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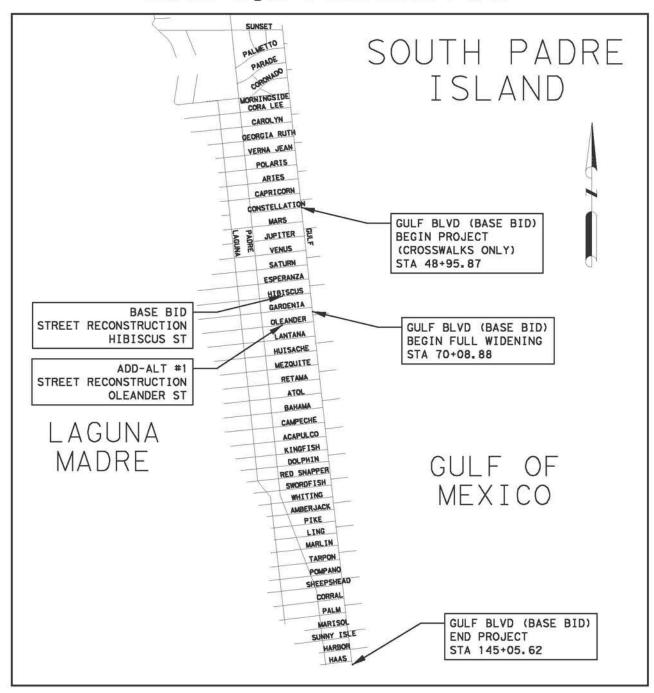
106 * PM (AP) -98

SOUTH PADRE ISLAND OFFICIALS

BARRY PATEL	MAYOR	
ALITA BAGLEY	MAYOR PRO-TEAM	
PAUL MUNARRIZ	CITY COUNCIL MEMBER	
DENNIS STAHL	CITY COUNCIL MEMBER	
THERESA METTY	CITY COUNCIL MEMBER	
ALEX AVALOS	CITY COUNCIL MEMBER	
PAUL CUNNINGHAM	CITY ATTORNEY	

ASSISTANT CITY MANAGER

SOUTH PADRE ISLAND, TX GULF BOULEVARD PHASE 4, HIBISCUS STREET AND OLEANDER STREET IMPROVEMENTS



PLANS PREPARED BY:

SUBMITTED FOR LETTING

4-22-2016

PROJECT MANAGER KIMLEY-HORN AND ASSOCIATES, INC.



VICINITY MAP 2000' 4000 SCALE: 1"= 2000'

DARLA JONES

SHEET NO. SCALE PROJECT NO.

GULF BLVD IMPROVEMENTS

2

SHEET NO.

3

PROJECT NO.

GULF BLVD CONTINUED		FILENAME: G:\069234000*Gulf*Rehoba\Dealgn\GULFgeo03.dgn PLOTTED: 4/22/2016 11:18:50 AM
Curve Data	Curve Data	Curve Data
Curve GULF26	Curve GULF31	Curve GULF36 P.I. Station Delta = 2* 17' 27.76" (LT) Degree = 11* 27' 32.96" Tangent = 9.998 Length = 19.993 Radius = 500.000 External = 0.100
Long Chord = 24.977 MId. Ord. = 0.156 P.C. Station 110+78.25 N 8,413.721 E 4,595.617 P.T. Station 111+03.23 N 8,388.967 E 4,598.943 C.C. 8ack = S 9° 05′ 04.17" E Ahead = S 6° 13′ 19.51" E Chord Bear = S 7° 39′ 11.84" E	Long Chord = 19.988 MId. Ord. = 0.100 P.C. Station 129+59.69 N 6,544.624 E 4,809.481 P.T. Station 129+79.68 N 6,524.730 E 4,811.418 C.C. Baok = S 6° 42′ 18.81" E Ahead = S 4° 24′ 52.62" E Chord Bear = S 5° 33′ 35.71" E	Long Chord = 19.992 Mid. Ord. = 0.100 P.C. Station 135+12.21 N 5,995.933 E 4,873.545 P.T. Station 135+32.20 N 5,976.046 E 4,875.583 C.C. Back = S 4° 42′ 14.20″ E Ahead = S 6° 59′ 41.96″ E Chord Bear = S 5° 50′ 58.08″ E
Course from PT GULF26 to PC GULF27 S 6° 13′ 19.51" E Dist 384.068 Curve Data	Course from PT GULF31 to PC GULF32 S 4° 24′ 52.62″ E Dist 30.048 Curve Data	Course from PT GULF36 to PC GULF37 S 6° 59′ 41.96″ E D1st 401.335 Curve Data
Curve GULF27 P.I. Station	Curve GULF32 P.I. Station 130+19.73 N 6,484.805 E 4,814.500 Delta = 2° 17′ 26.20" (LT) Degree = 11° 27′ 32.96" Tangent = 9,996 Length = 19.989 Radius = 500.000 External = 0.100	Curve GULF37 P.I. Station
Long Chord = 39.976 Mid. Ord. = 0.200 P. C. Station 114+87.30 N 8,007.161 E 4,640.570 P.T. Station 115+27.28 N 7,967.342 E 4,644.107 C. C. Back = S 6° 13′ 19.51" E Ahead = S 3° 55′ 53.32" E Chord Bear = S 5° 04′ 36.42" E	Long Chord = 19.988 Mld. Ord. = 0.100 P.C. Station 130+09.73 N 6,494.772 E 4,813.731 P.T. Station 130+29.72 N 6,474.878 E 4,815.667 C.C. Baok = S 4° 24′ 52.62" E Ahead = S 6° 42′ 18.81" E Chord Bear = S 5° 33′ 35.71" E	Long Chord = 19.988 0.100 P.C. Station 139+33.53 N 5,577.698 E 4,924.458 P.T. Station 139+53.52 N 5,557.814 E 4,926.495 C.C. Back = S 6° 59′ 41.96" E Ahead = S 4° 42′ 15.76" E Chord Bear = S 5° 50′ 58.86" E
Course from PT GULF27 to PC GULF28 S 3° 55′ 53.32" E Dist 55.878 Curve Data	Course from PT GULF32 to PC GULF33 S 6° 42′ 18.81" E Dist 193.025 Curve Data	Course from PT GULF37 to PC GULF38 S 4° 42' 15.76" E Dist 30.048
[Curve GULF28]	**	Curve Data ** Curve GULF38 P.I. Station 139+93.57 N 5,517.905 E 4,929.779
Delta = 2* 46' 25. 49" (LT) Degree = 5* 43' 46. 48" Tangent = 24. 210 Length = 48. 411 Radius = 1,000. 000 External = 0. 293 Long Chord = 48. 406 Mid. Ord = 0. 293	Delta = 2" 17' 26.09" (LT) Degree = 11" 27' 32.96" Tangent = 9.996 Length = 19.989 Radlus = 500.000 External = 0.100 Long Chord = 19.988 MId. Ord. = 0.100	Delta = 2° 17′ 26.20″ (LT) Degree = 11″ 27′ 32.96″ Tangent = 9.996 Length = 19.989 Radius = 500.000 External = 0.100 Long Chord = 19.988 Mid. Ord. = 0.100
P.C. Station 115+83.16 N 7,911.596 E 4,647.938 P.T. Station 116+31.57 N 7,863.398 E 4,652.425 C.C. Back S 3° 55′ 53.32" E Ahead S 6° 42′ 18.81" E Chord Bear S 5° 19′ 06.07" E	P.C. Station 132+22.75 N 6,283.172 E 4,838.205 P.T. Station 132+42.73 N 6,263.372 E 4,840.935 C.C. N 6,341.553 E 5,334.785 Back = S 6° 42′ 18.81" E Ahead = S 8° 59′ 44.90" E Chord Bear = S 7° 51′ 01.86" E	P.C. Station 139+83.57 N 5,527.868 E 4,928.960 P.T. Station 140+03.56 N 5,507.984 E 4,930.997 C.C. N 5,568.875 E 5,427.275 Back = S 4° 42′ 15.76″ E Ahead = S 6° 59′ 41.96″ E Chord Bear = S 5° 50′ 58.86″ E
Course from PT GULF28 to PC GULF29 S 6* 42' 18.81" E Dist 1,003.664	Course from PT GULF33 to PC GULF34 S 8" 59' 44.90" E Dist 31.313	Course from PT GULF38 to GULF02 S 6" 59' 41.96" E Dist 523.423
Curve Data *	Curve Data ** [Curve GULF34] P. I. Station 132+82.78 N 6,223.820 E 4,847.197	Point GULF02 N 4,988.457 E 4,994.740 Sta 145+26.98
Delta = 2° 17′ 26.20° (LT) Degree = 11° 27′ 32.96° Tangent = 9.996 Length = 19.989 Radius = 500.000 External = 0.100	Delta = 2° 00′ 02.95° (RT) Degree = 11° 27′ 32.96° Tangent = 8.731 Length = 17.460 Radius = 500.000 External = 0.076 Long Chord = 17.460	Ending chain GULF description
Long Chord = 19.988 Mid. Ord. = 0.100 P. C. Station 126+35.23 N 6,866.599 E 4,769.614 P. T. Station 126+55.22 N 6,846.798 E 4,772.344 C. C. N 6,924.980 E 5,266.194 Back = S 6° 42′ 18.81" E Ahead = S 8° 59′ 45.01" E Chord Bear = S 7° 51′ 01.91" E	Mid. Ord. = 0.076 P.C. Station 132+74.05 N 6,232.444 E 4,845.831 P.T. Station 132+91.51 N 6,215.154 E 4,848.260 C.C. Baok - S 8* 59' 44.90" E Ahead - S 6* 59' 41.96" E Chord Bear - S 7* 59' 43.43" E	BRIAN C. BOECKER 4-22-2016 3 94886 5
Course from PT GULF29 to PC GULF30 S 8° 59′ 45.01″ E Dist 30.048 Curve Data	Course from PT GULF34 to PC GULF35 S 6° 59′ 41.96″ E Dist 170.670 Curve Data	Kimlev»Horn
Curve GULF30	Curve GULF35 P.I. Station	South
Long Chord = 19.988 Mid. Ord. = 0.100 P.C. Station 126+85.27 N 6,817.120 E 4,777.043 P.T. Station 127+05.26 N 6,797.319 E 4,779.773 C.C. Back S 8° 59′ 45.01" E Ahead S 6° 42′ 18.81" E Chord Bear S 7° 51′ 01.91" E	Long Chord = 19.992 Mid. Ord. = 0.100 P.C. Station 134+62.18 N 6,045.755 E 4,869.045 P.T. Station 134+82.17 N 6,025.867 E 4,871.082 C.C. N 5,984.863 E 4,372.766 Back = S 6° 59′ 41.96" E Ahead = S 4° 42′ 14.20" E Chord Bear = S 5° 50′ 58.08" E	HORIZONTAL ALIGNMENT DATA
Course from PT GULF30 to PC GULF31 S 6° 42′ 18.81" E Dist 254.435	Course from PT GULF35 to PC GULF36 S 4° 42′ 14.20" E Dist 30.035	GULF BLVD IMPROVEMENTS
		SCALE PROJECT NO. SHEET NO.

HIBISCUS ST

€ HIBISCUS contains: HIB01 HIB02

Beginning & HIBISCUS description

12,681.129 E 3,075.940 Sta Point HIB01 10+00.00

Course from HIB01 to HIB02 N 83° 56' 00.00" E Dist 1,045.663

Point HIB02 12,791.641 E 4,115.747 Sta 20+45.66

Ending chain HIBISCUS description

OLEANDER ST

© OLEANDER contains: OLEO1 OLEO2

Beginning © OLEANDER description

12,086.396 E 3,138.357 Sta 10+00.00

Course from OLEO1 to OLEO2 N 83° 56' 00.00" E Dist 1,046.450

Point OLEO2 12,196.991 E 4,178.947 Sta 20+46.45

Ending chain OLEANDER description





HORIZONTAL ALIGNMENT DATA

GULF BLVD IMPROVEMENTS

SCALE	PROJECT NO.	SHEET NO.
	<u></u>	5

- 1. MAINTAIN ACCESS TO PROPERTY AT ALL TIMES
- 2. TIE-IN PAVEMENT (IF NEEDED) TO MAINTAIN ACCESS TO ADJACENT PROPERTIES WILL BE CONSIDERED SUBSIDIARY TO PERTINENT ITEMS.
- 3. UNLESS OTHERWISE APPROVED IN WRITING BY THE ENGINEER, NO WORK ALLOWED ON GULF BOULEVARD ON THE WEEKEND AND SHOULD BE OPEN TO TWO-LANES AT ALL TIMES 7: 00 PM ON FRIDAY THROUGH 7: 00 AM ON THE FOLLOWING MONDAY.
- 4. ABOVE GROUND AND BURIED UTILITIES ARE LOCATED IN THE RIGHT OF WAY. UTILITIES SHOWN IN PLANS ARE APPROXIMATE AND NOT NECESSARILY ALL ENCOMPASSING. IT IS THE CONTRACTOR'S RESPONSIBILITY TO LOCATE UTILITIES PRIOR TO CONSTRUCTION TO VERIFY IF ANY CONFLICTS EXIST.

GULF BLVD SEQUENCE OF CONSTRUCTIONS

1. CONSTRUCTION MUST BE SEQUENCED AS SHOWN IN THE PHASES BELOW. PHASE 1 CONSTRUCTION MUST BE COMPLETE PRIOR TO BEGINNING PHASE 2 CONSTRUCTION. PHASE 2 CONSTRUCTION MUST BE COMPLETED PRIOR TO BEGINNING PHASE 3 CONSTRUCTION. ANY DEVIATION IN CONSTRUCTION SEQUENCING MUST BE APPROVED IN WRITING BY THE ENGINEER.

CONSTRUCTION PHASE 1: WIDENING FROM GARDENIA ST THROUGH

- PLACE ADVANCE WARNING SIGNS IN ACCORDANCE WITH TXDOT STANDARD BC (2) -14.
- 2. PLACE TEMPORARY EROSION CONTROL DEVICES AS SHOWN IN
- 3. REPAIR ASPHALT PAVEMENT (UP TO THE FINAL 1.5" OVERLAY SURFACE) TO THE LIMITS SHOWN ON "ASPHALT PAVEMENT REPAIR" SHEETS. REPAIR LIMITS SHALL END AT THE PROPOSED LIP OF GUTTER.
- 4. REMOVE EXISTING CENTER LINE STRIPING AND INSIDE
- MILL 1.5" OF EXIST PAVEMENT AS SHOWN IN PLANS IN ACCORDANCE WITH TCP (7-1)-13.
- 6. PLACE WORK ZONE STRIPING FOR TEMPORARY CENTER LINE AND EDGE LINES PROVIDING A 3' MIN BUFFER BETWEEN WORK ZONE AND SOUTHBOUND LANE. TEMPORARY LANES WILL BE -12'. PLACE CHANNELIZING DEVICES BETWEEN WORK ZONE AND SOUTHBOUND LANE IN ACCORDANCE WITH TCP (2-1)-12.
- 7. CONSTRUCT CURB AND GUTTER, PAVEMENT WIDENING, PARKING BAYS, SIDEWALKS, AND DRIVEWAYS AS SHOWN IN PLANS. MAINTAIN POSITIVE DRAINAGE TOWARDS SIDE STREETS.
- 8. PLACE CHANNELIZING DEVICES IN ACCORDANCE WITH TCP (2-1)-12 AND CONSTRUCT CURB AND GUTTER AND RAISED SIDEWALK FOR SHARED PATH AT SPECIFIC LOCATIONS SHOWN IN PLANS ON EAST SIDE OF GULF BLVD.
- 9. CONSTRUCT PAYEMENT LEVEL-UP AT SPECIFIC LOCATIONS SHOWN IN PLANS. VERIFY PAYEMENT MAINTAINS POSITIVE DRAINAGE FROM E TO W.
- 10. CONSTRUCT 1.5" OVERLAY FINAL SURFACE IN ACCORDANCE WITH TXDOT TCP STANDARD TCP (7-1)-13.
- 11. INSTALL FINAL SIGNING AND PLACE FINAL PAVEMENT MARKINGS IN ACCORDANCE WITH TXDOT STANDARDS TCP(3-1)-13 AND TCP(3-3)-13.
- 12. SHAPE SLOPES TO MAINTAIN POSITIVE DRAINAGE. 70% RE-VEGETATION REQUIRED BEFORE REMOVAL OF EROSION CONTROLS.

GULF BLVD SEQUENCE OF CONSTRUCTION:

CONSTRUCTION PHASE 2: WIDENING FROM ACAPULCO ST THROUGH MARLIN ST

- PLACE ADVANCE WARNING SIGNS IN ACCORDANCE WITH TXDOT STANDARD BC (2) -14.
- PLACE TEMPORARY EROSION CONTROL DEVICES AS SHOWN IN PLANS.
- 3. REPAIR ASPHALT PAYEMENT (UP TO THE FINAL 1.5" OVERLAY SURFACE) TO THE LIMITS SHOWN ON "ASPHALT PAYEMENT REPAIR" SHEETS. REPAIR LIMITS SHALL END AT THE PROPOSED LIP OF GUTTER.
- REMOVE EXISTING CENTER LINE STRIPING AND INSIDE PARKING STRIPING.
- 5. MILL 1.5" OF EXIST PAVEMENT AS SHOWN IN PLANS IN ACCORDANCE WITH TCP(7-1)-13.
- 6. PLACE WORK ZONE STRIPING FOR TEMPORARY CENTER LINE AND EDGE LINES PROVIDING A 3' MIN BUFFER BETWEEN WORK ZONE AND SOUTHBOUND LANE. TEMPORARY LANES WILL BE. -12'. PLACE CHANNELIZING DEVICES BETWEEN WORK ZONE AND SOUTHBOUND LANE IN ACCORDANCE WITH TCP (2-1)-12.
- 7. CONSTRUCT CURB AND GUTTER, PAVEMENT WIDENING, PARKING BAYS, SIDEWALKS, AND DRIVEWAYS AS SHOWN IN PLANS. MAINTAIN POSITIVE DRAINAGE TOWARDS SIDE STREETS.

GULF BLVD SEQUENCE OF CONSTRUCTION PHASE 2 CONTINUED

- 8. PLACE CHANNELIZING DEVICES IN ACCORDANCE WITH TCP (2-1)-12 AND CONSTRUCT CURB AND GUTTER AND RAISED SIDEWALK FOR SHARED PATH AT SPECIFIC LOCATIONS SHOWN IN PLANS ON EAST SIDE OF GULF BLVD.
- 9. CONSTRUCT PAVEMENT LEVEL-UP AT SPECIFIC LOCATIONS SHOWN IN PLANS, VERIFY PAVEMENT MAINTAINS POSITIVE DRAINAGE FROM E TO W.
- 10. CONSTRUCT 1.5" OVERLAY FINAL SURFACE IN ACCORDANCE WITH TXDOT TCP STANDARD TCP (7-1)-13.
- 11. INSTALL FINAL SIGNING AND PLACE FINAL PAYEMENT MARKINGS IN ACCORDANCE WITH TXDOT STANDARDS TCP(3-1)-13 AND TCP(3-3)-13.
- 12. SHAPE SLOPES TO MAINTAIN POSITIVE DRAINAGE. 70% RE-VEGETATION REQUIRED BEFORE REMOVAL OF EROSION

GULF BLVD SEQUENCE OF CONSTRUCTION:

CONSTRUCTION PHASE 3: WIDENING FROM MARLIN ST THROUGH HAAS

- 1. PLACE ADVANCE WARNING SIGNS IN ACCORDANCE WITH TXDOT STANDARD BC(2)-14.
- 2. PLACE TEMPORARY EROSION CONTROL DEVICES AS SHOWN IN
- 3. REPAIR ASPHALT PAVEMENT (UP TO THE FINAL 1.5" OVERLAY SURFACE) TO THE LIMITS SHOWN ON "ASPHALT PAVEMENT REPAIR" SHEETS. REPAIR LIMITS SHALL END AT THE PROPOSED LIP OF GUTTER.
- 4. REMOVE EXISTING CENTER LINE STRIPING AND INSIDE
- 5. MILL 1.5" OF EXIST PAVEMENT AS SHOWN IN PLANS IN ACCORDANCE WITH TCP(7-1)-13.
- 6. PLACE WORK ZONE STRIPING FOR TEMPORARY CENTER LINE AND EDGE LINES PROVIDING A 3' MIN BUFFER BETWEEN WORK ZONE AND SOUTHBOUND LANE. TEMPORARY LANES WILL BE ~12'. PLACE CHANNELIZING DEVICES BETWEEN WORK ZONE AND SOUTHBOUND LANE IN ACCORDANCE WITH TCP (2-1)-12
- 7. CONSTRUCT CURB AND GUTTER, PAVEMENT WIDENING, PARKING BAYS, SIDEWALKS, AND DRIVEWAYS AS SHOWN IN PLANS. MAINTAIN POSITIVE DRAINAGE TOWARDS SIDE STREETS.
- 8. PLACE CHANNELIZING DEVICES IN ACCORDANCE WITH TCP (2-1)-12 AND CONSTRUCT CURB AND GUTTER AND RAISED SIDEWALK FOR SHARED PATH AT SPECIFIC LOCATIONS SHOWN IN PLANS ON EAST SIDE OF GULF BLVD.
- 9. CONSTRUCT PAVEMENT LEVEL-UP AT SPECIFIC LOCATIONS SHOWN IN PLANS. VERIFY PAVEMENT MAINTAINS POSITIVE DRAINAGE FROM E TO W.
- 10.CONSTRUCT 1.5" OVERLAY FINAL SURFACE IN ACCORDANCE WITH TXDOT TCP STANDARD TCP(7-1)-13.
- 11. INSTALL FINAL SIGNING AND PLACE FINAL PAVEMENT MARKINGS IN ACCORDANCE WITH TXDOT STANDARDS TCP (3-1) -13 AND TCP (3-3) -13.
- 12. SHAPE SLOPES TO MAINTAIN POSITIVE DRAINAGE. 70% RE-VEGETATION REQUIRED BEFORE REMOVAL OF EROSION

CONSTRUCTION PHASE 4: CONSTRUCT CROSSWALKS

- ADJUST ADVANCE WARNING SIGNS IN ACCORDANCE WITH TXDOT STANDARD BC (2) -14.
- 1. TEMPORARY EROSION CONTROL DEVICES AS SHOWN IN PLANS TO REMAIN.
- 2. PHASE CONSTRUCT THE PROPOSED BRICK PAVED CROSSWALKS STARTING WITH THE WEST END. WORK FROM NORTH TO SOUTH. CONSTRUCT CONCRETE BASE USING HES CONCRETE. SHIFT TRAFFIC TO ONE-LANE TWO-WAY OPERATION WITH FLAGGERS IN ACCORDANCE WITH TCP STANDARD TCP (1-2)-12. MAINTAIN ONE LANE OF TRAFFIC AT ALL TIMES DURING CROSSWALK INSTALLATION.

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HIBISCUS STREET RECONSTRUCTION SEQUENCE:

- 1. PLACE ADVANCE WARNING SIGNS IN ACCORDANCE WITH TXDOT STANDARD BC (2) -14.
- 2. PLACE TEMPORARY EROSION CONTROL DEVICES AS SHOWN IN PLANS.
- 3. CLOSE HIBISCUS STREET TO THROUGH TRAFFIC BETWEEN PADRE BOULEVARD AND GULF BOULEVARD. MAINTAIN ACCESS TO PROPERTY OWNERS AT ALL TIMES.
- 4. CONSTRUCT PROPOSED PAVEMENT IN ONE-HALF SECTIONS AS SHOWN IN PLANS FROM STATION 10+43.35 TO STATION 20+07.00.
- 5. TIE-IN PAVEMENT (IF NEEDED) TO MAINTAIN ACCESS TO ADJACENT PROPERTIES WILL BE CONSIDERED SUBSIDIARY TO PERTINENT ITEMS.
- 6. INSTALL FINAL SIGNING AND OPEN TO TRAFFIC UNRESTRICTED.
- 7. 70% RE-YEGETATION REQUIRED BEFORE REMOVAL OF EROSION CONTROLS.

