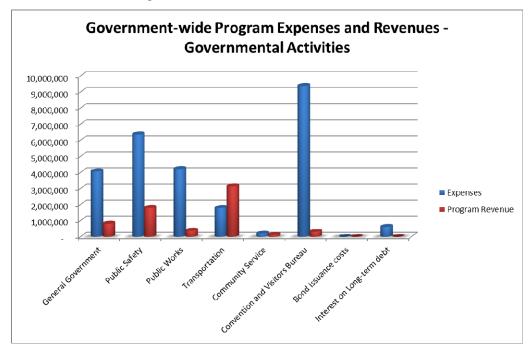
Changes in Net Position. Governmental activities increased the City's net position by \$5,331,334 from the beginning adjusted net position of \$42,630,457, as a result of current year activities. Total revenues increased approximately \$4.1 million. This includes increases in grants of 72% or \$1,588,201 mainly associated with additional federal funding awarded for the construction of a Transit Multimodal Facility. Additionally, EMS revenues experienced an increase of approximately 45% or \$165,805 contributing to an increase in charges for services.

In terms of general revenues, property tax collections increased mainly due to the adoption of the new tax rate for fiscal year 2017-18 which included funding for the preventive maintenance program for City's buildings. Sales tax and hotel motel taxes also contributed to the increases in general revenues. Sales tax collections increased by 4.78% or \$116,724 and state and local occupancy taxes increased by 10.95% or \$1,279,361 million. Finally, due to favorable market conditions and appropriate cash management practices, the City generated additional interest revenue in the amount of approximately \$366,775.

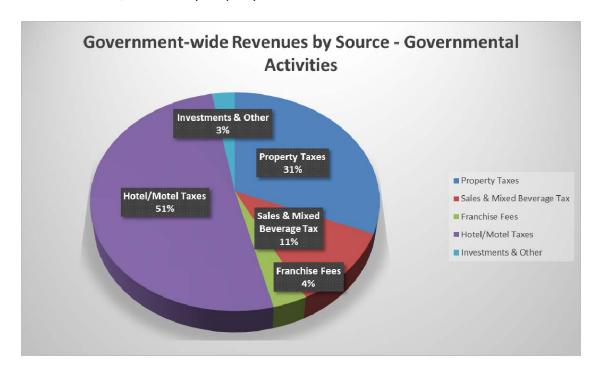
Expenses during the fiscal period increased by \$1,981,921 or 8%. This increase was mostly due to additional sales and marketing allocations in the Hotel Motel Fund for approximately \$1.4 million as well as depreciation of street projects completed last fiscal year that were in a construction in progress status in previous years.

	Total Governmental Activities	Total Governmental Activities
	2018	2017
Program Revenues: Charges for Services Operating Grants & Contributions Capital Grants & Contributions	\$2,773,678 3,003,264 802,184	\$2,277,755 1,655,530 561,717
General Revenues: Property Tax Sales Tax Franchise Tax Hotel Motel Tax Hotel Motel Beach Mtn. Tax Mixed Beverage Tax Gain (loss) on Sale of Capital Assets Interest & Other	7,904,409 2,556,853 885,011 10,340,024 2,619,316 339,170 42,253 671,562	7,604,876 2,440,129 882,469 9,291,508 2,388,471 335,422 114,022 293,772
Total Revenues	31,937,724	27,845,671
Program Expenses: General Government Public Safety Public Works/Shoreline Transportation Community Service Convention and Visitors Bureau Bond Issuance Costs Interest On Long-Term Debt Total Expenses	4,073,602 6,363,761 4,215,756 1,794,636 197,944 9,379,337 - 581,354 26,606,390	4,194,171 6,041,026 3,476,918 1,813,049 136,945 8,158,210 323,462 480,688 24,624,469
Increase (Decrease) In Net Position	5,331,334	3,221,202
Beginning Net Position Prior Period Adjustment Beginning Net Position, as restated	42,915,192 (284,735) 42,630,457	39,693,990 - 39,693,990
Ending Net Position	\$47,961,791	\$42,915,192

The chart below illustrates the City's governmental expense and revenues by function: general government; public safety; public works; transportation; community service, convention and visitor's bureau, bond issuance cost, and interest on long-term debt.



General revenues such as property taxes, sales taxes and franchise fees are not shown by program, but are used to support all governmental activities. Hotel Motel Taxes are the largest source of general governmental revenues, followed by Property Taxes and Sales & Franchise Taxes.



Financial Analysis of the Government's Funds

In comparison to the government-wide statements, the fund-level statements focus on the key funds of the City. The City uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental funds. The focus of the City of South Padre Island's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of the end of the current fiscal year, the City of South Padre Island's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$35,087,265 an increase of \$1,190,533 in comparison with the prior year. Approximately 21.5%, or \$7,547,484 constitutes unassigned fund balance, which is available for spending at the government's discretion. The General Fund six month reserve required by city charter amounts to \$5,972,371 and is contained within the unassigned fund balance of the General Fund. The restricted funds are 78% or \$27,430,508 of the total fund balance. This portion is the amount of the fund that is subject to externally enforceable legal restrictions such as imposed by creditors, grantors, laws or regulations or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. Approximately .3% or \$109,273 of the fund balance is nonspendable; in this case all of the \$109,273 consists of prepaid expenses.

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the City. At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance of the General Fund was \$7,547,484 while total fund balance reached \$7,632,244. As a measure of the General Fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare both unassigned fund balance and total fund balance to total fund expenditures. Unassigned fund balance represents 61.2% of total General Fund expenditures, while total fund balance represents 61.8% of that same amount.

The fund balance of the City's General Fund increased by \$256,288 during the current fiscal year.

Revenues increased by \$758,208 mainly due to increases in property taxes (\$309,411), EMS revenues (\$165,805) and sales tax (\$116,724). In comparison with last year, the total actual expenditures increased by approximately \$1,446,098. The increase is primarily due to additional law enforcement personnel costs (\$380,000), the purchase of a new fire engine rescue pumper (\$450,000) as well as the purchase of two new ambulances (\$216,000).

Non-property taxes for both the Hotel Motel and Convention Center funds, increased by approximately 8.8% or \$665,779 compared to last fiscal year. The Hotel Motel fund expenditures increased by \$1,396,641 due to enhancements in sales and marketing programs while the Convention Center Fund balance increased by \$697,384.

The Transportation Fund didn't have significant variances in fund balance. A total of \$3,355,229 was spent mainly on the capital expenditures related to the City's Multi-Modal facility.

The City issued Series 2017 Venue Hotel Occupancy Tax Revenue Bonds primarily to finance the cost of future infrastructure of the City approved at the election held on November 8, 2016. The bonds are collateralized by the pledged venue hotel occupancy tax revenues of the City and will be repaid over the next 30 years with final maturity in fiscal year 2047. The balance of the bond proceeds is reflected in the Venue Tax Construction Fund.

The Padre Blvd. Improvement Fund experienced a decrease in fund balance due to the street and sidewalk improvements during 2018. The project consisted of reconstructing eight side streets on the east side of Padre Boulevard as well as an additional three side streets on the bayside. Improvements include five-foot sidewalks as well as improved drainage.

General Fund budgetary highlights

The original budget of the General Fund was amended by ordinance five times during fiscal year 2017-2018. The City made major investments in public safety during fiscal year 2017-18. Amendments included the purchase of body cameras and rifle resistant body armor for police personnel, overtime and other expenditure associated with the Border Star program, installation of surveillance cameras and the addition of office space for the Police Department. Regarding Fire Department equipment, an amendment was made related to the purchase of a 2019 Ferrara Cinder Custom Pumper (fire truck) and the purchase of two ambulances. Furthermore, the City's ongoing effort to maintain transparency led to an amendment associated with the purchase of OpenGov Operational Performance Bundle, for reporting and analysis performance measures. Other relevant budget amendments made during fiscal year 2017-18 included the purchase of two recycling trailers for Environmental Health Services and additional contributions to Friends of Animal Rescue.

General Fund budget variances

During the year, revenues were \$336,124 higher than budgeted. This change can be primarily attributed to an increase of \$161,836 in sales tax, \$153,953 in EMS revenue, and \$97,317 in interest revenue.

Total expenditures were \$780,477 less than budgeted amount. All operating expenditures of the General Fund departments were under budget. For general government expenditures, savings in the amount of \$255,424 were materialized representing a reduction of 6% compared to what was budgeted. Additionally, for public safety departments had savings in the amount of approximately \$329,840 mainly due to vacant personnel positions in the Police department. Finally, Public Works had savings also related to personnel vacancies in different divisions.

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital Assets. The City's investment in capital assets for its governmental activities as of September 30, 2018 amounts to \$34,582,759 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings, equipment, streets and construction in progress. Additional information on capital assets can be found in Note 7. Capital asset balances are as follows:

Capital Assets, Net of Accumulated Depreciation September 30

	Total	Total
	Governmental	Governmental
	Activities	Activities
	2018	2017
Land	\$1,497,793	\$1,497,793
Construction in progress	3,696,240	3,001,926
Buildings	14,855,954	15,926,795
Improvements	3,974,150	3,290,959
Furniture and equipment	2,181,624	1,787,671
Infrastructure	8,376,998	7,028,282
Total capital assets	\$34,582,759	\$32,533,426

Long-term debt. At the end of the current fiscal year, the City had total bonded debt outstanding of \$18,750,000. The table below reflects the outstanding debt at the fiscal year end. Additional information can be found in Note 10. The City's outstanding general obligation bonds underlying rating is "AA+/Stable" by Standard and Poor's Rating Service and Aa2 Moody's rating.

Outstanding Debt September 30

	Total	Total
	Governmental	Governmental
	Activities	Activities
	2018	2017
General Obligation Bonds		
and Anticipation Notes	\$18,750,000	\$20,330,000
	\$18,750,000	\$20,330,000

The City of South Padre Island's total bonded debt decreased by \$1,580,000 during the current fiscal year. This change is the result of paying \$175,000 principal on the General Obligation 2011 series bonds, \$285,000 principal on the General Obligation Refunding 2012 series bonds, \$405,000 principal on the Tax Anticipation Note 2015, \$530,000 principal on the Tax Anticipation Note 2016, and \$185,000 principal on the 2017 Venue Hotel Occupancy Tax Revenue Bond.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

All of these factors were considered in preparing the City's budget for the 2018-2019 fiscal year.

Certified property tax values for the City showed an increase in property values by approximately \$36.8 million, or 1.52% from the preceding year. The City Council adopted a tax rate of \$0.315640 cents per hundred which is split between \$0.250245 per hundred for maintenance and operations and \$0.065395 per hundred for the debt service fund and the retirement of the general obligation bonds.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the City's finances for all those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the Office of the Chief Financial Officer, 4601 Padre Blvd., South Padre Island, Texas 78597.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

City of South Padre Island, Texas Statement of Net Position

September 30, 2018

	Primary	
	Government	
	Total	
	Governmental	Component
ASSETS	Activities	Unit
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 25,101,317	\$ 814,792
Cash and cash equivalents- restricted	646,633	769,647
Investments	8,194,824	-
Investments- restricted	, , , <u>-</u>	22,826
Receivables, net	1,732,701	92,024
Due from other governments	2,500,156	-
Prepaid expenses	109,273	-
Loans receivable	-	35,114
Capital assets, net		
Non-depreciable assets	5,194,033	657,236
Depreciable assets	29,388,726	5,414,966
	72.057.652	7.006.605
TOTAL ASSETS	72,867,663	7,806,605
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Deferred outflows related to pension liabilities	877,010	7,125
Deferred outflows related to OPEB	36,915	300
Deferred amount on refunding	163,494	163,590
TOTAL DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	1,077,419	171,015
	,- , -	,
LIABILITIES	2 122 557	
Accounts payable	2,122,557	45 503
Other liabilities	422,146	45,582
Unearned revenues Non-current liabilities	74,050	-
Net pension liability	1,030,786	7,927
OPEB liability	351,621	2,856
Due within one year	2,368,710	328,872
Due in more than one year	18,567,614	3,268,949
TOTAL LIABILITIES	24,937,484	3,654,186
TOTAL LIABILITIES	2-1,537,-10-1	3,034,100
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Deferred inflows related to pension liabilities	1,045,807	8,495
NET POSITION		
Net investment in capital assets	25,616,028	2,637,971
Restricted		
Debt service	1,104,146	792,473
Capital projects	418,858	-
Beach nourishment	2,719,847	-
Transportation	80,739	-
Beach maintenance	2,608,336	-
Municipal court	74,372	-
Criminal justice	19,450	-
Venue project	2,626,997	-
Parks and recreation	27,935	-
Hotel/motel taxes	7,706,319	-
Unrestricted	4,958,764	884,495

City of South Padre Island, Texas Statement of Activities

For the year ended September 30, 2018

		Program Revenues					Net (Expense) F Changes in Ne		
						Primary Government		et rosition	
		Charges	Operating Grants and		Capital and		G	overnmental	Component
Functions/Programs	Expenses	for Services	Cor	tributions	Cor	ntributions		Activities	Unit
Governmental activities:		4			_			(0.0.0	
General government	\$ 4,073,602	\$ 660,501	\$	163,625	\$	-	\$	(3,249,476)	
Public safety	6,363,761	1,778,641		22,070		-		(4,563,050)	
Public works	3,240,988	-		-		-		(3,240,988)	
Shoreline	974,768	-		-		377,471		(597,297)	
Transportation	1,794,636	-		2,817,569		324,713		1,347,646	
Community service	197,944	22,092		-		100,000		(75,852)	
Convention and visitors bureau	9,379,337	312,444		-		-		(9,066,893)	
Interest and fees on long-term debt	581,354	-		-		-		(581,354)	
Total governmental activities	26,606,390	2,773,678		3,003,264		802,184		(20,027,264)	
Component unit:									
Economic development services	670,724	-		-		-			(670,724
Interest expense	84,647	-		-		-			(84,647
Total component unit	\$ 755,371	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-			\$ (755,371)
	General revenu	<u> </u>							
	Property tax	es, levied for gene	ral purp	oses				6,260,698	-
		es, levied for debt						1,643,711	-
	Sales taxes							2,556,853	852,284
	Franchise ta	xes						885,011	-
	Hotel motel	taxes						10,340,024	-
		beach maintenand	ce taxes					2,619,316	-
	Mixed bever	•						339,170	-
		l investment earnii	•					536,833	-
		osal of capital asse	ets					42,253	-
	Miscellaneo							134,729	19,619
		eral revenues, spe	cial item	is, and transf	ers			25,358,598	871,903
	Chang	e in net position						5,331,334	116,532
	Net position - be	eginning						42,915,192	4,200,720
	Prior period adj	0 0						(284,735)	(2,313
		ginning, as adjuste	ed					42,630,457	4,198,407
	Net position - e	nding					\$	47,961,791	\$ 4,314,939

The notes of the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

City of South Padre Island, Texas Balance Sheet Governmental Funds

September 30, 2018

	General Fund	Hotel Motel Fund		nsportation Grant Fund	Venue Tax Construction Fund	Padre Blvd Improvement Fund	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmenta Funds
ASSETS								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,348,294	\$3,886,643			\$ 8,946,229	\$ 1,852,598	\$ 9,067,553	\$ 25,101,317
Cash and cash equivalents- restricted	-	-		-	-	-	646,633	646,633
Investments	6,183,784	-		-	-	-	2,011,040	8,194,824
Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles)								
Property taxes	188,245	-		-	-	-	41,655	229,900
Accounts	853,489	387,953		-	-	-	261,359	1,502,801
Due from other governments	-	-		1,454,372	-	-	1,045,784	2,500,156
Due from other funds	2,093,100	-		-	-	-	-	2,093,100
Prepaid items	65,310	5,942		4,503	-	-	33,518	109,273
Total assets	\$10,732,222	\$4,280,538	\$	1,458,875	\$ 8,946,229	\$ 1,852,598	\$ 13,107,542	\$ 40,378,004
LIABILITIES								
Accounts payable	\$ 2,122,557	\$ -	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 2,122,557
Due to other funds	-		·	1,373,633	· -	719,467	-	2,093,100
Other liabilities	320,654	-		-	-	-	-	320,654
Unearned revenues - other	12,240	-		-	-	-	61,810	74,050
Total liabilities	2,455,451	-		1,373,633	-	719,467	61,810	4,610,361
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES								
Unavailable revenue - property taxes	165,805	-		-	-	-	35,851	201,656
Unavailable revenue - other	478,722	-		-	-	-	-	478,722
Total deferred inflows of resources	644,527	-		-	-	-	35,851	680,378
FUND BALANCE								
Nonspendable	65,310	5,942		4,503	-	-	33,518	109,273
Restricted	19,450	4,274,596		80,739	8,946,229	1,133,131	12,976,363	27,430,508
Unassigned	7,547,484			-		-	-	7,547,484
Total fund balances	7,632,244	4,280,538		85,242	8,946,229	1,133,131	13,009,881	35,087,265
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED								
INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND								
FUND BALANCE	\$10,732,222	\$4,280,538	\$	1,458,875	\$ 8,946,229	\$ 1,852,598	\$ 13,107,542	\$ 40,378,004

The notes of the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

City of South Padre Island, Texas Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet of the Governmental Funds To the Statement of Net Position

September 30, 2018	
Fund balances of governmental funds	\$ 35,087,265
Amounts reported for <i>governmental activities</i> in the statement of net position are different because:	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.	34,582,759
Some liabilities, including bonds payable (\$18,750,000 and premiums of \$823,354), and capital leases (\$355,698) are not due in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.	(19,929,052)
Deferred outflows of resources related to amounts deferred on refundings of long term debt and are not reported in the funds.	163,494
Liabilities for compensated absenses are not due in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds.	(1,007,272)
Certain amounts receivable for property taxes (\$201,656) and other revenues (\$478,722) but which do not represent current financial resources are deferred in the funds.	680,378
Liabilities for accrued interest on long-term debt are not due in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds.	(101,492)
Included in the statement of net position non-current liabilities is the recognition of the City's net pension liability required by GASB 68 in the amount of $(\$1,030,786)$, a deferred resource inflow in the amount of $(\$1,045,807)$, and a deferred resource outflow in the amount of $\$877,010$. This resulted in a decrease in net position of $\$(1,199,583)$.	
	(1,199,583)
Included in the noncurrent liabiliites is the recognition of the City's net OPEB liability required by GASB 75 in the amount of $(351,621)$ and a deferred resource outflow in the amount of $36,915$. This resulted in a decrease in net position by $(314,706)$.	(314,706)
Net position of governmental activities	\$ 47,961,791

 $\label{the continuous} The \ notes \ of \ the \ financial \ statements \ are \ an \ integral \ part \ of \ this \ statement.$

City of South Padre Island, Texas Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds

For the Year Ended September 30, 2018

	General Fund	Hote Mote Fund		ransportation Grant Fund	Venue Tax Construction Funds	Padre Blvd Improvement Fund	Other Governmental Funds	Govern	Total nmental unds
REVENUES									
Property taxes	\$ 6,169,298	\$	- \$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,709,348	\$ 7	7,878,646
Nonproperty taxes	3,781,034	6,514	631	-		-	6,444,709	16	5,740,374
Fees and services	1,458,098	8	525	-	-	-	307,944	1	1,774,567
Fines and forfeitures	449,740		-	-	-	-	15,601		465,341
Licenses and permits	214,353		-	-	-	-	-		214,353
Intergovernmental	285,694		-	3,104,782	-	-	377,472	3	3,767,948
Miscellaneous	219,023	96	080	38,589	166,907	34,542	153,922		709,063
Total revenues	12,577,240	6,619	236	3,143,371	166,907	34,542	9,008,996	31	1,550,292
EXPENDITURES									
Current									
General government	3,559,367		-	-	-	-	109,316	3	3,668,683
Public safety	5,602,513		-	-	-	-	405,212	6	5,007,725
Public works	1,996,395		-	-	-	-	-	1	1,996,395
Shoreline	-		-	-	-	-	974,768		974,768
Transportation	-		-	1,620,754	-	_	-	1	1,620,754
Community service	-		-	-	_	-	73,096		73,096
Convention and visitors bureau	-	6,969	320	-	-	-	1,217,126	8	3,186,446
Capital outlay	957,964		350	1,734,475	350,109	1,268,735	1,067,490		5,401,123
Debt service	,				,	. ,			
Principal retirement - bonds	-		-	-	-	_	1,580,000	1	1,580,000
Principal retirement - capital lease	179,108		_	-	-	_	7,502		186,610
Interest	18,909		_	_	-	_	656,716		675,625
Administrative charges	26,132		_	_	-	_	7,027		33,159
Total expenditures	12,340,388	6,991	670	3,355,229	350,109	1,268,735	6,098,253	30),404,384
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES									
OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	236,852	(372	434)	(211,858)	(183,202)	(1,234,193)	2,910,743	1	1,145,908
Other financing sources (uses)									
Sale of capital assets	26,566		-	14,190	-	_	3,869		44,625
Transfers in	435,073		_	101,532	-	_	863,472	1	1,400,077
Transfers out	(442,203)						(957,874)		1,400,077
Total other financing sources (uses)	19,436		-	115,722			(90,533)	(-)	44,625
Total other infancing sources (uses)	19,430			113,722		-	(30,333)		44,023
Net change in fund balances	256,288	(372	434)	(96,136)	(183,202)	(1,234,193)	2,820,210	1	1,190,533
Fund balance beginning	7,375,956	4,652	972	181,378	9,129,431	2,367,324	10,189,671	33	3,896,732
Fund balance ending	\$ 7,632,244	\$ 4,280	538 \$	85,242	\$ 8,946,229	\$ 1,133,131	\$ 13,009,881	\$ 35	5,087,265

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

City of South Padre Island, Texas Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and **Changes in Fund Balance of the Governmental Funds** To the Statement of Activities

For the Year Ended September 30, 2018	
Net change in fund balances -total governmental funds	\$ 1,190,533
Amounts reported for <i>governmental activities</i> in the statement of activities are different because:	
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. The effect of removing capital outlays \$5,401,123 and including depreciation (\$3,349,418), in the current period is to increase net position.	
	2,051,705
In the statement of activities, only the gain (loss) on the sale of assets is reported, whereas in the funds, the proceeds from the sale increase financial resources. Thus, the change in net position differs from the change in fund balance by the book value of the assets sold.	
	(2,372)
Repayment of bond and capital lease principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net position.	1,766,610
The increase in compensated absences payable of (\$99,908) during the year is reported as an increase to expenditures in the statement of activities but not in the governmental funds. The amortization of bond premiums \$82,133 reduces interest expense in the statement of activities, and amortization of debt refunding related deferred outflows of resources of (\$23,357) is an expenditure in the statement of activities but not in the governmental funds. The net effect of including the amortization of deferred outflows of resources, bond premiums and the change in compensated absences is to	
decrease net position.	(41,132)
GASB 68 requires that certain expenditures be de-expended and recorded as deferred resource outflows. These contributions made after the measurement date of 12/31/17 caused the change in the ending net position to increase in the amount of \$799,057. Contributions made before the measurement date but after the previous measurement date were reversed from deferred resource outflows and recorded as a current year expense. This caused a decrease in the change in net position totaling (\$742,011). The City's reported TMRS net pension expense had to be recorded. The pension expense decreased the change in net position by \$(74,918). The result of these changes is to decrease net	
position.	(17,872)
Some revenues and expenses reported in the statement of activities do not provide or require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as revenues or expenditures in governmental funds. The change in the balance of deferred inflows related to property taxes and other receivables was \$345,179 and interest expense decreased by \$68,654 in 2018. Recognition of these amounts in the statement of activities results in a decrease in the change in net	
position.	413,833
The implementation of GASB 75 required that certain expenditures be de-expended and recorded as deferred resource outflows. These contributions made after the measurement date of 12/31/17 caused the change in the ending net position to increase in the amount of \$10,546. Contributions made before the measurement date but after the previous measurement date were reversed from deferred resource outflows and recorded as a current year expense. This caused a decrease in the change in net position totalling \$(10,037). The City's reported TMRS net OPEB expense had to be recorded. The net OPEB expense decreased net position by \$(30,480). The result of these changes is to decrease the	
change in net position by \$(29.971).	(29,971)

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

\$

5,331,334

Change in net position of governmental activities

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of the City of South Padre Island, Texas (the City) have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant of the City's accounting policies are described below.