OLEANDER STREET RECONSTRUCTION SEQUENCE:

- 1. PLACE ADVANCE WARNING SIGNS IN ACCORDANCE WITH TXDOT STANDARD BC (2) -14.
- 2. PLACE TEMPORARY EROSION CONTROL DEVICES AS SHOWN IN
- 3. CLOSE OLEANDER STREET TO THROUGH TRAFFIC BETWEEN PADRE BOULEVARD AND GULF BOULEVARD. MAINTAIN ACCESS TO PROPERTY OWNERS AT ALL TIMES.
- 4. CONSTRUCT PROPOSED PAVEMENT IN ONE-HALF SECTIONS AS SHOWN IN PLANS FROM STATION 10+43.35 TO STATION 20+
- 5. TIE-IN PAVEMENT (IF NEEDED) TO MAINTAIN ACCESS TO ADJACENT PROPERTIES WILL BE CONSIDERED SUBSIDIARY TO PERTINENT ITEMS.
- 6. INSTALL FINAL SIGNING AND OPEN TO TRAFFIC UNRESTRICTED.
- 7. 70% RE-VEGETATION REQUIRED BEFORE REMOVAL OF EROSION



TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN

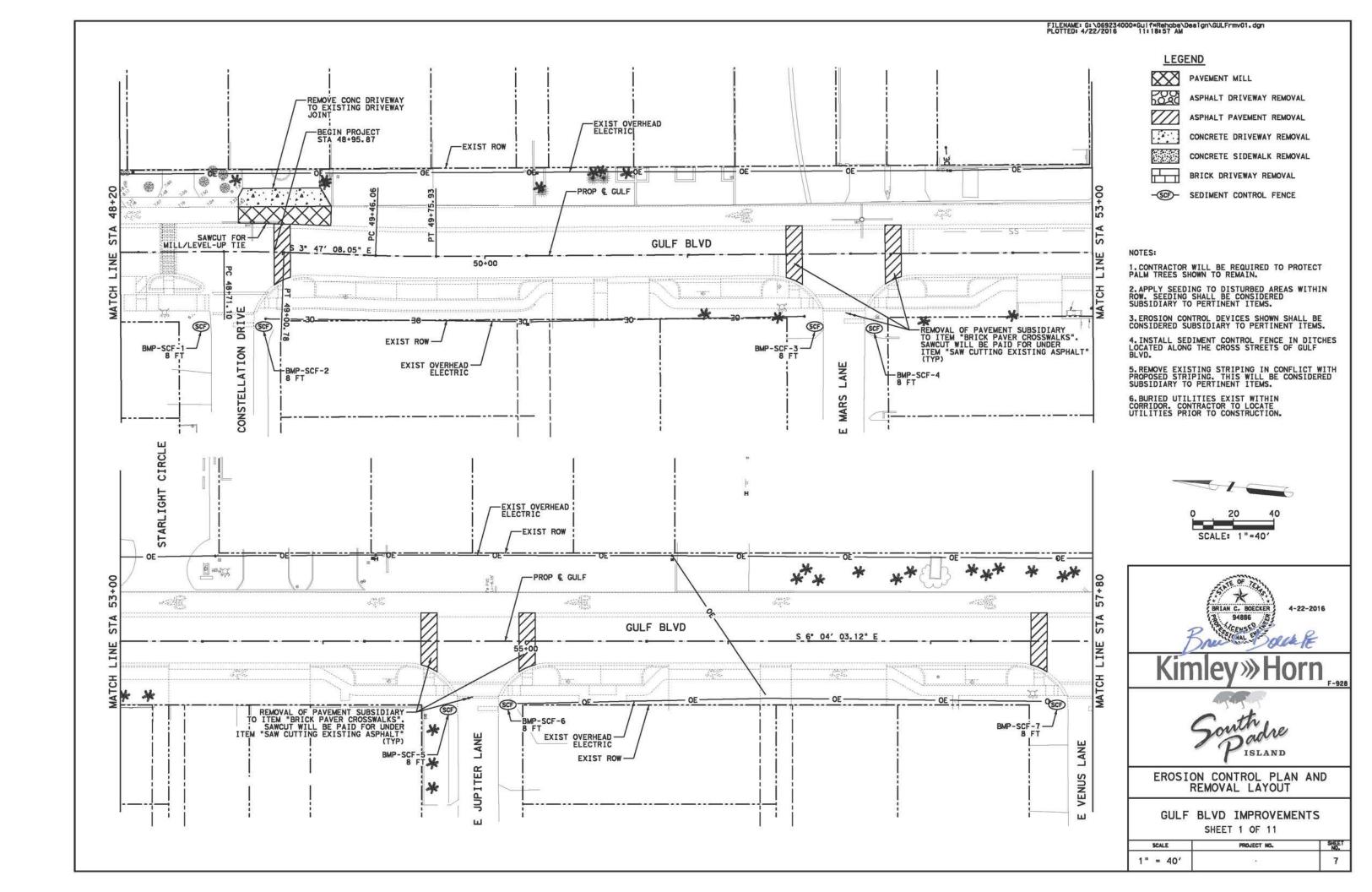
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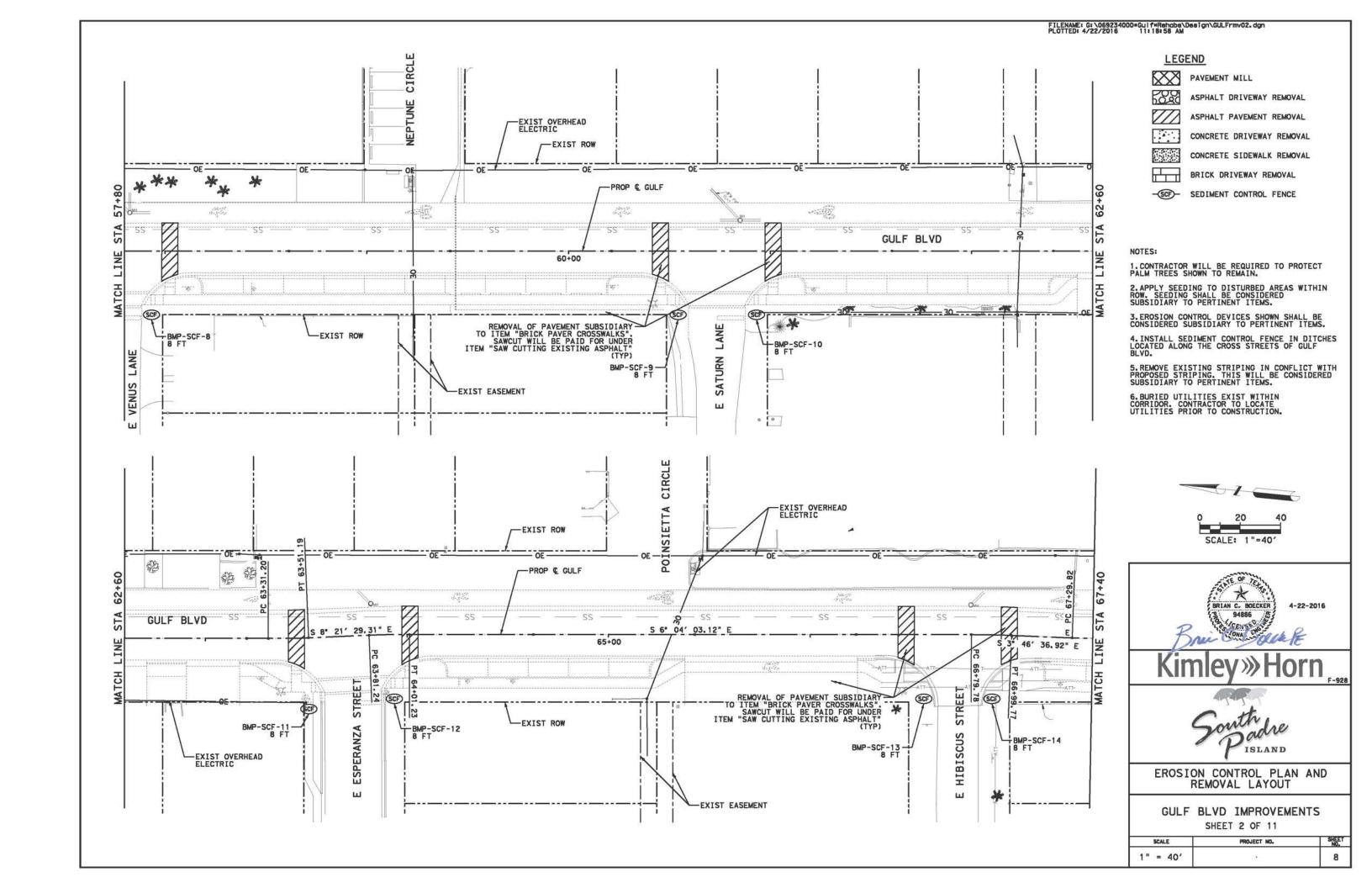
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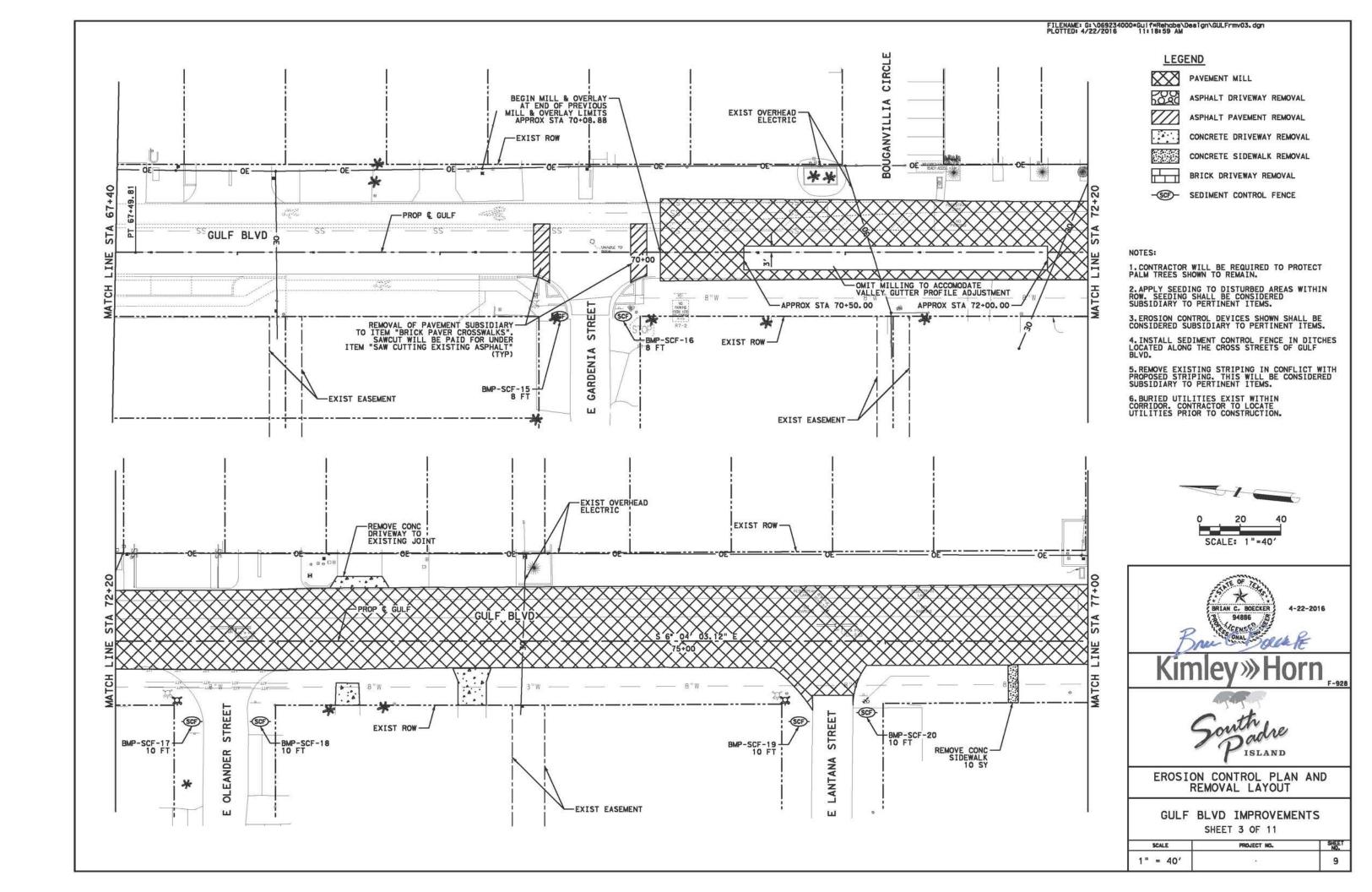
ISLAND