Reporting Entity

The City of South Padre Island, Texas (the City), created in 1973, operates under the direction of a Mayor and five Council Members, elected by the voters of the City. It provides judicial, law enforcement, fire protection, public improvements, building and zoning administration, tourism, general administrative and health services to the City. The accounting policies of the City conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as applicable to governmental units. As required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the financial statements of the reporting entity include those of the City (the primary government) and its component unit. The component unit discussed below is included in the City's reporting entity because of the significance of its operational or financial relationship with the City.

Blended component units – Blended component units, although legally separate entities, are in substance part of the government's operations and so data from these units are combined with data of the primary government. The City of South Padre Island does not include any blended component units.

Discretely presented component unit – The discretely presented component unit, on the other hand, is reported in a separate column in the combined financial statements to emphasize that it is legally separate from the City. Discretely presented component unit includes the following:

South Padre Island Economic Development Corporation (EDC): the seven-member board of directors, are appointed by the City Council. The EDC is authorized to administer the distribution of the proceeds of any development bonds issued and the proceeds of certain development sales taxes received on behalf of the City. The EDC's operational and capital budget must be approved by the Council Members of the City.

The financial statement information included in the component unit column in the government-wide financial statements and the component unit section included in the other supplementary information constitutes the EDC's annual financial report. Additional financial information can be obtained at:

South Padre Island Economic Development Corporation 6801 Padre Boulevard South Padre Island, Texas 78597

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

Government-wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements consist of the statement of net position and the statement of activities. These statements report information on all the activities of the reporting entity. Generally, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from these statements.

Governmental activities, normally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which primarily rely on fees and charges. The City of South Padre Island, Texas does not include any business-type activities.

The statement of activities reflects the extent to which direct expenses of each function are offset by program revenues. *Direct expenses* are those that are attributable to a specific function and are clearly identifiable. *Program revenues* include charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods, services or privileges provided by a specific function as well as grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a specific function. Taxes and other items not appropriately included with program revenues are shown as *general revenues*.

In addition to and apart from the government-wide financial statements, fund financial statements are presented for the governmental funds. In each of these financial statements major funds are presented in separate columns.

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Basis of Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are presented using the *economic resources measurement focus* and the *accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, without regard to the timing of the related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met. Restricted resources will be used before unrestricted resources when all requirements to relieve the restriction have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources measurement focus* and the *modified accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be *available* when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. The City considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, consistent with accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as those related to compensated absences and claims and judgments are recognized only when payment is due.

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Basis of Presentation – Continued

The City reports the following fund types and related major governmental funds:

The *general fund* is the primary operating fund. It accounts for all of the financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The *special revenue funds* are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources, other than for major capital projects, that are legally restricted to expenditure for specified purposes. The special revenue funds reported as major funds are:

Hotel/Motel Fund is used to account for local occupancy tax collections. This fund is used to account for that portion of collections used for tourism, advertising and promotion.

Transportation Grant Fund is used to account for proceeds from intergovernmental sources and expenditures associated with operational cost of the City's public transit system.

The *capital projects funds* are used to account for the acquisition or construction of capital assets. The capital projects funds reported as major funds are:

Venue Tax Construction Fund is used to account for bond proceeds received and expenditures associated with venue tax projects.

Padre Boulevard Improvement Fund is used to account for expenditures associated with improvements to Padre Boulevard and side streets.

Governmental funds are used to account for all or most of a government's general activities, including the collection and disbursement of earmarked monies (special revenue funds), the acquisition or construction of capital assets (capital project funds), and the servicing of long-term debt (debt service funds). The General Fund is used to account for all activities of the general government not accounted for in some other fund.

The accounting and financial reporting treatment applied to a fund is determined by its measurement focus. All governmental funds are accounted for using a current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities generally are included on the balance sheet. Operating statements of these funds present increases (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and decreases (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) in net current assets.

The government considers property taxes as available if they are collected within 60 days after year end. A 60-day availability period is also used for revenue recognition for all other governmental fund revenues. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred. Principal and interest on general long-term debt are recorded as fund liabilities when due or when amounts have been accumulated in the debt service fund for payments to be made early in the following year.

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Those revenues susceptible to accrual are property taxes, franchise taxes, special assessments, licenses, interest revenue and charges for services. Sales taxes collected and held by the State at year end on behalf of the City also are recognized as revenue. Fines, permits and parking meter revenues are not susceptible to accrual because generally they are not measurable until received in cash.

The City reports unearned revenue on its balance sheet/statement of net position. Unearned revenues arise when a potential revenue does not meet both the "measurable" and "available" criteria for recognition in the current period. Unearned revenues arise when resources are received by the City before it has a legal claim to them, as when grant monies are received prior to the incurrence of qualifying expenditures. In subsequent periods, when both revenue recognition criteria are met, or when the City has a legal claim to the resources, the liability for unearned revenue is removed from the balance sheet/statement of net position and revenue is recognized.

New Accounting Standards Adopted

GASB Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions. This Statement replaces the requirements of Statement 45 and requires governments to report a liability on the face of the financial statements for the OPEB they provide. Statement 75 requires governments in all types to present more extensive note disclosures and required supplementary information (RSI) about their OPEB liabilities. Among the new note disclosures is a description of the effect on the reported OPEB liability of using a discount rate and a healthcare cost trend rate that are one percentage point higher and one percentage point lower than assumed by the government. The new RSI includes a schedule showing the causes of increases and decreases in the OPEB liability.

GASB Statement No. 85, Omnibus 2017. This Statement establishes accounting and financial reporting requirements for blending component units, goodwill, fair value measurement and application, and postemployment benefits (pensions and other postemployment benefits).

GASB Statement No. 86. Certain Debt Extinguishment Issues. This Statement establishes standards of accounting and financial reporting for in-substance defeasance transaction in which cash and other monetary assets acquired with only existing resources – that is, resources other than the proceeds of refunding debt – are placed in an irrevocable trust for the purpose of extinguishing debt. This Statement also amends accounting and financial reporting requirements for prepaid insurance associated with debt that is extinguished, whether through a legal extinguishment or through an in substance defeasance, regardless of how the cash and other monetary assets were acquired. Finally, this Statement establishes an additional disclosure requirement related to debt that is defeased in substance, regardless of how the cash and other monetary assets were acquired. The City has determined that this statement does not impact the City.

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Recently Issued Accounting Pronouncements

In June 2017, the GASB issued GASB Statement No. 87, Leases, effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2019. The objective of GASB Statement No. 87 is to improve accounting and financial reporting for leases by governments by requiring recognition of certain lease assets and liabilities that previously were classified as operating leases and recognized as inflows of resources or outflows of resources based on the payment provisions of the contract. GASB Statement No. 87 establishes a single model for lease accounting based on the foundational principle that leases are financings of the right to use an underlying asset. Under GASB Statement No. 87, a lessee is required to recognize a lease liability and an intangible right-to-use asset, and a lessor is required to recognize a lease receivable and deferred inflow of resources. Management is evaluating the effects that the full implementation of GASB Statement No. 87 will have on its financial statements for the year ended September 30, 2021.

Assets, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Net Position, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows of Resources

a. Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include all demand deposits and short-term investments (inclusive of restricted assets) with maturity dates within ninety days of the date initially acquired.

b. Short-Term Interfund Receivables and Payables/Internal Balances

Short-term lending/borrowing between funds that result in amounts outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as "due to/from other funds". "Due to/from other funds" represent the current portion of interfund loans. With respect to the government-wide financial statements, any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported as "internal balances."

c. Prepaid Items

Expenditures made to third party vendors for goods and services that will benefit periods beyond September 30, 2018 are recorded as prepaid items, in both government-wide and fund financial statements. The cost of prepaid items is recorded as expenditures/expenses when consumed rather than when purchased.

d. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which includes property, plant, equipment and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks and similar items), are reported in the governmental activities column in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the City as assets with an initial, individual cost of \$5,000 or more and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets, donated works of art and similar items, and capital assets received in a service concession arrangement are reported at acquisition value.

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Assets, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Net Position, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows of Resources - Continued

d. Capital Assets-continued

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized. Improvements are capitalized and depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets, as applicable.

Capital assets, which includes property, plant, equipment and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks and similar items), are reported in the governmental activities column in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the City as assets with an initial, individual cost of \$5,000 or more and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets, donated works of art and similar items, and capital assets received in a service concession arrangement are reported at acquisition value.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized. Improvements are capitalized and depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets, as applicable.

Gains or losses on dispositions of capital assets are included in income within the governmental activities column of the government-wide financial statements. In the governmental fund financial statements, only the proceeds from the disposition are reported.

Depreciation of capital assets used by funds categorized as governmental activities is not provided in the fund financial statements; however, it is included in the gross expense by function in the government-wide Statement of Activities. Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, are reported in the governmental activities column of the government-wide statement of net position. Depreciation has been provided over the estimated useful lives using the straight-line method. The estimated useful lives are as follows:

Buildings and improvements10-40 yearsEquipment5-15 yearsInfrastructure15-40 yearsVehicles3-7 years

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Assets, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Net Position, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows of Resources – Continued

e. Compensated Absences

Vested or accumulated vacation leave that is expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources is reported as an expenditure and a fund liability of the governmental fund that will pay it. Amounts of vested or accumulated vacation leave that are not expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources are reported as non-current liabilities. No expenditure is reported for these amounts. In accordance with the provisions of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 16, Accounting for Compensated Absences, no accrual is recorded for compensated absences that are dependent on the performance of future services by employees or when payments are dependent on future events outside the control of the employer and employees. However, a liability is recognized for that portion of accumulating sick leave benefits that is estimated will be taken as "terminal leave" prior to retirement. Compensated absences are reported in the governmental funds only if they have matured.

City employees are granted varying amounts of vacation and sick leave. In the event of termination or retirement, an employee is reimbursed up to 30 days of accumulated vacation and up to 90 days of accumulated sick leave. Sick leave earned after October 1, 1997 will be reimbursed at 50 percent of the earned sick leave. Sick leave accumulated before October 1, 1997 will be reimbursed at 100 percent of the earned sick leave.

f. Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the governmental activities column. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs are reported as expense in the period incurred. Bond insurance costs are considered as prepaid items.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources and discounts are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from debt proceeds, are reported as debt service expenditures.

g. Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, pension related deferred outflows and inflows of resources, and pension expense, City specific information about its Fiduciary Net Position in the Texas Municipal Retirement System (TMRS) and additions to/deductions from the City's Fiduciary Net Position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by TMRS. For this purpose, plan contributions are recognized in the period that compensation is reported for the employee, which is when contributions are legally due. Benefit payments and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value. Information regarding the City's Total Pension Liability is obtained from TMRS through a report prepared for the City by TMRS consulting actuary, Gabriel Roeder Smith & Company, in compliance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions.

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Assets, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Net Position, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows of Resources – Continued

h. Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB)

The fiduciary net position of the Texas Municipal Retirement System (TMRS) Supplemental Death Benefit has been determined using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and full accrual basis of accounting. This includes for purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources related to other postemployment benefits, OPEB expense, and information about assets, liabilities, and additions to/deductions from the Supplemental Death Benefit's fiduciary net position. Benefit payments are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Information regarding the City's Total Net OPEB Liability is obtained from TMRS through a report prepared for the City by TMRS consulting actuary, Gabriel Roeder Smith & Company, in compliance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions.

h. Bond Discounts/Issue Costs

In governmental fund types, bond premiums, discounts and issuance costs are recognized in the current period.

i. Comparative Data

Partially comparative total data for the prior year have been presented in the government-wide financial statements.

j. Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

k. Interfund Transfers

Transfers are used to 1) provide unrestricted revenues collected in the general fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds, and 2) move revenues from the fund that the budget requires to collect them to the fund that the budget requires to expend them.

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Assets, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Net Position, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows of Resources – Continued

I. Fund Balance Reporting

GASB 54 provides for two major types of fund balances, which are nonspendable and spendable. Nonspendable fund balances are balances that cannot be spent because they are not expected to be converted to cash or they are legally or contractually required to remain intact. Examples of this classification are prepaid items and inventories.

In addition to the nonspendable fund balance, GASB Statement No. 54 has provided a hierarchy of spendable fund balances, based on a hierarchy of spending constraints.

- Restricted: fund balances that are constrained by external parties, constitutional provisions, or enabling legislation.
- Committed: fund balances that contain self-imposed constraints of the government from its highest level of decision making authority. The responsibility to commit funds rests with the City Council Members. Committed amounts cannot be released without formal action from the council.
- Assigned: fund balances that contain self-imposed constraints of the government to be used for a particular purpose. The responsibility to assign funds rests with the City Manager, as authorized by City Council. City policy delegates this authority for the sole purpose of reporting these amounts in the annual financial statements.
- Unassigned: fund balance of the general fund that is not constrained for any particular purpose.

The City charter requires establishment of an operating reserve in the General Fund of no less than six months of operating expenditures, to be used for emergency appropriations. The estimated required fund balance to meet this at September 30, 2018 is \$5,972,371. Since the City's unassigned fund balance exceeds this amount at September 30, 2018, no additional appropriation is needed at this time in order to comply with this policy.

In the instance when restricted, committed, assigned or unassigned resources are available for use, it is the government's policy to use the highest level of restricted, committed or assigned resources first, then unassigned resources as they are needed.

m. Net Position

The City's net position is classified as follows:

Net investment in capital assets: consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets.

Restricted: consists of net position that is subject to a legally enforceable restriction on their use.

Unrestricted: consists of all other net position that does not meet the definition of "restricted" or "net investment in capital assets."

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Assets, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Net Position, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows of Resources – Continued

n. Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources

Deferred outflows of resources represent the consumption of the City's net position that is applicable to a future reporting period. Deferred inflows of resources represent the City's acquisition of net position applicable to a future reporting period.

The City has an accounting loss on refunding bonds which is a deferred resource outflow and also has unavailable revenues from property taxes which are deferred resource inflows under this standard. The City also reports deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions and OPEB amounts as further described in Note 15 and 16.

NOTE 2: STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

1. Budgetary Information

In establishing budgetary data reflected in the financial statements, the City follows these procedures:

- a. The City Manager establishes the amount of estimated revenues and other resources available for appropriation for the succeeding budget year.
- b. The City Manager submits to the City Council a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following October 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures by fund, function and activity and the means of financing them.
- c. Public hearings and workshops (including department heads) are conducted at the City Hall to obtain taxpayer and elected officials' comments.
- d. Prior to October 1, the budget is legally adopted by the City Council.

NOTE 2: STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY (Continued)

- 1. Budgetary Information Continued
- e. Revisions that alter budgets at the department level within a fund must be approved by the Council Members. The Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Budget and Actual all Governmental Fund Types reflect these revisions. Actual expenditures and transfers may not legally exceed budget appropriations at the department level.
- f. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for the General, certain Special Revenue, Capital Projects and Debt Service Funds.
- g. Annual appropriated budgets are adopted for the General, certain Special Revenue, Capital Projects and Debt Service Funds. All annual appropriations lapse at year-end to the extent they have not been expended or encumbered.

The City prepares its budget on a basis of accounting consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP). Budgets for the Debt Service fund are legally adopted on an annual basis.

During fiscal year 2018, various transfers of appropriations were made for the Governmental Funds. The original and final amended budget are presented in the Required Supplementary Information for the General Fund and major Special Revenue Funds (Hotel/Motel and Transportation Grant Funds), that have adopted a budget.

On or before the end of May of each year, all agencies of the City submit requests for appropriation to the City Manager so that a budget may be prepared. The budget is prepared by fund, function and activity, and includes information on the past year, current year estimates and requested appropriations for the next fiscal year.

Before October 1, the proposed budget is presented to the City Council for review. The City Council holds public hearings and may add to, subtract from or change appropriations, but may not change the form of the budget. Any changes in the budget must be within the revenues and reserves estimated as available by the City Manager or the revenue estimates must be changed by an affirmative vote of a majority of the City Council.

Expenditures may not legally exceed budgeted appropriations at the department level. During the year, several supplementary appropriations were necessary.

1. Expenditures over Appropriations

None noted.

NOTE 3: DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

It is the City's policy for deposits plus accrued interest thereon to be 102% secured by collateral valued at fair value, less the amount of the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation insurance. During the year ended September 30, 2018 the City's cash deposits were covered by federal deposit insurance or were secured by collateral held by the City's agent in the City's name pursuant to the City's investment policy and its depository agreement.

Deposits and investments with investment maturities, including accrued interest, as of September 30, 2018 are as follows:

	In	vestment Ma		Greater		
		Value		1 or less		than 1 year
Primary Government						
Cash equivalents						
Money Markets	\$ 2	14,105,188	\$	14,105,188		\$ -
		14,105,188		14,105,188		-
Investments						
TexPool		7,610		7,610		-
Texas Term		117,145		117,145		-
Certificates of deposit		8,070,069		8,070,069		-
·	\$ 2	22,300,012	\$	22,300,012		\$ -
Component Unit						
Investments						
TexPool	\$	22,826	\$	22,826		\$ -
	\$	22,826	\$	22,826		\$ -
A reconcilement of cash and investments follows:						
	Р	rimary				
		ernment				
	Gove	ernmental	Cc	mponent		
		ctivities		Units		Total
Cash and cash equivalents:						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 2!	5,101,317	\$	814,792	Ś	25,916,109
Cash- restricted		646,633		769,647		1,416,280
Total cash	25	5,747,950		1,584,439		27,332,389
Investments:						
Texas Term		117,145		22,826		139,971
TexPool		7,610		-		7,610
Certificates of deposit	8	8,070,069		-		8,070,069
Total investments		8,194,824		22,826		8,217,650
Total cash and investments	\$ 33	3,942,774	\$	1,607,265	\$	35,550,039

As of September 30, 2018 The City's investments in certificates of deposit are valued at cost plus accrued interest.

See Note 10 for components of cash restrictions.

NOTE 3: DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in market interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment.

Generally, the longer the maturity of an investment, the greater the sensitivity of its fair value to changes in market interest rates. One of the ways that the City manages its exposure to interest rate risk is by purchasing a combination of shorter term and longer term investments and by timing cash flows from maturities so that a portion of the portfolio is maturing or coming close to maturity evenly over time as necessary to provide the cash flows and liquidity needed for operations.

Information about the sensitivity of the cost of the City's investments to market interest rate fluctuations is provided by the following table that shows the specific investments and their maturity:

Description	Rate	Amount	Maturity
Certificate of Deposit	2.00%	\$ 2,023,349	February 7, 2019
Certificate of Deposit	2.00%	505,837	February 12, 2019
Certificate of Deposit	2.20%	1,516,713	March 22, 2019
Certificate of Deposit	2.60%	2,013,130	June 19, 2019
Certificate of Deposit	2.60%	1,006,568	June 19, 2019
Certificate of Deposit	2.63%	1,004,472	July 26, 2019
Total Certific	ates of Deposit	\$ 8,070,069	

The investment policy states that operating funds and commingled pools shall not have an average maturity date exceeding one year from the date of purchase. Securities purchased for the purpose of making debt service payments shall not have a stated final maturity date which exceeds the debt service payment date. Securities for special projects or special fund portfolios should not have a stated final maturity date that exceeds the estimated project completion date.

Credit Risk

As of September 30, 2018 the investments in TexPool and Texas Term investment risk pools were rated AAAm and AAAf by Standard and Poor's, respectively.

The City's investment policy limits authorized investments to certain Texas government investments pools, obligations of or guaranteed by the U. S. and State of Texas and their agencies thereof, certificates of deposit of Texas banks and fully collateralized repurchase agreements.

NOTE 3: DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

Public Funds Investment Pools

TexPool is a public funds investment pool created by the Texas Treasury Safekeeping Trust Company (Trust Company) to provide a safe environment for the placement of local government funds in authorized short-term, fully-collateralized investments, including direct obligations of, or obligations guaranteed by, the United States or State of Texas or their agencies; federally insured certificates of deposit issued by Texas banks or savings and loans; and fully collateralized direct repurchase agreements secured by United States Government agency securities and placed through a primary government securities dealer.

The Trust Company was incorporated by the State Treasurer by authority of the Texas Legislature as a special purpose trust company with direct access to the services of the Federal Reserve Bank to manage, disburse, transfer, safekeep, and invest public funds and securities more efficiently and economically. The State Comptroller of Public Accounts exercises oversight responsibility over TexPool. Oversight includes the ability to significantly influence operations, designation of management, and accountability for fiscal matters.

TEXAS Term is a local government investment pool created under the Interlocal Cooperation Act specifically tailored to meet Texas state and local government investment objectives of preservation of principal, daily liquidity and competitive yield. The fund is rated AAAf by Standard and Poor's and maintains a maturity of 60 days to one year. The fund seeks to maintain a constant dollar objective and fulfills all requirements of the Texas Public Funds Investment Act for local government investment pools.

The City reports its local government investment pools at amortized cost as permitted by Section I50: *Investments* of the GASB Codification. In addition, the pools do not have any limitations and restrictions on withdrawals such as notice periods or maximum transaction amounts. The pools do not impose any liquidity fees or redemption gates.

NOTE 4: PROPERTY TAXES

The assessed value for the tax roll as of January 1, 2017 upon which the 2017 levy was based, was \$2,523,614,600. State statutes require that all assessments be made on one hundred percent (100%) of fair market value.

Property tax revenues are recognized when they become available. Available includes those property tax receivables expected to be collected within sixty days after year end.

Property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property as of January 1. Property taxes are levied as of October 1. The county appraisal district certifies the tax roll by July 25th. This tax roll is used by the City to adopt a tax rate by September 1st or soon thereafter. The tax bills are mailed on October 1st or soon thereafter and are due and payable upon receipt. The billings become delinquent as of February 1 of the following calendar year and penalties and interest may be assessed by the City.

NOTE 4: PROPERTY TAXES (Continued)

Taxes receivable in the General Fund includes uncollected tax levies since 1983. All real property taxes receivable less than twenty years old are considered collectible. All personal property taxes receivable less than ten years old are considered collectible. All revenues were deferred at the time the levies were recorded. The Texas Legislature enacted a provision during the 1992 legislative session which requires all liens attached to properties because of delinquent taxes to be removed after twenty years. Also, liens attached to personal property for delinquent taxes are required to be removed after ten years. This legislation became effective August 27, 1992.

The City is permitted by the Municipal Finance Law of Texas to levy taxes up to \$1.50 per \$100 of assessed valuation for general governmental services other than the payment of principal and interest on long-term debt and in unlimited amounts for the payment of principal and interest on long-term debt. The combined tax rate to finance general governmental service and the payment of principal and interest on long-term debt for the year ended September 30, 2018 was \$.31564 per \$100.

The City Charter provides for taxes to become due on October 1st of the year of levy and shall be paid by January 31st of the following year. Liens for unpaid taxes go into effect on July 1st as the taxes become delinquent. Current tax collections for the year ended September 30, 2018 were 98.39 percent of the tax levy. In regards to the TIRZ fund, property taxes include a contribution from the County in the amount of \$39,663.

NOTE 5: RECEIVABLES

Receivables at September 30, 2018, consist of the following:

				Pri	ima	ary Governmen	t				
				Hotel		Other		Total			
		General	Motel	e	Governmental	Governmental			Component		
		Fund		Fund Funds Funds					Unit		
Receivables											
Property Taxes	\$	198,153	\$	-	\$	43,847	\$	242,000	\$	-	
Accounts		1,284,818		387,953		261,359		1,934,130		92,024	
Gross receivables		1,482,971		387,953		305,206		2,176,130		92,024	
Less allowance for uncollectibles											
Property taxes		(9,908)		-		(2,192)		(12,100)		-	
Accounts		(431,329)		-		-		(431,329)		-	
		(441,237)		-		(2,192)		(443,429)			
Total receivables, net	\$	1,041,734	\$	387,953	\$	303,014	\$	1,732,701	\$	92,024	

As of September 30, 2018 the component unit had a loan receivable of \$35,114. The Revolving Loan Fund was granted to the EDC in 2011 at an amount of \$105,150 at a rate of 4% for 10 years.