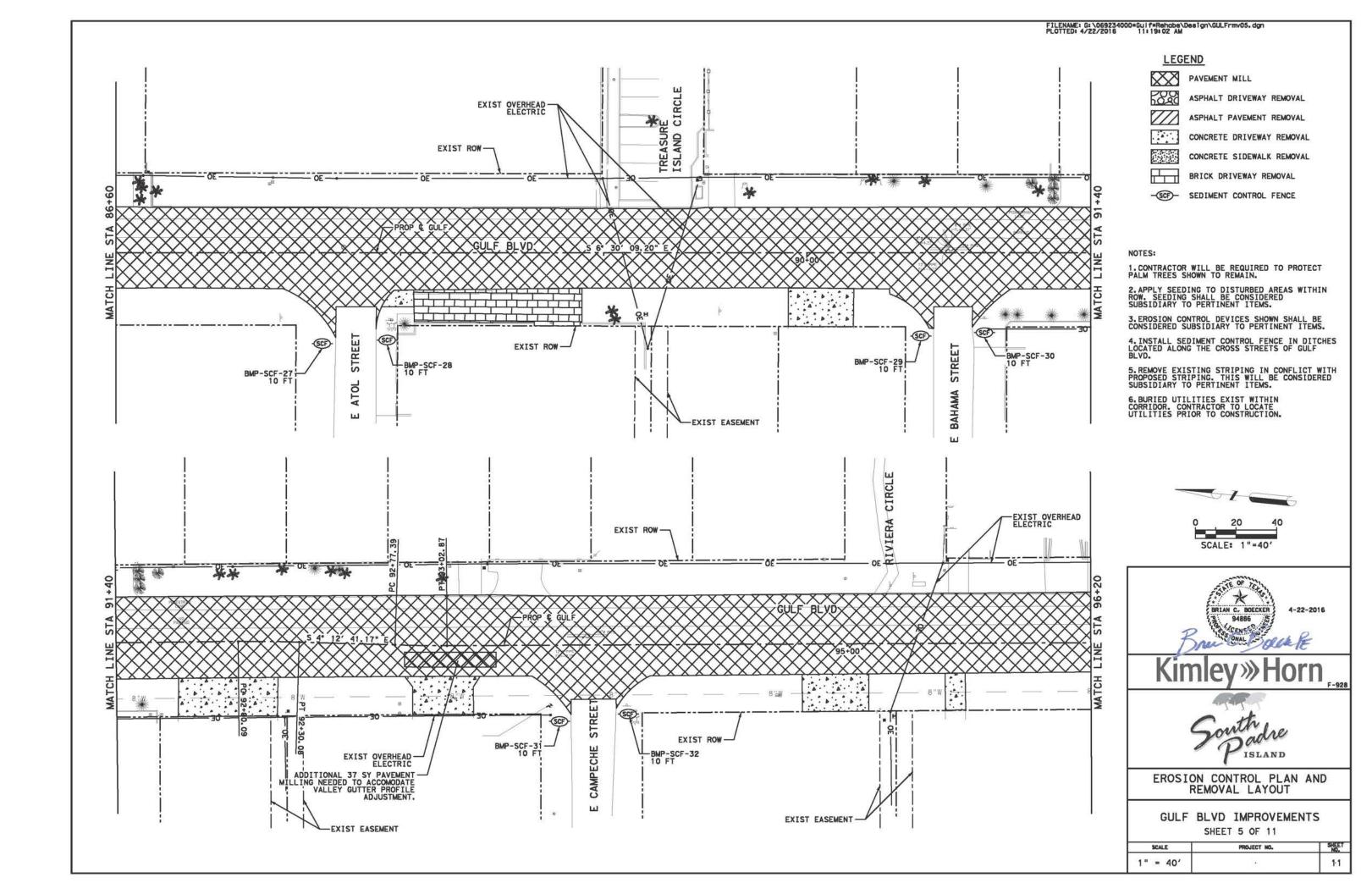
GULF BLVD IMPROVEMENTS

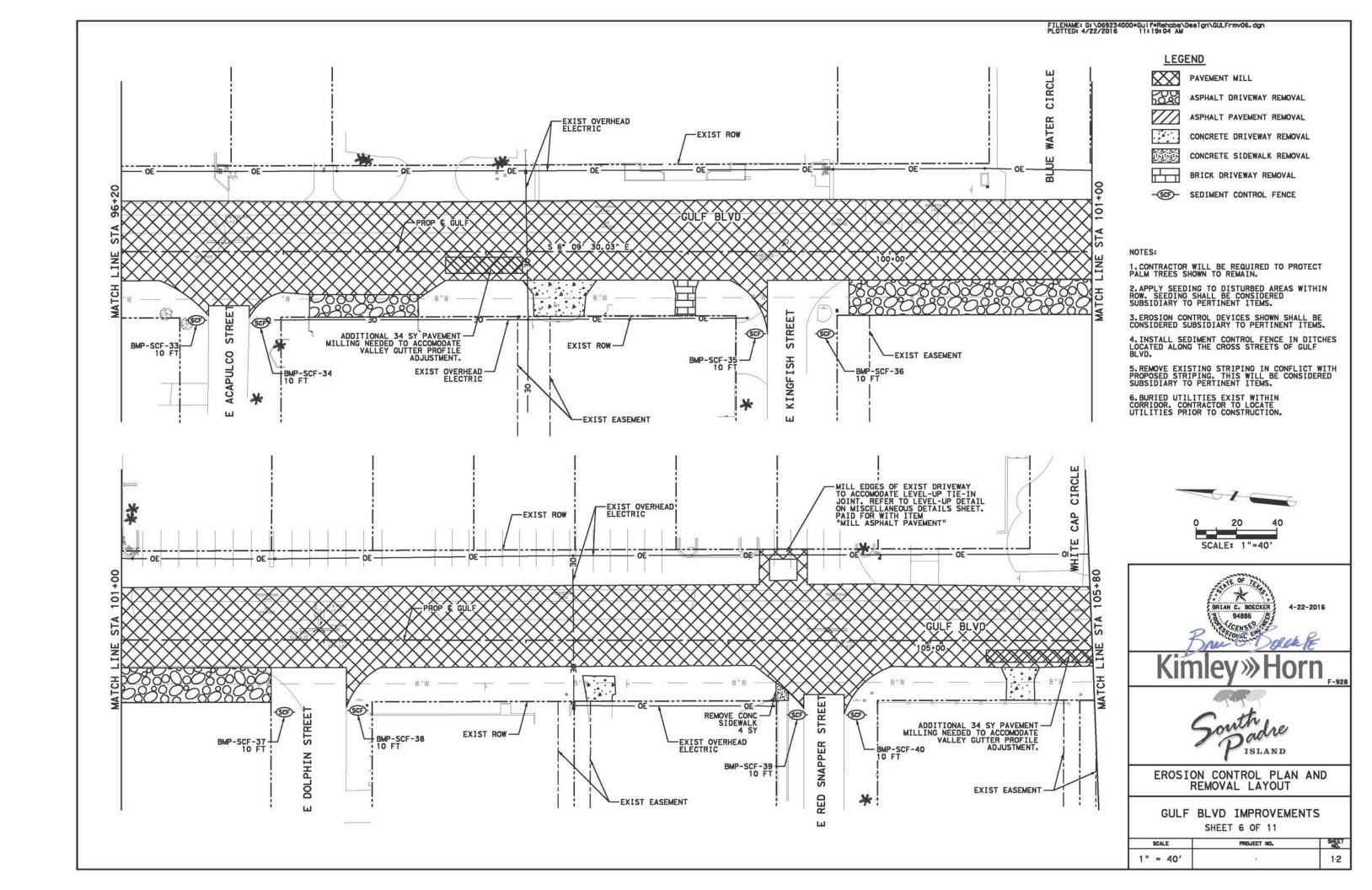
SCALE	PROJECT NO.	SHEE NO.
	92.1	6

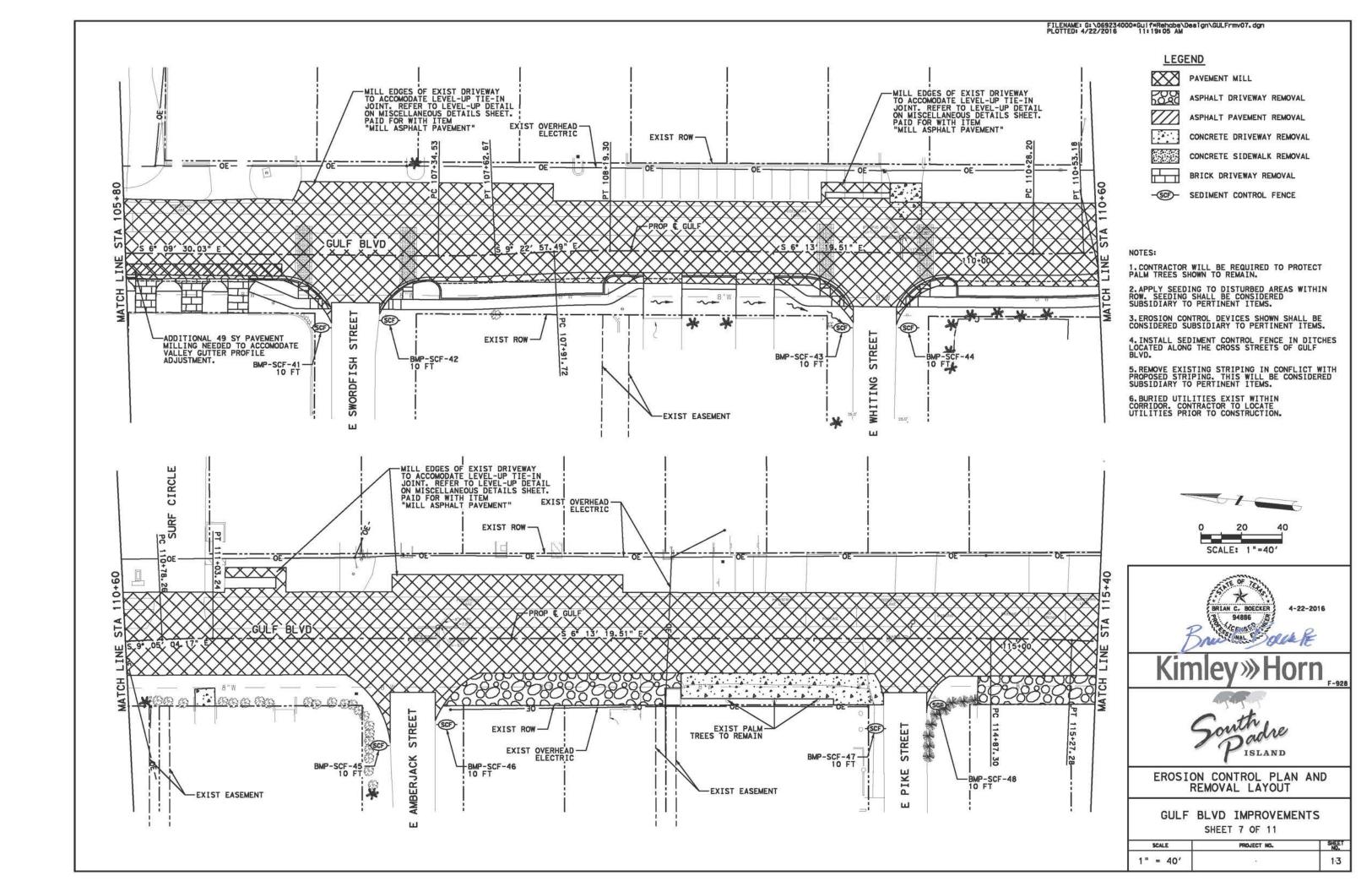


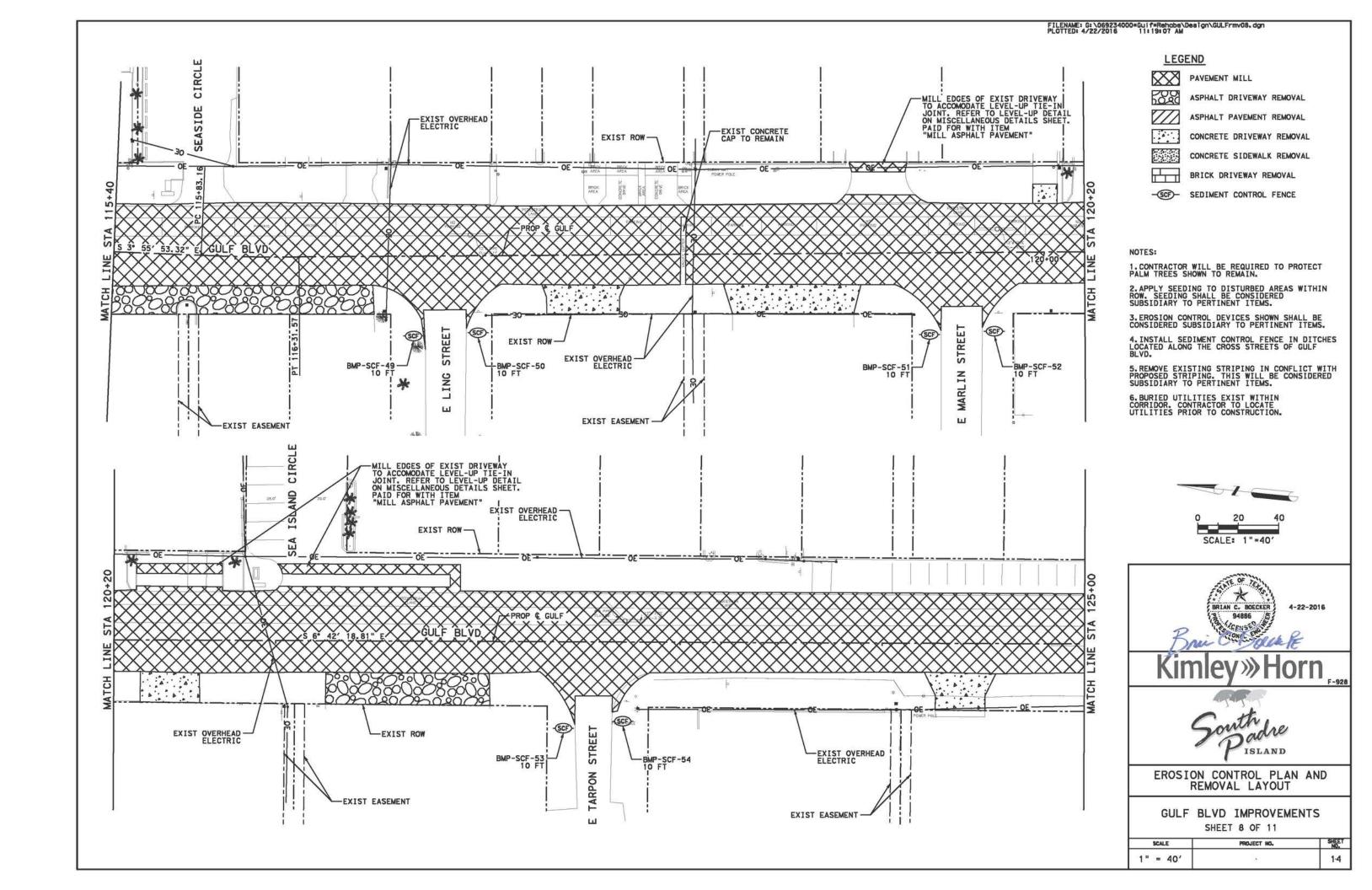


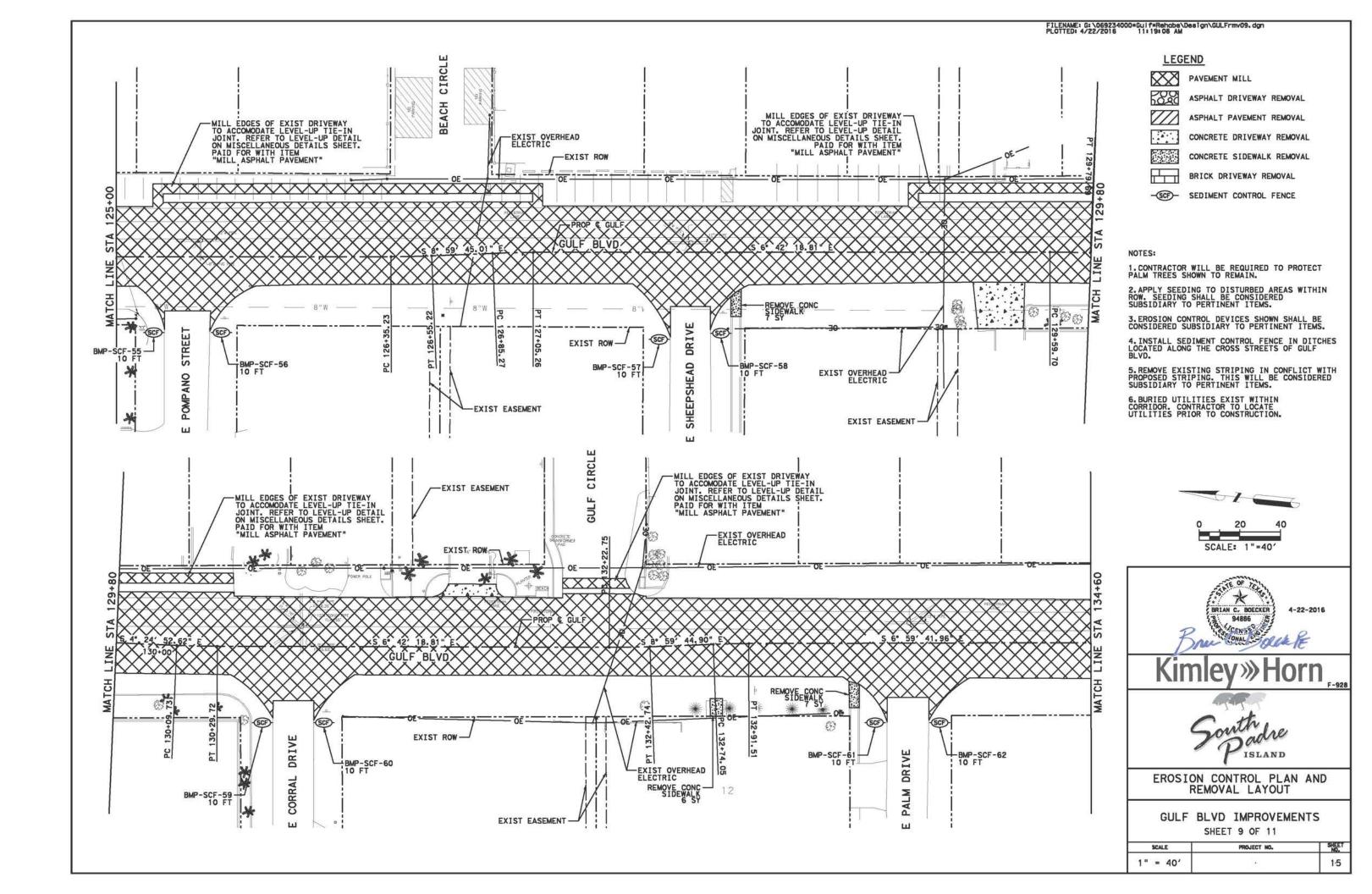


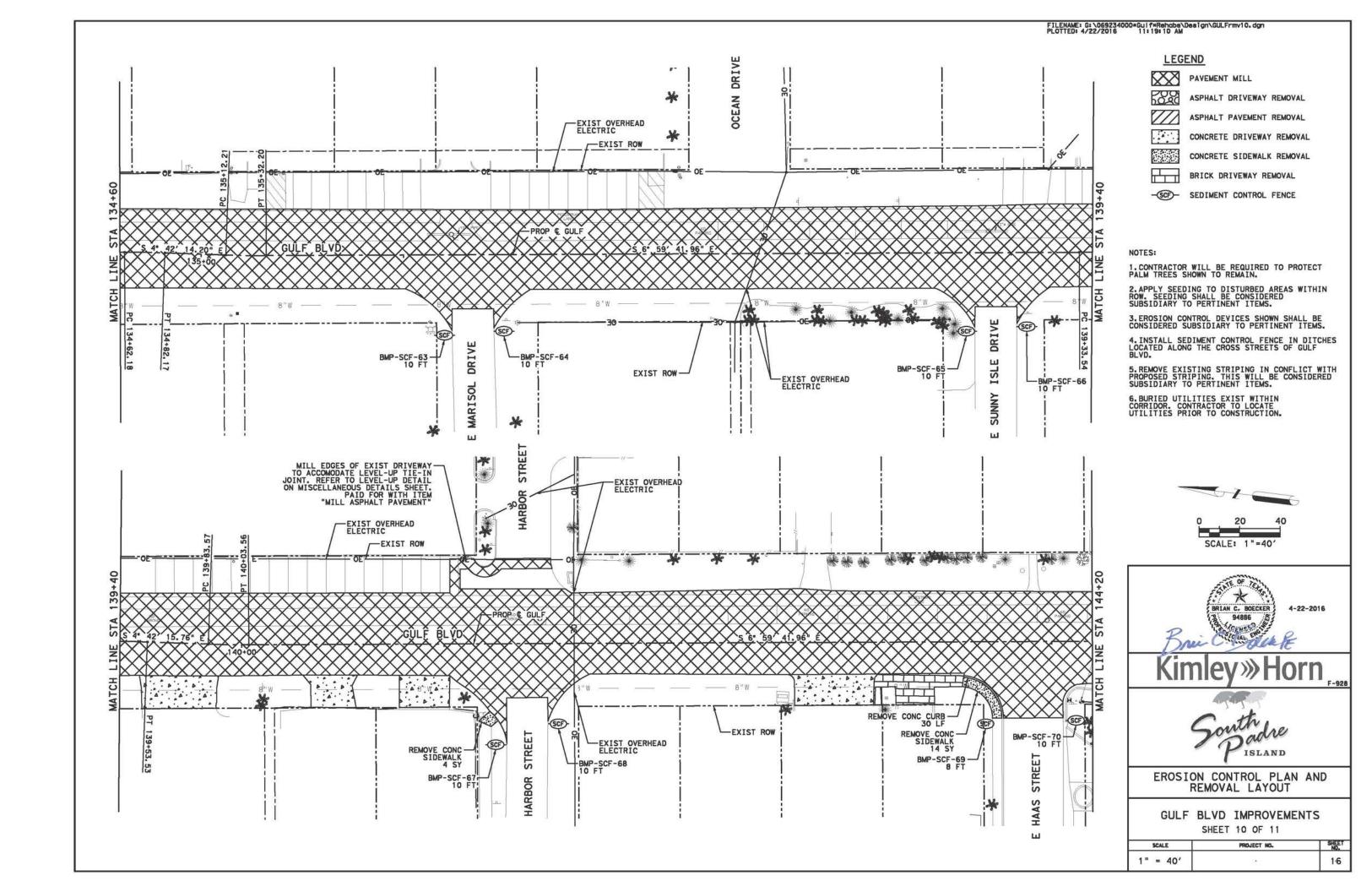


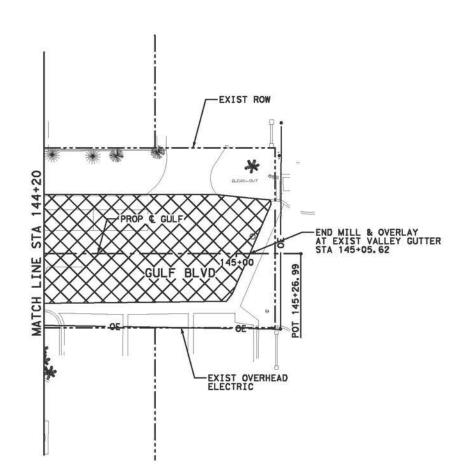












LEGEND

PAVEMENT MILL

ASPHALT DRIVEWAY REMOVAL

ASPHALT PAVEMENT REMOVAL

CONCRETE DRIVEWAY REMOVAL

CONCRETE SIDEWALK REMOVAL

BRICK DRIVEWAY REMOVAL

SCP—SEDIMENT CONTROL FENCE

NOTES:

1. CONTRACTOR WILL BE REQUIRED TO PROTECT PALM TREES SHOWN TO REMAIN.

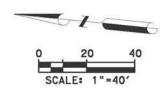
2.APPLY SEEDING TO DISTURBED AREAS WITHIN ROW. SEEDING SHALL BE CONSIDERED SUBSIDIARY TO PERTINENT ITEMS.

3. EROSION CONTROL DEVICES SHOWN SHALL BE CONSIDERED SUBSIDIARY TO PERTINENT ITEMS.

4. INSTALL SEDIMENT CONTROL FENCE IN DITCHES LOCATED ALONG THE CROSS STREETS OF GULF BLVD.

5. REMOVE EXISTING STRIPING IN CONFLICT WITH PROPOSED STRIPING. THIS WILL BE CONSIDERED SUBSIDIARY TO PERTINENT ITEMS.

6. BURIED UTILITIES EXIST WITHIN CORRIDOR. CONTRACTOR TO LOCATE UTILITIES PRIOR TO CONSTRUCTION.



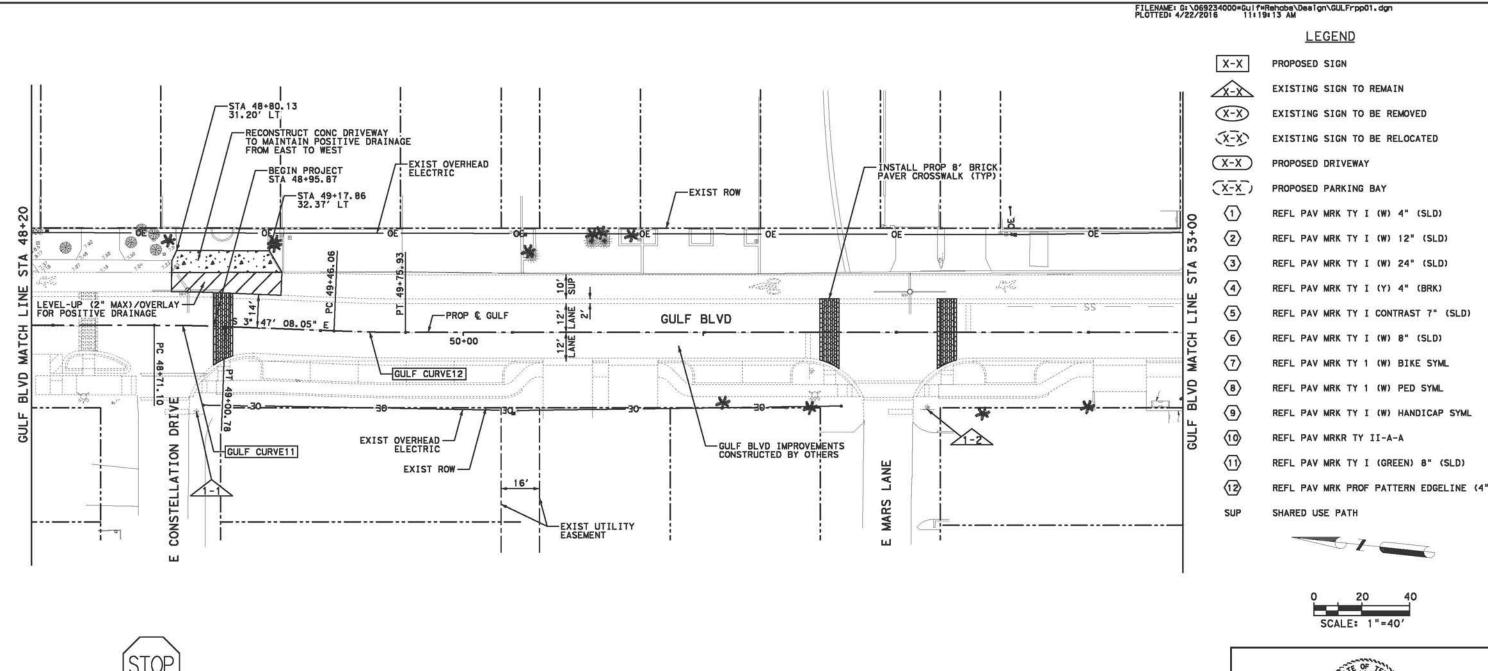




EROSION CONTROL PLAN AND REMOVAL LAYOUT

GULF BLVD IMPROVEMENTS
SHEET 11 OF 11

SCALE	PROJECT NO.	SHEET NO.
1" = 40'	<u> </u>	1.7





- 1. DIMENSIONS, STATIONS, AND OFFSETS GIVEN AT FACE OF CURB UNLESS OTHERWISE NOTED.
- 2. SEE MISCELLANEOUS DETAILS FOR DRIVEWAY AND PARKING BAY DETAILS.
- SEE REMOVAL SHEETS FOR LIMITS OF DRIVEWAY REMOVAL.
- 4. SEE MISCELLANEOUS DETAILS FOR CURB TRANSITION DETAILS AT BEGIN/END CURBS.
- 5. SEE MISCELLANEOUS DETAILS FOR MEDIAN AND IRRIGATION SLEEVE DETAILS.
- 6. CURB & GUTTER / VALLEY GUTTERS TO FOLLOW EXISTING ROADWAY GRADE UNLESS OTHERWISE NOTED IN THE PLANS BY SPECIFIC SPOT ELEVATIONS TO CONTROL GRADE OF CURB & GUTTER / VALLEY GUTTER.