NOTE 6: DUE FROM OTHER GOVERNMENTS

Due from other governments at September 30, 2018 consist of the following:

Primary Government

		Primary Government								
	Tra	Transportation Grant (Fund		Other		Total				
				Governmental		overnmental				
				Funds	Funds					
Texas State Comptroller - Occupancy Tax	\$	-	\$	1,045,784	\$	1,045,784				
State of Texas - Department of Transportation		1,454,372		-		1,454,372				
	\$	1,454,372	\$	1,045,784	\$	2,500,156				

NOTE 7: CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended September 30, 2018 is as follows:

Governmental Activities

	Beginning Balance October 01, 2017 Ac			nc		Transfers	D.c	etirements	Sant	Ending Balance ember 30, 2018
Capital assets, not being depreciated:	000	October 01, 2017 Addi				Transiers	3 Retirements September 30, 2018			
Land	\$	1,497,793	\$	_	Ś	_	\$	-	Ś	1,497,793
Constuction in progress	·	3,001,926	1,734	,475	•	(1,040,161)		-	·	3,696,240
		4,499,719	1,734	,475		(1,040,161)		-		5,194,033
Capital assets, being depreciated:										
Buildings		34,000,847	423	,021		-		(9,855)		34,414,013
Improvements		6,620,578	704	,394		339,951		-		7,664,923
Furniture and equipment		7,867,063	1,082	,589		-		(411,113)		8,538,539
Infrastructure		13,991,044	1,456	,644		700,210		-		16,147,898
		62,479,532	3,666	,648		1,040,161		(420,968)		66,765,373
Less accumulated depreciation for:										
Buildings		(18,074,052)	(1,493	,774)		-		9,768		(19,558,058)
Improvements		(3,329,619)	(361	,154)		-		-		(3,690,773)
Furniture and equipment		(6,079,392)	(686	,351)		-		408,828		(6,356,915)
Infrastructure		(6,962,762)	(808)	,139)		-		-		(7,770,901)
Total accumulated depreciation		(34,445,825)	(3,349	,418)		-		418,596		(37,376,647)
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net		28,033,707	317	,230		1,040,161		(2,372)		29,388,726
Governmental activities, capital assets, net	\$	32,533,426	\$ 2,051	,705	\$	-	\$	(2,372)	\$	34,582,759

Depreciation is provided in the funds in amounts sufficient to relate the cost of the depreciable assets to operations over their estimated service lives on the straight-line basis. The service lives by type of asset are as follows:

Buildings and improvements	10 – 40 years
Equipment	5 – 15 years
Infrastructure	15 – 40 years
Vehicles	3 – 7 years

NOTE 7: CAPITAL ASSETS (Continued)

Depreciation was charged to government functions as follows:

General government	\$ 295,725
Convention and visitors bureau	1,192,891
Community service	120,891
Public works	1,238,579
Public safety	332,296
Transportation	169,036
Total depreciation - governmental activities	\$ 3,349,418

Component Unit:

Activity for Economic Development Corporation is as follows:

		Beginning								Ending
		Balance								Balance
	Oct	October 1, 2017		Additions Tr		nsfers	Retirements		September 30, 2018	
Capital assets, not being depreciated:										
Land	\$	657,236	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	657,236
Constuction in progress		-		-		-				-
		657,236		-		-		-		657,236
Capital assets, being depreciated:										
Buildings		6,569,015		-		-		-		6,569,015
Improvements		375,000		-		-		-		375,000
Furniture and equipment		21,604		-		-		-		21,604
		6,965,619		-		-		-		6,965,619
Less accumulated depreciation										
Buildings		(1,270,627)		(136,147)		-		-		(1,406,774
Improvements		(96,790)		(25,485)		-		-		(122,275
Furniture and equipment		(21,604)		-		-		-		(21,604
Total accumulated depreciation		(1,389,021)		(161,632)		-		-		(1,550,653
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net		5,576,598		(161,632)		-		-		5,414,966
Governmental activities, capital assets, net	\$	6,233,834	\$	(161,632)	\$	-	\$	-	\$	6,072,202

NOTE 8: DEFERRED INFLOWS AND OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES

Governmental funds report *deferred inflows of resources* in connection with receivables for revenues that are not considered to be available to liquidate liabilities of the current period. Governmental funds defer revenue recognition in connection with resources that have been earned, but not yet received. At the end of the current fiscal year, the various components of deferred inflows of resources reported in the fund financial statements was as follows:

	Ur	navailable
Governmental funds		
Delinquent property taxes receivable	\$	201,656
Grants and other		478,722
Total deferred/inflows of resources for governmental funds	\$	680,378

The component unit reported \$35,114 in unavailable revenue related to noncurrent receivables at September 30, 2018.

In governmental activities, deferred outflows of resources consist of \$163,494 of deferred charges on refundings of long-term debt and \$877,010 and \$36,915 of deferred charges related to pension liabilities and OPEB liabilities, respectively. Deferred inflows related to pensions are \$1,045,807 at September 30, 2018. In the component unit deferred outflows of resources consist of \$163,590 of deferred charges on refundings of long-term debt and \$7,125 and \$300 of deferred charges related to pension liabilities and OPEB liabilities, respectively. Deferred inflows related to pensions are \$8,495 at September 30, 2018 for the component unit.

NOTE 9: UNEARNED REVENUE

Unearned revenues principally consist of amounts for which the City has received funds in advanced for having completed the earning process and do not meet the definition of a deferred inflow of resources.

For the year ended September 30, 2018, \$74,050 of unearned revenues are reported in the government funds and in the statement of net position for amounts received for in advance of the City performing the related services.

NOTE 10: LONG-TERM DEBT

Primary Government

General Obligation Bonds

The City issues general obligation bonds and tax anticipation notes to provide funds for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities.

General obligation bonds and tax anticipation notes are direct obligations and pledge the full faith and credit of the City. These bonds and certificates generally are issued as 25-year serial bonds, with varying amounts of principal maturing each year. Tax anticipation notes pledge the ad valorem taxes collected by the City for the repayment of the obligation. General obligation bonds and tax anticipation notes currently outstanding are as follows:

NOTE 10: LONG-TERM DEBT (Continued)

1. Bonds

		Beginning					Ending	
		Balance					Due In	
	Oct	ober 01, 2017	Add	itions	Reductions	Septe	ember 30, 2018	One Year
General Government:								
Series 2011 General Obligation Bond	\$	3,150,000	\$	-	\$ (175,000)	\$	2,975,000	\$ 180,000
Series 2012 General Obligation Refunding Bonds		2,565,000		-	(285,000)		2,280,000	300,000
Series 2015 Tax Anticipation Notes		2,160,000		-	(405,000)		1,755,000	415,000
Series 2016 Tax Anticipation Notes		3,370,000		-	(530,000)		2,840,000	540,000
Series 2017 Venue Hotel Occupancy Tax Revenue Bonds		9,085,000		-	(185,000)		8,900,000	185,000
Total bonds	\$	20,330,000	\$	-	\$ (1,580,000)	\$	18,750,000	\$ 1,620,000

The following table summarizes the restricted cash and investments as of September 30, 2018:

	Governmental			
	Activities			
Restricted				
Cash and cash equivalents				
Cash restriced for Venue Seasonal Reserve	\$	129,276		
Cash Restricted for Venue Debt Reserve		517,357		
Total	\$	646,633		

Cash and cash equivalents of \$405,818 and \$363,829 are restricted for EDC Debt Service Reserve and EDC Debt Service fund, respectively. In addition, the EDC Debt Service fund reported \$22,826 in restricted investments.

The annual debt service requirements to maturity for bonds are as follows:

	General	Obligati	on Bonds	Tax Anticip	Tax Anticipation Notes Venue Tax Revenue Bonds Total		Venue Tax Revenue Bonds					
Year Ending												Principal &
September 30,	Principa	ıl	Interest	Principal	Interest		Principal	Interest	Principal		Interest	Interest
2019	480	,000	168,775	955,000	124,425		185,000	321,138	1,620,000)	614,338	2,234,338
2020	500	,000	152,225	980,000	100,850		190,000	317,438	1,670,000)	570,513	2,240,513
2021	510	,000	135,150	1,010,000	71,525		195,000	313,638	1,715,000)	520,313	2,235,313
2022	525	,000	118,650	1,050,000	36,075		200,000	309,738	1,775,000)	464,463	2,239,463
2023	545	,000	102,338	600,000	9,000		205,000	303,738	1,350,000)	415,076	1,765,076
2024-2028	1,870	,000	300,450	-	-		1,115,000	1,422,990	2,985,000)	1,723,440	4,708,440
2029-2033	825	,000	50,300	-	-		1,325,000	1,206,940	2,150,000)	1,257,240	3,407,240
2034-2038		-	-	-	-		1,630,000	911,339	1,630,000)	911,339	2,541,339
2039-2043		-	-	-	-		1,995,000	543,575	1,995,000)	543,575	2,538,575
2044-2047		-	-	-	-		1,860,000	165,725	1,860,000	\$	165,725	2,025,725
	\$ 5,255	,000 \$	1,027,888	\$ 4,595,000	\$ 341,875	\$	8,900,000	\$ 5,816,259	\$ 18,750,000	\$	7,186,022	\$ 25,936,022

NOTE 10: LONG-TERM DEBT (Continued)

Component Unit

1. Revenue Bonds

	E	Beginning						Ending		
	Balance						Balance			Due In
-	Octo	October 01, 2017		Additions Reductions		eductions	September 30, 2018		One Year	
2016 Series, Sales Tax Revenue Refunding Bond	\$	3,440,000	\$	-	\$	(30,000)	\$	3,410,000	\$	310,000
2007 Series, Sales Tax Bond		265,000		-		(265,000)		-		-
Total Revenue Bond	\$	3,705,000	\$	-	Ş	(295,000)	Ş	3,410,000	Ş	310,000

The annual debt service requirements to maturity for revenue bonds are as follows:

Year Ending	2016 Rever	nue Bonds	 Total
September 30,	Principal	Interest	Principal & Interest
2019	310,000	83,750	393,750
2020	310,000	77,550	387,550
2021	320,000	71,250	391,250
2022	320,000	64,850	384,850
2023	335,000	58,300	393,300
2024-2028	1,815,000	155,725	1,970,725
	\$ 3,410,000	\$ 511,425	\$ 3,921,425

Primary Government

On April 20, 2005, the City issued 2005 Series General Obligation Bonds in order to construct and equip a new City Hall Complex, related parking and to pay costs of issuance. The bonds are collateralized by the levy and collection of ad valorem taxes and will be repaid over 20 years beginning in 2006. The bonds carry interest rates ranging from 3.5% to 4.625% with interest payment dates of March 1 and September 1.

During June 2011, the City issued Series 2011 General Obligation Bonds to construct and equip a new fire station. The bonds are collateralized by the full faith and credit of the government and will be repaid over the next 20 years. Principal is due annually, and interest payments at the rate of 3.00 – 4.00% are due March 1 and September 1.

In July 2015, the City issued Series 2015 Tax Anticipation Notes in the amount of \$2,905,000 to provide resources for the rebuilding and improvement of Gulf Boulevard. The tax notes were issued at a premium of \$202,263 and the cost of issuance was \$103,079. Principal payments are due annually starting in March of 2016. Interest is due in March and September annually until maturity on March 1, 2022.

During April of 2016, the City issued Series 2016 Tax Notes for \$3,890,000 primarily, but not limited, to finance the cost of improvements on Padre Boulevard. The tax notes are collateralized by the pledged tax revenues of the City and will be repaid over the next 7 years with final maturity in fiscal year end 2023. Principal is due annually, and interest payments at the rate of 2% - 3% are due on February 15 and August 15 of each fiscal year.

NOTE 10: LONG-TERM DEBT (Continued)

During June 2017, the City issued Series 2017 Venue Hotel Occupancy Tax Revenue Bonds primarily to finance the cost of future infrastructure of the City approved at the election held on November 8, 2016. The bonds are collateralized by the pledged venue hotel occupancy tax revenues of the City and will be repaid over the next 30 years with final maturity in fiscal year 2047. Principal is due annually, and interest payments at the rate of 2%-4% are due on February 1 and August 1 of each fiscal year.

Advance Refundings

In August 2012, the City issued Series 2012 General Obligation Refunding bonds in the amount of \$3,165,000 to provide resources to refund the majority of the City's 2005 Series General Obligation bonds and cover costs of issuance. As a result, \$2,985,000 of the Series 2005 bonds are considered to be defeased and the liability has been removed from the accounts of the City. The cost of issuance totaled \$103,287 on the Series 2012 bonds. Principal and interest payments are due annually on March 1 of each year until maturity on March 1, 2025.

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The advance refunding was undertaken to reduce the City's interest payments. The advance refunding resulted in an economic gain (difference between the present value of the debt service payment of the refunded and refunding bonds) of \$201,901, and a gross savings of \$223,738. At September 30, 2017, the defeased portion of the 2005 Series General Obligation bonds had a balance of \$2,485,000.

The City does not have a legal debt limit mandated by law.

Capital Lease Obligations

In October 2010, the City entered into a lease-purchase agreement with Government Capital Corporation for the purchase of a Fire Ladder Truck. The lease was refinanced on November 16, 2016. Lease payments are due annually beginning November 16, 2017.

In September 2012, the City entered into a lease-purchase agreement with Motorola Solutions, Inc. for the purchase of a Police Radio and Communication System. Lease payments are due in seven annual installments beginning September of 2013.

In November of 2015, the City entered into a lease agreement with TYMCO, Inc. for the purchase of a Street Sweeper in the amount of \$144,335. Lease payments are due annually in October of each year beginning in October of 2015.

The following is a schedule of the future minimum lease payments under the capital lease together with the present value of the next minimum lease payments as of September 30, 2018:

	Fire Ladder		Police Radio		TYMCO Street	
Year ending September 30,	Truck	Ec	uipment	9	Sweeper	Total
2019	\$ 52,878	\$	63,062	\$	37,458	\$ 153,398
2020	52,878		63,062		-	115,940
2021	52,878		-		-	52,878
2022	52,878		-		-	52,878
Total minimum lease payment	211,512		126,124		37,458	375,094
Less the amount representing interest	(14,535)		(3,930)		(931)	(19,396)
Present value of net minimum lease payments	\$ 196,977	\$	122,194	\$	36,527	\$ 355,698

NOTE 10: LONG-TERM DEBT (Continued)

Changes in Long-term Liabilities for Governmental Activities

During the year ended September 30, 2018, the following changes occurred in liabilities reported as non-current liabilities.

					Amount
					Due
	October 1,			September 30,	Within
	2017	Additions	Reductions	2018	One Year
Compensated absences*	\$ 907,364	\$ 746,522	\$ (646,614)	\$ 1,007,272	\$ 523,773
Bonds payable	20,330,000	-	(1,580,000)	18,750,000	1,620,000
Premium on bond issuances	905,487	-	(82,133)	823,354	82,133
Capital leases	542,308	-	(186,610)	355,698	142,804
Net pension liability	2,943,869	-	(1,913,083)	1,030,786	-
Net OPEB liability	-	351,621	-	351,621	-
Total long-term debt	\$ 25,629,028	\$ 1,098,143	\$ (4,408,440)	\$ 22,318,731	\$ 2,368,710

^{*}Compensated absences are generally liquidated by the fund in which the expenditure related to compensation is incurred.

The City's other non-current liabilities including pension liabilities are liquidated in the fund where the liability was incurred. Thus, the most significant of these funds is the general fund which satisfies most liabilities for governmental activities.

Component Unit

During May 2016, the Economic Development Corporation ("EDC") issued Series 2016 Sales Tax Revenue Refunding Bonds in the amount of \$3,485,000 to provide resources to refund the majority of the EDC's 2007 Series Sales Tax Bonds and cover costs of issuance. As a result, \$3,440,000 of the Series 2007 bonds are considered to be defeased and the liability has been removed from the accounts of the EDC. The bonds were issued at a premium of \$225,384 and the cost of issuance totaled \$114,138. Principal is due annually on October 1 of each year until maturity on October 1, 2027. Interest is payable on April 1 and October 1 of each year until maturity at rates ranging from 2.00% - 4.00%. The bonds are secured by a lien and pledge of the sales tax revenues of the EDC.

During July 2007, the Economic Development Corporation ("EDC") issued Sales Tax Revenue Bond Series 2007 for the purpose of paying the costs of the acquisition and construction of land, buildings, equipment, facilities and improvements relating to a birding and nature center as a public facility, funding a debt service reserve fund and paying the costs of issuance. The bonds are collateralized and secured with a pledge of revenues derived from sales and use tax levied in the City of South Padre Island, as allocated to the EDC, and carry a term of 20 years, maturing September 30, 2028. The debt covenants require a debt service reserve fund sufficient to provide for the final principal and interest payment. The bonds carry an interest rate of 4.37% with interest payments due in March and September.

NOTE 10: LONG-TERM DEBT (Continued)

Changes in Long-term Liabilities for Component Units

						Due
October 1,				Se	ptember 30,	Within
2017	Ad	ditions	Reductions		2018	One Year
\$ 265,000	\$	-	\$ (265,000)	\$	-	\$ -
3,440,000		-	(30,000)		3,410,000	310,000
206,603		-	(18,782)		187,821	18,782
23,466		-	(15,539)		7,927	-
-		2,856	-		2,856	-
\$ 3,935,069	\$	2,856	\$ (329,321)	\$	3,608,604	\$ 328,782
	2017 \$ 265,000 3,440,000 206,603 23,466	2017 Ad \$ 265,000 \$ 3,440,000 206,603 23,466	2017 Additions \$ 265,000 \$ - 3,440,000 - 206,603 - 23,466 - 2,856	2017 Additions Reductions \$ 265,000 \$ - \$ (265,000) 3,440,000 - (30,000) 206,603 - (18,782) 23,466 - (15,539) - 2,856 -	2017 Additions Reductions \$ 265,000 \$ - \$ (265,000) \$ 3,440,000 - (30,000) 206,603 - (18,782) 23,466 - (15,539) - 2,856 -	2017 Additions Reductions 2018 \$ 265,000 \$ - \$ (265,000) \$ - 3,440,000 - (30,000) 3,410,000 206,603 - (18,782) 187,821 23,466 - (15,539) 7,927 - 2,856 - 2,856

NOTE 11: INTERFUND ASSETS/LIABILITIES

Due to/from other funds:

Receivable Fund

		Total Due From			
Payable Fund	General	C	Other Funds		
General Fund	\$ -	\$	-		
Transporation Grant Fund	1,373,633	\$	1,373,633		
Padre Blvd Improvement Fund	719,467	\$	719,467		
Other Governmental Funds	-				
			_		
Total due to other funds	\$ 2,093,100	\$	2,093,100		
	 				

The due to/from other funds primarily represent temporary short-term borrowings for working capital, which are intended to be satisfied soon after year end.

NOTE 12: TRANSFERS

Transfers are used to 1) provide unrestricted revenues collected in the general fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds, and 2) move revenues from the fund that the budget requires to collect them to the fund that the budget requires to expend them.

		Transfer In Funds									
								Other			
					Trai	nsportation	Gov	vernmental			
Transfers out funds	Ge	neral Fund	Hotel N	tel Motel Fund		Grant Fund		Funds		Total	
General	\$	-	\$	-	\$	101,532	\$	340,671	\$	442,203	
Other Governmental Funds		435,073		-		-		522,801		957,874	
Total transfers	\$	435,073	\$	-	\$	101,532	\$	863,472	\$	1,400,077	

NOTE 12: TRANSFERS (Continued)

Transfer between funds within the Component Units

	Transfer In Funds					
	EDO					
Transfer Out Funds	Service Fund					
Economic Development Corporation	\$	396,850				

NOTE 13: COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

1. Litigation

The City is party to various legal proceedings generally incidental to its operations. Although the ultimate disposition of these proceedings are not presently determinable in the opinion of the City Attorney, the resolution of these matters will not have a material adverse effect on the financial condition of the City.

2. Grant Programs

The City and component unit participate in a number of grant programs funded by State and Federal Agencies. These programs are subject to compliance audits by the grantor agencies or their representatives. The amount, if any, of expenditures which may be disallowed by the grantor agencies cannot be determined at this time, although the City expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

NOTE 14: RISK MANAGEMENT

The City is exposed to various uncertainties for losses related to intentional and unintentional torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of real and personal property; errors and omissions; catastrophes, medical and dental claims by employees; employee illnesses and injuries and pollution claims for which the City carries commercial insurance coverage. There have been no significant reductions in insurance coverage from the previous year. No negotiated settlements or jury awards have exceeded policy limits in any of the past three years. The City is a member of an intergovernmental risk pool. The risk pool is an interlocal non-assessable agency with present unreserved resources in excess of \$392,000,000 (as of September 30, 2018, the most recently audited financial statements completed for the risk pool). Reinsurance is provided by several A and A++ rated companies in amounts ranging from \$10,000,000 to \$100,000,000 depending on the type of insurance coverage. The City must promptly pay contributions to the risk pool as outlined by the coverage contracts, comply with underwriting standards and implement loss control recommendations deemed necessary by a risk pool representative due to an eminent high risk of loss situation. City management is not aware of any pending or alleged claims that could exceed the policy limits of the present insurance coverage.

NOTE 15: DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS

The City provides pension benefits for all of its eligible employees through a non-traditional, joint contributory, hybrid defined benefit plan in the state-wide Texas Municipal Retirement System (TMRS), an agent multiple-employer public employee retirement system. The plan provisions that have been adopted by the City are within the options available in the governing state statutes of TMRS.

TMRS issues a publicly available comprehensive annual financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information (RSI) for TMRS and its Supplemental Death Benefits Fund; the report also provides detailed explanations of the contributions, benefits and actuarial methods and assumptions used by the System. This report may be obtained by writing to TMRS, P. O Box 149153, Austin, Texas 78714-9153 or by calling 800-924-8677; in addition, the report is available on TMRS' website at www.TMRS.com.

A. Plan Description

The City of South Padre Island participates as one of 883 plans in the nontraditional, joint contributory, hybrid defined benefit pension plan administered by the Texas Municipal Retirement System (TMRS). TMRS is an agency created by the State of Texas and administered in accordance with TMRS act, Subtitle G, Title 8, Texas Government Code (the TMRS Act) as an agent multiple-employer retirement system for municipal employees in the State of Texas. The TMRS Act places the general administration and management of the System with a six-member Board of Trustees. Although the Governor, with the advice and consent of the Senate, appoints the Board, TMRS is not fiscally dependent on the State of Texas. TMRS's defined benefit pension plan is a tax-qualified plan under Section 401(a) of the Internal Revenue Code. TMRS issues a publicly available comprehensive annual financial report (CAFR) that can be obtained at www.tmrs.com.

All eligible employees of the City and the EDC (component unit) as required to participate in TMRS.

B. Benefits Provided

TMRS provides retirement, disability, and death benefits. Benefit provisions are adopted by the governing body of the City, within the options available in the state statutes governing TMRS.

At retirement, the benefits are calculated as if the sum of the employee's contributions, with interest, and the city-financing monetary credits with interest were used to purchase an annuity. Members may choose to receive their retirement benefit in one of seven payments options. Members may also choose to receive a portion of their benefit as a Partial Lump Sum Distribution in an amount equal to 12, 24, or 36 monthly payments, which cannot exceed 75% of the member's deposits and interest.

NOTE 15: DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (Continued)

B. Benefits Provided - continued

Employees covered by benefit terms

At the December 31, 2017 valuation and measurement date, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	62
Inactive employees entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	89
Active employees	<u>171</u>
	322

C. Contributions

The contribution rates for employees in TMRS are either 5%, 6%, or 7% of employee gross earnings, and the city matching percentages are either 100%, 150%, or 200%, both as adopted by the governing body of the city. Under the state law governing TMRS, the contribution rate for each city is determined annually by the actuary, using the Entry Age Normal (EAN) actuarial cost method. The actuarially determined rate is the estimated amount necessary to finance the cost of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to the finance any unfunded any unfunded accrued liability.