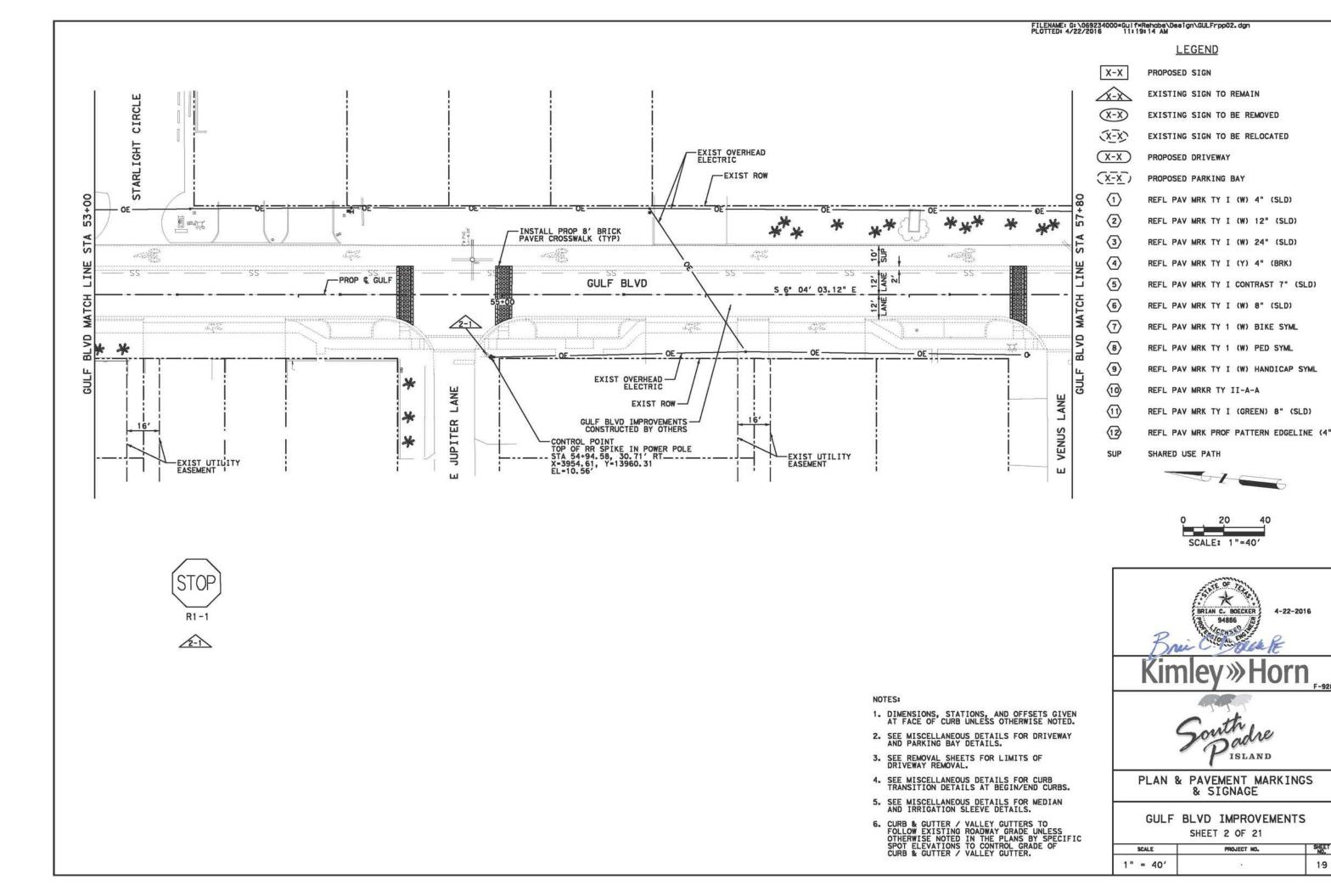




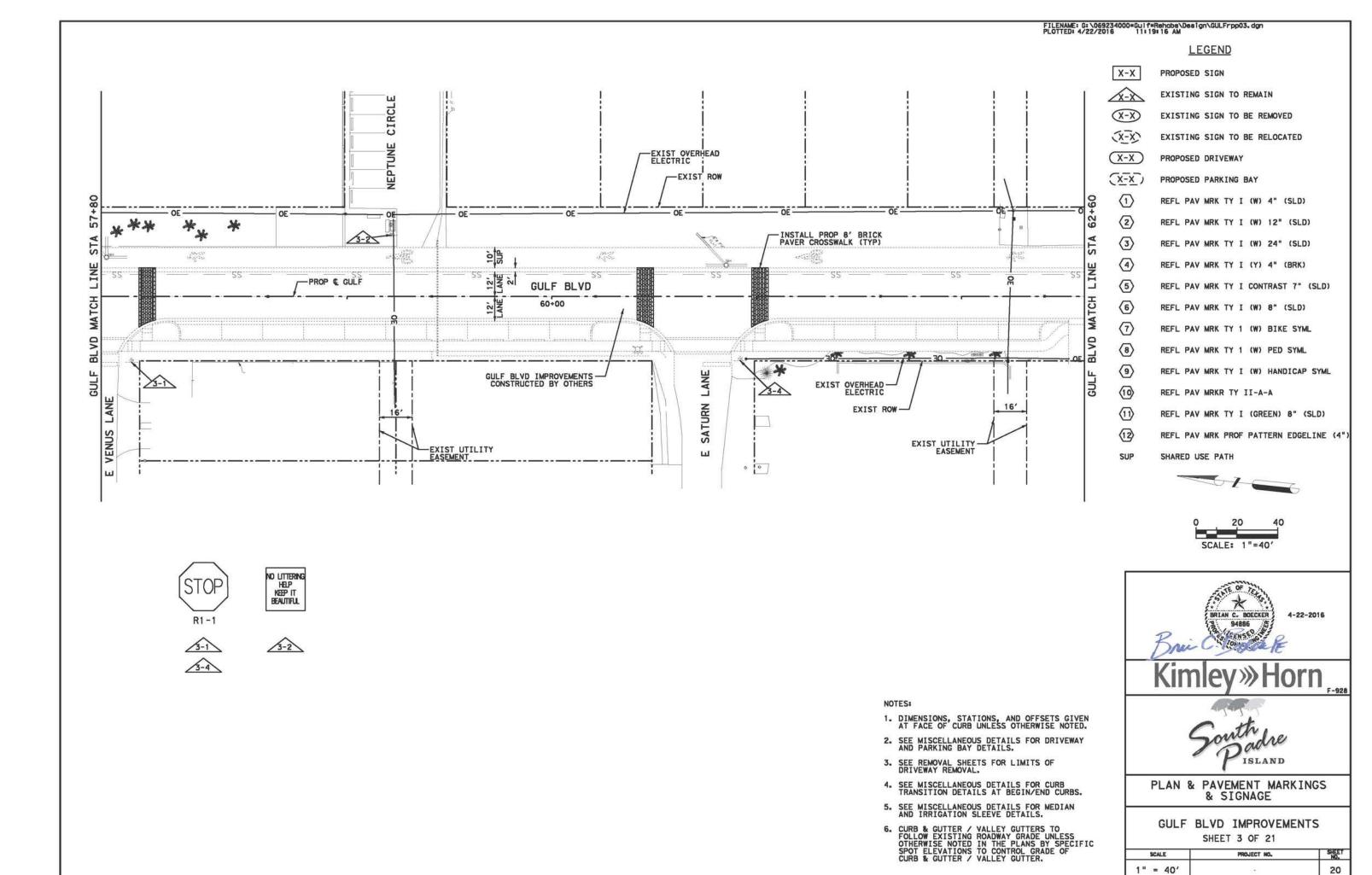
PLAN & PAVEMENT MARKINGS & SIGNAGE

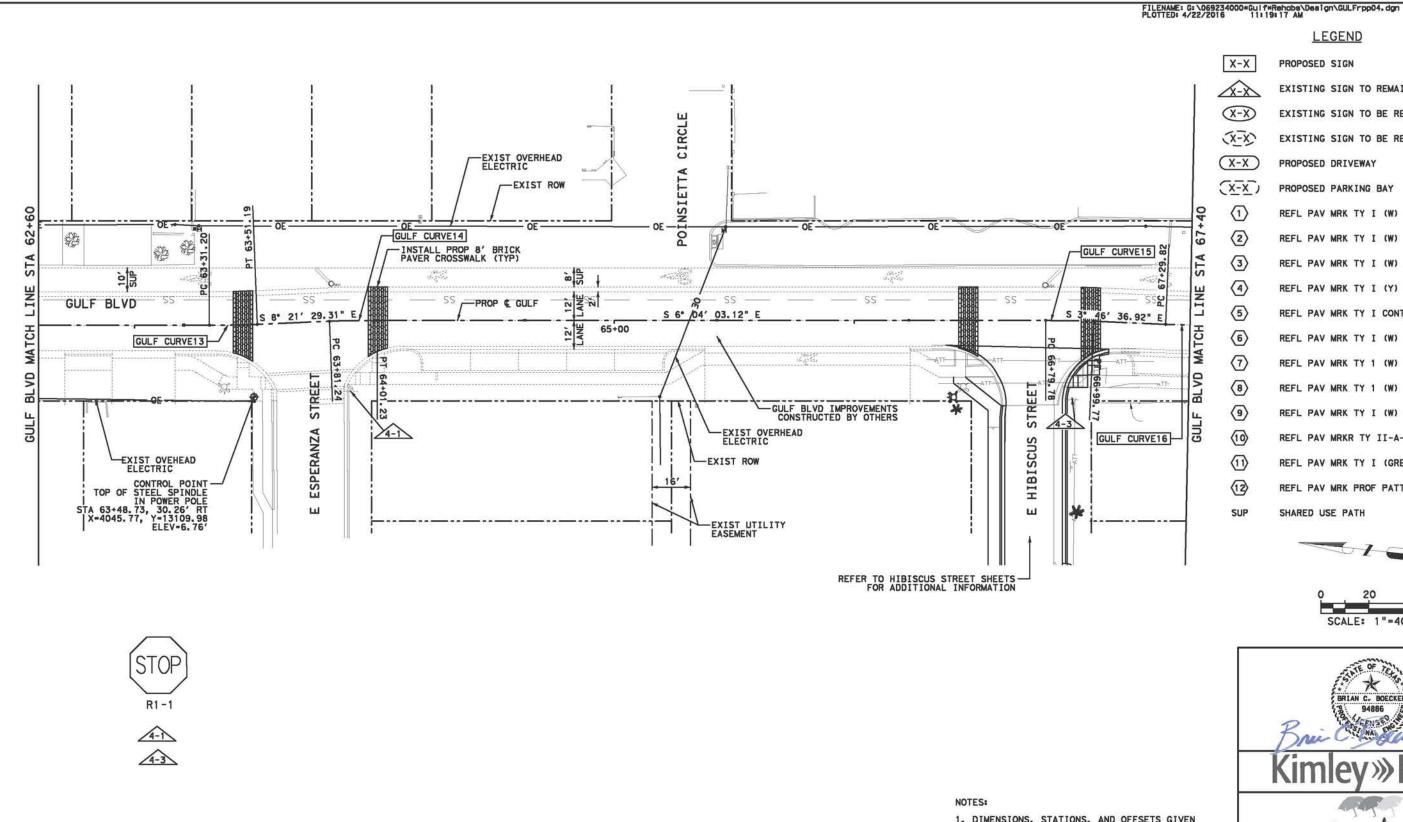
GULF BLVD IMPROVEMENTS SHEET 1 OF 21

SCALE	PROJECT NO.	SHEET NO.
1" = 40'	7.	1-8



1.9





- 1. DIMENSIONS, STATIONS, AND OFFSETS GIVEN AT FACE OF CURB UNLESS OTHERWISE NOTED.
- 2. SEE MISCELLANEOUS DETAILS FOR DRIVEWAY AND PARKING BAY DETAILS.
- SEE REMOVAL SHEETS FOR LIMITS OF DRIVEWAY REMOVAL.
- 4. SEE MISCELLANEOUS DETAILS FOR CURB TRANSITION DETAILS AT BEGIN/END CURBS.
- 5. SEE MISCELLANEOUS DETAILS FOR MEDIAN AND IRRIGATION SLEEVE DETAILS.
- 6. CURB & GUTTER / VALLEY GUTTERS TO FOLLOW EXISTING ROADWAY GRADE UNLESS OTHERWISE NOTED IN THE PLANS BY SPECIFIC SPOT ELEVATIONS TO CONTROL GRADE OF CURB & GUTTER / VALLEY GUTTER.

LEGEND

EXISTING SIGN TO REMAIN

EXISTING SIGN TO BE REMOVED

EXISTING SIGN TO BE RELOCATED

PROPOSED DRIVEWAY

PROPOSED PARKING BAY

REFL PAV MRK TY I (W) 4" (SLD)

REFL PAV MRK TY I (W) 12" (SLD)

REFL PAV MRK TY I (W) 24" (SLD)

REFL PAV MRK TY I (Y) 4" (BRK)

REFL PAV MRK TY I CONTRAST 7" (SLD)

REFL PAV MRK TY I (W) 8" (SLD)

REFL PAV MRK TY 1 (W) BIKE SYML

REFL PAV MRK TY 1 (W) PED SYML

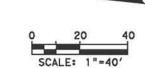
REFL PAV MRK TY I (W) HANDICAP SYML

REFL PAV MRKR TY II-A-A

REFL PAV MRK TY I (GREEN) 8" (SLD)

REFL PAV MRK PROF PATTERN EDGELINE (4"

SHARED USE PATH



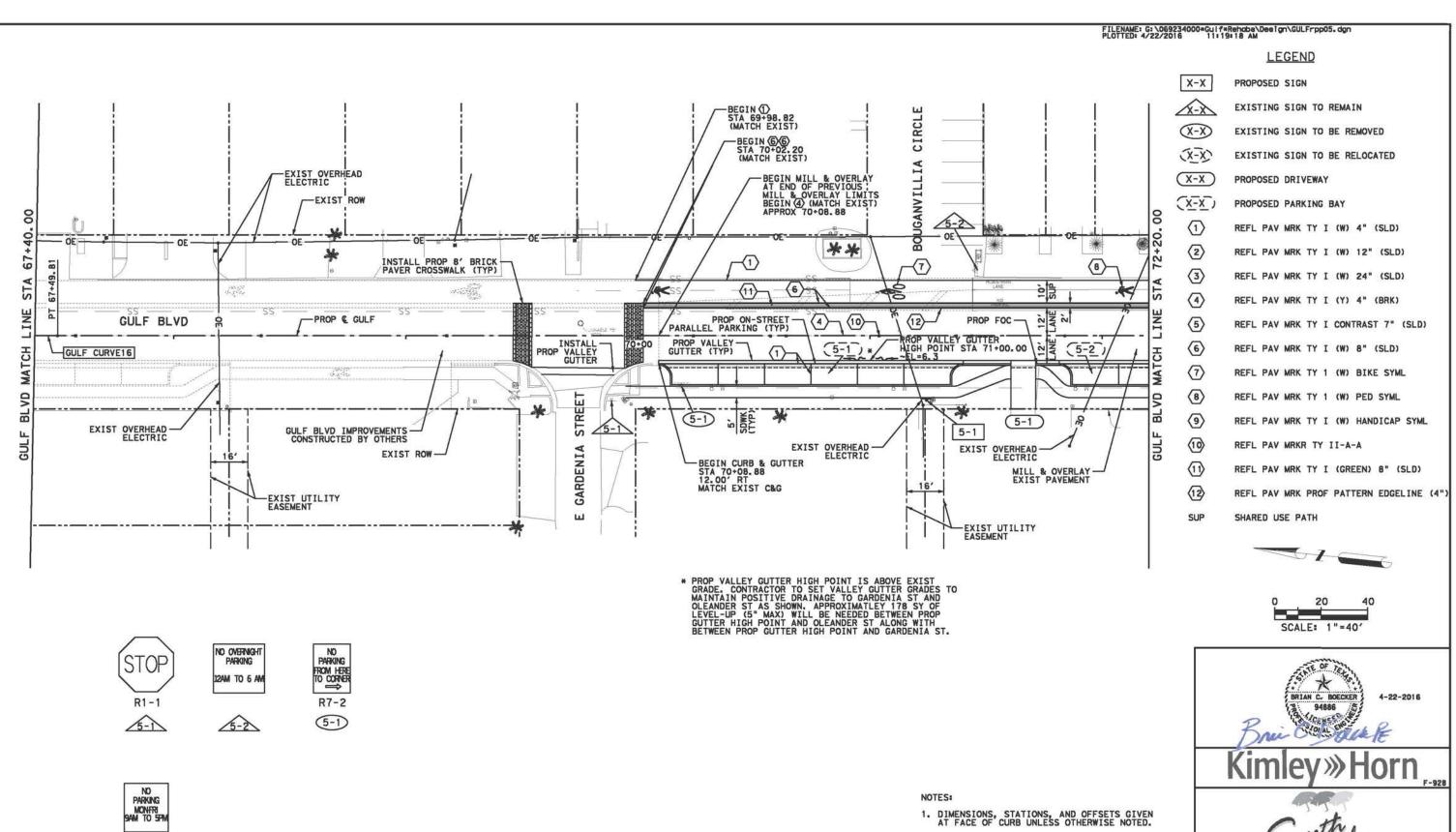




PLAN & PAVEMENT MARKINGS & SIGNAGE

GULF BLVD IMPROVEMENTS SHEET 4 OF 21

SCALE	PROJECT NO.	SHEET NO.
1" = 40'		21



R7-2 5-1

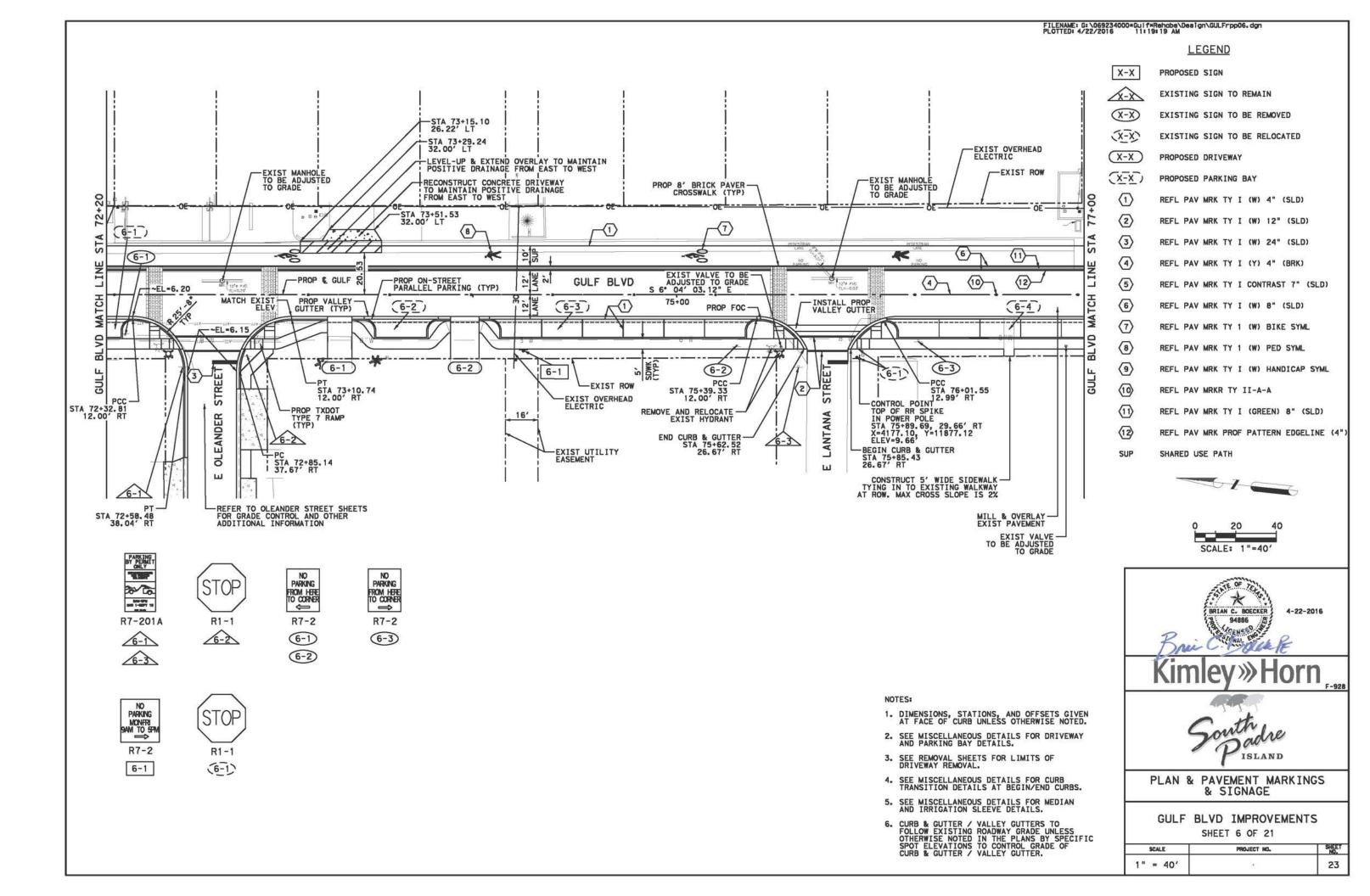
- 2. SEE MISCELLANEOUS DETAILS FOR DRIVEWAY AND PARKING BAY DETAILS.
- SEE REMOVAL SHEETS FOR LIMITS OF DRIVEWAY REMOVAL.
- 4. SEE MISCELLANEOUS DETAILS FOR CURB TRANSITION DETAILS AT BEGIN/END CURBS.
- 5. SEE MISCELLANEOUS DETAILS FOR MEDIAN AND IRRIGATION SLEEVE DETAILS.
- 6. CURB & GUTTER / VALLEY GUTTERS TO FOLLOW EXISTING ROADWAY GRADE UNLESS OTHERWISE NOTED IN THE PLANS BY SPECIFIC SPOT ELEVATIONS TO CONTROL GRADE OF CURB & GUTTER / VALLEY GUTTER.

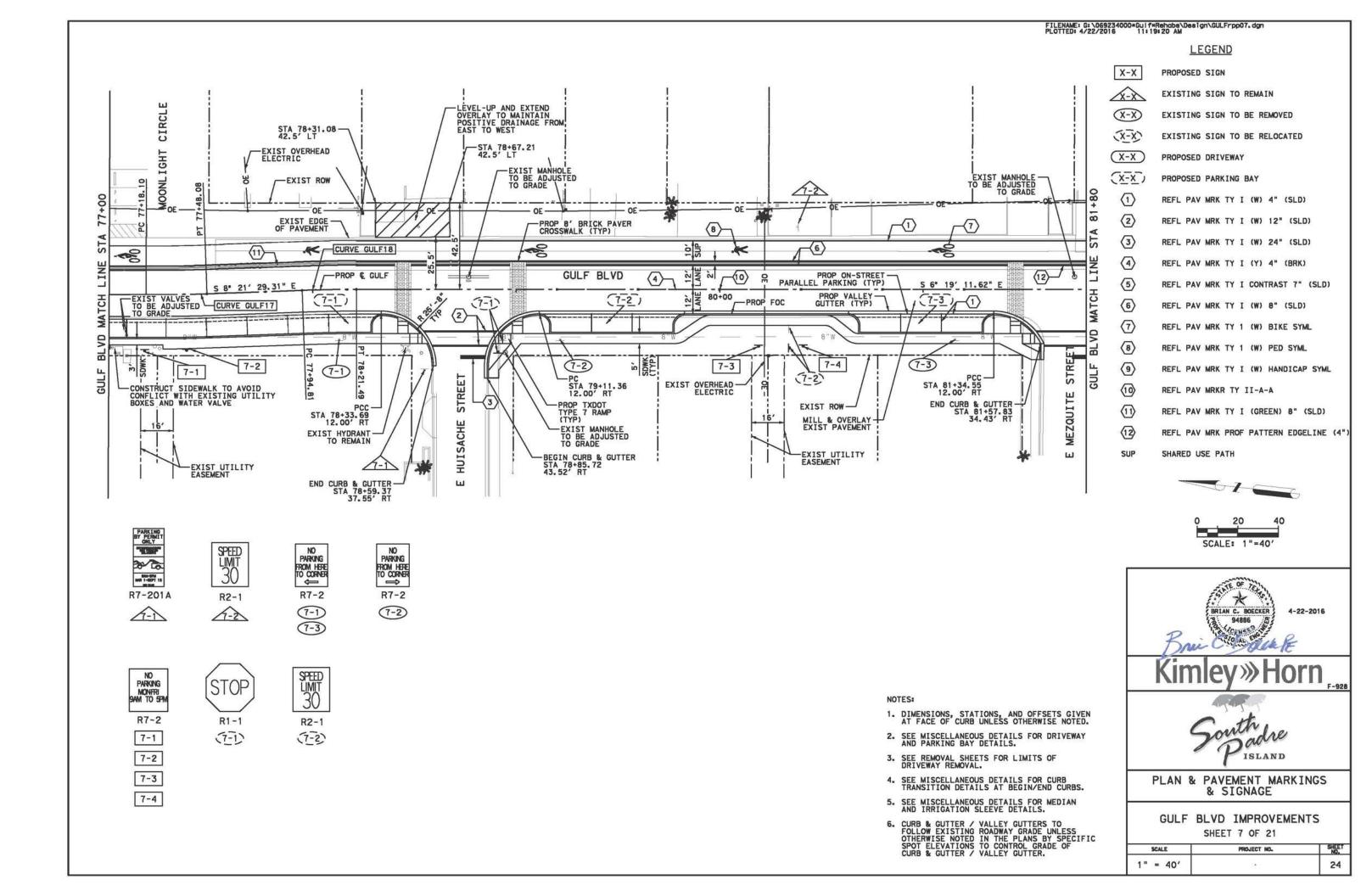


PLAN & PAVEMENT MARKINGS & SIGNAGE

GULF BLVD IMPROVEMENTS SHEET 5 OF 21

SCALE	PROJECT NO.	SHEET NO.
1" = 40'	2	22







LEGEND

X-X

PROPOSED SIGN

EXISTING SIGN TO REMAIN

EXISTING SIGN TO BE REMOVED

EXISTING SIGN TO BE RELOCATED

PROPOSED DRIVEWAY

PROPOSED PARKING BAY

REFL PAV MRK TY I (W) 4" (SLD)

REFL PAV MRK TY I (W) 12" (SLD)

REFL PAV MRK TY I (W) 24" (SLD)

REFL PAV MRK TY I (Y) 4" (BRK)

REFL PAV MRK TY I CONTRAST 7" (SLD)

REFL PAV MRK TY I (W) 8" (SLD)

REFL PAV MRK TY 1 (W) BIKE SYML

REFL PAV MRK TY 1 (W) PED SYML

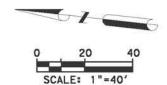
REFL PAV MRK TY I (W) HANDICAP SYML

REFL PAV MRKR TY II-A-A

REFL PAV MRK TY I (GREEN) B" (SLD)

REFL PAV MRK PROF PATTERN EDGELINE (4"