Employees for the City of South Padre Island were required to contribute 7% of their annual gross earnings during the fiscal year. The contribution rates for the City of South Padre Island were 12.49% and 12.88% in calendar year 2017 and 2018, respectively. The City's contributions to TMRS for the year ended September 30, 2018 were \$1,097,022, and were equal to the required contributions.

D. Net Pension Liability

The City's Net Pension Liability (NPL) was measured as of December 31, 2017, and the Total Pension Liability (TPL) used to calculate the Net Pension Liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

Actuarial assumptions:

The Total Pension Liability in the December 31, 2017 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

Inflation 2.5% per year Overall payroll growth 3.0% per year

Investment Rate of Return 6.75%, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation

NOTE 15: DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (Continued)

Actuarial assumptions-continued

Salary increases were based on a service-related table. Mortality rates for active members, retirees, and beneficiaries were based on the gender-distinct RP2000 Combined Healthy Mortality Table, with male rates multiplied by 109% and female rates multiplied by 103%. The rates are projected on a fully generational basis by scale BB to account for future mortality improvements. For disabled annuitants, the gender-distinct RP2000 Combined Healthy Mortality Tables with Blue Collar Adjustment are used with male rates multiplied by 109% and female rates multiplied by 103% with a 3-year set-forward for both males and females. In addition, a 3% minimum mortality rate is applied to reflect the impairment of younger members who become disabled. The rates are projected on a fully generational basis by scale BB to account for future mortality improvement subject to the 3% floor.

The actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2017 valuation were developed primarily from the actuarial investigation of the experience of TMRS over the four year period from December 31, 2010 to December 31, 2014. Healthy post-retirement mortality rates and annuity purchase rates were updated based on a Mortality Experience Investigation Study covering 2009 through 2011, and dated December 31, 2013. These assumptions were first used in the December 31, 2013 valuation, along with a change to the Entry Age Normal (EAN) actuarial cost method. Assumptions are reviewed annually. No additional changes were made for the 2014 valuation. After the Asset Allocation Study analysis and experience investigation study, the Board amended the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments from 7% to 6.75%. Plan assets are managed on a total return basis with an emphasis on both capital appreciation as well as the production of income, in order to satisfy the short-term and long-term funding needs of TMRS.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. In determining their best estimate of a recommended investment return assumption under the various alternative asset allocation portfolios, GRS focused on the area between (1) arithmetic mean (aggressive) without an adjustment for time (conservative) and (2) the geometric mean (conservative) with an adjustment for time (aggressive). At its meeting on July 30, 2015, the TMRS Board approved a new portfolio target allocation. The target allocation and best estimates of real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

	sta of Dotum
Ra	ate of Return
Asset Class Target Allocation	(Arithmetic)
Domestic Equity 17.5%	4.55%
International Equity 17.5%	6.35%
Core Fixed Income 10.0%	1.00%
Non-Core Fixed Income 20.0%	4.15%
Real Return 10.0%	4.15%
Real Estate 10.0%	4.75%
Absolute Return 10.0%	4.00%
Private Equity 5.0%	7.75%
<u>Total</u> 100.0%	

NOTE 15: DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (Continued)

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the Total Pension Liability was 6.75%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employee and employer contributions will be made at the rates specified in statute. Based on that assumption, the pension plan's Fiduciary Net Position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the Total Pension Liability.

Net Pension Liability

	Ir	City ncrease (Decrease	Inc	EDC Increase (Decrease)				
	Total Pension Liability (a)	Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b)	Net Pension Liability (a) - (b)	Total Pension Liability (a)	Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b)	Net Pension Liability (a) - (b)		
Balance at Decembere 31, 2016	\$ 31,455,209	\$ 28,511,340	\$ 2,943,869	\$ 250,903	\$ 227,437	\$ 23,466		
Changes for the year:								
Service cost	1,489,634	-	1,489,634	12,100	-	12,100		
Interest	2,133,501	-	2,133,501	17,330	-	17,330		
Change in benefit terms	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Difference between								
expected/actual experience	(4,377)	-	(4,377)	(36)	-	(36)		
Changes of assumptions	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Contributions - employer	-	1,026,795	(1,026,795)	-	8,340	(8,340)		
Contributions - employee	-	575,466	(575,466)	-	4,674	(4,674)		
Net investment income	-	3,951,093	(3,951,093)	-	32,094	(32,094)		
Benefit payments, including refunds of								
employee contributions	(1,176,090)	(1,176,090)	-	(9,553)	(9,553)	-		
Administrative expenses	-	(20,476)	20,476	-	(166)	166		
Other charges	-	(1,037)	1,037	-	(9)	9		
Net changes	2,442,668	4,355,751	(1,913,083)	19,841	35,380	(15,539)		
Balance at December 31, 2017	\$ 33,897,877	\$ 32,867,091	\$ 1,030,786	\$ 270,744	\$ 262,817	\$ 7,927		

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the net pension liability of the City, calculated using the discount rate of 6.75%, as well as what the City's net pension liability would have been if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (5.75%) or 1 percentage point higher (7.75%) than the current rate.

	19	6 Decrease in			19	6 Increase in
	Discount Rate			scount Rate	Discount Rate	
		(5.75%) (6.75%)		(7.75%)		
City's net pension liability	\$	6,501,982	\$	1,030,786	\$	(3,384,408)
EDC (component unit) net pension liability		52,814		7,927		(27,491)
City's net pension liability	\$	6,554,796	\$	1,038,713	\$	(3,411,899)
	·			·		

NOTE 15: DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (Continued)

Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended September 30, 2018 the City and the EDC recognized combined pension expense in the amounts of \$1,101,711 and \$8,949, respectively. At September 30, 2018 the City and the EDC reported combined deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	City				EDC			
	Ou	Deferred Deferred Outflows of Inflows of Resources Resources		Out	Deferred Outflows of Resources		eferred lows of sources	
Differences between expected and actual economic experience (net of current year amortization) Changes in actuarial assumptions	\$	13,084 64.869	\$ 180,697	\$	106 528	\$	1,468	
Differences between projected and actual investment		,,,,,,	905 110		320		7 027	
earnings (net of current year amortization) Contributions subsequent to the measurement date		799,057	865,110	_	6,491	_	7,027 -	
Total	\$	877,010	\$1,045,807	Ş	7,125	Ş	8,495	

The \$799,057 and \$6,491 in the City and EDC which are reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability for the year ending September 30, 2019. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending September 30,	City	EDC	Total
2019	\$ (43,233)	\$ (351)	\$ (43,584)
2020	(101,698)	(826)	(102,524)
2021	(418,682)	(3,401)	(422,083)
2022	(403,945)	(3,281)	(407,226)
2023	(296)	(2)	(298)
Thereafter	-	-	-

NOTE 16: OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

Plan Description and Benefits

The City also participates in a single-employer, defined benefit group-term life insurance known as the Supplemental Death Benefits Fund (SDBF) administered by the Texas Municipal Retirement System (TMRS). This is a voluntary program in which the City elected, by ordinance, to provide group-term life insurance coverage to both current and retired employees. The City may terminate coverage under and discontinue participation in the SDBF by adopting an ordinance before November 1 of any year to be effective the following January 1. The death benefit for active employees provides a lump-sum payment approximately equal to the employee's annual salary (calculated based on the employee's actual earnings, for the 12-month period preceding the month of death). The death benefit for retirees is considered an other postemployment benefit ("OPEB") and is a fixed amount of \$7,500. As the SDBF covers both active and retiree participants, with no segregation of assets, the SDBF is considered to be an unfunded OPEB plan (i.e. no assets are accumulated).

NOTE 16: OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (Continued)

Employees covered by benefit terms

At the December 31, 2017 valuation and measurement date, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	44
Inactive employees entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	23
Active employees	<u>171</u>
	238

Contributions

The City contributes to the SDBF at a contractually required rate as determined by an annual actuarial valuation. The rate is equal to the cost of providing one-year term life insurance. The funding policy for the SDBF program is to assure that adequate resources are available to meet all death benefit payments for the upcoming year; the intent is not to pre-fund retiree term life insurance during employees' entire careers.

Employees for the City of South Padre Island were required to contribute 0.03% of their annual gross earnings during the fiscal year. The contribution rates for the City of South Padre Island were 0.17% and 0.17% in calendar year 2017 and 2018, respectively. The City's contributions to the SDBF for the year ended September 30, 2018 were \$14,599, and were equal to the required contributions.

Actuarial assumptions:

The Total OPEB Liability in the December 31, 2017 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

Valuation date:	12/31/2017
Inflation	2.50%

Salary Increases 3.50% to 10.50%, including inflation

Discount rate* 3.31% Retirees' share of benefit-related costs \$-0-

Administrative expenses All administrative expenses are paid through the Pension

Trust and accounted for under reporting requirements

under GASB Statement No. 68.

Mortality rates- service retirees RP2000 Combined Mortality Table with Blue Collar

Adjustment with male rates multiplied by 109% and female rates multiplied by 103% and projected on a fully

generational basis with scale BB.

Mortality rates- disabled retirees RP2000 Combined Mortality Table with Blue Collar

Adjustment with male rates multiplied by 109% and female rates multiplied by 103% with a 3 year set-forward for both males and females. The rates are projected on a fully generational basis with scale BB to account for future

mortality improvements subject to the 3% floor.

^{*}the discount rate was based on the Fidelity Index's "20-year Municipal GO AA Index" rate as of December 31, 2017.

NOTE 16: OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (Continued)

Actuarial assumptions- continued:

The actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2017 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period of December 31, 2010 to December 31, 2014.

Total OPEB Liability

The City's Total OPEB Liability was measured as of December 31, 2017, and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

The following presents a summary of the changes in Total OPEB liability:

		City		EDC		
	Increase		In	crease		
	(Decrease)		(De	crease)		
	To	otal OPEB	Tot	tal OPEB		
		Liability	Liability			
		(a)	(a)			
Balance at December 31, 2016	\$	294,772	\$	2,394		
Changes for the year:						
Service cost		17,264		140		
Interest		11,422		93		
Change in benefit terms		-		-		
Difference between						
expected/actual experience		-		-		
Changes of assumptions		30,629		249		
Contributions - employer		-		-		
Contributions - employee		-		-		
Net investment income		-		-		
Benefit payments, including refunds of						
employee contributions		(2,466)		(20)		
Administrative expenses		-		-		
Other charges		-		-		
Net changes		56,849		462		
Balance at December 31, 2017	\$	351,621	\$	2,856		

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the City, calculated using the discount rate of 3.31%, as well as what the City's total OPEB liability would have been if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (2.31%) or 1 percentage point higher (4.31%) than the current rate.

	1% Decrease in				1% Increase in		
	Discount Rate			Discount	D	iscount Rate	
	(2.31%) Rate			te (3.31%)		(4.31%)	
City's total OPEB liability	\$	431,736	\$	351,621	\$	290,390	
EDC (component unit) total OPEB liability		3,507		3,507 2,856		2,359	
						_	
City's total OPEB liability	\$	435,243	\$	354,477	\$	292,749	

City of South Padre Island, Texas Notes to Financial Statements

NOTE 16: OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (Continued)

OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources Related to OPEBs

For the year ended September 30, 2018 the City and the EDC recognized combined OPEB expense in the amounts of \$32,946 and \$268, respectively. At September 30, 2018 the City and the EDC reported combined deferred outflows of related to OPEB from the following sources:

		City	l	EDC	
	Ou	eferred tflows of esources	Deferred Outflows of Resources		
Differences between expected and actual economic experience (net of current year amortization)	\$	-	\$	_	
Changes in actuarial assumptions		26,369		214	
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date		10,546		86	
Total	\$	36,915	\$	300	

The \$10,546 and \$86 in the City and EDC which are reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEBs resulting from contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability for the year ending September 30, 2019. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending September 30,	City	EDC	Total
2019	\$ 4,260	\$ 35	\$ 4,295
2020	4,260	35	4,295
2021	4,260	35	4,295
2022	4,260	35	4,295
2023	4,260	35	4,295
Thereafter	5.067	41	5.108

NOTE 17: FUND BALANCE REPORTING

Nonspendable – These funds were used for prepaid items.

Restricted – External parties have restricted these funds to be used for their intended purpose.

Unassigned – The unassigned fund balance has no constraints.

	General Hotel Fund Motel Fund		Motel	Transportation		Transportation otel Grant Fund		(onstruction improvement (sovernment		Governmental	Total Government Funds
Fund balance (deficit)											
Non-spendable											
Prepaid	\$ 65,310	\$	5,942	\$	4,503	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 33,518	\$ 109,273		
Restricted											
Debt service	-		-		-	-	-	1,068,295	1,068,295		
Capital projects	-		-		-	8,946,229	1,133,131	418,858	10,498,218		
Beach nourishment	-		-		-	-	-	2,719,847	2,719,847		
Transportation	-		-		80,739	-	-	-	80,739		
Beach maintenance	-		-		-	-	-	2,608,336	2,608,336		
Municipal court	-		-		-	-	-	74,372	74,372		
Criminal justice	19,450		-		-	-	-	-	19,450		
Venue project	-		-		-	-	-	2,626,997	2,626,997		
Parks and recreation	-		-		-	-	-	27,935	27,935		
Hotel/Motel tax	-		4,274,596		-	-	-	3,431,723	7,706,319		
Unassigned	7,547,484		-		-	-	-	-	7,547,484		
	\$7,632,244	\$	4,280,538	\$	85,242	\$ 8,946,229	\$ 1,133,131	\$ 13,009,881	\$35,087,265		

City of South Padre Island, Texas Notes to Financial Statements

NOTE 18: NET POSITION

Net position is composed of three categories: Net Investment in Capital Assets, Restricted and Unrestricted.

	Governmental Activities	Component Units
Net investment in capital assets:		
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	\$ 34,582,759	\$ 6,072,202
Deferred outflows of resources - deferred amount on refunding	163,494	163,590
Less related liabilities (bonds, net of premium, and capital leases)	(19,929,052)	(3,597,821)
Restricted cash (unexpended bond proceeds)	10,798,827	-
Net investment in capital assets- total	25,616,028	2,637,971
Restricted net position consists of the following:		
Restricted for debt service	1,104,146	792,473
Restricted for capital projects	418,858	-
Restricted for beach nourishment	2,719,847	-
Restricted for transportation	80,739	-
Restricted for beach maintenance	2,608,336	-
Restricted for municipal court	74,372	-
Restricted for criminal justice	19,450	-
Restricted for venue project	2,626,997	-
Restricted for parks and recreation	27,935	-
Restricted for hotel/motel taxes	7,706,319	-
Restricted net position- total	17,386,999	792,473
Unrestricted net position	4,958,764	884,495
Total net position	\$ 47,961,791	\$ 4,314,939

NOTE 19: PRIOR PERIOD ADJUSTMENT

During fiscal year 2018, the City adopted GASB Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions. With GASB 75, the City must report their total OPEB liability under the Supplemental Death Benefits Fund (SDBF) administered by the Texas Municipal Retirement System (TMRS). The prior period adjustment totaled \$(284,735) and \$(2,313) for governmental activities and the aggregate discretely presented component unit, respectively. The prior period adjustment resulted in a restated beginning net position balance of \$42,630,457 and \$4,198,407 for governmental activities and the aggregate discretely presented component unit, respectively.

REQUIRED **SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION**

City of South Padre Island, Texas General Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance-Budget and Actual

For the Year End	led Septembe	er 30, 2018
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Tot the Teal Eliaea September 30, 2018	_			Variance Final Budget
	Buo Original	dget Final	Actual	Positive (Negative)
REVENUES	Original	rinai	Actual	(Negative)
Property taxes - including penalty and interest	\$ 6,308,696	\$ 6,308,696	\$ 6,169,298	\$ (139,398)
Nonproperty taxes	3,606,828	3,606,828	3,781,034	174,206
Fees and services	945,243	1,297,521	1,458,098	160,577
Fines and forfeitures	450,000	450,000	449,740	(260)
Licenses and permits	175,250	175,250	214,353	39,103
Intergovernmental	57,625	315,474	285,694	(29,780)
Miscellaneous and program revenues	74,000	87,347	219,023	131,676
Total revenues	11,617,642	12,241,116	12,577,240	336,124
EXPENDITURES				
Current				
General government				
City council	20,000	20,000	10,239	9,761
City administration	611,572	632,673	622,282	10,391
Finance	427,693	430,193	423,637	6,556
Planning	173,046	173,046	157,219	15,827
Human Resources	301,382	303,382	267,665	35,717
Information services	506,154	536,185	522,186	13,999
Environmental health services	447,168	447,168	426,391	20,777
General services	892,381	892,381	846,414	45,967
Special projects	76,000	379,763	283,334	96,429
Total general government	3,455,396	3,814,791	3,559,367	255,424
Public safety				
Municipal court	219,380	219,380	178,583	40,797
Police	2,940,245	3,282,049	3,019,965	262,084
Fire	2,299,421	2,414,554	2,389,630	24,924
Emergency management	16,370	16,370	14,335	2,035
Total public safety	5,475,416	5,932,353	5,602,513	329,840
Public works				
Building maintenance	155,140	155,140	143,449	11,691
Inspections	192,383	192,383	191,852	531
Fleet Management	479,827	476,827	463,829	12,998
Public works	1,205,829	1,228,700	1,197,265	31,435
Total public works	2,033,179	2,053,050	1,996,395	56,655
Capital outlay	129,400	1,095,059	957,964	137,095
Debt service				
Principal retirement - capital lease	180,193	180,193	179,108	1,085
Interest and fees	20,000	45,419	45,041	378
Total debt service	200,193	225,612	224,149	1,463
Total expenditures	11,293,584	13,120,865	12,340,388	780,477

City of South Padre Island, Texas General Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance-Budget and Actual- Continued

	0	Buo	dget	Final	Actual	Fii	Variance nal Budget Positive Negative)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)							
Sale of fixed asset	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 26,566	\$	26,566
Transfers in		123,643		343,143	435,073		91,930
Transfers out	((442,854)		(440,354)	(442,203)		1,849
Total other financing sources (uses)	((319,211)		(97,211)	19,436		116,647
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$	4,847	\$	(976,960)	256,288	\$	1,233,248
Fund balance beginning					7,375,956		
Fund balance ending					\$ 7,632,244		

City of South Padre Island, Texas Hotel/Motel Tax Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance- Budget and Actual

		Bud	get		Fir	Variance nal Budget Positive
		Original	Final	Actual		Negative)
REVENUES	۲.	F 000 220	ć F 000 220	ć C E 1.4 C 2.1	ċ	C2E 202
Nonproperty taxes	\$	5,889,329	\$ 5,889,329	\$ 6,514,631	\$	625,302
Fees and services		7,000 65,000	7,000 89,750	8,525 96,080		1,525
Miscellaneous and program revenues		-	5,986,079	6,619,236		6,330 633,157
Total revenues		5,961,329	5,966,079	0,019,230		033,137
EXPENDITURES						
Current						
Convention and visitors bureau						
Visitors bureau		238,040	242,577	214,373		28,204
Sales and marketing		1,778,492	1,882,634	1,687,222		195,412
Events marketing		861,519	1,271,834	1,175,894		95,940
Marketing		2,990,000	3,911,000	3,891,831		19,169
Total convention and visitors bureau		5,868,051	7,308,045	6,969,320		338,725
Capital outlay		-	47,350	22,350		25,000
Total expenditures		5,868,051	7,355,395	6,991,670		363,725
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER						
EXPENDITURES		93,278	(1,369,316)	(372,434)		996,882
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Transfers out		-	-	-		
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$	93,278	\$(1,369,316)	(372,434)	\$	996,882
Fund balance beginning				4,652,972		
Fund balance ending				\$ 4,280,538		

City of South Padre Island, Texas Transportation Grant Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance- Budget and Actual

roi the real Ended September 30, 2018					Variance Final Budget
		Bud		Positive	
		Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)
REVENUES					
Intergovernmental	\$	5,130,912	\$ 6,155,431	\$ 3,104,782	\$ (3,050,649)
Miscellaneous and program revenues	Ţ	50,000	50,000	38,589	(11,411)
Total revenues		5,180,912	6,205,431	3,143,371	(3,062,060)
EXPENDITURES					
Current					
Transportation					
SPI metro		1,336,967	1,463,967	1,201,806	262,161
Metro connect		446,128	446,128	418,948	27,180
Total transportation		1,783,095	1,910,095	1,620,754	289,341
Capital outlay		3,500,000	4,472,519	1,734,475	2,738,044
Total expenditures		5,283,095	6,382,614	3,355,229	3,027,385
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES		(102,183)	(177,183)	(211,858)	(34,675)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Transfers in		102,183	99,683	101,532	1,849
Sale of capital asset		-	-	14,190	14,190
Total other financing sources (uses)		102,183	99,683	115,722	16,039
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$	-	\$ (77,500)	(96,136)	\$ (18,636)
Fund balance beginning				181,378	
Fund balance ending				\$ 85,242	

City of South Padre Island, Texas Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios For Agent Multiple Employer Pension Plan Texas Municipal Retirement System

For the Years Ended September 30,

For the rears Ended September 50,		2018	2017	2016	2015
Total Pension Liability					
Service cost	\$	1,501,734 \$	1,362,970 \$	1,328,713	\$ 1,221,450
Interest (on the total pension liability)		2,150,831	1,991,081	1,904,228	1,754,638
Changes of benefit terms		-	-	-	-
Difference between expected and actual experience		(4,413)	20,476	(254,650)	(172,667)
Changes of assumptions		-	-	136,482	-
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions		(1,185,643)	(968,845)	(706,482)	(733,635)
Net change in total pension liability		2,462,509	2,405,682	2,408,291	2,069,786
Total pension liability – beginning		31,706,112	29,300,430	26,892,139	24,822,353
Total pension liability – ending (a)	\$	34,168,621 \$	31,706,112 \$	29,300,430	\$ 26,892,139
Place Philipson Ann Parkton					
Plan Fiduciary Net Position	.	1.025.125	050 241 . ¢	041.047	ć 020.240
Contributions – employer Contributions – employee	\$	1,035,135 \$ 580,140	950,341 \$ 533,900	941,947 521,648	\$ 920,340 516,630
Net investment income		3,983,187	1,788,988	37,906	1,352,871
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions		(1,185,643)	(968,845)	(706,482)	(733,635)
Administrative expense		(20,642)	(20,192)	(23,085)	(14,122)
Other		(1,046)	(1,088)	(1,140)	(1,161)
Net change in plan fiduciary net position		4,391,131	2,283,104	770,794	2,040,923
Plan fiduciary net position – beginning		28,738,777	26,455,673	25,684,879	23,643,956
Plan fiduciary net position – ending (b)		33,129,908	28,738,777	26,455,673	25,684,879
Net pension liability – ending (a) – (b)	\$	1,038,713 \$	2,967,335 \$	2,844,757	
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of total pension liability		96.96%	90.64%	90.29%	95.51%
Covered payroll	\$	8,287,714 \$	7,627,140 \$	7,452,122	\$ 7,380,428
Net pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll		12.53%	38.90%	38.17%	16.36%

GASB 68 requires 10 fiscal years of data to be provided in this schedule. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, this schedule provides the information of those years for which information is available.

City of South Padre Island, Texas Schedule of Contributions For Agent Multiple Employer Pension Plan Texas Municipal Retirement System

For the Years Ended September 30,

	2018	2017	2016	2015
Actuarially determined contribution	\$ 1,097,022	\$ 1,009,664	\$ 952,539	\$ 926,892
Contributions in relation to actuarially determined contribution	(1,097,022)	(1,009,664)	(952,539)	(926,892)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Covered payroll	\$ 8,587,911	\$ 7,980,143	\$ 7,614,798	\$ 7,359,671
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	12.77%	12.65%	12.51%	12.59%

GASB 68 requires 10 fiscal years of data to be provided in this schedule. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, this schedule provides the information of those years for which information is available.

City of South Padre Island, Texas Schedule of Changes in Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios Texas Municipal Retirement System

For the Year ended September 30,

	2018
Total OPEB Liability	
Service cost	\$ 17,404
Interest (on the total OPEB liability)	11,515
Changes of benefit terms	-
Difference between expected and actual experience	-
Change of assumputions	30,878
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions	(2,486)
Net Change in Total OPEB Liability	57,311
Total OPEB Liability - Beginning	297,166
Total OPEB Liability - Ending (a)	\$ 354,477
Covered Employee Payroll	\$ 8,287,714
Total OPEB Liability as a Percentage of Covered Employee Payroll	4.28%

Notes to Schedule:

- (1) Schedule is intended to show 10 years. Additional years will be presented as the information becomes available.
- (2) No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement No. 75 to pay related benefits.
- (3) Due to the SDBF being considered an unfunded OPEB plan under GASB Statement No. 75, benefit payments are treated as being equal to the employer's yearly contribution for retirees.

City of South Padre Island, Texas
Notes to Schedule of Contributions
For Agent Multiple Employer Pension Plan
Texas Municipal Retirement System
For the Year Ended September 30, 2018

Valuation Date: Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of

December 31 and become effective in January 13 months later.

Methods and Assumptions Used to Determine Contribution Rates:

Actuarial Cost Method Entry Age Normal

Amortization Method Level Percentage of Payroll, Closed

Remaining Amortization Period 28 Years

Asset Valuation Method 10 Year Smoothed Market; 15% Soft Corridor

Inflation 2.5%

Salary Increases 3.50% to 10.5% including inflation

Investment Rate of Return 6.75%

Retirement Age Experience – based table based on rates that are specific to the

City's plan of benefits. Last updated for the 2015 valuation pursuant

to an experience study of the period 2010 – 2014.

Mortality RP2000 Combined Mortality Table with Blue Collar Adjustment with

male rates multiplied by 109% and female rates multiplied by 103%

and projected on a fully generational basis with scale BB.

Other Information: There were no benefit changes during the year.

GASB 68 requires 10 fiscal years of data to be provided in this schedule. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, this schedule provides the information of those years for which information is available.

City of South Padre Island, Texas Notes to the Required Supplementary Information For the Year Ended September 30, 2018

Stewardship, compliance, and accountability

1. Budgetary information

The Board adopts an "appropriated budget" on a basis consistent with GAAP for the general fund, certain special revenue funds and the debt service fund. The City is required to present the original and the final amended budgets for revenues and expenditures compared to actual revenues and expenditures for the general fund and major special revenue funds at the functional level of detail, as included herein.

In establishing budgetary data reflected in the financial statements, the City follows these procedures:

- a. The City Manager establishes the amount of estimated revenues and other resources available for appropriation for the succeeding budget year.
- b. The City Manager submits to the City Council a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following October 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures by fund, function and activity and the means of financing them.
- c. Public hearings and workshops (including department heads) are conducted at the City Hall to obtain taxpayer and elected officials' comments.
- d. Prior to October 1, the budget is legally adopted by the City Council.
- e. Revisions that alter budgets at the department level within a fund must be approved by the City Council. The Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Budget and Actual all Governmental Fund Types reflect these revisions. Actual expenditures and operating transfers may not legally exceed budget appropriations at the individual fund level.
- f. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for the General, certain Special Revenue and Debt Service Funds.
- g. Annual appropriated budgets are adopted for the General, certain Special Revenue and Debt Service Funds. All annual appropriations lapse at year-end to the extent they have not been expended or encumbered.

Before October 1, the proposed budget is presented to the City Council for review. The City Council holds public hearings and may add to, subtract from or change appropriations, but may not change the form of the budget. Any changes in the budget must be within the revenues and reserves estimated as available by the City Manager or the revenue estimates must be changed by an affirmative vote of a majority of the City Council.

Expenditures may not legally exceed budgeted appropriations at the fund level. During the year, several supplementary appropriations were necessary.

2. Expenditures over Appropriations

None noted.



City of South Padre Island, Texas Non-Major Governmental Fund Statements and Schedules

Special revenue fund: **Venue Project Fund** was established to account for monies collected assessment of hotel/motel tax collected by the City for repayment of venue project. An appropriated budget is not adopted for this fund.

Special revenue fund: **Municipal Court Technology Fund** was established to account for monies collected on traffic fines. \$4.00 is collected on each ticket and is used specifically for technology improvements in the Municipal Court.

Special revenue fund: **Municipal Court Security Fund** was established to account for monies collected on traffic fines. \$3.00 is collected on each ticket and is used specifically for security needs in the Municipal Court.

Special revenue fund: **Convention Center Fund** is used to account for the portion of local occupancy tax collections used for Convention Centre operations.

Special revenue fund: **Criminal Justice Fund** is used to account for miscellaneous grant revenues that are received. An appropriated budget is not adopted for this fund.

Special revenue fund: Parks and Recreation Fund was established to account for funds set aside for upgrades to City parks.

Special revenue fund: **Tax Increment Reinvestment Zone (TIRZ)** fund was established by City Council to finance the cost of redevelopment and encourage development in an area that would otherwise not attract sufficient market development.

Special Revenue fund: **Beach Maintenance Fund** is used to clean and maintain the beach. The State of Texas sends the City 2% of the hotel/motel tax collected by the State for these efforts.

Special revenue fund: **Beach Nourishment Fund** was established to account for nourishment efforts on the beach and is primarily funded by Hotel Motel tax revenue.

Capital project fund: Street Improvement Fund is used to account for improvements on the streets of the City.

Capital project fund: Capital Replacement Fund was established to account for capital acquisitions needed which include fleet for police, fire, and public works.

Capital Project Fund: Gulf Boulevard Rebuild Fund is used to account for bond proceeds received and expenditures associated with rebuilding and expansion of Gulf Boulevard. An appropriated budget is not adopted for this fund.

Capital project fund: Beach Access Fund is used to account for projects to improve access to the beaches of the City.

Capital project fund: Bay Access Fund was established to account for projects to improve access to the Laguna Madre Bay.

The **Debt Service Fund** is used to account for the accumulation of resources for the payment of long-term debt principal and interest and related costs. An ad valorem tax rate and tax levy is required to be computed and levied, which will be sufficient to produce the money required to pay principal and interest as it comes due. A transfer from the Convention Centre fund is also made to support the debt for the Convention Centre.

City of South Padre Island, Texas Non-Major Governmental Funds Combining Balance Sheets

September 30, 2018

								enue Funds								
	(Convention Center Fund		Venue Project Fund		lunicipal Court chnology Fund		Iunicipal Court Security Fund	Ju	minal stice rant		arks and creation Fund		TIRZ Fund	М	Beach aintenance Fund
ASSETS																
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	3,388,678	\$	2,503,490	\$	20,277	\$	54,095	\$	-	\$	27,935	\$	142,897	\$	558,080
Cash and cash equivalents- Restricted		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Investments		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		1,004,472
Receivables (net of allowance)																
Taxes		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Accounts		104,855		123,507		-		-		-		-		-		-
Due from other governments		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		1,045,784
Prepaid items		30,617		-		-		-		-		-		-		2,901
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	3,524,150	Ś	2,626,997	Ś	20,277	Ś	54,095	\$	_	\$	27,935	\$	142,897	\$	2,611,237
Accounts payable	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	_	\$	-	\$	-
Unearned revenues	,	61,810	ş	-	Þ	-	ş	-	Ş	-	Ş	-	ş	-	Ş	-
TOTAL LIABILITIES		61,810		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES																
Unavailable revenue - property taxes		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
FUND BALANCE																
Nonspendable		30,617		-		-		-		-		-		-		2,90
Restricted		3,431,723		2,626,997		20,277		54,095		-		27,935		142,897		2,608,336
TOTAL FUND BALANCE		3,462,340		2,626,997		20,277		54,095		-		27,935		142,897		2,611,237
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED																
INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND																
FUND BALANCE	\$	3,524,150	\$	2,626,997	\$	20,277	\$	54,095	\$	-	\$	27,935	\$	142,897	\$	2,611,23

					Ca	apital Projects	Fund	S				
No	Beach ourishment Fund	Street rovement Fund	F	Boulevard Rebuild Fund	Rep	Capital placement Fund		Beach Access Fund	Bay Access Fund	Total	 Debt Service	Total Non Major overnmenta Funds
\$	1,682,484 - 1,006,568	\$ 13,348 - -	\$	- - -	\$	42,383 - -	\$	178,840 - -	\$ 41,390 - -	\$ 8,653,897 - 2,011,040	\$ 413,656 646,633	\$ 9,067,55 646,63 2,011,04
	- 30,795 -	- - -		- - -		- - -		- - -	- - -	- 259,157 1,045,784	41,655 2,202 -	41,65 261,35 1,045,78
	-	-		-		-		-	-	33,518	-	33,51
\$	2,719,847	\$ 13,348	\$	-	\$	42,383	\$	178,840	\$ 41,390	\$ 12,003,396	\$ 1,104,146	\$ 13,107,54
\$	- -	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ - -	\$ - 61,810	\$ 	\$ - 61,8
	-	-		-		-		-	-	61,810	-	61,8
	-	-		-		-		-	-	-	35,851	35,8
	-	-		-		-		-	-	-	35,851	35,8
	- 2,719,847	- 13,348		-		- 42,383		- 178,840	- 41,390	33,518 11,908,068	- 1,068,295	33,5 12,976,3
		13,348				42,383		178,840	41,390	11,941,586	1,068,295	13,009,8

City of South Padre Island, Texas Non-Major Governmental Funds Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance

				Special Re	evenue Fur	nds					
	Convention Center Fund	Venue Project Fund	Municipal Court Technology Fund	Co Sec	nicipal ourt curity und	Criminal Justice Grant		arks and ecreation Fund	TIRZ Fund	М	Beach aintenance Fund
Revenues Property taxes	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$		\$ -	\$	_	\$ 72,036	\$	
. ,	۶ - 1,759,401	ء - 2,065,992	\$ - -	Ş	-	\$ - -	Þ	-	\$ 72,036	Ş	2 102 221
Nonproperty taxes		2,065,992	-		-	-		4,025	-		2,102,221
Fees and services	303,919	-				-		,	-		-
Fines and forfeitures	-	-	8,915)	6,686	-		-	-		-
Intergovernmental	-	-	-		-	-			-		377,472
Miscellaneous	40,917	20,209	275		691	-		3,250	1,737		25,037
Total revenues	2,104,237	2,086,201	9,190)	7,377	-		7,275	73,773		2,504,730
Expenditures											
Current											
General government	=	2,280	-		-	-		-	1,000		82,097
Public safety	-	-	9,365	;	2,109	-		-	, <u>-</u>		393,738
Public works	_	_	-		· _	-		_	_		-
Shoreline	_	_	_		_	_		_	_		808,488
Community service	_	_	_		_	_		73,096	_		-
Convention and visitors bureau	1,217,126	_	_		_	_		-	_		_
Capital outlay	183,969	_	_		_			_	_		168,103
Debt service	103,303										100,100
Principal - bonds											_
•	4,176								_		3,326
Principal - capital lease	,	-	-		-	-		-	-		330
Interest	348	-	-		-	-		-	-		
Administrative charges	1,634	2 200	- 0.26			-			1 000		1,893
Total expenditures	1,407,253	2,280	9,365	•	2,109	-		73,096	1,000		1,457,975
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) REVENUES											
OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	696,984	2,083,921	(175	5)	5,268	-		(65,821)	72,773		1,046,755
Other financing sources (uses)											
Sale of capital assets	400	-	-		-	-		-	-		3,469
Transfers in	=	-	-		-	-		85,671	-		´-
Transfers (out)	-	(437,004)	-		-	(3,644)		, -	(50,000)		(247,726
Total other financing sources (uses)	400	(437,004)	-		-	(3,644)		85,671	(50,000)		(244,257
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	697,384	1,646,917	(175	5)	5,268	(3,644)		19,850	22,773		802,498
Fund balance, beginning of year	2,764,956	980,080	20,452	! 4	48,827	3,644		8,085	120,124		1,808,739
Fund balance, end of year	\$ 3,462,340	\$ 2,626,997	\$ 20,277	' \$!	54,095	\$ -	\$	27,935	\$ 142,897	\$	2,611,237

N	Beach ourishment Fund	Street rovement Fund	f Boulevard Rebuild Fund	Re	Capital placement Fund	Beach Access Fund	Bay Access Fund		Total	Debt Service	Total Non Major overnmental Funds
\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$	72,036	\$ 1,637,312	\$ 1,709,348
	517,095	-	-		-	-	-		6,444,709	-	6,444,709
	-	-	-		-	-	-		307,944	-	307,944
	-	-	-		-	-	-		15,601	-	15,601
	-	-	-		-	-	-		377,472	-	377,472
	35,903	1,028	-		-	3,319	745		133,111	20,811	153,922
	552,998	1,028	-		-	3,319	745		7,350,873	1,658,123	9,008,996
	-	-	-		23,939	-	-		109,316	-	109,316
	-	-	-		-	-	-		405,212	-	405,212
	-	-	-		-	-	-		-	-	-
	126,063	-	-		-	4,658	35,559		974,768	-	974,768
	-	-	-		-	-	-		73,096	-	73,096
	-	-	-		-	-	-		1,217,126	-	1,217,126
	-	-	12,661		212,809	489,948	-		1,067,490	-	1,067,490
	-	-	-		-	-	-		-	1,580,000	1,580,000
	-	-	-		-	-	-		7,502	-	7,502
	-	-	-		-	-	-		678	656,038	656,716
	-	-	-		-	-	-		3,527	3,500	7,027
	126,063	=	12,661		236,748	494,606	35,559		3,858,715	2,239,538	6,098,253
	426,935	1,028	(12,661)		(236,748)	(491,287)	(34,814)		3,492,158	(581,415)	2,910,743
	- -	-	- -		- 255,000	-	- 35,797		3,869 376,468	- 487,004	3,869 863,472
	-	(219,500)	-		-	-	-		(957,874)	-	(957,874
	-	(219,500)	-		255,000	-	35,797		(577,537)	487,004	(90,533)
	426,935	(218,472)	(12,661)		18,252	(491,287)	983		2,914,621	(94,411)	2,820,210
	2,292,912	231,820	12,661		24,131	670,127	40,407		9,026,965	1,162,706	10,189,671
\$	2,719,847	\$ 13,348	\$ _	\$	42,383	\$ 178,840	\$ 41,390	¢	11,941,586	\$ 1,068,295	\$ 13,009,881

City of South Padre Island, Texas Debt Service Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance- Budget and Actual

101 the real Ended deptember 90, 2010					/ariance nal Budget
	Buc	lget			Positive
	Original	Final	Actual	1)	Negative)
REVENUES					
Property taxes	\$ 1,556,201	\$ 1,556,200	\$ 1,637,312	\$	81,112
Miscellaneous and program revenues	-	-	20,811		20,811
Total revenues	1,556,201	1,556,200	1,658,123		101,923
EXPENDITURES					
Debt service					
Principal retirement	1,580,000	1,580,000	1,580,000		-
Interest	656,039	656,038	656,038		-
Administrative charges	3,000	3,000	3,500		(500)
Total expenditures	2,239,039	2,239,038	2,239,538		(500)
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES					
OVER EXPENDITURES	(682,838)	(682,838)	(581,415)		101,423
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Transfers in	559,838	559,838	487,004		(72,834)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$ (123,000)	\$ (123,000)	(94,411)	\$	28,589
Fund balance beginning			1,162,706		
Fund balance ending			\$ 1,068,295		

City of South Padre Island, Texas Convention Center Fund Special Revenue Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance- Budget and Actual

For the Year Ended September 30, 2018					/ariance nal Budget
	Bud	get			Positive
	Original	Final	Actual	(1)	Negative)
REVENUES					
Nonproperty taxes	\$ 1,611,147	\$ 1,611,147	\$ 1,759,401	\$	148,254
Fees and services	235,000	235,000	303,919	·	68,919
Miscellaneous and program revenues	-	-	40,917		40,917
Total revenues	1,846,147	1,846,147	2,104,237		258,090
EXPENDITURES					
Current					
Convention and visitors bureau	1,361,079	1,372,868	1,217,126		155,742
Total convention and visitors bureau	1,361,079	1,372,868	1,217,126		155,742
Capital outlay	219,420	219,420	183,969		35,451
Debt service					
Principal- capital lease	3,639	3,639	4,176		(537)
Interest	348	347	348		(1)
Administrative charges	94	1,728	1,634		94
Total expenditures	1,584,580	1,598,002	1,407,253		190,749
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	261,567	248,145	696,984		448,839
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Sale of capital assets	-	-	400		400
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$ 261,567	\$ 248,145	697,384	\$	449,239
Fund balance beginning			2,764,956		
Fund balance ending			\$ 3,462,340		

City of South Padre Island, Texas Municipal Court Technology Fund Special Revenue Fund in Fund Balance, Budget and Actual

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance- Budget and Actual

For the	Year En	ded Sent	temher	30	2018
ו טו נוונ	ICUI LIN	aca scpi	CITIDEI	JU,	2010

Tor the rear Ended September 30, 2018	·	Bud _i Original	get	Final	Actual	Fina P	ariance al Budget ositive egative)
-	<u> </u>	Juguran		Tillui	Actual	(14	egative
REVENUES							
Fines and forfeitures	\$	10,000	\$	10,000	\$ 8,915	\$	(1,085)
Miscellaneous and program revenues		-		-	275		275
Total revenues		10,000		10,000	9,190		(810)
EXPENDITURES							
Current							
Public safety		9,993		9,993	9,365		628
Total expenditures		9,993		9,993	9,365		628
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$	7	\$	7	(175)	\$	(182)
Fund balance beginning					20,452		
Fund balance ending					\$ 20,277		

City of South Padre Island, Texas Municipal Court Security Fund Special Revenue Fund Fund Balance- Budget and Actual

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance- Budget and Actual

Tot the real Ended September 30, 2010		Budį	get			Fina	riance I Budget ositive
	С	riginal		Final	Actual	(Ne	egative)
REVENUES							
Fines and forfeitures	\$	7,000	\$	7,000	\$ 6,686	\$	(314)
Miscellaneous and program revenues		-		-	691		691
Total revenues		7,000		7,000	7,377		377
EXPENDITURES							
Current							
Public safety		6,348		6,348	2,109		4,239
Total expenditures		6,348		6,348	2,109		4,239
		650		653	5.050		4.545
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$	652	\$	652	5,268	\$	4,616
Fund balance beginning					48,827		
Fund balance ending					\$ 54,095		

City of South Padre Island, Texas Parks and Recreation Fund Special Revenue Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance- Budget and Actual

For the Year Ended September 30, 2018	Budg Original	get	Final	Actual	Fina P	ariance al Budget ositive egative)
	<u> </u>				•	,
REVENUES						
Fees & Services	\$ 2,000	\$	2,000	\$ 4,025	\$	2,025
Miscellaneous and program revenues	3,500		3,500	3,250		(250)
Total revenues	5,500		5,500	7,275		1,775
EXPENDITURES Current						
Community service	88,771		88,771	73,096		15,675
Total expenditures	88,771		88,771	73,096		15,675
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	(83,271)		(83,271)	(65,821)		17,450
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in	85,671		85,671	85,671		
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$ 2,400	\$	2,400	19,850	\$	17,450
Fund balance beginning				8,085		
Fund balance ending				\$ 27,935		

City of South Padre Island, Texas TIRZ Fund Special Revenue Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance- Budget and Actual

Tor the Year Ended September 30, 2018		Budg	get			Fina	ariance I Budget ositive
	(Original		Final	Actual	(Ne	egative)
REVENUES		70.074		70.074	72.026	¢	1 1 6 5
Property taxes	\$	70,871	\$	70,871	\$ 72,036	\$	1,165
Miscellaneous and program revenues					1,737		1,737
Total revenues		70,871		70,871	73,773		2,902
EXPENDITURES							
Current							
General government		3,000		3,000	1,000		2,000
Total ovnenditures		3,000		3,000	1,000		2,000
Total expenditures		3,000		3,000	1,000		2,000
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES		67,871		67,871	72,773		4,902
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)							
Transfers (out)		(50,000)		(50,000)	(50,000)		_
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$	17,871	\$	17,871	22,773	\$	4,902
Fund balance beginning					120,124		
Fund balance ending					\$ 142,897		

City of South Padre Island, Texas Beach Maintenance Fund Special Revenue Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance- Budget and Actual

For the Year Ended September 30, 2018	Budg	get.		Fir	/ariance nal Budget Positive
	Original	Final	Actual		Negative)
	<u> </u>		7.000.0.		108411107
REVENUES					
Nonproperty taxes	\$ 1,875,119	\$ 1,875,119	\$ 2,102,221	\$	227,102
Intergovernmental	-	-	377,472		377,472
Miscellaneous and program revenues	-	-	25,037		25,037
Total revenues	1,875,119	1,875,119	2,504,730		629,611
EXPENDITURES					
Current					
General government	104,127	104,127	82,097		22,030
Public safety	394,741	394,741	393,738		1,003
Shoreline	800,420	886,642	808,488		78,154
Capital outlay	80,000	191,808	168,103		23,705
Debt service					
Principal- capital lease	3,501	3,501	3,326		175
Interest	330	330	330		-
Administrative charges	90	1,893	1,893		-
Total expenditures	1,383,209	1,583,042	1,457,975		125,067
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER					
EXPENDITURES	491,910	292,077	1,046,755		754,678
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Sale of capital assets	-	-	3,469		3,469
Transfers (out)	(155,797)	(155,797)	(247,726)		(91,929)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(155,797)	(155,797)	(244,257)		(88,460)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$ 336,113	\$ 136,280	802,498	\$	666,218
Fund balance beginning			1,808,739		
Fund balance ending			\$ 2,611,237		

City of South Padre Island, Texas Beach Nourishment Fund Special Revenue Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance- Budget and Actual

	Budget							
	Original		Final		Actual	1)	legative)	
REVENUES								
Nonproperty taxes	\$ 468,780	\$	468,780	\$	517,095	\$	48,315	
Miscellaneous and program revenues	-		-		35,903		35,903	
Total revenues	468,780		468,780		552,998		84,218	
EXPENDITURES								
Current								
Shoreline	60,000		226,000		126,063		99,937	
Total expenditures	60,000		226,000		126,063		99,937	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$ 408,780	\$	242,780		426,935	\$	184,155	
Fund balance beginning					2,292,912			
Fund balance ending				\$	2,719,847			

City of South Padre Island, Texas Padre Blvd Improvement Fund Capital Projects Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance- Budget and Actual

	Budget							
	Or	riginal	F	inal	Actual		(1)	legative)
REVENUES								
Miscellaneous and program revenues	\$	-	\$	-	\$	34,542	\$	34,542
Total revenues		-		-		34,542		34,542
EXPENDITURES								
Capital outlay		-	2,1	2,168,341		1,268,735		899,606
Total expenditures		-	2,1	2,168,341		,268,735		899,606
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$	-	\$ (2,1	168,341)	(1	,234,193)	\$	934,148
Fund balance beginning					2	,367,324		
Fund balance ending					\$ 1	,133,131		

City of South Padre Island, Texas Street Improvement Fund Capital Projects Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance- Budget and Actual

						\/>	rianca	
						-	riance	
							l Budget	
	Bud	get				Positive		
C)riginal		Final		Actual	(Ne	egative)	
					4 000		4 000	
\$	-	\$	-	\$		\$	1,028	
	-		-		1,028		1,028	
	-		-		-		-	
	-		-		-			
					1 020		1 020	
	-		-		1,028		1,028	
	-		(219,500)		(219,500)		-	
	-		(219,500)		(219,500)		-	
			(240 500)		(240, 470)		4 000	
\$		\$	(219,500)		(218,472)	\$	1,028	
					224 020			
					231,820			
				\$	13,348			
	\$	Original \$ -	\$ - \$	Original Final \$ - \$ - - - - - - - - - - (219,500) - (219,500)	Original Final \$ - \$ - \$ - - - - - - - (219,500) - - (219,500) -	Original Final Actual \$ - \$ - \$ 1,028 - - - 1,028 - - - - - - - - - (219,500) (219,500) - (219,500) (219,500) \$ - \$ (219,500) (218,472) 231,820	S	

City of South Padre Island, Texas Capital Replacement Fund Capital Projects Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance- Budget and Actual

Tor the Year Ended September 30, 2018		Budg Original	get	Final		Actual	Fin:	ariance al Budget ositive egative)
REVENUES								
	\$	_	\$	_	\$		\$	_
Miscellaneous and program revenues Total revenues	Ą	-	٦	-	٠,	-	ب	
EXPENDITURES								
Current								
General government		-		-		23,939		(23,939)
Capital outlay		255,000		255,000		212,809		42,191
Total expenditures		255,000		255,000		236,748		18,252
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES		(255,000)		(255,000)		(236,748)		18,252
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Sale of capital assets Transfers in		- 255,000		- 255,000		255,000		-
Total other financing sources (uses)		255,000		255,000		255,000		
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$	-	\$	_		18,252	\$	18,252
Fund balance beginning						24,131		
Fund balance ending					\$	42,383		

City of South Padre Island, Texas Beach Access Fund Capital Projects Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance- Budget and Actual

\$ 178,840

For the Year Ended September 30, 2018 Variance Final Budget **Budget** Positive Original Final Actual (Negative) **REVENUES** 3,319 Miscellaneous and program revenues 3,319 3,319 3,319 Total revenues **EXPENDITURES** Current 12,988 17,646 4,658 Shoreline Capital outlay 492,119 489,948 2,171 509,765 494,606 15,159 Total expenditures EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER **EXPENDITURES** (509,765)(491,287)18,478 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in \$ \$ (509,765) (491,287) \$ 18,478 NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE Fund balance -- beginning 670,127

Fund balance -- ending

City of South Padre Island, Texas Bay Access Fund Capital Projects Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance- Budget and Actual

roi the feur Ended September 30, 2018	Budg Original	Actual	Variance Final Budge Positive (Negative)			
	Original	Final		Actual	(140	gative
REVENUES						
Miscellaneous and program revenues	\$ -	\$ -	\$	745	\$	745
Total revenues	-	-		745		745
EXPENDITURES						
Current						
Shoreline	35,797	35,797		35,559		238
Total expenditures	35,797	35,797		35,559		238
Total experialtures	33,737	33,737		33,333		
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	(35,797)	(35,797)		(34,814)		983
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in	35,797	35,797		35,797		-
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$ -	\$ -		983	\$	983
Fund balance beginning				40,407		
Fund balance ending			\$	41,390		

City of South Padre Island, Texas Component Unit

South Padre Island Economic Development Corporation (EDC): The five-member board of directors is appointed by the City Council. The EDC is authorized to administer the distribution of the proceeds of any development bonds issued and the proceeds of certain development sales taxes received on behalf of the City. The EDC's operational and capital budget must be approved by the City Council.