SHARED USE PATH



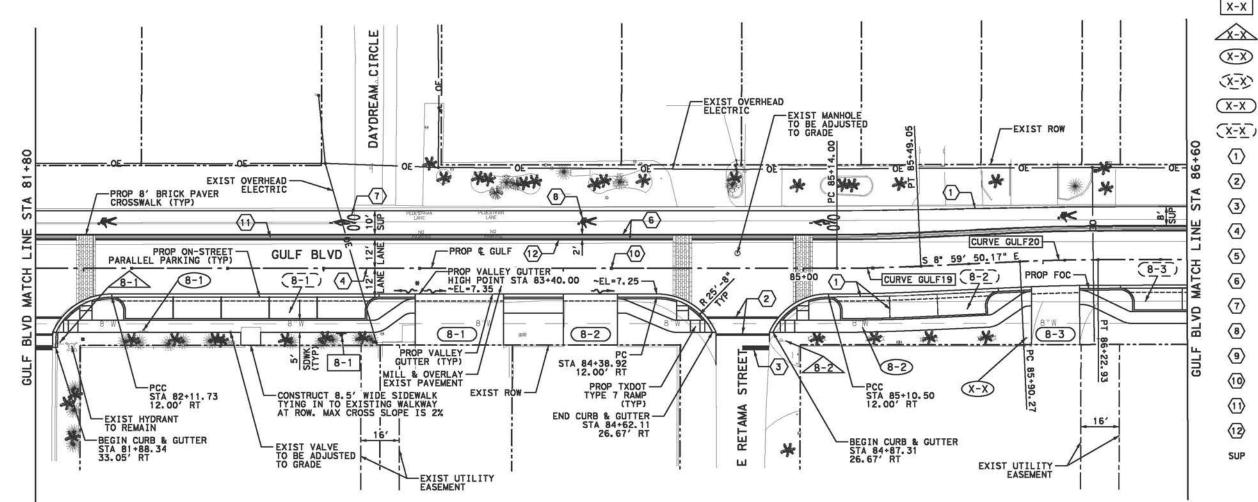




PLAN & PAVEMENT MARKINGS & SIGNAGE

GULF BLVD IMPROVEMENTS SHEET 8 OF 21

SCALE	PROJECT NO.	SHEET NO.
= 40'	i.	25





8-2



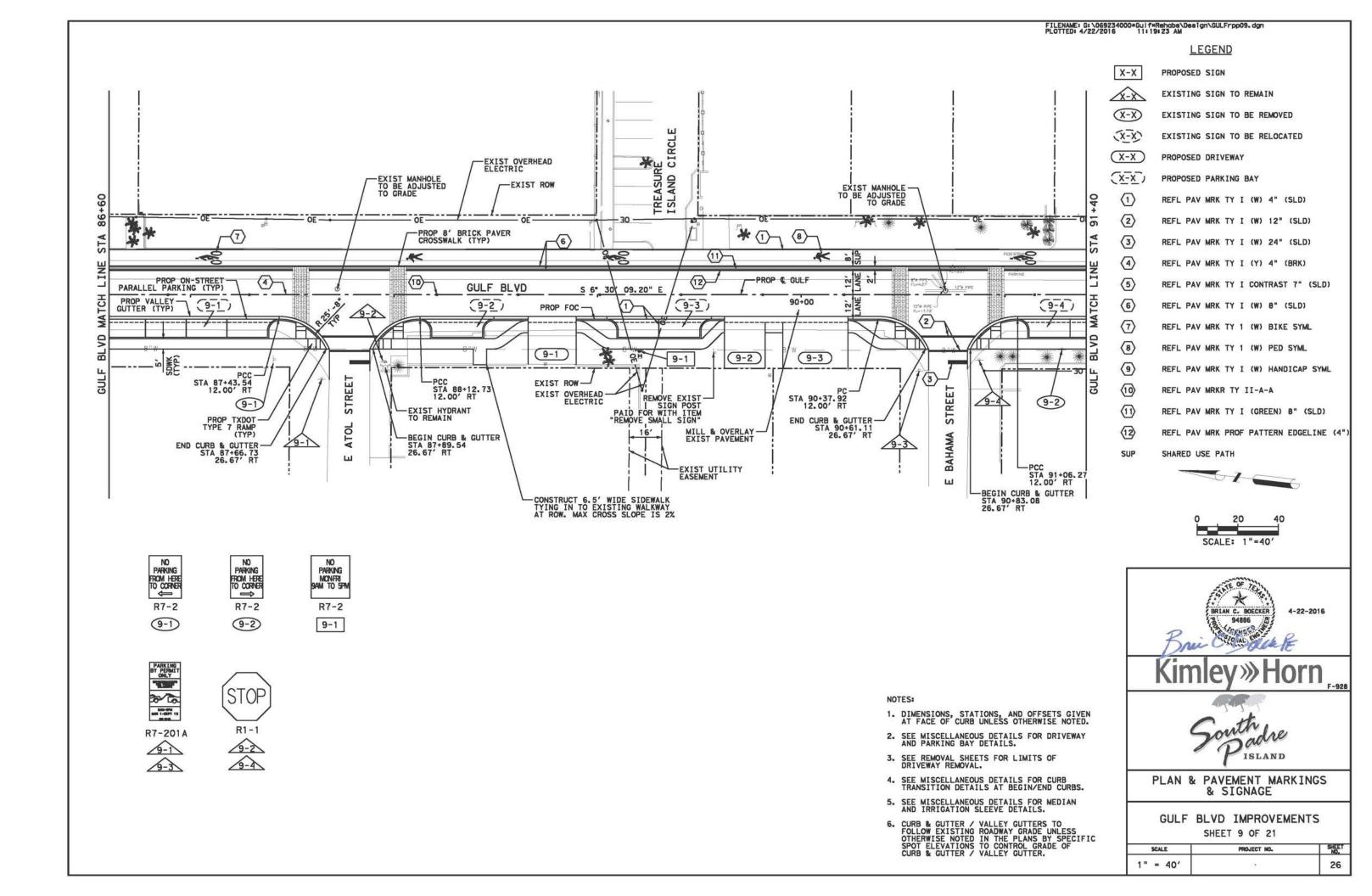
8-2

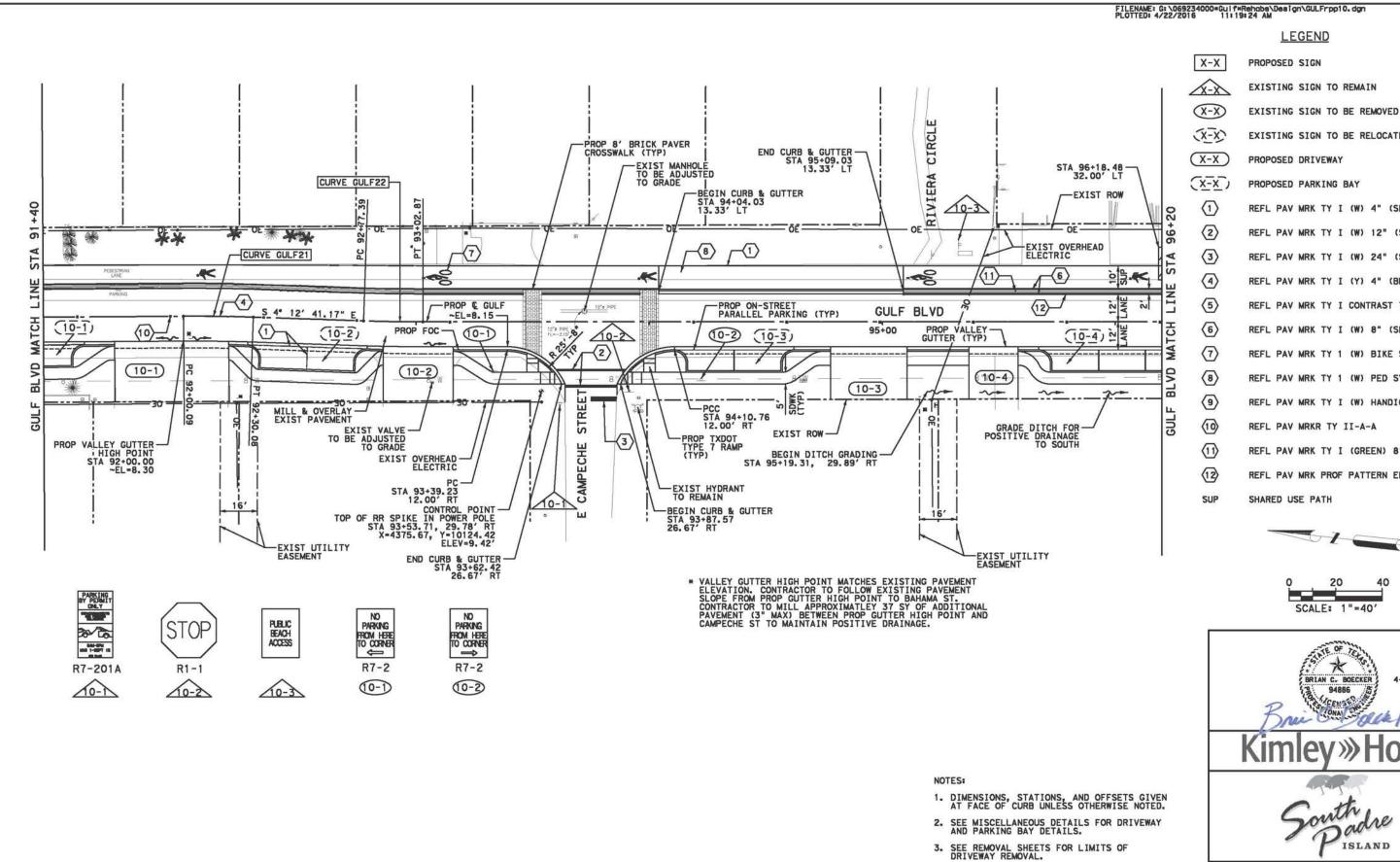


* VALLEY GUTTER HIGH POINT MATCHES EXISTING PAVEMENT ELEVATION. CONTRACTOR TO FOLLOW EXISTING PAVEMENT SLOPE FROM PROP GUTTER HIGH POINT TO MEZQUITE ST. CONTRACTOR TO ADD APPROXIMATLEY 40 SY OF LEVEL-UP (1" MAX) BETWEEN PROP GUTTER HIGH POINT AND RETAMA ST TO MAINTAIN POSITIVE DRAINAGE.

NOTES:

- 1. DIMENSIONS, STATIONS, AND OFFSETS GIVEN AT FACE OF CURB UNLESS OTHERWISE NOTED.
- 2. SEE MISCELLANEOUS DETAILS FOR DRIVEWAY AND PARKING BAY DETAILS.
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- 5. SEE MISCELLANEOUS DETAILS FOR MEDIAN AND IRRIGATION SLEEVE DETAILS.
- 6. CURB & GUTTER / VALLEY GUTTERS TO FOLLOW EXISTING ROADWAY GRADE UNLESS OTHERWISE NOTED IN THE PLANS BY SPECIFIC SPOT ELEVATIONS TO CONTROL GRADE OF CURB & GUTTER / VALLEY GUTTER.





EXISTING SIGN TO REMAIN

EXISTING SIGN TO BE RELOCATED

PROPOSED PARKING BAY

REFL PAV MRK TY I (W) 4" (SLD)

REFL PAV MRK TY I (W) 12" (SLD)

REFL PAV MRK TY I (W) 24" (SLD)

REFL PAV MRK TY I (Y) 4" (BRK)

REFL PAV MRK TY I CONTRAST 7" (SLD)

REFL PAV MRK TY I (W) 8" (SLD)

REFL PAV MRK TY 1 (W) BIKE SYML

REFL PAV MRK TY 1 (W) PED SYML

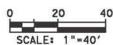
REFL PAV MRK TY I (W) HANDICAP SYML

REFL PAV MRKR TY II-A-A

REFL PAV MRK TY I (GREEN) B" (SLD)

REFL PAV MRK PROF PATTERN EDGELINE (4"









PLAN & PAVEMENT MARKINGS & SIGNAGE

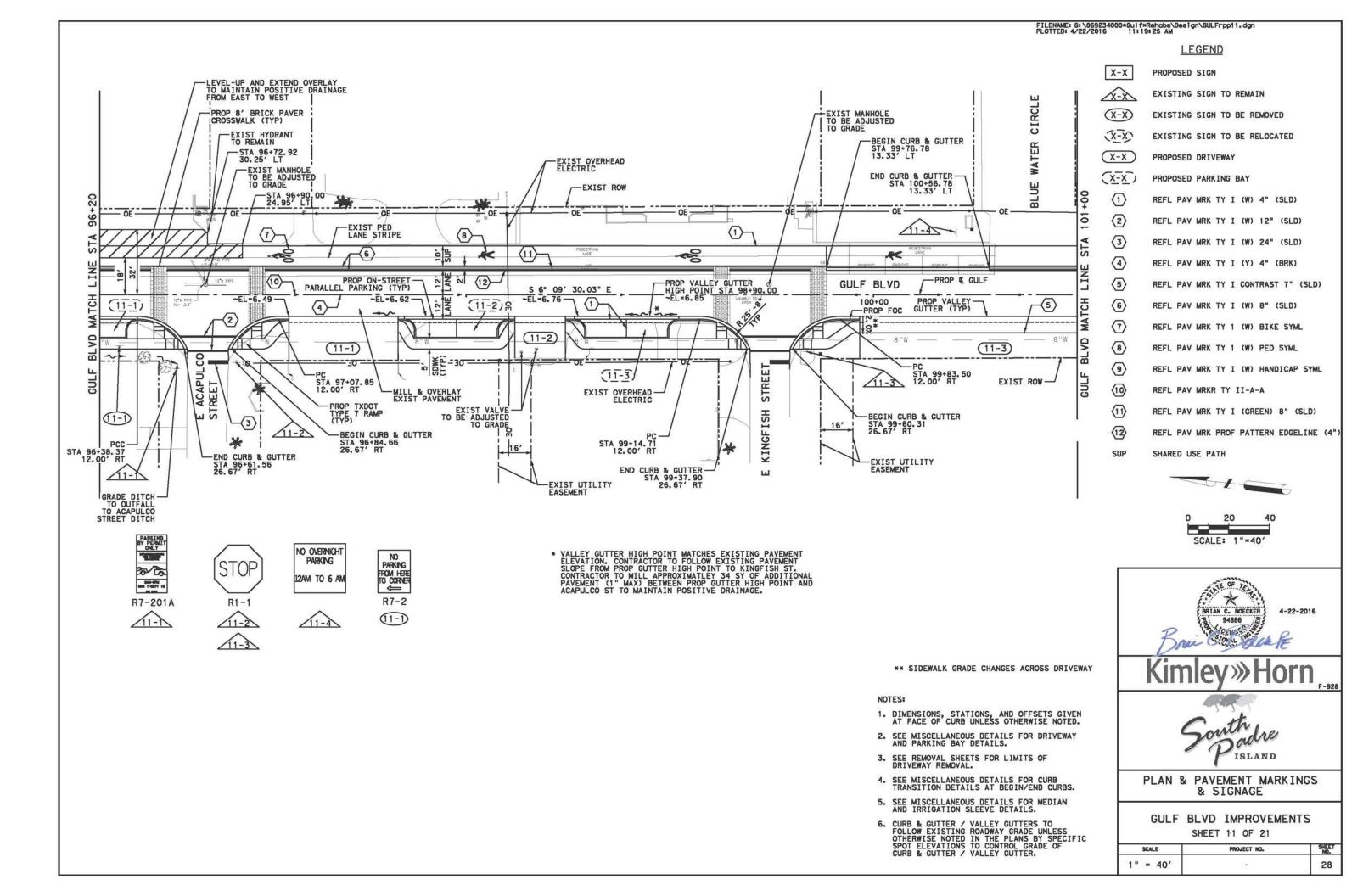
4. SEE MISCELLANEOUS DETAILS FOR CURB TRANSITION DETAILS AT BEGIN/END CURBS.

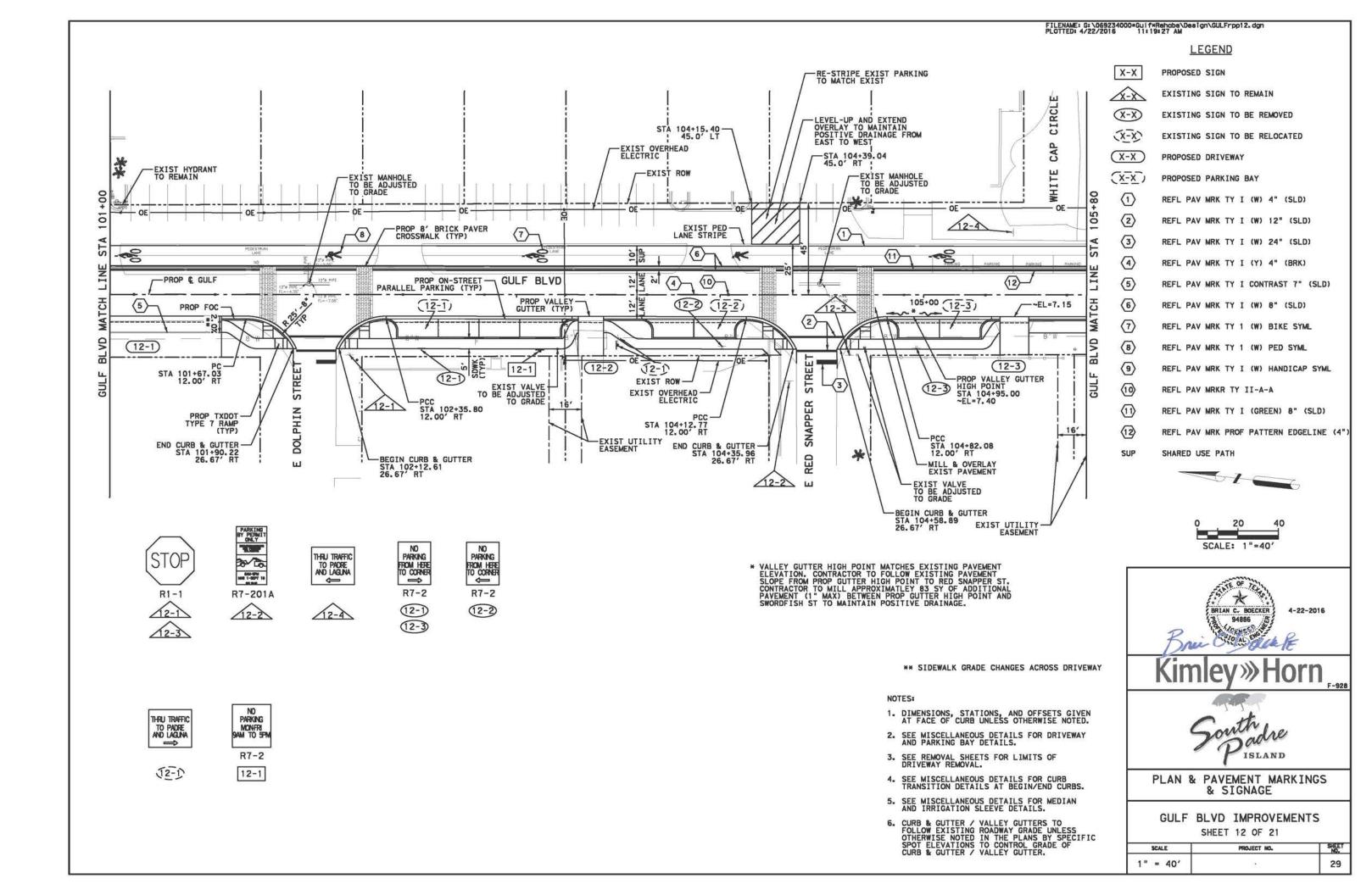
5. SEE MISCELLANEOUS DETAILS FOR MEDIAN AND IRRIGATION SLEEVE DETAILS.

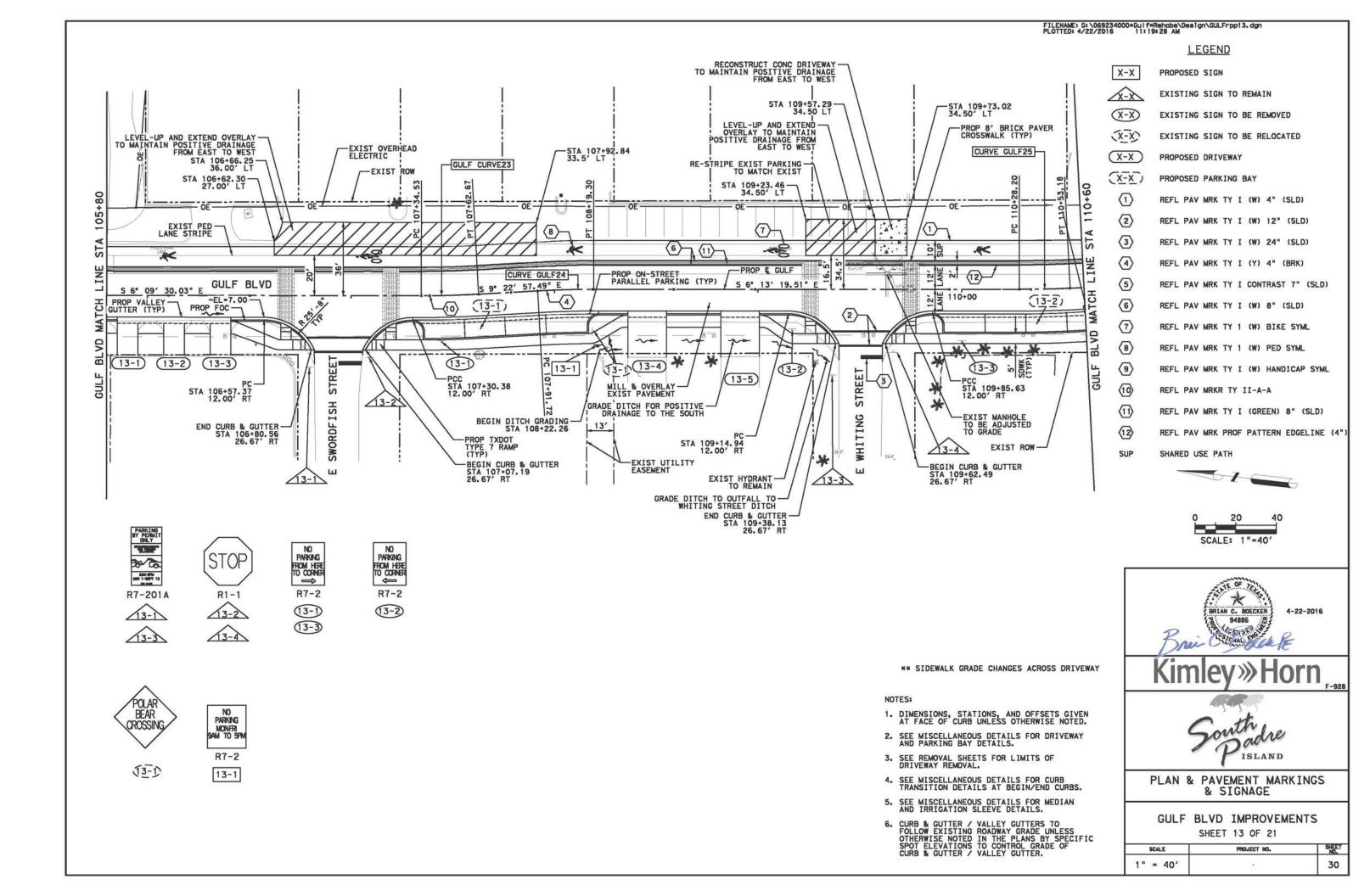
6. CURB & GUTTER / VALLEY GUTTERS TO FOLLOW EXISTING ROADWAY GRADE UNLESS OTHERWISE NOTED IN THE PLANS BY SPECIFIC SPOT ELEVATIONS TO CONTROL GRADE OF CURB & GUTTER / VALLEY GUTTER.