City of South Padre Island, Texas South Padre Island Economic Development Corporation Discretely Presented Component Unit Combining Balance Sheet

September 30, 2018

September 30, 2018								
	Economic			EDC		EDC		-
		Development		bt Service	Debt		Total	
		rporation neral Fund		Reserve Fund		Service Fund	Component Unit	
ASSETS	Gei	lerarrunu		runu		runu		OIIIL
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	814,792	\$	405,818	\$	363,829	¢	1,584,439
Investments	Ţ	-	Ų	-05,010	Y	22,826	Ţ	22,826
Receivables		92,024		_		22,020		92,024
Loans receivable		35,114		_		_		35,114
Edulis receivable		33,114						33,114
Total assets	\$	941,930	\$	405,818	\$	386,655	\$	1,734,403
LIABILITIES								
Other liabilities	\$	2,337	\$	-	\$	-	\$	2,337
Total liabilities		2,337		-		-		2,337
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES								
Unavailable revenue - noncurrent receivables		35,114		-		-		35,114
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·						<u> </u>
Total deferred inflows of resources		35,114		-		-		35,114
FUND BALANCE								
Restricted		-	405,818		386,655			792,473
Unassigned		904,479		-		-		904,479
		004.470		405.040		200 055		1 000 053
Total fund balances		904,479		405,818		386,655		1,696,952
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED								
INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND								
FUND BALANCE	\$	941,930	\$	405,818	\$	386,655	\$	1,734,403

City of South Padre Island, Texas South Padre Island Economic Development Corporation Reconciliation of the Combining Balance Sheet of the Component Unit to the Statement of Net Position

September 30, 2018	
Fund balances of the component unit funds	\$ 1,696,952
Amounts reported for <i>governmental type activities</i> in the statement of net position are different because:	
Capital assets used in governmental type activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.	
·	6,072,202
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current period expenditures and therefore are deferred in the funds.	
	35,114
Long term liabilities, including bonds payable, and premiums are	
not due in the current period and therefore not reported in the funds.	(3,597,821)
Deferred outflows of resources related to amounts deferred	
on refundings of long term debt and are not reported in the funds.	163,590
Liabilities for accrued interest on long-term debt are not due in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds.	(43,245)
Included in the statement of net position non-current liabilities is	
the recognition of the EDC's portion of net pension liability required by GASB 68 in the amount of (\$7,927), a deferred	
resource inflow in the amount of (\$8,495), and a deferred resource	
outflow in the amount of \$7,125. This resulted in a decrease in net position of $(9,297)$.	(9,297)
Included in the noncurrent liabiliites is the recognition of the EDC's portion of the net OPEB liability required by GASB 75 in the	
amount of \$(2,856) and a deferred resource outflow in the amount	
of \$300. This resulted in a decrease in net position by \$(2,556).	(2,556)
	(2,333)
Net position of governmental type activities	\$ 4,314,939

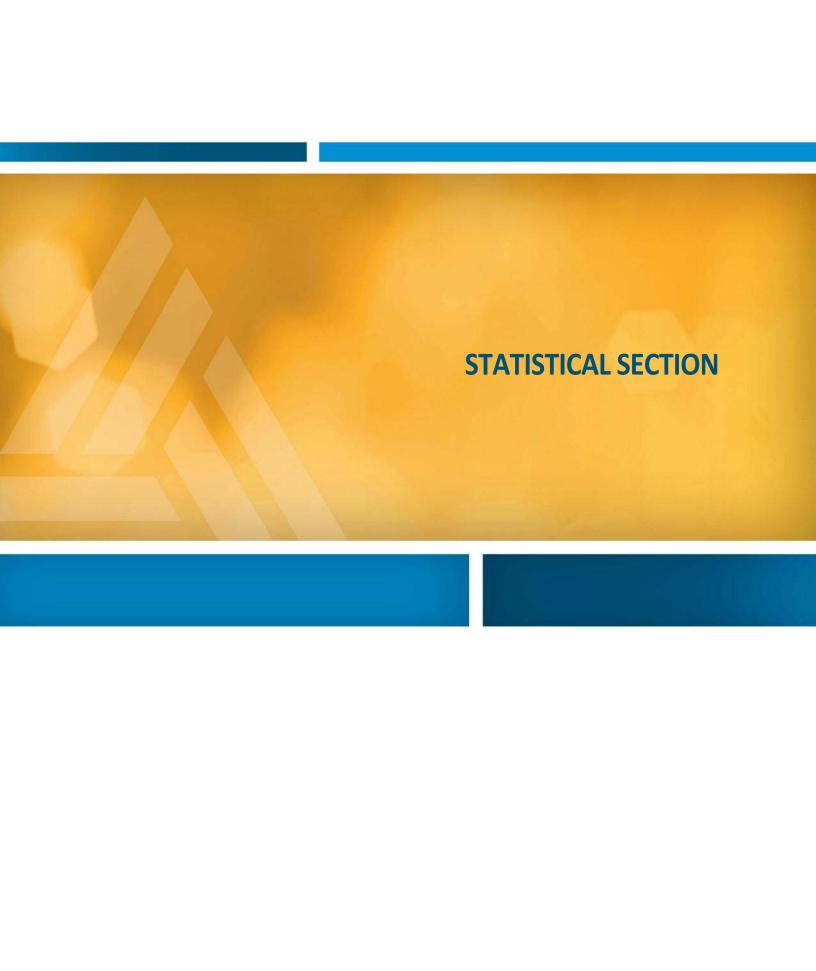
City of South Padre Island, Texas South Padre Island Economic Development Corporation Discretely Presented Component Unit Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance

	Economic Development Corporation General Fund		EDC Debt Service Reserve Fund		EDC Debt Service Fund		Total omponent Unit
REVENUES							
Sales taxes	\$	852,284	\$ -	\$	-	\$	852,284
Loan revenue		11,128	-		-		11,128
Miscellaneous and program revenues		11,017	5,255		3,347		19,619
Total revenues		874,429	5,255		3,347		883,031
EXPENDITURES							
Current							
Community service		508,705	-		-		508,705
Debt service							
Principal retirement		-	-		295,000		295,000
Interest expense	-		_		92,940		92,940
Administrative fees		-	-		400		400
Total expenditures		508,705	-		388,340		897,045
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		365,724	5,255		(384,993)		(14,014)
Other financing sources (uses)							
Transfers out		(396,850)	=		_		(396,850)
Transfers in		-	-		396,850		396,850
Total other financing sources (uses)		(396,850)	=		396,850		=
Net change in fund balances		(31,126)	5,255		11,857		(14,014)
Fund balance beginning		935,605	400,563		374,798		1,710,966
Fund balance ending	\$	904,479	\$ 405,818	\$	386,655	\$	1,696,952

City of South Padre Island, Texas South Padre Island Economic Development Corporation Reconciliation of the Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance of the Component Unit Funds to the Statement of Activities

For the Year Ended September 30, 2018	
Net change in fund balancestotal component unit funds	\$ (14,014)
Amounts reported for <i>governmental type activities</i> in the statement of activities are different because:	
Governmental type funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which current period depreciation (\$161,632) exceeded capital outlay of \$-0	(161,632)
GASB 68 requires that certain expenditures be de-expended and recorded as deferred resource outflows. Contributions made after the measurement date of 12/31/17 caused the change in the ending net position to increase in the amount of \$6,491. Contributions made before the measurement date but after the previous measurement date were reversed from deferred resource outflows and recorded as a current year expense. This caused a decrease in the change in net position totaling (\$6,027). The City's reported TMRS net pension expense had to be recorded. The pension expense decreased the change in net position by \$(608). The result of these changes is to decrease net position.	
	(144)
The amortization of bond premiums \$18,782 reduces interest expense in the statement of activities, and amortization of debt refunding related deferred outflows of resources of (\$16,359) is an expenditure in the statement of activities but not in the governmental funds. The net effect of including the amortization of deferred outflows of resources and bond premium is to decrease net	
position.	2,423
Repayment of bond principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net position.	295,000
The change in accrued interest on long-term debt provides decreases in long-term liabilities in the	
statement of net position.	6,270
Governmental type funds report loans made to outside parties as expenditures. However, in government wide statements, it has no effect on the change in net position.	(11,128)
The implementation of GASB 75 required that certain expenditures be de-expended and recorded as deferred resource outflows. These contributions made after the measurement date of 12/31/17 caused the change in the ending net position to increase in the amount of \$86. Contributions made before the measurement date but after the previous measurement date were reversed from deferred resource outflows and recorded as a current year expense. This caused a decrease in the change in net position totalling \$(81). The City's reported TMRS net OPEB expense had to be recorded. The net OPEB expense decreased net position by \$(248). The result of these chagnes is to decrease the change in net position by \$(243).	(243)
Change in net position of governmental activities	\$ 116,532

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City of South Padre Island, Texas Statistical Section

This part of the City of South Padre Island's comprehensive annual financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the government's overall financial health.

CONTENTS

Financial Trends Schedules 1-4

These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the government's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.

Revenue Capacity Schedules 5-9

These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the government's most significant local revenue sources, the property tax and the hotel-motel tax.

Debt Capacity Schedules 10-13

These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the government's current levels of outstanding debt and the government's ability to issue additional debt in the future.

Demographic and Economic Information

Schedules 14-15

These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the government's financial activities take place.

Operating Information

Schedules 16-19

These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the government's financial report related to the services the government provides and the activities it performs.

Sources: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the comprehensive annual financial report for the relevant year.

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Schedule 1
City of South Padre Island, Texas
NET POSITION BY COMPONENT
Last Ten Fiscal Years

(accrual basis of accounting)

	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013*	2014**	2015	2016	2017***	2018
Governmental activities										
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 19,257,279	\$ 17,882,812	\$ 17,420,780	\$ 18,312,199	\$ 15,534,981	\$ 16,203,813	\$ 16,920,738	\$ 19,810,801	\$ 22,437,085	\$ 25,616,028
Restricted	308,130	5,034,471	4,700,307	6,079,979	9,364,342	11,858,921	13,800,147	14,397,545	15,101,328	17,386,999
Unrestricted	10,088,864	5,768,869	6,174,054	5,697,496	6,588,837	6,025,603	7,484,310			4,958,764
Total governmental activities net position	\$ 29,654,273	\$	\$ 28,295,141	\$ 30,089,674	\$ 31,488,160	\$ 34,088,337	\$ 38,205,195		\$ 4	\$ 47,961,791

Note: * The City of South Padre Island first applied GASB Statement No. 63 and 65 in 2013, resulting in an adjustment to

the beginning net position. None of the years prior to fiscal year end 2013 have been restated to reflect implementation of those standards.

position for fiscal year ended September 30, 2015; the effect of this prior period adjustment is reflected in the 2014 balance of net position in this schedule, but no other prior years have been adjusted to reflect implementation of this standard. A prior period adjustment made in 2015 affecting the 2014 balance **The City of South Padre Island implemented GASB Statement No. 68 in 2015, resulting in an adjustment to the beginning net of net investment in capital assets is also reflected in the 2014 amount.

position for fiscal year ended September 30, 2017; the effect of this prior period adjustment is reflected in the 2017 balance of net position in this schedule, *** The City of South Padre Island implemented GASB Statement No. 75 in 2018, resulting in an adjustment to the beginning net but no other prior years have been adjusted to reflect implementation of this standard.

Schedule 2
City of South Padre Island, Texas
CHANGES IN NET POSITION
Last Ten Fiscal Years
(accrual basis of accounting)

									(accrual bas	(accrual basis of accounting)
	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
Expenses Governmental artivities:										
General government	¢ 2 680 475	¢ 1741272	\$ 2 016 708	\$ 2.767.800	¢ 3 616 084	\$ 2,403,281	\$ 25/0/70	\$ 2,602,227	¢ 1101171	\$ 4073 602
Dublic cafety	7 2500,423									
rubiic saiety	4,330,011	4,073,130	160,600,4	0,404,019	207,110,0	500,000,0	0,004,493	0,07.1,409	0,041,020	107,505,0
Public works/ Snoreline	2,7b1,388	2,818,149	2,842,168	3,104,579	7,766,161	2,178,620	3,033,574	3,287,013	3,476,918	4,215,756
Iransportation	647,664	862,298	1,103,616	1,2/5,542	1,898,136	1,547,923	1,639,747	1,698,124	1,813,049	1,794,636
Community service	832,168	40,494	820,784	119,300	621,036	135,357	47,101	1,519,768	136,945	197,944
Convention and visitors bureau	6,160,287	5,834,572	5,846,869	5,556,513	5,313,518	6,121,250	5,833,410	7,083,205	8,158,210	9,379,337
ilici est Oli olig-tellili debt	026,662	310,201	366,136	310,000	200,000	000,103	304,102	100,404	004,400	100,100
Total primary governmental activities expenses	18,736,663	18,822,228	19,497,268	19,032,764	20,139,025	19,919,616	20,020,586	23,587,837	24,624,469	26,606,390
Program Revenues										
Governmental activities:										
Charges for services:										
General government	28,222	27,973	222,573	218,276	156,108	277,881	453,066	472,715	747,718	660,501
Public safety	410,295	424,681	497,934	990,410	881,900	1,108,781	878,790	1,188,668	1,228,417	1,778,641
Public works	280,498	639,148	36,843	22,646	31,246	39,717	44,853	45,623		
Transportation	30,000	74,500	30,000	52,250	30,000	•	•	•	•	•
Community service	337,470	300,690				•	•	•	•	22,092
Convention and visitors bureau			270,838	244,750	286,963	226,391	249,927	256,369	301,620	312,444
Operating grants and contributions	1.373.380	714.938	622.966	1.074.032	954.301	1.220.114	2.160.260	1.765.405	1.655.530	3.003,264
Capital grants and contributions	249,808	190,604	682,935	1,296,789	1,277,434	439,114	662,306	893,030	561,717	802,184
Total governmental activities program revenues	2,709,673	2,372,534	2,737,902	3,899,153	3.617.952	3.311.998	4.449.202	4.621.810	4.495.002	6.579.126
-										
Net (Expense)/Revenue										
Total primary government net expense	(16,026,990)	(16,449,694)	(16,759,366)	(15,133,611)	(16,521,073)	(16,607,618)	(15,571,384)	(18,966,027)	(20,129,467)	(20,027,264)
General Revenues										
Property taxes	896'680'9	6,098,437	6,391,852	6,512,050	6,598,351	6,520,967	6,551,645	7,075,139	7,604,876	7,904,409
Sales & mixed beverage taxes	2,295,465	2,001,606	2,116,727	2,171,134	2,335,306	2,604,925	2,663,089	2,650,546	2,775,551	2,896,023
Franchise taxes	792,501	802,819	821,796	806,646	819,865	851,056	862,253	886,363	882,469	885,011
Hotel motel taxes	4,638,099	5,238,745	5,658,555	6,166,994	6,534,215	7,083,965	7,160,795	7,360,083	9,291,508	10,340,024
Hotel motel padre blvd. taxes	•	•	•			•			•	
Hotel motel beach mtn. taxes	751,950	945,050	988,132	1,086,920	1,644,572	2,144,126	2,171,319	2,217,195	2,388,471	2,619,316
Unrestricted investment earnings	198,941	143,463	97,265	49,345	38,830	31,373	31,952	82,464	180,490	536,833
Sale of capital assets	14,234	16,810	(17,050)	4,545		56,072	28	48,779	114,022	42,253
Insurance recoveries	4,401,118	16,510			•		•			
Miscellaneous	101,551	218,133	311.078	130,510	59,156	293.168	247,131	128.478	113.282	134,729
Total general revenues	19,283,827	15,481,573	16,368,355	16,928,144	18,030,295	19,585,652	19,688,242	20,449,047	23,350,669	25,358,598
Change in Not Accate										
Total governmental activities	¢ 3.756.937	(100 101)	(301 011)	\$ 170/1522	¢ 1500 222	\$ 2078.037	¢ 1116.959	¢ 1.482.020	\$ 2221202	¢ 5 221 23.1
Total governmental activities	7 3,230,037	(171,00c) ¢	Ш	υυν, τυπ, τ.	4 1,30 <i>3</i> ,222	+50,0,0,5, ¢	OCO,011,4 ¢	ψ 1,400,020	3 3,241,404	+00,±00,0 ¢

Source: Statement of Activities

Schedule 3
City of South Padre Island, Texas
FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
Last Ten Fiscal Years
(modified accrual basis of accounting)

	2009	20	2010	20	2011	2012	12	7	2013	2014	4	2	2015		2016		2017		2018
General Fund																			Ī
Pre GASB 54																			
Reserved	\$ 35,092	\$	31,623	φ.		\$		\$		ئ		ς.	•	s	•	φ.		ᡐ	•
Unreserved	6,477,049	6,1	6,144,362																•
Total pre GASB 54	\$ 6,512,141	\$ 6,1	6,175,985	\$		\$		\$	•	\$		\$	•	ş	•	Ş	•	\$	'
Post GASB 54																			
aldebraasack	v	v		v	15 050	, ,	21 5/12	٠,	55 701	v	57 868	٠,	56 371	v	780.85	٠,	57 138	v	65 310
Restricted	·)	٠		-		1 '	}	-		,	}	- 120,00	}	113,072	>	93,690	}	19.450
Unassigned	1		٠	6,2	6,243,764	6,35	6,357,093	,;	6,158,124	6,8	6,848,537	9	6,835,686		6,685,288	1	7,225,128	-	7,547,484
Total post GASB 54	\$	\$		\$ 6,2	6,289,723	\$ 6,37	6,378,635	\$ 6,7	6,213,825	\$ 6,9	6,906,405	\$ 6	6,892,007	\$	6,856,446	\$	7,375,956	\$ 7	7,632,244
All Other Governmental Funds																			
Pre GASB 54																			
Reserved	\$ 729,340	ş	696,464	٠	•	Ş	٠	ş	٠	ş	,	Ş	•	ş	•	ş	٠	ş	•
Unreserved, reported in:																			
Special revenue funds	3,040,415	2,5	2,590,794										•		•		٠		٠
Capital projects funds	478,262	1,6	1,691,350		•		•						•		•		٠		٠
Total pre GASB 54	\$ 4.248,017	\$ 4.9	4.978,608	Ş		Ş		Ş		Ş		Ş		Ş		Ş		Ş	•
																-			
Post GASB 54																			
Nonspendable	÷	Ş	٠	\$	114,554	\$ 14	148,890	Ş	54,786	Ş	42,639	\$ 1	1,504,355	Ş	37,490	ş	45,835	Ş	43,963
Restricted:					•						•		•						
Debt service	•		•	4	429,784	27	273,133	(,,	309,533	37	346,602		386,436		413,573		1,162,706	П	1,068,295
Capital projects	•		٠	4,9	4,914,411	1,50	1,502,659	2,(2,636,575	7	700,897	ĸ	3,603,413		6,362,226	12	12,596,025	10	10,498,218
Beach nourishment	•		٠							2,43	2,435,967	Τ,	1,416,745		1,872,911	(4	2,292,912	7	2,719,847
Transportation	•		•	1	154,277	23	235,999	•	287,934	30	301,277		320,366		231,280		179,071		80,739
Beach maintenance	•		٠		78,887	26	264,395	,	790,655	1,38	1,382,753	2	2,050,584		2,260,996	7	1,808,674	7	2,608,336
Municipal court	•		٠		43,562	4	48,913		53,594		890'89		72,385		61,026		69,279		74,372
Criminal justice	•		٠		3,433		3,644		3,644		3,644		3,644		3,644		3,644		٠
Venue project	•		٠				•		٠				٠		•		080'086	7	2,626,997
Hurricane recovery	•		٠	2	248,227	20	205,288		181,185		٠		•		•		٠		•
Parks and recreation	•		٠		2,185		2,372		3,920		1,837		3,117		3,884		8,085		27,935
Hotel/motel tax	•		٠	2,4	2,442,154	3,60	3,603,561	5,(5,068,679	6,59	6,596,864	5	5,986,315		6,630,832	-	7,374,465		7,706,319
Unassigned	•		٠		٠	(1)	(172,892)		(7,167)	.,	22,303		21,923		٠		٠		٠
Total post GASB 54	· •	v		,	,0,0	,,		ì	000000	,,,		,	200,000		1	ŀ			

Schedule 4
City of South Padre Island, Texas
CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
Last Ten Fiscal Years
(modified accrual basis of accounting)