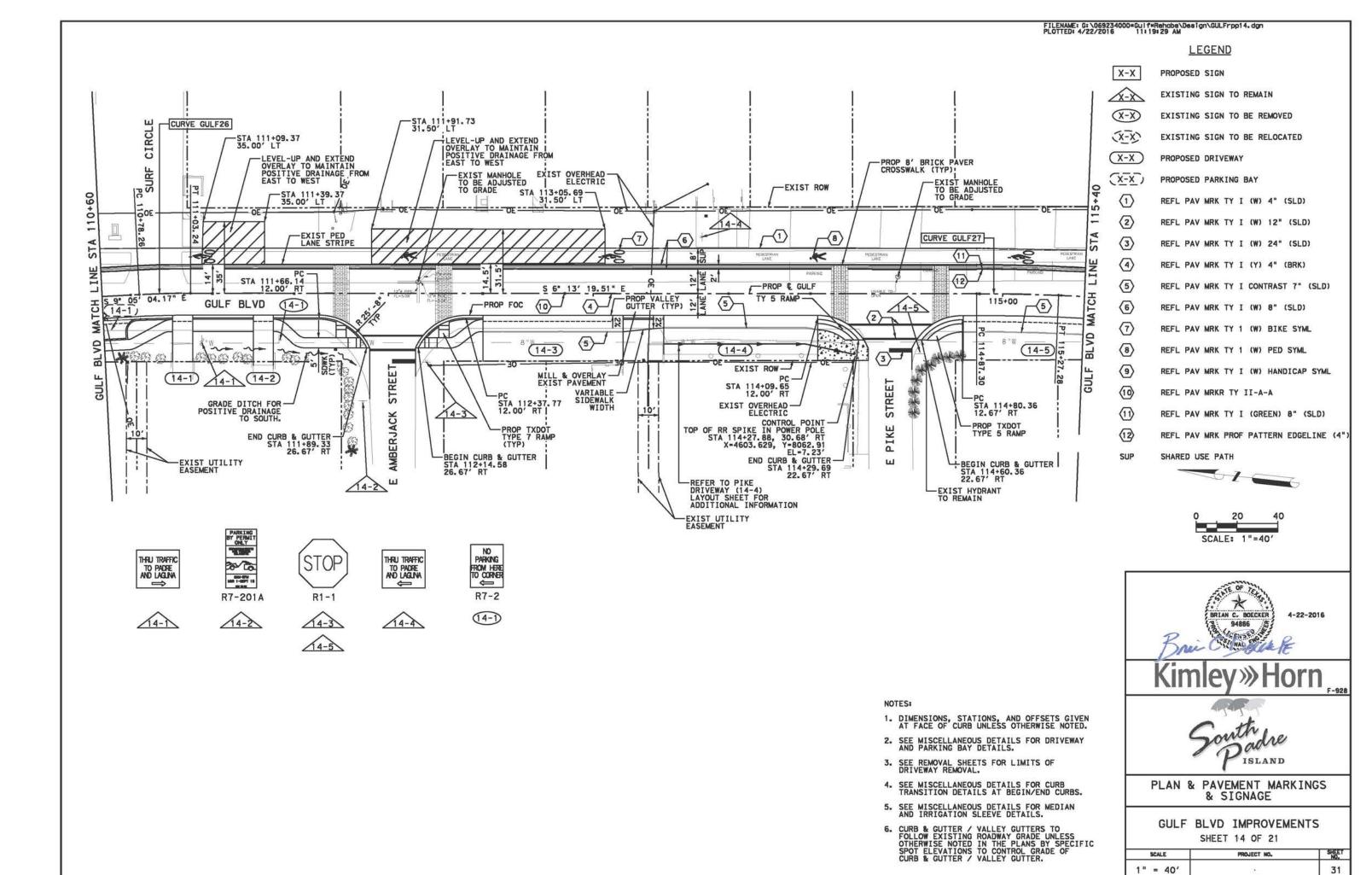
GULF BLVD IMPROVEMENTS SHEET 10 OF 21

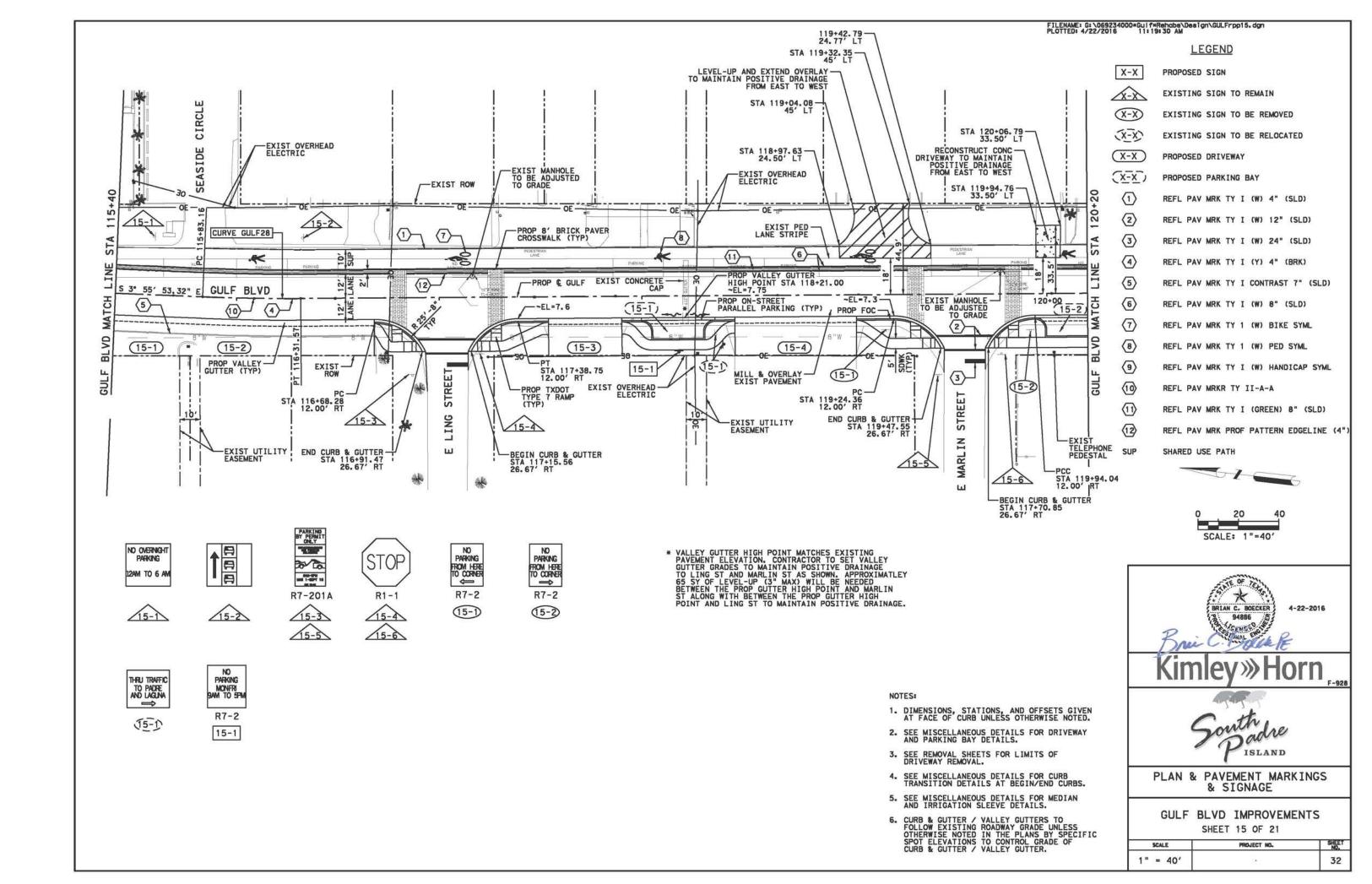
SCALE	PROJECT NO.	SHEET NO.
1" = 40'		27

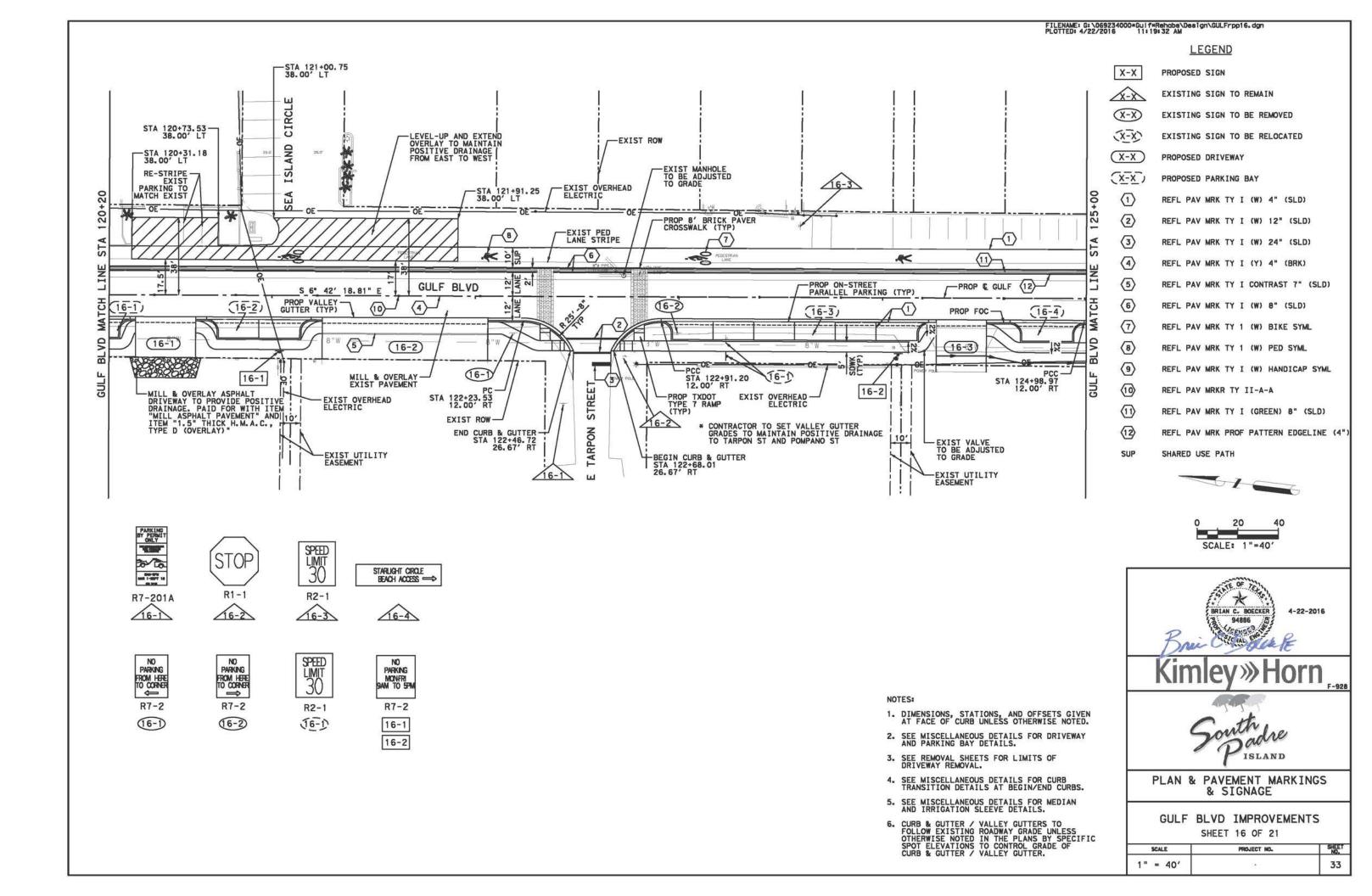


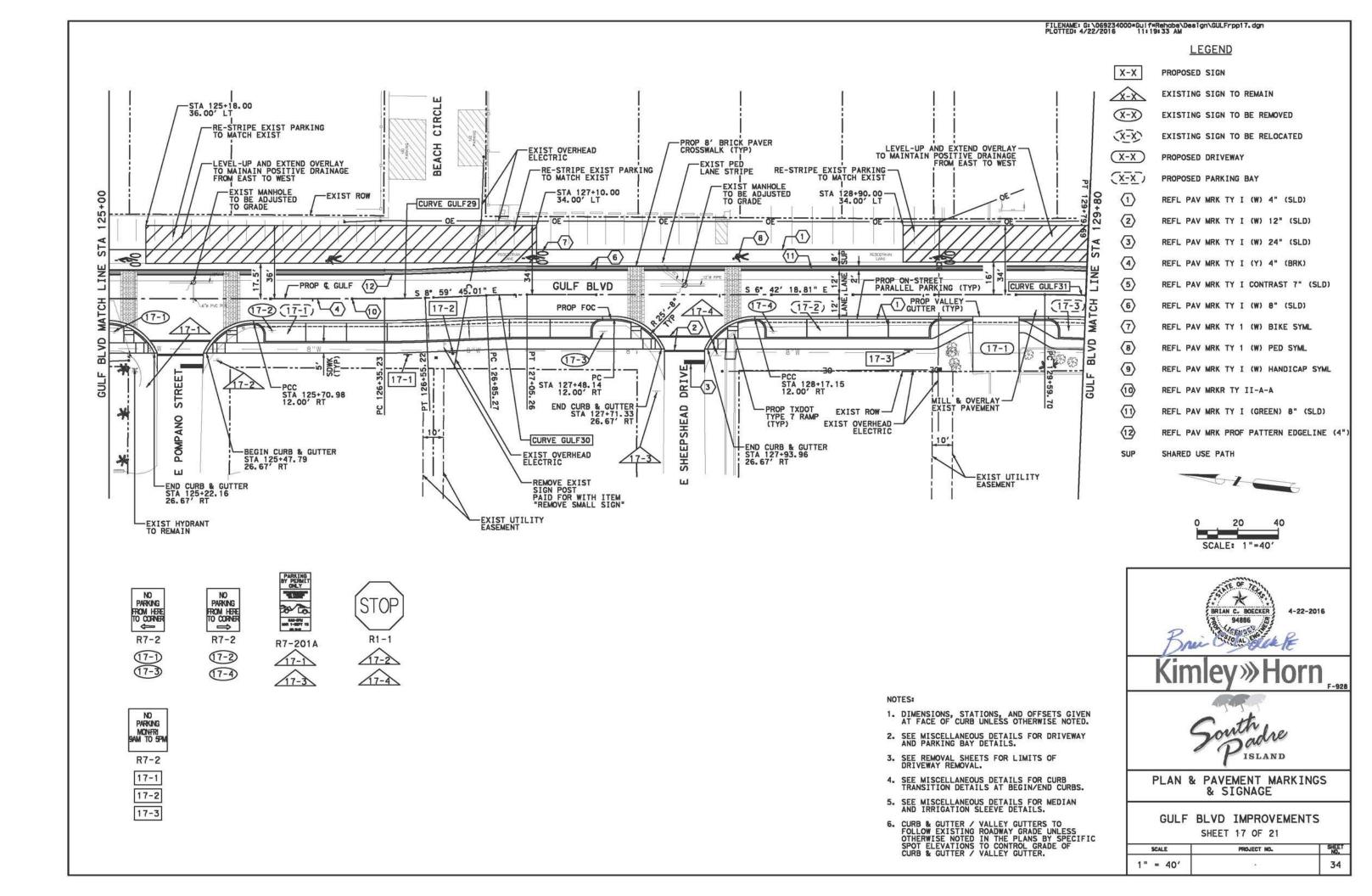


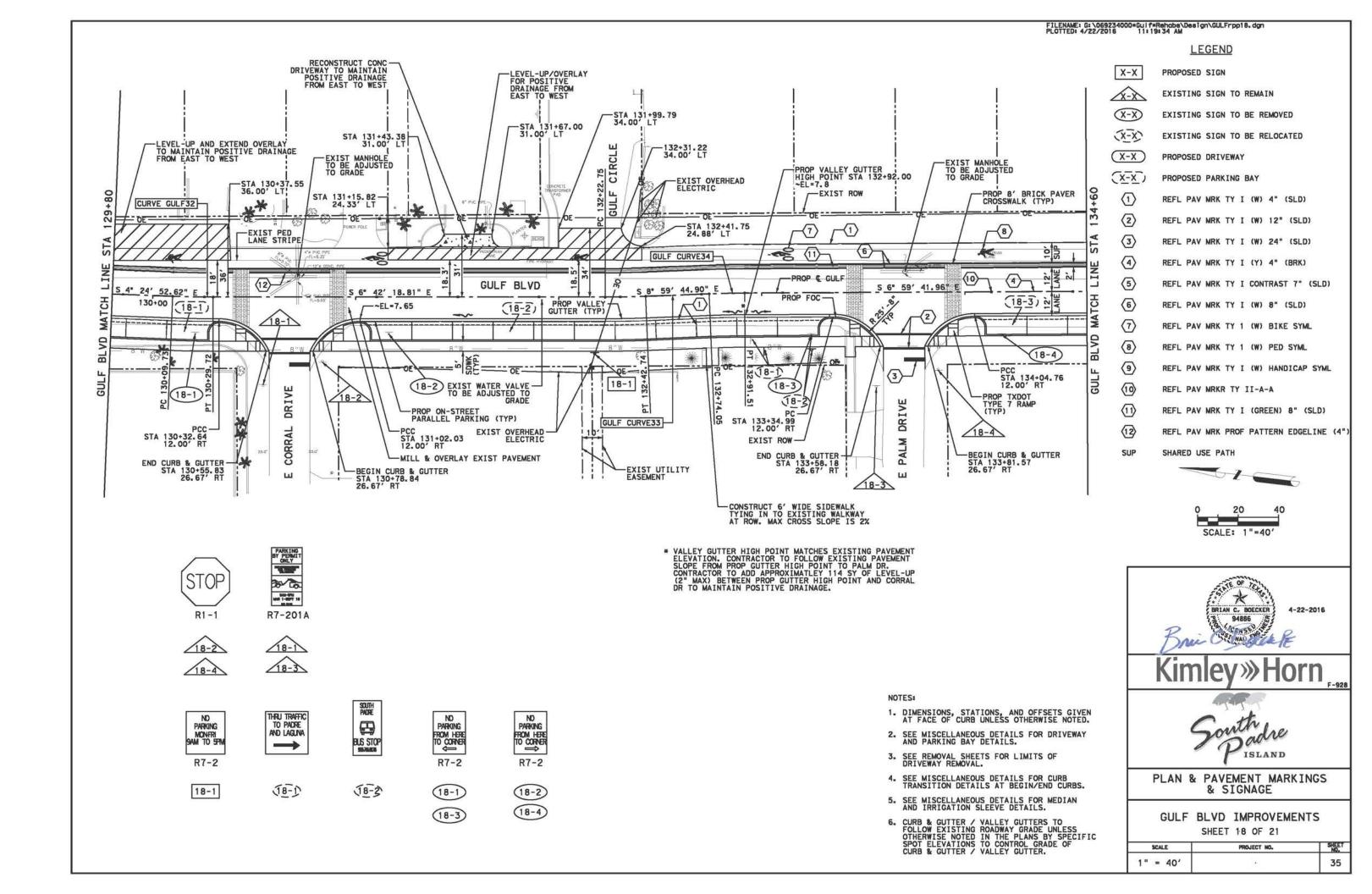


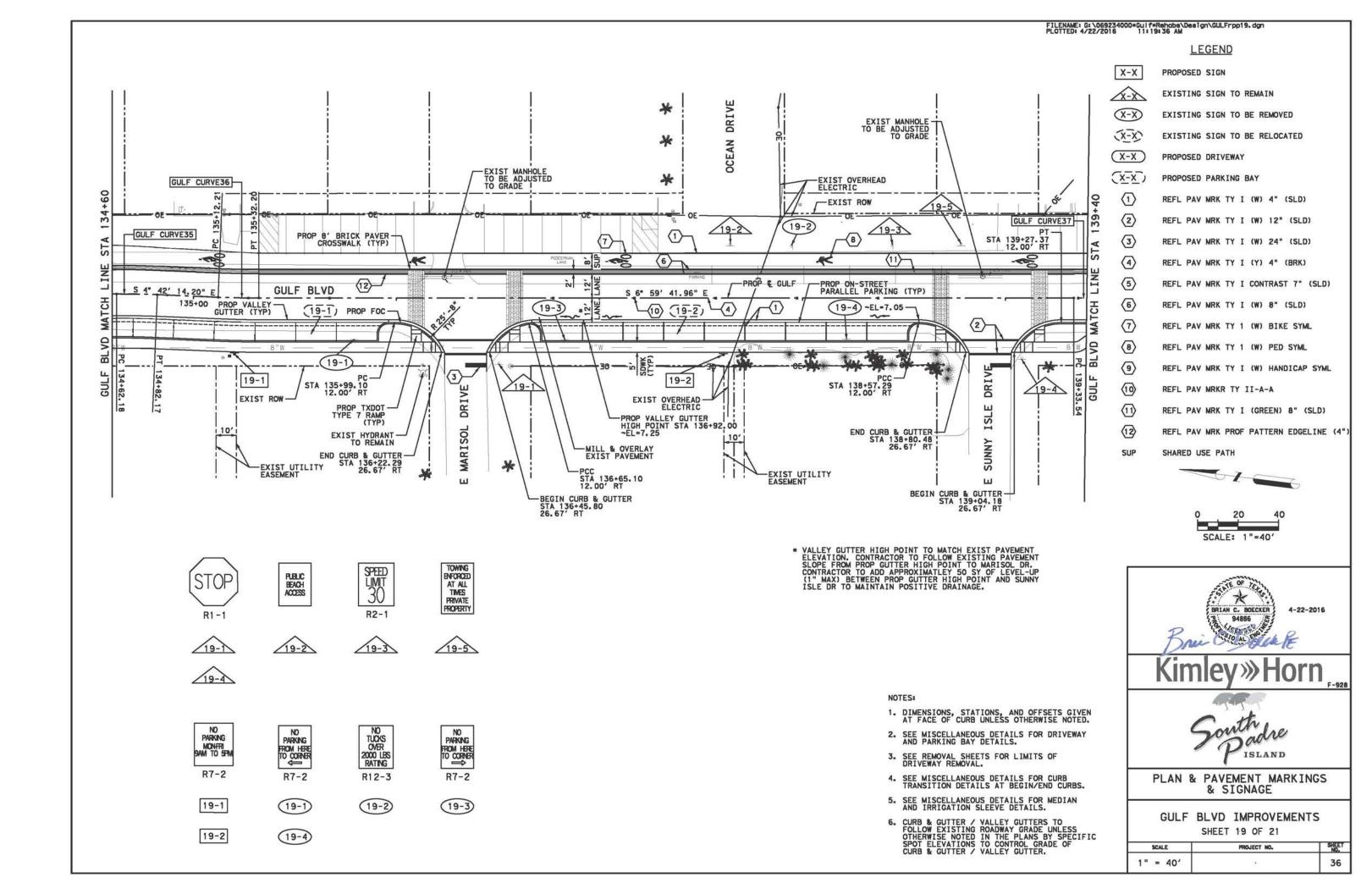


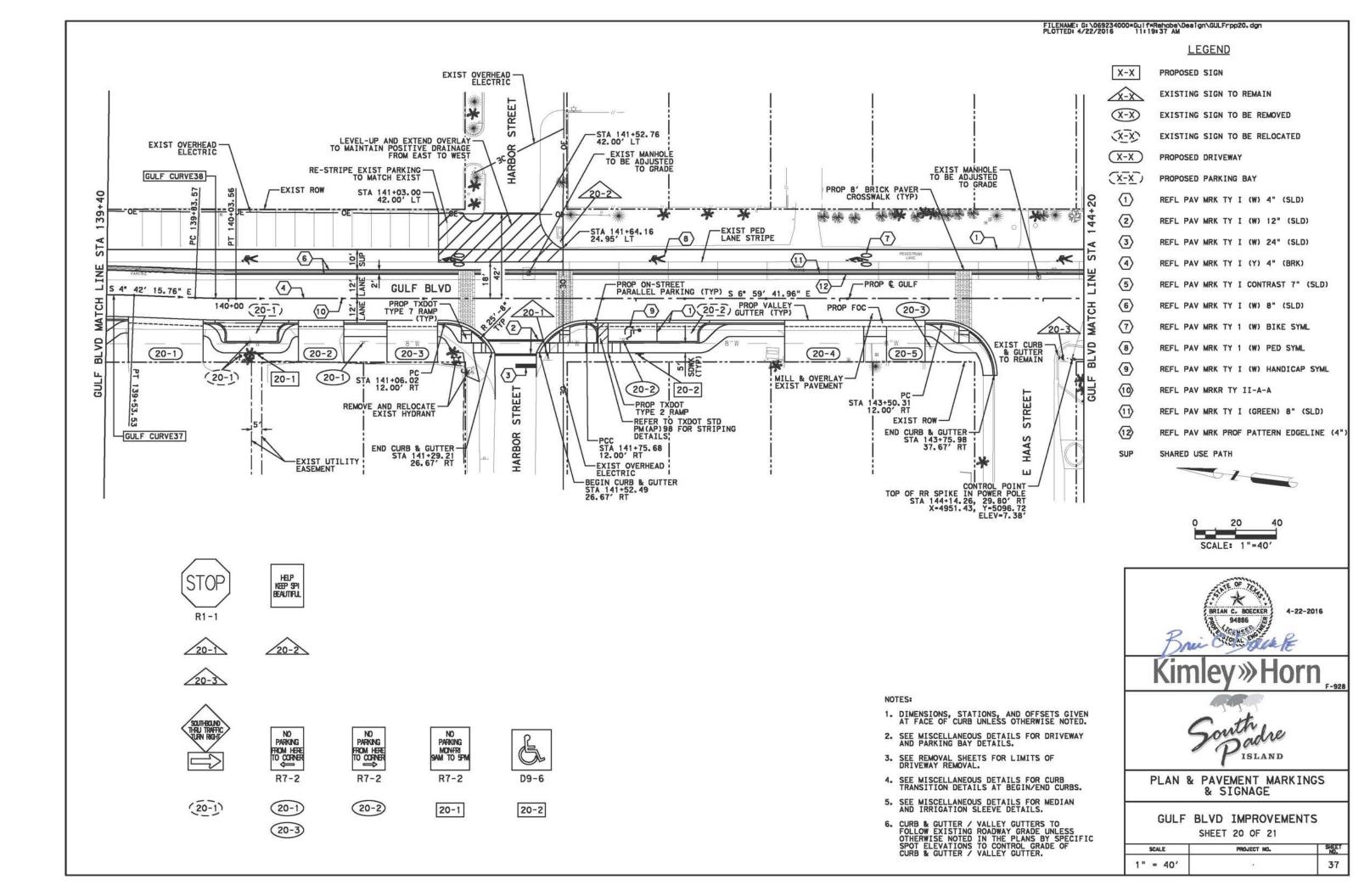


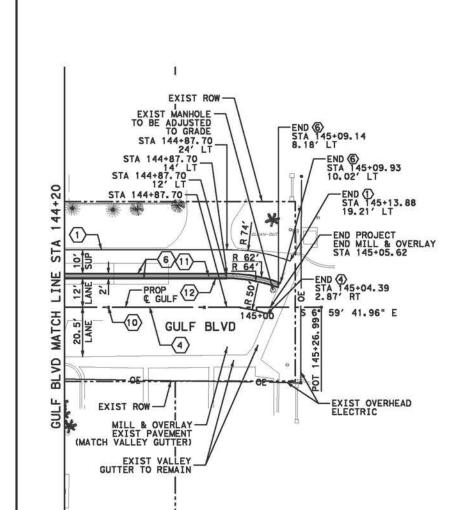












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LEGEND

X-X

PROPOSED SIGN

<u>√x-x</u> E

EXISTING SIGN TO REMAIN

(X-X)

EXISTING SIGN TO BE REMOVED

EXISTING SIGN TO BE RELOCATED

(X-X)

PROPOSED DRIVEWAY

(X-X) PRO

) PROPOSED PARKING BAY

1

REFL PAV MRK TY I (W) 4" (SLD)

2

REFL PAV MRK TY I (W) 12" (SLD)

3

REFL PAV MRK TY I (W) 24" (SLD)
REFL PAV MRK TY I (Y) 4" (BRK)

4

NEIE IN MIN II I VIV 4 VOIN

(5) RI

REFL PAV MRK TY I CONTRAST 7" (SLD)

6

REFL PAV MRK TY I (W) 8" (SLD)
REFL PAV MRK TY 1 (W) BIKE SYML

7

REFL PAV MRK TY 1 (W) PED SYML

8 F

REFL PAV MRK TY I (W) HANDICAP SYML

(10) REFL PAV MRKR TY II-A-A

11) REFL PAV MI

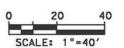
REFL PAV MRK TY I (GREEN) 8" (SLD)

12

REFL PAV MRK PROF PATTERN EDGELINE (4"

SUP SHARED USE PATH







Kimley»Horn,



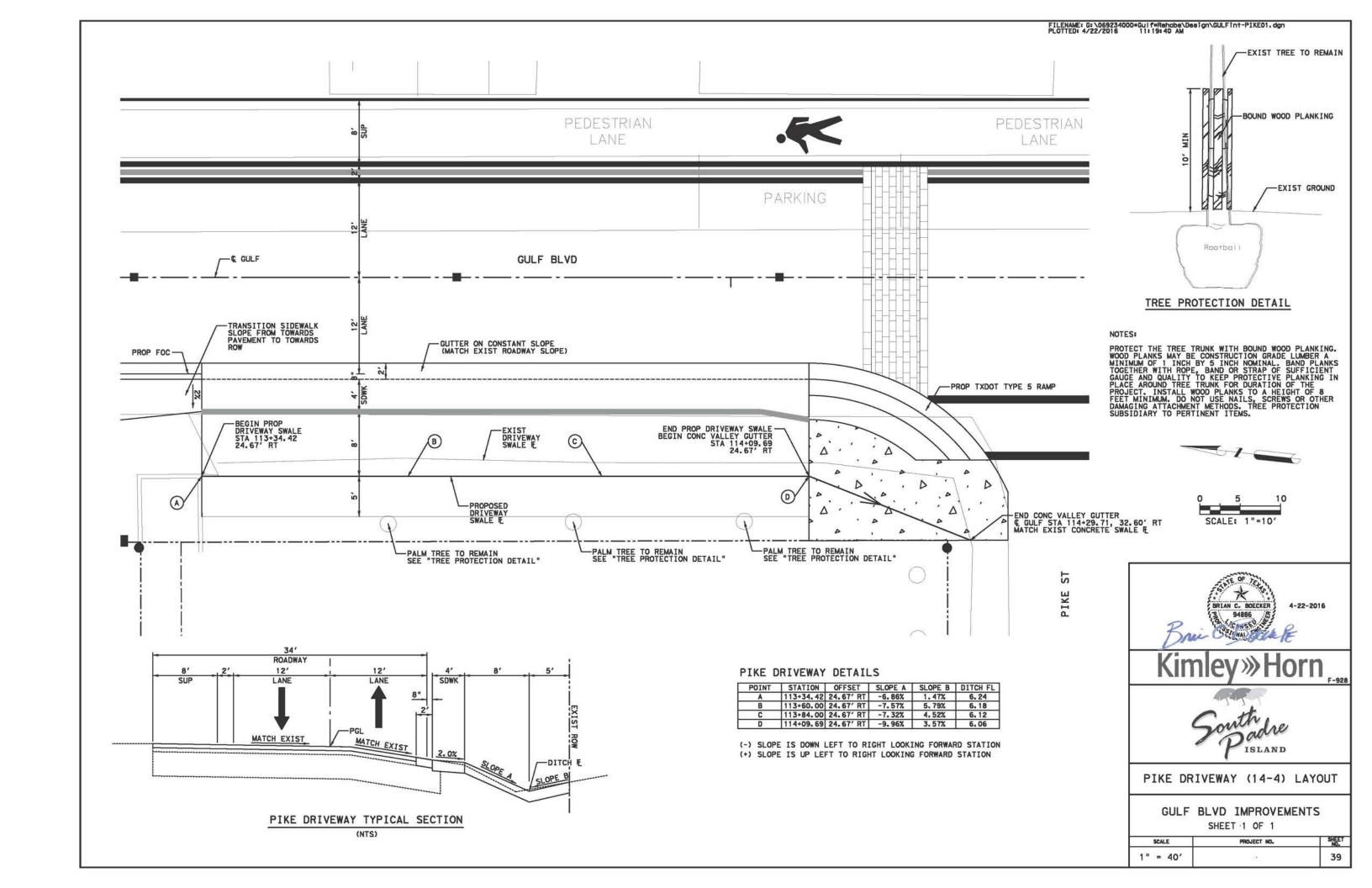
PLAN & PAVEMENT MARKINGS & SIGNAGE

GULF BLVD IMPROVEMENTS
SHEET 21 OF 21

SCALE	PROJECT NO.	SHEET NO.
1" = 40'		38

NOTES:

- DIMENSIONS, STATIONS, AND OFFSETS GIVEN AT FACE OF CURB UNLESS OTHERWISE NOTED.
- 2. SEE MISCELLANEOUS DETAILS FOR DRIVEWAY AND PARKING BAY DETAILS.
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PLAN AND PROFILE SHEET	DRIVEWAY NUMBER	STATION	DRIVEWAY TYPE	PROP WIDTH	Y AT CDRIVEWAY (FT)	(S1)%	(S2)%	(S3)%	EXIST SURF TYPE	PROP SURF
JLF BLVD	ļI									
5 OF 21	(5-1)	71+65.98	A	10.68	12.85	2.00%	-	1.95%	GRAVEL	CONCRETE
6 OF 21	(6-1)	73+34.44	A	11.98	12.85	2.00%		13.62%	CONCRETE	CONCRETE
6 OF 21	(6-2)	73+95.92	Α	14.00	12.85	2.00%	-	7.32%	CONCRETE	CONCRETE
8 OF 21	8-1)	83+56.60	A	36.82	13.39	2,00%	-	4.33%	CONCRETE	CONCRETE
8 OF 21	8-2	84+11.27	Α	22.49	13.35	2.00%	(-)	8.24%	CONCRETE	CONCRETE
8 OF 21	(B-3)	86+04.23	Α	20.07	16.47	2.00%		1.09%	CONCRETE	CONCRETE
9 OF 21	9-1	88+77.64	A	23.51	15.60	2.00%	-	3.59%	BRICK	CONCRETE
9 OF 21	9-2	89+72.19	A	20	17.65	2.00%	-	1.53%	N/A	CONCRETE
9 OF 21	9-3	90+06.92	A	32.06	17.65	2.00%		1.53%	CONCRETE	CONCRETE
10 OF 21	(10-1)	91+95.03	A	48. 98	18.09	0.26%	-	0.26%	CONCRETE	CONCRETE
10 OF 21	(10-2)	93+00.94	Α	29.88	15.28	2.00%		9.62%	CONCRETE	CONCRETE
10 OF 21	(10-3)	94+94.13	Α	32.80	14.57	2.00%	(-)	1.37%	CONCRETE	CONCRETE
10 OF 21	(10-4)	95+47.67	В	21.00	14.21	-2.00%	-1.41%		CONCRETE	CONCRETE
11 OF 21	(11-1)	97+39.70	A	53.67	13, 68	2.00%	-	4.75%	ASPHALT	CONCRETE
11 OF 21	(11-2)	98+36.27	A	24. 79	12.62	1.42%	-	1.42%	CONCRETE	CONCRETE
1,12 OF 21	(11-3)(12-1)	100+74.05	Α	161.74	12.76	1.30%		1.30%	CONCRETE	CONCRETE
12 OF 21	(12-2)	103+36.41	A	12.49	11.51	2.00%	-	3.39%	CONCRETE	CONCRETE
12 OF 21	(12-3)	105+44.54	A	14.06	10.76	0.44%	-	0.44%	CONCRETE	CONCRETE
13 OF 21	(13-1)	105+90.28	Α	10.14	10.57	2.00%		3.51%	BRICK	CONCRETE
13 OF 21	(13-2)	106+13.10	Α	10.07	10.50	2,00%	-	3.90%	BRICK	CONCRETE
13 OF 21	(13-3)	106+35.71	Α	10.10	10.42	2.00%	-	3.55%	BRICK	CONCRETE
13 OF 21	(13-4)	108+45.47	В	18.86	14.70	-2.00%			GRAVEL	CONCRETE
13 OF 21	(13-5)	108+91.17	В	18.88	14.43	-2.00%	-8.32%	-	GRAVEL	CONCRETE
14 OF 21	(14-1)	110+99.10	A	9.89	14.75	1.11%	-	1.11%	CONCRETE	CONCRETE
14 OF 21	(14-2)	111+38.83	В	9.68	16.57	-2.00%	VCE-5-000		GRAVEL	CONCRETE
14 OF 21	(14-3)	112+80.31	A	68.38	14.46	2.00%	-	1.73%	ASPHALT	CONCRETE
14 OF 21	(14-4)	113+69.10		DRIVEWAY 14			OR ADD.	(,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	CONCRETE	CONCRETE
4,15 OF 21	(14-5)(15-1)	115+27.07	A	96. 20	12, 93	0.78%	-	0.78%	ASPHALT	CONCRETE
15 OF 21	(15-2)	116+24.40	A	91.00	9.84	1.15%	-	1.15%	ASPHALT	CONCRETE
15 OF 21	(15-3)	117+71.94	A	36.16	10.86	2.00%		6.17% 7.50%	CONCRETE	CONCRETE
15 OF 21	(15-4)	118+75.80	B	59. 99 29. 60	11.07	0.24%	-	0.24%	ASPHALT	CONCRETE
16 OF 21					12.78	2.00%	-	6. 65%	ASPHALT	CONCRETE
16 OF 21	(16-2)	121+65.41	A B	81.38 24.7	17, 42	-2.00%	2-012	4. 59%	CONCRETE	CONCRETE
17 OF 21	(17-1)	129+35.57	A	22, 65	19.03	0.87%	-8.50%	0.87%	CONCRETE	CONCRETE
20 OF 21	(20-1)	139+70.34			18.54	2.00%		1.08%	CONCRETE	CONCRETE
20 OF 21	(20-1)	140+45.32	A	36. 69 22. 33	12.53	2.00%	-	7.18%	CONCRETE	CONCRETE
20 OF 21	(20-2)	140+45.32	A	24.76	12.50	2.00%		3.12%	CONCRETE	CONCRETE
20 OF 21	(20-4)	142+92.35	A	38.86	12.37	2.00%		8. 49%	CONCRETE	CONCRETE
20 OF 21	(20-5)	143+32.44	A	19.08	12.34	2.00%		7.13%	BRICK	CONCRETE
20 01 21	(20-5)	143-32-44		13.00	12.34	2.00%		1.13%	BUTCK	CONCRETE

DRIVEWAY PLAN VIEW (TYPE B)

DRIVEWAY ELEVATION VIEW

AT & OF DRIVE (TYPE B)

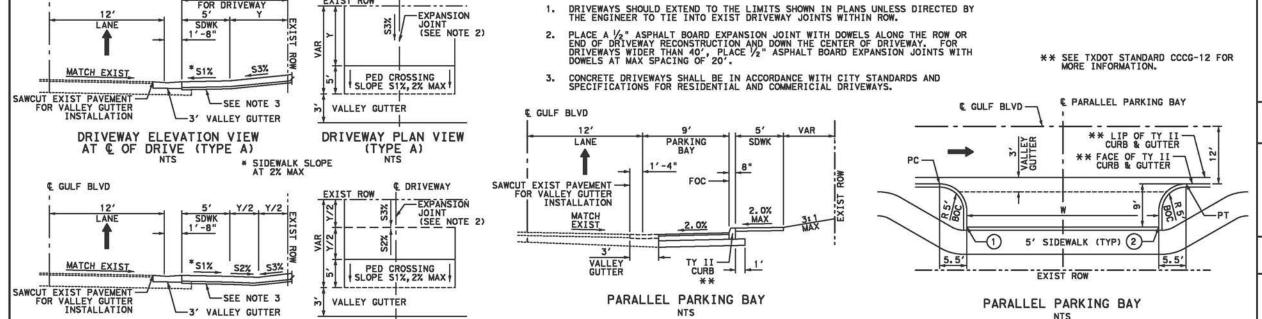
DRIVE GRADES SHOWN ARE AT © OF DRIVE. MATCH EXISTING DRIVEWAY ELEVATIONS AT BACK OF PROPOSED DRIVE

(+) SLOPE IS UP TO THE RIGHT LOOKING FORWARD STATION (-) SLOPE IS DOWN TO THE RIGHT LOOKING FORWARD STATION

PARALLEL PARKING BAY DETAILS

PLAN VIEW

PLAN AND PROFILE	PARKING BAY	RKING BAY POINT 1			NT 2	W (FT)	# OF
SHEET	NUMBER	STA	OFF (FT)	STA	OFF (FT)		SPACE
5 OF 21	(5-1)	70+14.55	21	71+34.55	21	120	6
5,6 OF 21	(5-2)(6-1)	71+87.15	21	72+27.15	21	40	2
6 OF 21	(6-2)	73+52.19	21	73+77.19	21	25	1
6 OF 21	(6-3)	74+13.66	21	75+33.66	21	120	6
6,7 OF 21	(6-4)(7-1)	76+08.78	21	78+28.69	21	220	11
7 OF 21	(7-2)	79+17.02	21	79+77.02	21	60	3
7 OF 21	(7-3)	80+68.88	21	81+28.88	21	60	3
8 OF 21	(8-1)	82+17.39	21	83+17.39	21	100	5
8 OF 21	(8-2)	85+16.11	21	85+75.19	21	60	3
8, 9 OF 21	(8-3)(9-1)	86+37.87	21	87+37.87	21	100	5
9 OF 21	(9-2)	88+18.40	21	88+43.40	21	25	1
9 OF 21	(9-3)	89+10.14	21	89+50.14	21	40	2
9,10 OF 21	(9-4)(10-1)	91+11.94	21	91+51.94	21	40	2
10 OF 21	(10-2)	92+33.74	21	92+73.74	21	40	2
10 OF 21	(10-3)	94+16.42	21	94+56.42	21	40	2
10,11 OF 21	(10-4)(11-1)	95+72.70	21	96+32.70	21	60	3
11 OF 21	(11-2)	97+75.21	21	98+15.21	21	40	2
11 OF 21	(11-3)	98+58.73	21	98+98.73	21	40	2
12 OF 21	(12-1)	102+41.47	21	103+21.47	21	80	4
12 OF 21	(12-2)	103+67.10	21	104+07.10	21	40	2
12 OF 21	(12-3)	104+87.74	21	105+27.74	21	40	2
13 OF 21	(13-1)	107+35.99	21	108+15.89	21	80	4
13,14 OF 21	(13-2/14-1)	109+91.34	21	110+70.81	21	80	4
15 OF 21	(15-1)	118+05.31	21	118+30.31	21	25	1
15, 16 OF 21	(15-2)(16-1)	199+99.70	21	120+24.70	21	25	1
16 OF 21	(16-2)	120+73.68	21	121+13.68	21	40	2
16 OF 21	(16-3)	122+96.87	21	124+16.87	21	120	6
16 OF 21	(16-4)	124+68.30	21	124+93.30	21	25	1
17 OF 21	(17-1)	125+76.64	21	127+36.64	21	160	8
17 OF 21	(17-2)	128+22.81	21	129+02.81	21	80	4
17,18 OF 21	(17-3)(18-1)	129+67.29	21	130+27.08	21	60	3
18 OF 21	(18-2)	131+07.70	21	133+27.59	21	220	11
18,19 OF 21	(18-3)(19-1)	134+10.42	21	135+90.46	21	180	9
19 OF 21	(19-2)	136+71.62	21	138+51.62	21	180	9
20 OF 21	(20-1)	139+98.96	21	140+23.77	21	25	1
20 OF 21	(20-2)	141+81.35	21	142+30.35	21	49	2