	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013
REVENUES					
Property taxes	\$6,115,209	\$6,042,754	\$6,407,899	\$6,572,035	\$6,666,348
Nonproperty taxes	8,478,004	8,988,221	9,585,210	10,231,694	11,333,958
Fees and services	353,545	529,702	411,771	847,528	786,089
Fines and forfeitures	295,990	379,684	424,124	517,776	455,300
Licenses and permits	322,645	557,605	222,292	191,105	150,583
Intergovernmental	1,056,767	905,542	1,679,714	2,202,888	2,231,734
Miscellaneous and program	981,229	361,596	408,344	179,856	158,989
Total revenues	17,603,389	17,765,104	19,139,354	20,742,882	21,783,001
EXPENDITURES					
General	3,124,195	3,801,677	3,441,451	2,912,655	3,204,508
Public safety	4,101,247	4,478,384	4,313,528	4,806,764	4,954,525
Public works & Shoreline	2,156,348	2,158,644	2,188,234	2,424,423	2,079,739
Transportation	552,966	782,525	957,492	1,078,641	1,104,987
Community service	832,168	40,494	820,784	119,300	418,152
Convention and visitors	5,532,594	4,653,373	4,972,074	4,740,409	5,313,518
Debt service					
Principal retirement	1,160,000	1,205,000	932,358	982,225	634,920
Interest	285,443	275,612	261,642	400,165	301,716
Bond issue costs	-	-	94,968	103,287	-
Administrative charges	-	-	2,736	800	(900)
Capital outlay	4,816,260	906,820	2,417,098	5,628,071	1,591,360
Total expenditures	22,561,221	18,302,529	20,402,365	23,196,740	19,602,525
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES					
OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(4,957,832)	(537,425)	(1,263,011)	(2,453,858)	2,180,476
Other financing sources (uses)					
Sale of capital assets	14,989	85,350	25,933	4,771	22,777
Lease Proceeds	-	-	902,220	119,200	899,313
Proceeds from issuance of	-	830,000	3,800,000	3,165,000	· -
Premium on issuance of bonds	-	· -	101,462	289,990	_
Uses of debt refunding			, -	(3,351,703)	-
Bond issue costs	_	_	_	(-/ /	-
Insurance Proceeds	4,401,118	16,510	_	-	_
Transfers out	(2,371,184)	(1,587,679)	(853,568)	(1,200,089)	(1,155,679)
Transfers in	2,371,184	1,587,679	853,568	1,200,089	1,155,679
Total other financing sources	4,416,107	931,860	4,829,615	227,258	922,090
Total other financing sources	, -, -	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	,,	,	,,,,,,
Net change in fund balances	(\$541,725)	\$394,435	\$3,566,604	(\$2,226,600)	\$3,102,566
Debt service as a percentage					
of noncapital expenditures	8.15%	8.51%	6.64%	7.87%	5.20%
		2:2=,0	2.2.70	, ,	2.2070

2018
,611,725 \$7,878,646
5,337,999 16,740,374
.,256,654 1,774,567
577,801 465,341
447,276 214,353
2,167,247 3,767,948
343,772 709,063
7,742,474 31,550,292
3,744,505 3,668,683
6,301,832 6,007,725
,594,156 2,971,163
,667,605 1,620,754
77,028 73,096
5,912,159 8,186,446
.,619,609 1,766,610
401,337 675,625
323,462 -
4,748 33,159
5,513,541 5,401,123
3,159,982 30,404,384
417,508) 1,145,908
144,037 44,625
085,000 -
350,895 -
717,149) (1,400,077)
717,149 1,400,077
717,149 1,400,077 0,579,932 44,625
717,149 1,400,077
717,149 1,400,077 0,579,932 44,625

Schedule 5
City of South Padre Island, Texas
ASSESSED VALUE AND ACTUAL VALUE OF TAXABLE PROPERTY
Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year Ended	 Net Taxable Ass Real	sesse	Personal		Less:	Total Taxable Assessed	Total Direct Tax
September 30,	Property		Property	но	mestead Cap	Value	Rate
2009	\$ 2,545,047,287	\$	33,419,535	\$	78,289,018	\$ 2,500,177,804	0.24561
2010	2,539,540,899		29,230,095		76,526,864	2,492,244,130	0.24561
2011	2,635,413,859		30,316,814		84,535,004	2,581,195,669	0.24561
2012	2,656,625,431		29,055,461		77,035,264	2,608,645,628	0.25040
2013	2,653,041,784		28,324,135		75,246,646	2,606,119,273	0.25270
2014	2,629,536,569		31,256,298		77,229,580	2,583,563,287	0.25438
2015	2,574,041,045		32,621,783		90,276,002	2,516,386,826	0.26275
2016	2,535,461,500		34,181,366		91,123,668	2,478,519,198	0.28564
2017	2,553,862,437		33,883,054		91,934,403	2,495,811,088	0.30564
2018	2,579,281,031		35,135,283		90,801,714	2,523,614,600	0.31564

Source: Cameron County Appraisal District

Note: Property in the City is reassessed each year. Property is assessed at actual value; therefore, the assessed values are equal to actual value. Tax rates are per \$100 of assessed value.

Schedule 6
City of South Padre Island, Texas
DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING PROPERTY TAX RATES
Last Ten Fiscal Years

ss South	st Texas	0.049200	0.049200	.23 0.049200	0.049200	0.049200	0.049200	0.049200	0.049200	.24 0.049200	.07 0.049200	
Texas	Southmost College	0.161089	0.161924	0.162423	0.164026	0.162935	0.162935	0.164094	0.164094	0.158224	0.162407	
	Cameron County	0.363191	0.364291	0.384291	0.384291	0.384291	0.384291	0.399291	0.399291	0.407743	0.410803	
Point Isabel	Cons. ISD	1.061634	1.081634	1.081634	1.081634	1.081634	1.081634	1.081634	1.081634	1.081634	1.081634	
Water Supply	District No. 1	0.080820	0.080820	0.080820	0.080820	0.080820	0.080820	0.039260	0.044643	0.045020	0.043860	
	Total Direct	0.245610	0.245610	0.245610	0.250400	0.252701	0.254384	0.262754	0.285640	0.305640	0.315640	
and Direct Rates	Debt Service	0.027210	0.025300	0.025300	0.026045	0.029070	0.026556	0.027286	0.046530	0.066530	0.066000	
City of South Padre Island Direct Rates	Maintenance & Operations Rate	0.218400	0.220310	0.220310	0.224355	0.223631	0.227828	0.235468	0.239110	0.239110	0.249640	
	Fiscal Period	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	

Source: Cameron County Appraisal District.

Schedule 7
City of South Padre Island, Texas
PRINCIPAL PROPERTY TAXPAYERS
Current Year and Ten Years Ago

			2018		2009			
Taxpayer		Taxable Assessed Valuation	Rank	Percentage of Total Assessed Valuation	Taxable Assessed Valuation	Rank	Percentage of Total Assessed Valuation	
SDI Donah Water Desert Waterpark LLC	۲	10 002 174	1	0.44%				
SPI Beach Water Resort Waterpark LLC	\$	10,882,174						
Agora USA LP		10,312,156	2	0.42%	ć 0.001.770	2	0.200/	
Peninsula Island Resort & Spa LLC		10,310,357	3	0.42%	\$ 9,601,770	3	0.39%	
Bahia Mar Tower LLC		9,365,606	4	0.38%		_		
Sapphire VP LP		9,000,000	5	0.36%	62,483,163	1	2.57%	
Affiliated Hospitality LLC		7,939,537	6	0.32%				
SPI Management Co.		6,700,888	7	0.27%				
AEP Texas Inc		6,424,700	8	0.26%				
SPI La Copa Ltd.		6,294,771	9	0.25%	7,652,111	6	0.31%	
SPI Oleander Ltd.		6,284,227	10	0.25%	7,465,218	7	0.31%	
ICS Management Company					11,212,212	2	0.46%	
Sapphire VP LP (2)					8,763,485	4	0.36%	
Shores Development Inc.					7,844,672	5	0.32%	
Bayside Capital LLC.					7,081,722	8	0.29%	
AEP Texas Central Co.					6,727,450	9	0.28%	
SSPIBR, Ltd					6,770,780	8	0.28%	
Brashear Clayton					1,501,130	10	0.06%	
Total	\$	83,514,416		3.37%	\$ 137,103,713		5.63%	

Source: Cameron County Appraisal District

Schedule 8
City of South Padre Island, Texas
PROPERTY TAX LEVIES AND COLLECTIONS

Last Ten Fiscal Years

(Unaudited)	Dorontago	of Levy	99.84%	99.91%	99.85%	%92.66	99.92%	99.91%	%06'66	%06'66	99.75%	98.41%
		Amount	6,062,477	6,067,995	6,301,128	6,504,993	6,515,974	6,506,545	6,559,482	7,093,796	7,492,614	7,771,172
			\$									
	Collections in Subsections	ubsequein Years	258,122	263,924	177,463	210,628	131,196	132,521	109,186	109,161	85,033	ı
	<i>ر</i> <u>؛</u>	5	\$									
	Dorchan	reiceilage of Levy	95.59%	95.56%	97.04%	96.53%	97.91%	97.87%	98.24%	98.36%	98.61%	98.41%
		Amount	5,804,355	5,804,071	6,123,665	6,294,365	6,384,778	6,374,024	6,450,296	6,984,635	7,407,581	7,771,172
			\$									
	Taxes Levied	ioi uie Fiscal Year	6,072,211	6,073,653	6,310,281	6,520,822	6,521,119	6,512,667	6,565,849	7,100,989	7,511,750	7,897,131
	Тахе		\$									
	Tax	Year	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
	_ 	Year	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018

Source: Cameron County Tax Office

Schedule 9 City of South Padre Island, Texas TAX REVENUES BY SOURCE - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS Last Ten Fiscal Years (modified accrual basis of accounting)

		General Fund		Local and State	
Fiscal	Property	Sales & Mixed	Franchise	Hotel/Motel	
Year	Taxes	Beverage Tax	Tax	Tax	Total
2009	\$ 6,115,209	\$ 2,295,465	\$ 792,501	\$ 5,390,038	\$ 14,593,213
2010	6,042,754	2,001,606	802,819	6,183,796	15,030,975
2011	6,407,899	2,116,728	821,796	6,646,687	15,993,110
2012	6,572,035	2,171,133	806,646	7,253,914	16,803,728
2013	6,666,348	2,335,306	819,865	8,178,787	18,000,306
2014	6,554,043	2,604,925	851,056	9,228,091	19,238,115
2015	6,606,286	2,663,089	862,253	9,332,114	19,463,742
2016	7,103,497	2,650,546	886,363	9,577,278	20,217,684
2017	7,611,724	2,775,551	882,470	9,769,692	21,039,437
2018	7,878,646	2,896,023	885,011	10,852,466	22,512,146

Schedule 10
City of South Padre Island, Texas
RATIO OF OUTSTANDING DEBT BY TYPE
Last Ten Fiscal Years
(modified accrual basis of accounting)

1,453

1,817

4,643

7,228

6,616

_	Fiscal Year	General Obligation Bonds	& Revenue Refunding Bonds	Ar	Tax nticipation Notes	ccupancy x Revenue Bonds	Capital Leases	Total Primary Government	Percentage of Personal Income	(Per Capita	1
	2009	\$ 4,255,000	\$ 785,000	\$	975,000	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 6,015,000	2.77%	\$	1,019	
	2010	4,065,000	830,000		745,000	-	-	5,640,000	2.57%		956	
	2011	7,766,462	420,000		505,000	-	819,862	9,511,324	4.29%		1,612	
	2012	7,963,312	-		260,000	-	826,837	9,050,149	4.08%		1,534	
	2013	7,725,783	-		-	-	1,566,230	9,292,013	4.19%		1,575	

Venue Hotel

2014 7,298,254 1,275,029 8,573,283 3.29% 2015 6,855,725 2,905,000 957,451 10,718,176 4.12% 2016 6,165,000 6,445,000 797,924 13,407,924 12.46% 2017 5,715,000 5,530,000 9,085,000 543,315 20,873,315 12.19% 2018 5,255,000 4,595,000 8,900,000 355,698 19,105,698 15.49% Note: Details regarding the City's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements. The EDC is not included

in the figures on this schedule.

Governmental Activities

Combination

¹ See Schedule 14 for personal income and population data.

Schedule 11
City of South Padre Island, Texas
RATIO OF GENERAL BONDED DEBT OUTSTANDING
Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	(General Obligation Bonds	Debt Servi Restricted Net Asset	d Bonded	Percentage of Actual Taxable Value of Property (1)	Ca	Per pita (2)
2009	\$	4,255,000	\$ 372,22	2 \$ 3,882,778	0.16%	\$	721
2010		4,065,000	413,91	8 3,651,082	0.15%		689
2011		7,766,462	430,53	5 7,335,927	0.28%		1,316
2012		7,963,312	266,56	3 7,696,749	0.30%		1,350
2013		7,725,783	339,43	7,386,349	0.28%		1,309
2014		7,298,254	346,60	3 6,951,651	0.27%		1,237
2015		6,855,725	386,43	8 6,469,287	0.26%		1,162
2016		6,165,000	361,77	5,803,226	0.23%		2,135
2017		5,715,000	1,162,70	6 4,552,294	0.18%		1,979
2018		5,255,000	1,068,29	5 4,186,705	0.17%		1,820

Note: Details regarding the City's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

¹ See Schedule 5 for property value data.

² See Schedule 14 for population data.

Schedule 12
City of South Padre Island, Texas
DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES DEBT

Governmental Unit	Del	bt Outstanding	Estima Percent Applica	tage	Estimated Share of Overlapping Debt
Debt repaid with property taxes					
Cameron County	\$	166,985,000	13.0	01%	\$ 21,724,749
Point Isabel Independent School District		14,825,000	68.1	10%	10,095,825
Laguna Madre Water District #1		14,355,000	72.9	90%	10,464,795
Texas Southmost College		42,580,000	19.7	75%	8,409,550
Subtotal, overlapping debt					50,694,919
*City direct debt		19,105,698	100.0	00%	19,105,698
Total direct and overlapping debt					\$ 69,800,617

Methodology for Deriving Overlapping Percentages:

- 1) Determine the estimated shared assessed valuation of taxable property within both the Overlapping Taxing Body(s) and your municipality;
- 2) Divide that shared value by the total assessed value of taxable property within the overlapping taxing body.
- * Amount includes a combination of the City's bonded debt and capital lease debt.

Source: The Municipal Advisory Council of Texas

Schedule 13 City of South Padre Island, Texas PLEDGED REVENUE COVERAGE Last Ten Fiscal Years

	Fiscal	Gross Revenue	Operating openditures	,	et Revenue Available For Debt		Del	ot Serv	vice Require	ments		
_	Year	(1)	(2)		Service	- 1	Principal	I	nterest		Total	Coverage
	2009	\$ 1,867,690	\$ 1,099,504	\$	768,186	\$	755,000	\$	52,822	\$	807,822	0.95
	2010	1,191,421	1,212,721		(21,300)		830,000		41,122		871,122	(0.02)
	2011	2,077,689	1,332,802		744,887		420,000		6,069		426,069	1.75
	2012	2,284,146	1,320,451		963,695		-		-		-	-
	2013	2,551,906	1,860,510		691,396		-		-		-	-
	2014	3,208,757	1,939,326		1,269,431		-		-		-	-
	2015	2,919,053	1,106,674		1,812,379		-		-		-	-
	2016	1,979,972	1,253,283		726,689		-		-		-	-
	2017	2,027,589	1,649,159		378,430		-		-		-	-
	2018	2,104,637	1,223,284		881,353		-		-		-	-

⁽¹⁾ Convention Center Fund revenues, including interest.

⁽²⁾ Convention Center Fund operating expenditures, exclusive of capital outlay & construction in progress.

Schedule 14
City of South Padre Island, Texas
DEMOGRAPHIC AND ECONOMIC STATISTICS
Last Ten Calendar Years

.,	Estimated	Personal	Per Capita Personal	Median		School	Unemployment	
Year	Population 1	Income	Income	2 Age	2	Enrollment 3	Rate	4
2009	5,900	\$ 217,090,500	\$ 36,795	57.7		2,520	8.3%	
2010	5,900	219,780,900	37,251	58		2,507	10.9%	
2011	5,900	221,592,200	37,558	58.1		2,544	12.4%	
2012*	5,900	221,592,200	37,558	58.3		2,574	10.2%	
2013*	5,900	221,592,200	37,558	58.7		2,588	10.1%	
2014	5,900	260,809,500	44,205	59.2		2,480	8.0%	
2015	5,900	260,048,400	44,076	60		2,518	6.6%	
2016	2,888	107,650,200	37,275	58.7		2,463	7.5%	
2017	2,888	171,215,080	59,285	60.5		2,396	5.5%	
2018	2,888	123,303,160	42,695	60		2,314	5.7%	

Source:

¹ George Wm. Berry, Ph. D. Analysis 2008 was used for population data from 2009 until 2015. In 2016, the population data was obtianed using the U.S. Census Bureau. In 2017 and 2018, ESRI Demographics Report was used to obtain population data.

² The US. Census Bureau was used to obtain the data for 2009 thoufh 2016. In 2017 and 2018, the information was obtained using a ESRI Demographics Report.

³ Point Isabel Independent School District was used to obtain school enrollment data.

⁴ Texas Workforce Commission: Information is for the entire Cameron County, as no data is available for the City only.

^{* 2012} and 2013 Personal Income is not available, thus data from 2011 was used for both years.

Schedule 15
City of South Padre Island, Texas
PRINCIPAL EMPLOYERS
Current Year and Ten Years Ago

		2018			2009	
	Number of		Percent of			Percent of
	Employees		Total City	Number of		Total City
Employer	(Peak)	Rank	Employment	Employees	Rank	Employment
Cablittanhaha Baash Watan Bank	1 211	1	27.260/	350	1	C FF0/
Schlitterbahn Beach Water Park	1,211	1	27.26%	350	1	6.55%
City of South Padre Island	325	2	7.31%	170	5	3.18%
Sea Ranch Enterprises *	223	3	5.02%	100	8	1.87%
Isla Grand Resort	210	4	4.73%	204	3	3.82%
Louie's Backyard	170	5	3.83%	130	6	2.43%
Hilton Garden Inn	160	6	3.60%			
The Pearl Beach Resort	148	7	3.33%			
Blackbeard's Restaurant	142	8	3.20%	180	4	3.37%
Cameron Parks	87	9	1.96%			
Origins Recovery Center	79	10	1.78%			
La Quinta Inn & Suites				125	7	2.34%
Sheraton Fiesta Beach Resort				225	2	4.21%
Blue Marlin Supermarket				55	10	1.03%
Amberjack's Restaurant				85	9	1.59%
Total	2,755		62.02%	1,624		30.39%

Source: South Padre Island Economic Development Corporation

^{*}Includes Sea Ranch, Pier 19, and Laguna Bob's, F&B

Schedule 16 City of South Padre Island, Texas FULL-TIME EQUIVALENT CITY GOVERNMENT EMPLOYEES BY FUNCTIONS/PROGRAM Last Ten Fiscal Years

Function	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
General Fund										
City Administration	6	6	4	4	4	4.4	4.25	4.25	5	5
Finance	4	5	5	5	5	5	4.9	4.9	5	6
Development Services *	2	2	1.75	1.75	2	2	2	2	3	2
Technology	2	2	3	3	3.25	3	2.95	2.8	3	3
Human Resources	1	2	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
Municipal Court	2	3	2	2	2	2	2	3	3	3
Police	39	39	39	38	38	38	37.95	37.75	36.75	37.75
Fire	21	21	21	27	27	27	26.75	26	26.75	26.75
Environmental Health Serv.	6	6	5	5	6	6	5.85	5.85	5.85	5.85
Fleet Management	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Building Maintenance	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	2
Inspections	4	4	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
Public Works	18	18	19	19	18	19	18.85	17.85	19.85	19.85
Hotel Motel Fund										
Visitor's Center	2	2	2	2	2	3	3	3	3	3
Hotel Motel	13	9.5	9.5	9.5	8.75	9.5	9.5	9.5	10	10
Events Marketing	2	1	1	1	2	1	1	0.5	0	1
Convention Centre										
Convention Centre	13	13.5	11.5	10.5	12	10	11.2	10.35	11	10
Parks and Recreation										
Parks and Recreation	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
Transportation										
Island Metro	7	9	9.25	15.25	15	16.1	16.2	14.2	14	14
Metro Connect	0	0	0	0	0	4	3	4	7	7
Shoreline**										
Police	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.05	0.05	0	0.25
Fire	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.25	0	0	1.25
Environmental Health Serv.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.15	0	0	0.15
Public Works	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.15	0	0	0.15
Beach Maintenance	0	4	4	4	4	4	6	7	7.6	7
Bay Access	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1.2	1
-										
Total Operating Budget FTE's	147	152	148	158	160	165	167	164	173	175

Source: City of South Padre Island Annual Budget Note: Full-time budgeted positions are shown *Formerly Planning

^{**}Formerly Beach Mainentance

Schedule 17 City of South Padre Island, Texas OPERATING INDICATORS BY FUNCTION Last Ten Fiscal Years

Function	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
Police										
Physical arrests	952	1,002	1,199	1,454	1,258	1,246	1,246	1,403	1,367	1,430
Parking violations	1,643	2,123	1,897	1,138	724	1,435	793	647	420	217
Traffic violations	995	1,204	1,038	748	481	658	245	242	434	562
Number of commissioned police officers	29	28	28	28	29	28	28	27	27	30
Number of employees - police officers & civilians	40	39	38	38	39	38	38	37	37	40
Fire										
Number of calls answered	1,667	1,783	1,858	1,964	2,107	2,243	2,105	2,410	2,348	2,536
EMS calls	816	1,082	1,172	1,415	1,377	1,486	1,543	1,542	1,102	1,876
Inspections	475	369	490	327	288	150	166	76	162	194
Number of firefighters	18	18	20	26	26	26	25	25	26	27
Number of employees - firefighters & civilians	21	21	21	27	27	27	26	26	27	28
Streets										
Street resurfacing (square yards)	6,956	8,611	9,032	7,867	12,050	-	8,891	32,314	2,559	12,807
Sidewalk construction (square yards)	693	-	73	2,069	440	368	1,540	3,523	8,942	3,880

Source: City Departments

Schedule 18
City of South Padre Island, Texas
CAPITAL ASSET STATISTICS BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM
Last Ten Fiscal Years

Function/Program	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
Public Safety										
Police Stations	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Fire Stations	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Development Services										
Streets (miles)	47.09	47.39	47.39	47.39	47.39	47.39	47.39	47.39	47.39	47.39
City Area (acres)	1,640	1,640	1,640	1,527	1,901	1,901	1,905	2,371	2,371	2,371
Parks and Recreation										
Playground	1	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	3	3
Parks	2	2	3	3	3	3	3	3	5	5
Municipal Beach (miles)	4.5	4.5	4.5	4.5	4.5	4.5	4.5	4.5	4.5	4.5
Beach Accesses (developed)	18	18	19	19	19	19	20	23	23	27
Beach Accesses (undeveloped)	6	6	5	5	5	5	4	1	3	0
Transportation										
Transit - Minibuses	12	10	9	10	11	10	11	10	11	8

Note: In 2012, the City acquired mapping technology to more accurately calculate its square acreage.

Source: City Departments

Schedule 19 City of South Padre Island, Texas MISCELLANESOUS STATISTICAL DATA

Date of incorporation 1973

Fiscal year begins October 1st
Number of budgeted City employees 173

Geographical location: Southern tip of Texas on the Gulf of Mexico

approximately 15 miles north of the Mexican

border.

Temperature: 68.2 degrees average low temperature

80.4 degrees average high temperature

Source: City Staff

Source: www.weatherbase.com





Carr, Riggs & Ingram, LLC 402 East Tyler Avenue Harlingen, TX 78550-9122

(956) 423-3765 (956) 428-7520 (fax) CRIcpa.com

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the City Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City of South Padre Island, Texas

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of City of South Padre Island, Texas, as of and for the year ended September 30, 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise City of South Padre Island's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated March 6, 2019.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered City of South Padre Island, Texas' internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of City of South Padre Island, Texas' internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of City of South Padre Island, Texas' internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

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Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether City of South Padre Island, Texas' financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Harlingen, Texas March 6, 2019

Can, Rigge & Ingram, L.L.C.

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Carr, Riggs & Ingram, LLC 402 East Tyler Avenue Harlingen, TX 78550-9122

(956) 423-3765 (956) 428-7520 (fax) CRIcpa.com

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City of South Padre Island, Texas

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited City of South Padre Island, Texas' compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of City of South Padre Island, Texas' major federal programs for the year ended September 30, 2018. City of South Padre Island, Texas' major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditors' results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to its federal programs.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of City of South Padre Island, Texas' major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of *Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about City of South Padre Island, Texas' compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of City of South Padre Island, Texas' compliance.

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Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, City of South Padre Island, Texas, complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended September 30, 2018.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of City of South Padre Island, Texas, is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered City of South Padre Island, Texas' internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of City of South Padre Island, Texas' internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Harlingen, Texas

Can, Rigge & Ingram, L.L.C.

March 6, 2019

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City of South Padre Island, Texas Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs

Section I - Summary of Auditors' Results

Financial Statements Unmodified Type of auditors' report issued: Internal control over financial reporting: * Material weakness(es) identified? ____ yes <u>X</u> no * Significant deficiencies identified that are not considered to be material weakness(es)? yes X none reported Noncompliance material to financial statements noted? ___ yes <u>X</u> no Federal Awards Internal control over major programs: * Material weakness(es) identified? __ yes X no * Significant deficiencies identified that are not considered to be material weakness(es)? X none reported _ yes Type of auditors' report issued on compliance for major programs: Unmodified Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with the Uniform Guidance. ____ yes X no Identification of major programs: CFDA Number(s) Name of Federal Program or Cluster 20.509 Formula Grants for Rural Areas Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B programs: \$750,000 Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee? <u>X</u> yes

City of South Padre Island, Texas Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs- Continued

Section II – Findings Relating to the Financial Statement Audit as Required to Be Reported in Accordance with Generally Accepted Government Auditing Standards

A. Significant Deficiencies in Internal Control

None reported.

B. Compliance Findings

None reported.

Section III – Federal and State Award Findings and Questioned Costs

None reported.

City of South Padre Island, Texas Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs Summary Schedule of Prior Audit Findings

PROGRAM DESCRIPTION

DESCRIPTION

Not applicable

There were no findings reported in the prior year.

City of South Padre Island, Texas Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

Coastal Zone Management Administration Awards 11.419	For the Year Ended September 30, 2018				
PASS-TRIKOUGH GRANTOR/ ROGGRAM OR CLUSTER TITLE CFDA Number Entity Identifying Number to Subreciplents Federal Expenditure VS. Department of Commerce Passed through Texas General Land Office 11.419 NA14NOS4190139 \$ \$ 228,316 Coastal Zone Management Administration Awards 11.419 NA15NOS4190162 \$ 228,300 Total U.S. Department of Commerce 373,314 Total U.S. Department of Transportation Passed through Texas Department of Transportation 8 PT 1602 \$ 238,865 Formula Grants for Rural Areas 20.509 RPT 1702 \$ 750,781 Formula Grants for Rural Areas 20.509 RPT 1702 \$ 750,781 Formula Grants for Rural Areas 20.509 RPT 1801 \$ 30,344 Formula Grants for Rural Areas 20.509 RPT 1801 \$ 222,277 Formula Grants for Rural Areas 20.509 ICB 1801 \$ 222,277 Total Formula Grants for Rural Areas 20.509 ICB 1801 \$ 222,277 Total Formula Grants for Rural Areas 20.509 ICB 1801 \$ 222,277 Total Formula Grants for Rural Areas 20.509 ICB 1	(1)	(2)		(4)	(5)
Number Number Number Subrecipients Expenditure	FEDERAL GRANTOR/	Federal		Provided	
U.S. Department of Commerce Passed through Texas General Land Office Coastal Zone Management Administration Awards 11.419 NA14NOS4190139 \$ - \$ 128,314 Coastal Zone Management Administration Awards 11.419 NA15NOS4190162 245,000 Total passed through Texas General Land Office 373,314 U.S. Department of Commerce 373,314 U.S. Department of Commerce 373,314 U.S. Department of Transportation Passed through Texas Department of Transportation Passed through Texas Department of Transportation Formula Grants for Rural Areas 20,509 RPT 1602 238,865 Formula Grants for Rural Areas 20,509 RPT 1702 57,57,81 Formula Grants for Rural Areas 20,509 RPT 1801 30,344 Formula Grants for Rural Areas 20,509 RPT 1801 700,000 1,719,981 Formula Grants for Rural Areas 20,509 ICB 1801 700,000 1,719,981 Formula Grants for Rural Areas 20,509 ICB 1801 700,000 1,719,981 Formula Grants for Rural Areas 20,509 ICB 1701 222,277 Total Formula Grants for Rural Areas 20,509 ICB 1701 40,644 Formula Grants for Rural Areas 20,509 ICB 1701 222,277 Total Formula Grants for Rural Areas 20,509 ICB 1701 222,277 Total Formula Grants for Rural Areas 20,509 ICB 1701 223,000 ICB 1701 233,000 ICB 1701 233,0	•				
Passed through Texas General Land Office Coastal Zone Management Administration Awards 11.419 NA14NOS4190139 \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	PROGRAM OR CLUSTER TITLE	Number	Number	Subrecipients	Expenditures
Passed through Texas General Land Office Coastal Zone Management Administration Awards 11.419 NA14NOS4190139 \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	U.S. Department of Commerce				
Coastal Zone Management Administration Awards 11.419	-				
Coastal Zone Management Administration Awards 11.419		11.419	NA14NOS4190139	\$ -	\$ 128,314
Total passed through Texas General Land Office 373,314 Total U.S. Department of Commerce 373,314 U.S. Department of Transportation Passed through Texas Department of Transportation Formula Grants for Rural Areas 20,509 RPT 1602 - 238,865 Formula Grants for Rural Areas 20,509 RPT 1702 - 750,781 Formula Grants for Rural Areas 20,509 RPT 1801 - 30,344 Formula Grants for Rural Areas 20,509 RPT 1801 - 30,344 Formula Grants for Rural Areas 20,509 ICB 1801 - 700,000 1,719,986 Formula Grants for Rural Areas 20,509 ICB 1701 - 222,177 Total Formula Grants for Rural Areas 20,509 ICB 1701 - 222,177 Total Formula Grants for Rural Areas 20,509 ICB 1701 - 40,644 Formula Grants for Rural Areas 20,509 ICB 1701 - 40,644 Formula Grants for Rural Areas 20,513 ED 1701 - 40,645 Formula Grants for Rural Areas 20,513 ED 1801 - 66,203 Formula Grants for Rural Areas 20,513 ED 1801 - 222,177 Formula Grants for Rural Areas 20,933 TGR 1701 - 235,166 Formula Grants for Rural Areas 20,933 TGR 1701 - 235,166 Formula Grants for Rural Areas 20,933 TGR 1701 - 239,000 Formula Grants for Rural Areas 20,933 TGR 1701 - 239,000 Formula Grants for Rural Areas 20,933 RPT 1701 - 239,000 Formula Grants for Rural Areas 20,933 RPT 1701 - 239,000 Formula Grants for Rural Areas 20,933 RPT 1701 - 239,000 Formula Grants for Rural Areas 20,933 RPT 1701 - 239,000 Formula Grants for Rural Areas 20,933 RPT 1701 - 239,000 Formula Grants for Rural Areas 20,933 RPT 1701 - 239,000 Formula Grants for Rural Areas 20,933 RPT 1701 - 239,000 Formula Grants for Rural Areas 20,933 RPT 1701 - 239,000 Formula Grants for Rural Areas 20,933 RPT 1701 - 239,000 Formula Grants for Rural Areas 20,933 RPT 1701 - 239,000 Formula Grants for Rural Areas 20,933 RPT 1701 - 239,000 Formula Grants for Rural Areas 20,933 RPT 1701 - 239,000 Formula Grants	5	11.419	NA15NOS4190162		245,000
U.S. Department of Transportation					373,314
Passed through Texas Department of Transportation Formula Grants for Rural Areas 20.509 RPT 1602 750,781 Formula Grants for Rural Areas 20.509 RPT 1702 750,781 Formula Grants for Rural Areas 20.509 RPT 1801 30.344 Formula Grants for Rural Areas 20.509 RPT 1801 700,000 1.61 801 700,000 1.62 801 700,000 1.62 801 700,000 1.63 801 700,000 1.63 801 700,000 1.63 801 700,000 1.63 801 700,000 1.63 801 700,000 1.63 801 700,000 1.63 801 700,000 1.63 801 700,000 1.63 801 700,000 1.63 801 700,000 1.63 801 700,000 1.63 801 700,000 700,00	Total U.S. Department of Commerce				373,314
Passed through Texas Department of Transportation Formula Grants for Rural Areas 20.509 RPT 1602 750,781 Formula Grants for Rural Areas 20.509 RPT 1702 750,781 Formula Grants for Rural Areas 20.509 RPT 1801 30.344 Formula Grants for Rural Areas 20.509 RPT 1801 700,000 1.61 801 700,000 1.62 801 700,000 1.62 801 700,000 1.63 801 700,000 1.63 801 700,000 1.63 801 700,000 1.63 801 700,000 1.63 801 700,000 1.63 801 700,000 1.63 801 700,000 1.63 801 700,000 1.63 801 700,000 1.63 801 700,000 1.63 801 700,000 1.63 801 700,000 700,00	U.S. Department of Transportation				
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Formula Grants for Rural Areas 20.509 ICB 1801 - 700,000 1,719,988				_	•
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Passed through City of Brownsville, Texas Formula Grants for Rural Areas 20.509 ICB 1701 - 222,177 Total Formula Grants for Rual Areas 1,942,165 * Enhanced Mobility of Seniors and Individuals with Disabilities 20.513 ED 1701 - 40,645 * Enhanced Mobility of Seniors and Individuals with Disabilities 20.513 ED 1801 - 66,205 Total Transit Services Program Cluster National Infrastructure Investments 20.933 TGR 1701 - 235,166 National Infrastructure Investments 20.933 RPT 1701 - 239,000 474,160 Total passed through Texas Department of Transportation 2,300,998 U.S. Department of Health and Human Services Food and Drug Administration Research 93.103 G-SP-1611-07321 - 3,000 U.S. Department of Homeland Security Passed through Texas Department of Public Safety Homeland Security Grant Porgram 97.067 EMW-2015-SS-00080 - 6,565 Homeland Security Grant Porgram 97.067 EMW-2016-SS-00056 - 12,666 Homeland Security Grant Porgram 97.067 EMW-2016-SS-00005 - 23,748 Total passed through Texas Department of Public Safety Homeland Security Grant Porgram 97.067 EMW-2016-SS-00005 - 23,748 Total passed through Texas Department of Public Safety Total U.S. Department of Homeland Security	Tormula oranics for Marany weas	20.303	100 1001		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Formula Grants for Rural Areas 20.509 ICB 1701 - 222,177 Total Formula Grants for Rual Areas 1,942,165 * Enhanced Mobility of Seniors and Individuals with Disabilities 20.513 ED 1701 - 40,645 * Enhanced Mobility of Seniors and Individuals with Disabilities 20.513 ED 1801 - 66,205 Total Transit Services Program Cluster 106,850 National Infrastructure Investments 20.933 TGR 1701 - 235,166 National Infrastructure Investments 20.933 RPT 1701 - 239,000 474,160 Total passed through Texas Department of Transportation 2,300,998 U.S. Department of Health and Human Services Food and Drug Administration Research 93.103 G-SP-1611-07321 - 3,000 U.S. Department of Homeland Security Passed through Texas Department of Public Safety Homeland Security Grant Porgram 97.067 EMW-2015-SS-00080 - 6,565 Homeland Security Grant Porgram 97.067 EMW-2016-SS-00056 - 12,660 Homeland Security Grant Porgram 97.067 EMW-2017-SS-00005 - 23,748 Total passed through Texas Department of Public Safety Total U.S. Department of Homeland Security Total passed through Texas Department of Public Safety Homeland Security Grant Porgram 97.067 EMW-2017-SS-00005 - 23,748 Total passed through Texas Department of Public Safety Total U.S. Department of Homeland Security Total U.S. Department of Homeland Security	Passed through City of Brownsville, Texas				1,, 15,500
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* Enhanced Mobility of Seniors and Individuals with Disabilities 20.513 ED 1801 - 66,205 Total Transit Services Program Cluster 106,850 National Infrastructure Investments 20.933 TGR 1701 - 235,160 National Infrastructure Investments 20.933 RPT 1701 - 239,000 474,160 Total passed through Texas Department of Transportation 2,300,998 Total U.S. Department of Transportation 2,300,998 U.S. Department of Health and Human Services Food and Drug Administration Research 93.103 G-SP-1611-07321 - 3,000 U.S. Department of Homeland Security Passed through Texas Department of Public Safety Homeland Security Grant Porgram 97.067 EMW-2015-SS-00080 - 6,563 Homeland Security Grant Porgram 97.067 EMW-2016-SS-00056 - 12,660 Homeland Security Grant Porgram 97.067 EMW-2017-SS-00005 - 23,748 Total passed through Texas Department of Public Safety Total U.S. Department of Homeland Security 42,973	Total Formula Grants for Rual Areas				1,942,165
* Enhanced Mobility of Seniors and Individuals with Disabilities 20.513 ED 1801 - 66,205 Total Transit Services Program Cluster 106,850 National Infrastructure Investments 20.933 TGR 1701 - 235,160 National Infrastructure Investments 20.933 RPT 1701 - 239,000 474,160 Total passed through Texas Department of Transportation 2,300,998 Total U.S. Department of Transportation 2,300,998 U.S. Department of Health and Human Services Food and Drug Administration Research 93.103 G-SP-1611-07321 - 3,000 U.S. Department of Homeland Security Passed through Texas Department of Public Safety Homeland Security Grant Porgram 97.067 EMW-2015-SS-00080 - 6,563 Homeland Security Grant Porgram 97.067 EMW-2016-SS-00056 - 12,660 Homeland Security Grant Porgram 97.067 EMW-2017-SS-00005 - 23,748 Total passed through Texas Department of Public Safety Total U.S. Department of Homeland Security 42,973					
Total Transit Services Program Cluster National Infrastructure Investments 20.933 TGR 1701 - 235,160 National Infrastructure Investments 20.933 RPT 1701 - 239,000 474,160 Total passed through Texas Department of Transportation 2,300,998 Total U.S. Department of Transportation 2,523,175 U.S. Department of Health and Human Services Food and Drug Administration Research 93.103 G-SP-1611-07321 - 3,000 U.S. Department of Homeland Security Passed through Texas Department of Public Safety Homeland Security Grant Porgram 97.067 EMW-2015-SS-00080 - 6,563 Homeland Security Grant Porgram 97.067 EMW-2016-SS-00056 - 12,660 Homeland Security Grant Porgram 97.067 EMW-2017-SS-00005 - 23,748 Total Dassed through Texas Department of Public Safety Total U.S. Department of Homeland Security 42,973	* Enhanced Mobility of Seniors and Individuals with Disabilities	20.513	ED 1701	-	40,645
National Infrastructure Investments 20.933 TGR 1701 - 235,160 National Infrastructure Investments 20.933 RPT 1701 - 239,000 474,160 Total passed through Texas Department of Transportation 2,300,998 Total U.S. Department of Transportation 2,523,175 U.S. Department of Health and Human Services Food and Drug Administration Research 93.103 G-SP-1611-07321 - 3,000 U.S. Department of Homeland Security Passed through Texas Department of Public Safety Homeland Security Grant Porgram 97.067 EMW-2015-SS-00080 - 6,563 Homeland Security Grant Porgram 97.067 EMW-2016-SS-00056 - 12,660 Homeland Security Grant Porgram 97.067 EMW-2017-SS-00005 - 23,748 Total passed through Texas Department of Public Safety Total Department of Homeland Security 42,971	* Enhanced Mobility of Seniors and Individuals with Disabilities	20.513	ED 1801	-	66,205
National Infrastructure Investments 20.933 RPT 1701 - 239,000 474,160 Total passed through Texas Department of Transportation 2,300,998 Total U.S. Department of Transportation 2,523,175 U.S. Department of Health and Human Services Food and Drug Administration Research 93.103 G-SP-1611-07321 - 3,000 U.S. Department of Homeland Security Passed through Texas Department of Public Safety Homeland Security Grant Porgram 97.067 EMW-2015-SS-00080 - 6,563 Homeland Security Grant Porgram 97.067 EMW-2016-SS-00056 - 12,660 Homeland Security Grant Porgram 97.067 EMW-2017-SS-00005 - 23,748 Total passed through Texas Department of Public Safety Total U.S. Department of Homeland Security 42,973	Total Transit Services Program Cluster				106,850
Total passed through Texas Department of Transportation 2,300,998 Total U.S. Department of Transportation 2,523,175 U.S. Department of Health and Human Services Food and Drug Administration Research 93.103 G-SP-1611-07321 - 3,000 U.S. Department of Homeland Security Passed through Texas Department of Public Safety Homeland Security Grant Porgram 97.067 EMW-2015-SS-00080 - 6,563 Homeland Security Grant Porgram 97.067 EMW-2016-SS-00056 - 12,660 Homeland Security Grant Porgram 97.067 EMW-2017-SS-00005 - 23,748 Total passed through Texas Department of Public Safety Total U.S. Department of Homeland Security 42,971	National Infrastructure Investments	20.933	TGR 1701	-	235,160
Total passed through Texas Department of Transportation 2,300,998 Total U.S. Department of Transportation 2,523,175 U.S. Department of Health and Human Services Food and Drug Administration Research 93.103 G-SP-1611-07321 - 3,000 U.S. Department of Homeland Security Passed through Texas Department of Public Safety Homeland Security Grant Porgram 97.067 EMW-2015-SS-00080 - 6,563 Homeland Security Grant Porgram 97.067 EMW-2016-SS-00056 - 12,660 Homeland Security Grant Porgram 97.067 EMW-2017-SS-00005 - 23,748 Total passed through Texas Department of Public Safety Total U.S. Department of Homeland Security 42,971	National Infrastructure Investments	20.933	RPT 1701	_	239,000
Total U.S. Department of Transportation U.S. Department of Health and Human Services Food and Drug Administration Research 93.103 G-SP-1611-07321 - 3,000 U.S. Department of Homeland Security Passed through Texas Department of Public Safety Homeland Security Grant Porgram 97.067 EMW-2015-SS-00080 - 6,563 Homeland Security Grant Porgram 97.067 EMW-2016-SS-00056 - 12,660 Homeland Security Grant Porgram 97.067 EMW-2017-SS-00005 - 23,748 Total passed through Texas Department of Public Safety Total U.S. Department of Homeland Security 42,971					474,160
U.S. Department of Health and Human Services Food and Drug Administration Research 93.103 G-SP-1611-07321 - 3,000 U.S. Department of Homeland Security Passed through Texas Department of Public Safety Homeland Security Grant Porgram 97.067 EMW-2015-SS-00080 - 6,563 Homeland Security Grant Porgram 97.067 EMW-2016-SS-00056 - 12,660 Homeland Security Grant Porgram 97.067 EMW-2017-SS-00005 - 23,748 Total passed through Texas Department of Public Safety Total U.S. Department of Homeland Security 42,973	Total passed through Texas Department of Transportation				2,300,998
Food and Drug Administration Research 93.103 G-SP-1611-07321 - 3,000 U.S. Department of Homeland Security Passed through Texas Department of Public Safety Homeland Security Grant Porgram 97.067 EMW-2015-SS-00080 - 6,563 Homeland Security Grant Porgram 97.067 EMW-2016-SS-00056 - 12,660 Homeland Security Grant Porgram 97.067 EMW-2017-SS-00005 - 23,748 Total passed through Texas Department of Public Safety Total U.S. Department of Homeland Security 42,973	Total U.S. Department of Transportation				2,523,175
Food and Drug Administration Research 93.103 G-SP-1611-07321 - 3,000 U.S. Department of Homeland Security Passed through Texas Department of Public Safety Homeland Security Grant Porgram 97.067 EMW-2015-SS-00080 - 6,563 Homeland Security Grant Porgram 97.067 EMW-2016-SS-00056 - 12,660 Homeland Security Grant Porgram 97.067 EMW-2017-SS-00005 - 23,748 Total passed through Texas Department of Public Safety Total U.S. Department of Homeland Security 42,973	U.S. Department of Health and Human Services				
Passed through Texas Department of Public Safety Homeland Security Grant Porgram 97.067 EMW-2015-SS-00080 - 6,563 Homeland Security Grant Porgram 97.067 EMW-2016-SS-00056 - 12,660 Homeland Security Grant Porgram 97.067 EMW-2017-SS-00005 - 23,748 Total passed through Texas Department of Public Safety Total U.S. Department of Homeland Security 42,973	·	93.103	G-SP-1611-07321	-	3,000
Homeland Security Grant Porgram 97.067 EMW-2015-SS-00080 - 6,563 Homeland Security Grant Porgram 97.067 EMW-2016-SS-00056 - 12,660 Homeland Security Grant Porgram 97.067 EMW-2017-SS-00005 - 23,748 Total passed through Texas Department of Public Safety 42,971 Total U.S. Department of Homeland Security	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				
Homeland Security Grant Porgram 97.067 EMW-2016-SS-00056 - 12,660 Homeland Security Grant Porgram 97.067 EMW-2017-SS-00005 - 23,748 Total passed through Texas Department of Public Safety 42,971 Total U.S. Department of Homeland Security 42,971	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				
Homeland Security Grant Porgram 97.067 EMW-2017-SS-00005 - 23,748 Total passed through Texas Department of Public Safety 42,971 Total U.S. Department of Homeland Security 42,971	· -	97.067	EMW-2015-SS-00080	-	6,563
Total passed through Texas Department of Public Safety Total U.S. Department of Homeland Security 42,971		97.067			12,660
Total U.S. Department of Homeland Security 42,971		97.067	EMW-2017-SS-00005	-	23,748
·	Total passed through Texas Department of Public Safety				42,971
TOTAL EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS \$ 2,942,460	Total U.S. Department of Homeland Security				42,971
	TOTAL EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS				\$ 2,942,460

^{*} Clustered Programs

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this schedule

City of South Padre Island, Texas Notes on Accounting Policies for Federal Awards For the Year Ended September 30, 2018

NOTE 1- GENERAL

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards presents the activity of all federal award programs of City of South Padre Island, Texas, for the year ended September 30, 2018. The reporting entity consists of the primary government, organizations for which the primary government is financially accountable, and other organizations for which the primary government is not accountable, but for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete.

Financial accountability exists if a primary government appoints a voting majority of an organization's governing Board and is either able to impose its will on that organization or there is a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits to, or impose specific financial burdens on, the primary government. A primary government may also be financially accountable for governmental organizations with a separately elected governing Board, a governing Board appointed by another government, or a jointly appointed Board that is fiscally dependent on the primary government.

In accordance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board requirements, the City has reviewed other entities and activities for possible inclusion in the reporting entity and determined that there are none; however, federal financial assistance passed through other governmental agencies is included on the schedule.

NOTE 2- MEASUREMENT FOCUS AND BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

The federal and state grant funds were accounted for in the Special Revenue Funds and within the General Fund. The accounting and financial reporting treatment applied to a fund is determined by its measurement focus. The Governmental Fund types are accounted for using a current financial resources measurement focus. With the Governmental Fund type measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities generally are included on the balance sheet. Operating statements of these funds present increases (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and decreases (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) in net current assets.

The modified accrual basis of accounting is used for the Governmental Fund types. This basis of accounting recognizes revenues in the accounting period in which they become susceptible to accrual, i.e., both measurable and available, and expenditures in the accounting period in which the fund liability is incurred, if measurable, except for certain compensated absences and claims and judgments, which are recognized when the obligations are expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources.

NOTE 3- SUB-RECIPIENTS

During the year ended September 30, 2018, the City had no sub-recipients.

City of South Padre Island, Texas Notes on Accounting Policies for Federal Awards- Continued For the Year Ended September 30, 2018

NOTE 4- FEDERAL LOANS AND LOAN GUARANTEES

During the year ended September 30, 2018, the City had no outstanding federal loans payable or loan guarantees.

NOTE 5- FEDERALLY FUNDED INSURANCE

During the year ended September 30, 2018, the City had no federally funded insurance.

NOTE 6- NONCASH AWARDS

During the year ended September 30, 2018, the City did not receive any non-cash federal awards.

NOTE 7- INDIRECT COST RATE

The City does not utilize the de minimus 10% indirect cost rate. Indirect costs, where applicable, are negotiated with the agency providing the grant award to the City.

City of South Padre Island, Texas Exit Conference

Discussion with City Personnel: The results of the audit were discussed at an exit briefing with the following grantee personnel:

Rodrigo Gimenez, Chief Financial Officer/Interim Assistant City Manager Randy Smith, Interim City Manager

No exceptions were taken to the factual contents of the items contained in this report.