ELEVATION VIEW



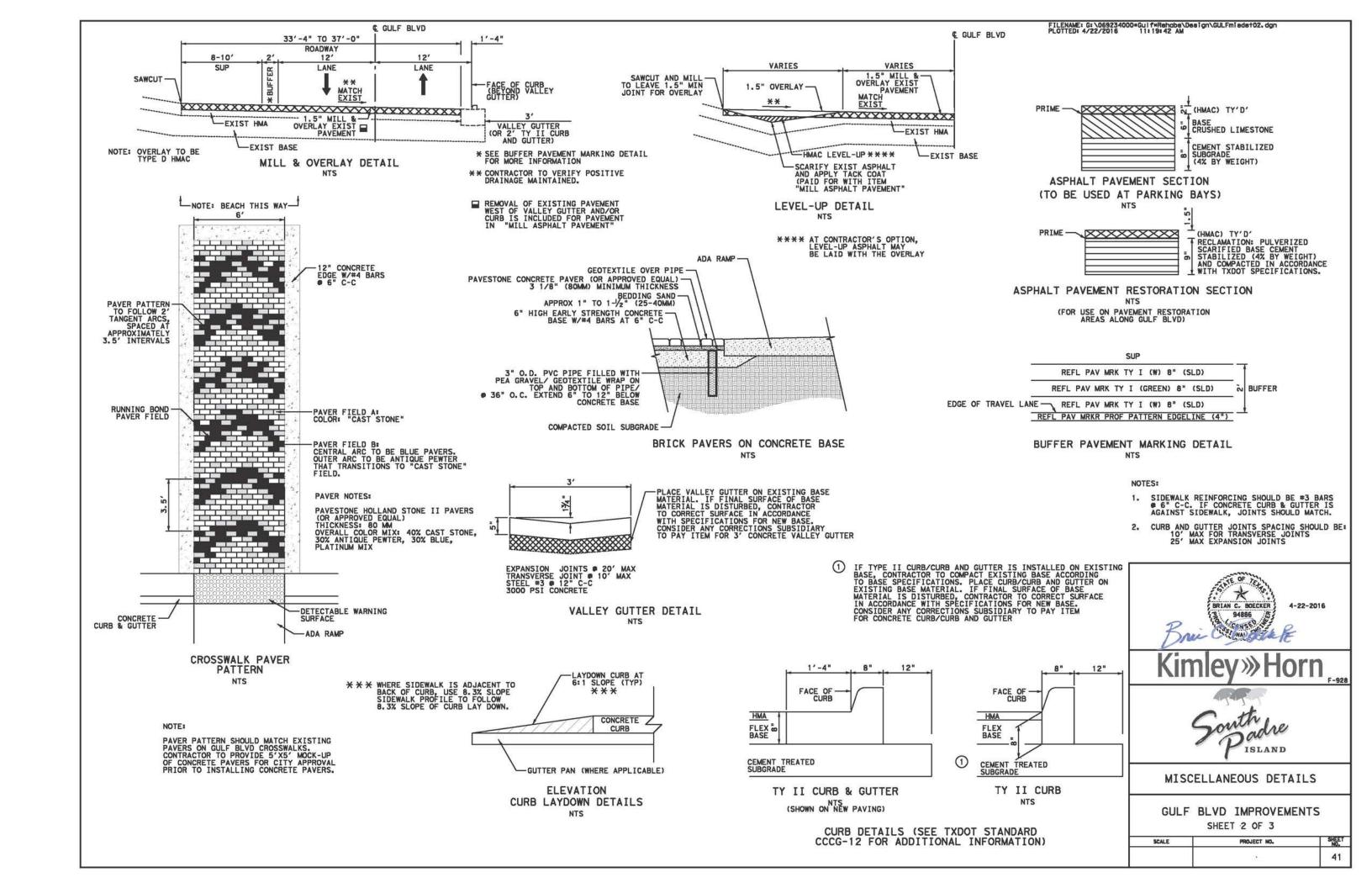
Kimley»Horn

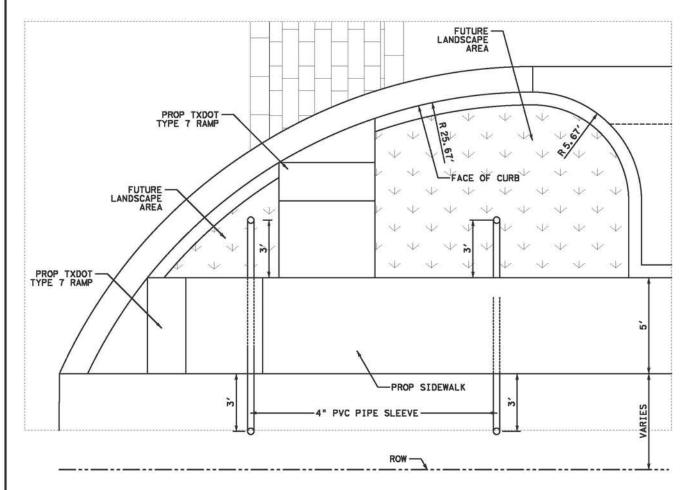


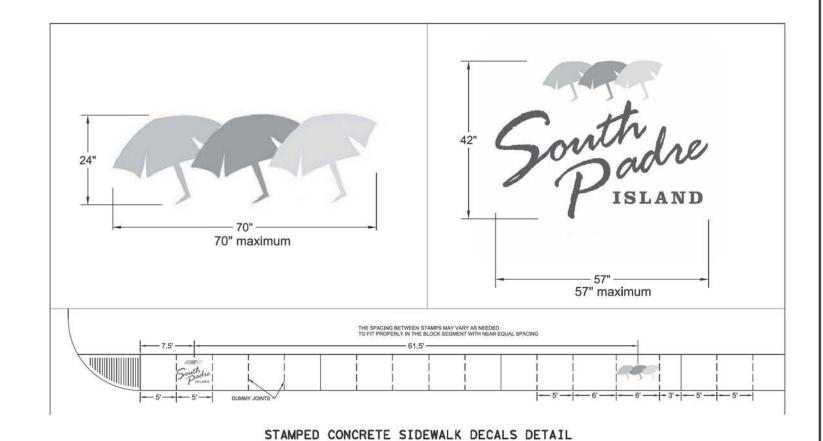
MISCELLANEOUS DETAILS

GULF BLVD IMPROVEMENTS
SHEET 1 OF 3

SCALE	PROJECT NO.	SHEET NO.
1" = 40'		40



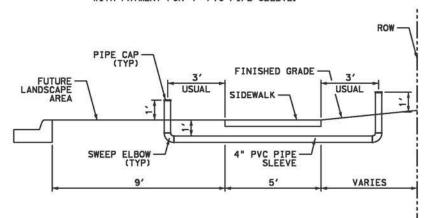




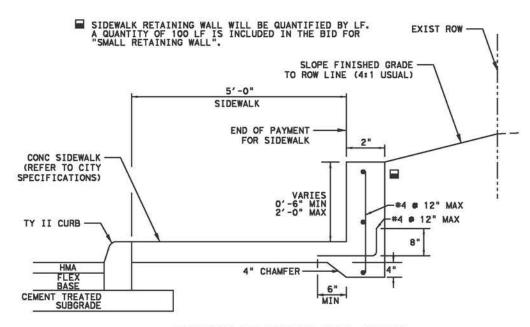
CITY TO PROVIDE STAMP, CONTRACTOR TO IMPRINT AS DIRECTED BY CITY. CONTRACTOR TO VERIFY PLACEMENT OF DECALS WITH CITY PRIOR TO SIDEWALK CONSTRUCTION.

MEDIAN AND IRRIGATION SLEEVE DETAIL NTS PLAN VIEW

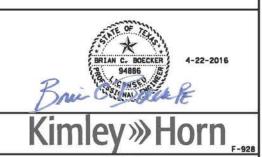
NOTE:
PIPE ELBOWS AND CAPS ARE INCLUDED
WITH PAYMENT FOR 4" PVC PIPE SLEEVE.



MEDIAN AND IRRIGATION SLEEVE DETAIL NTS ELEVATION VIEW



SIDEWALK RETAINING WALL DETAIL

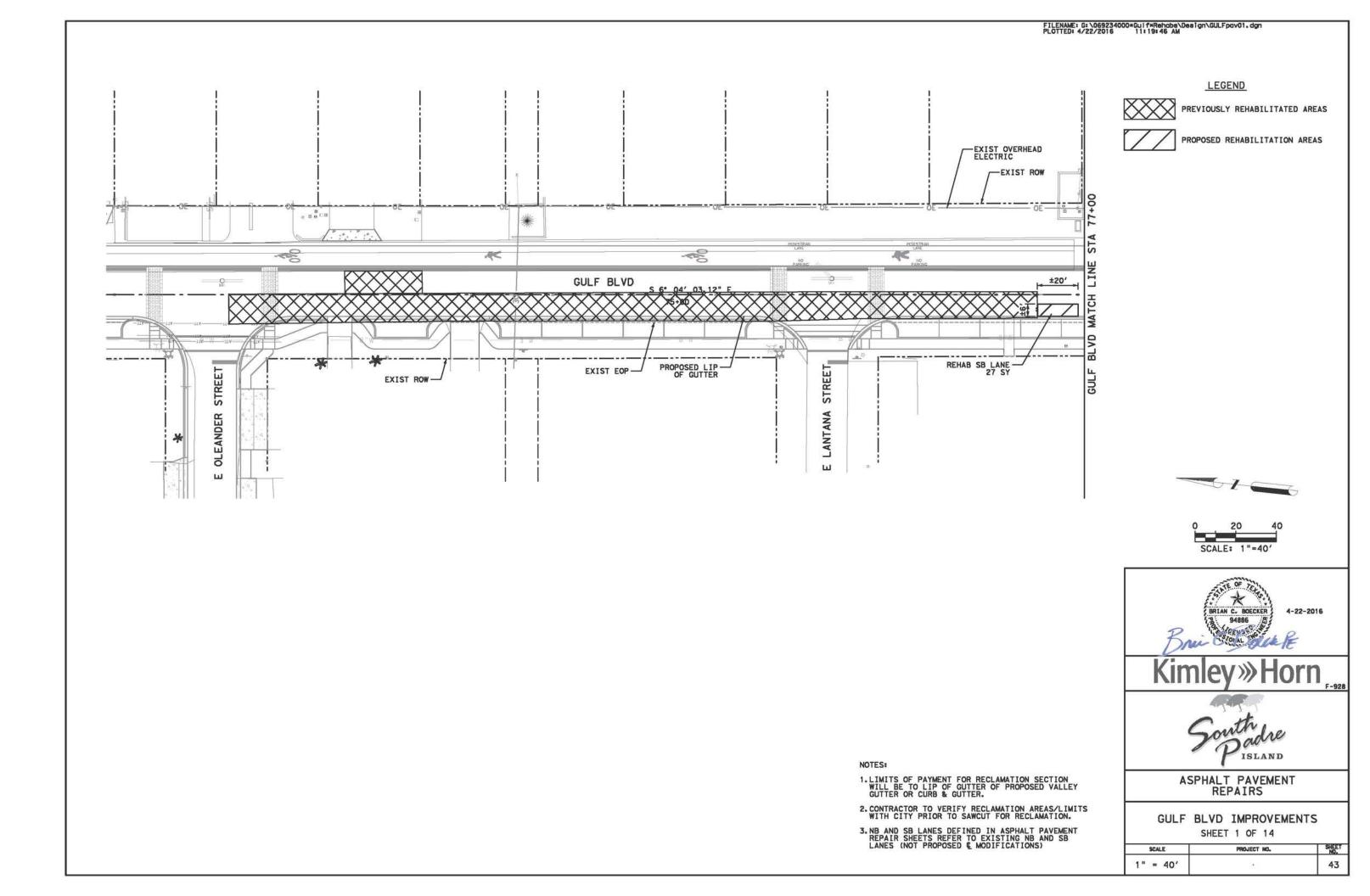


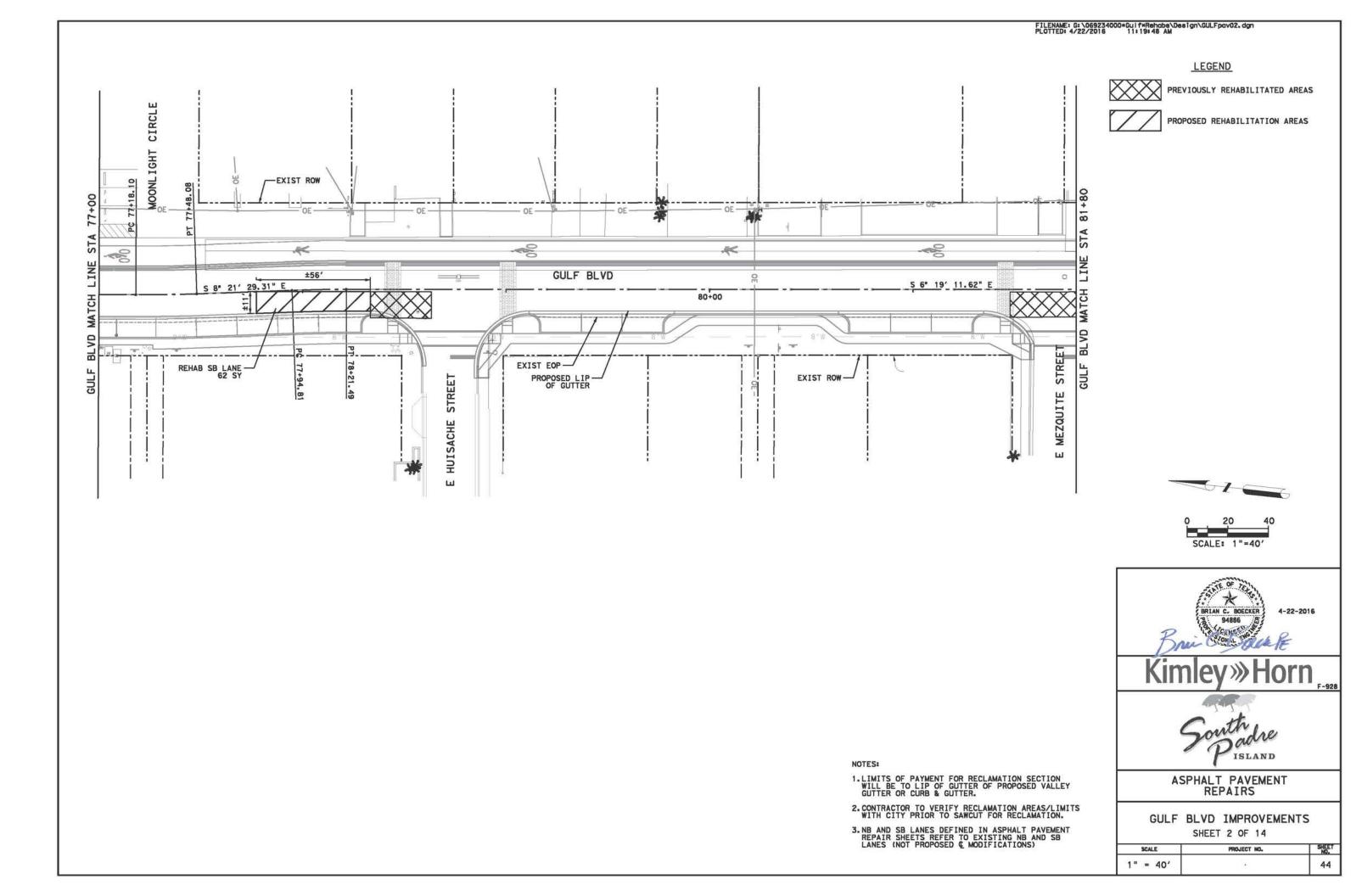


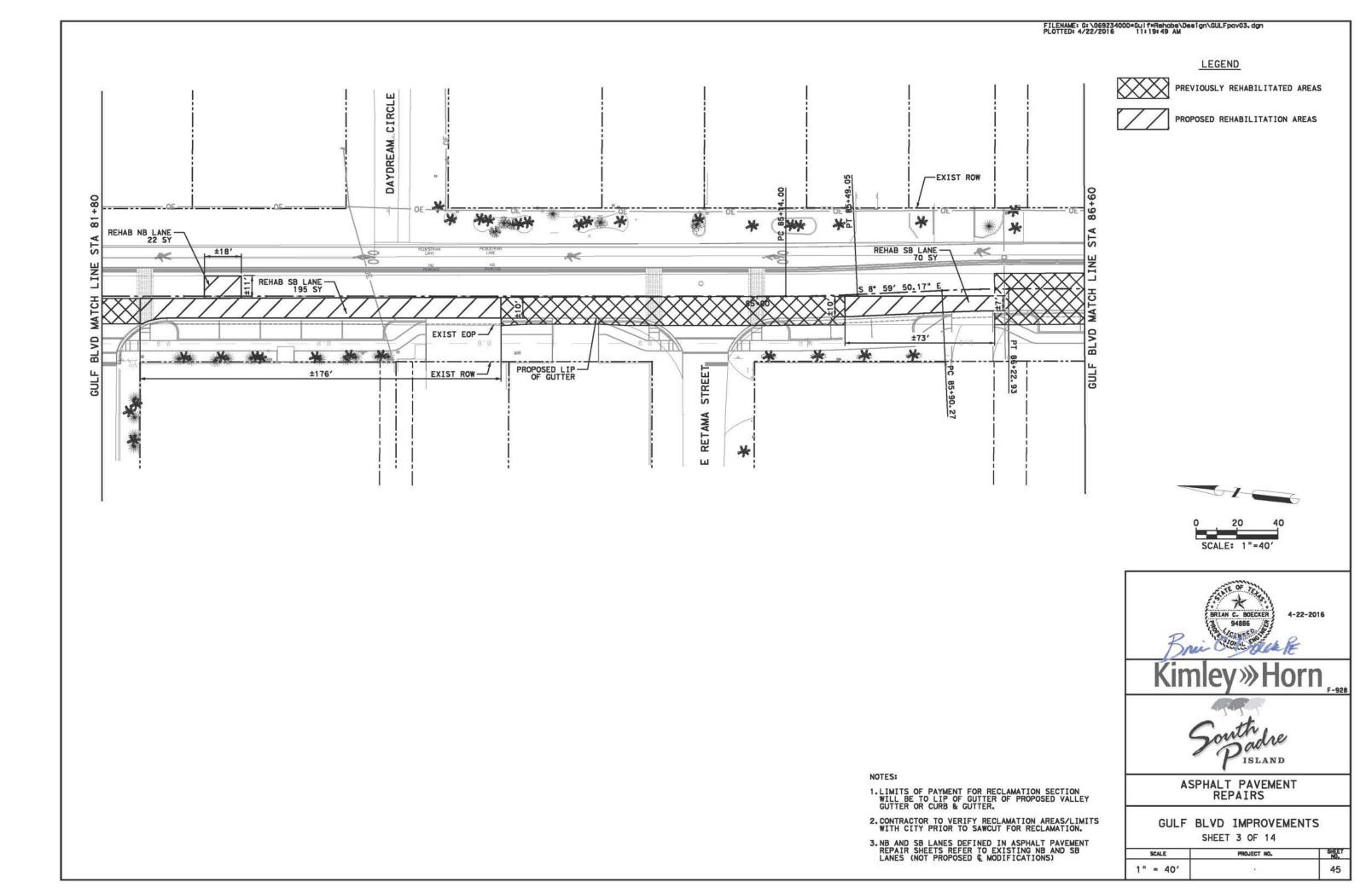
MISCELLANEOUS DETAILS

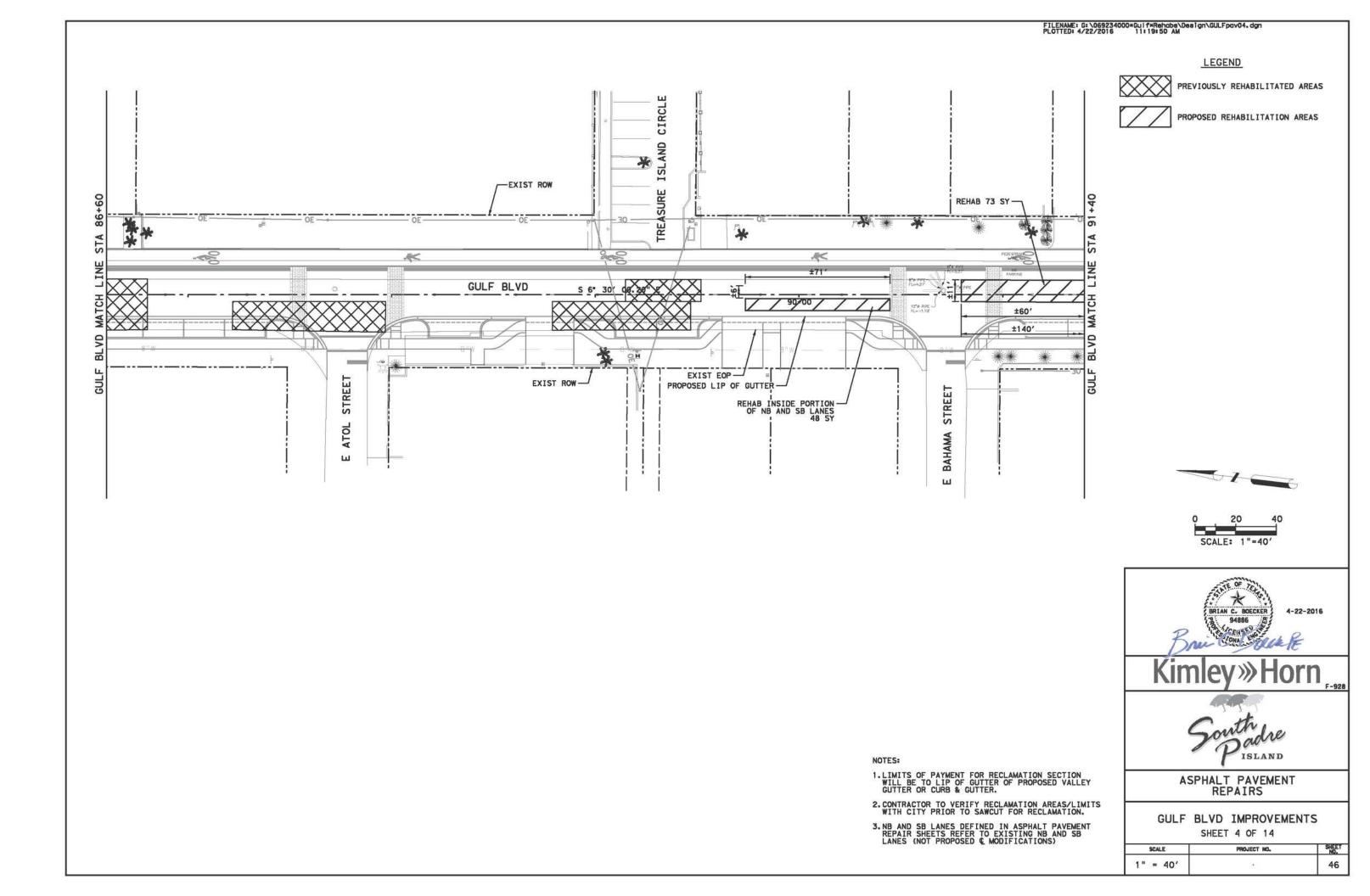
GULF BLVD IMPROVEMENTS
SHEET 3 OF 3

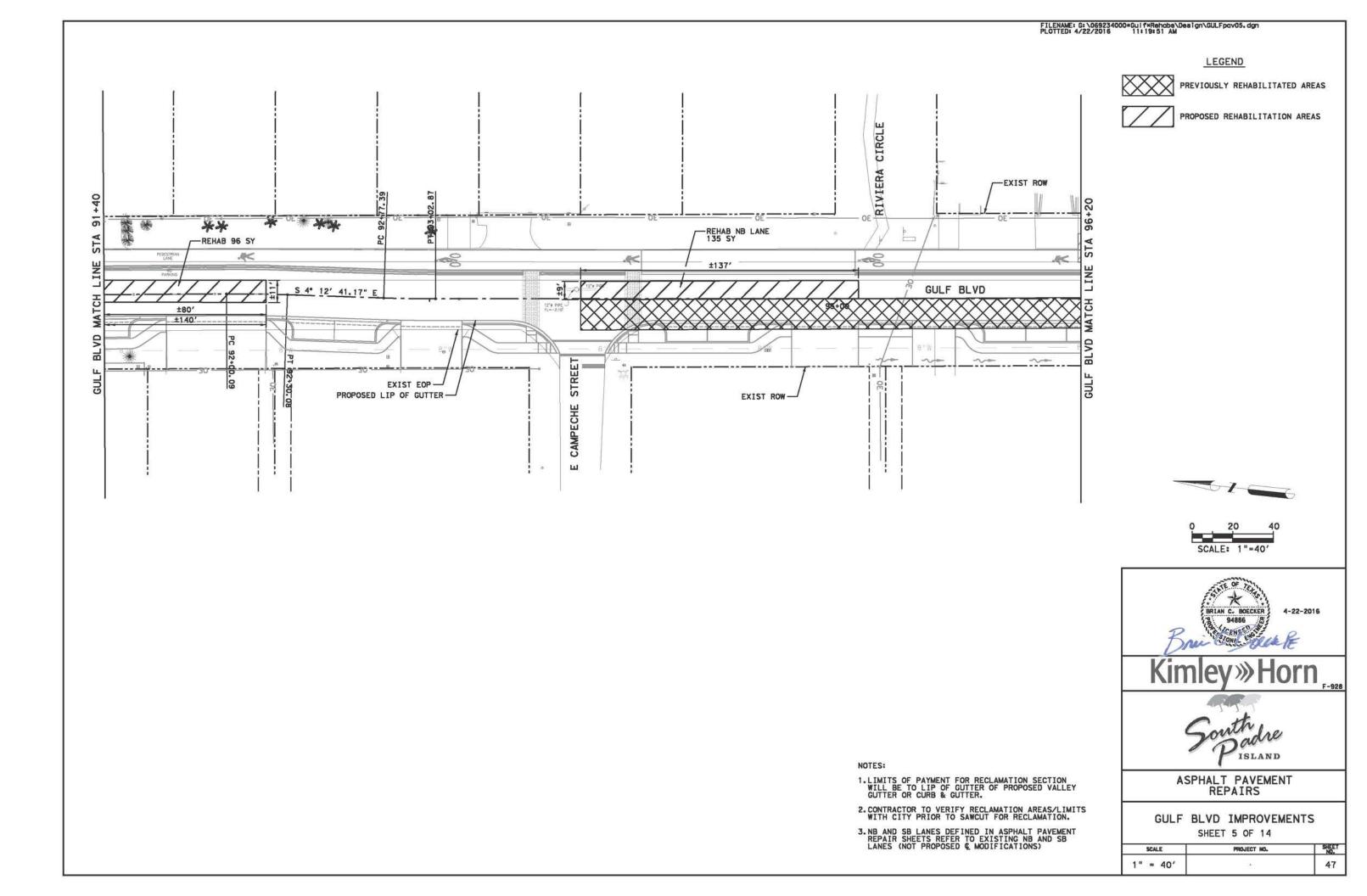
SCALE	PROJECT NO.	SHEET NO.
1" = 40'	9 <u>2</u> 7	42

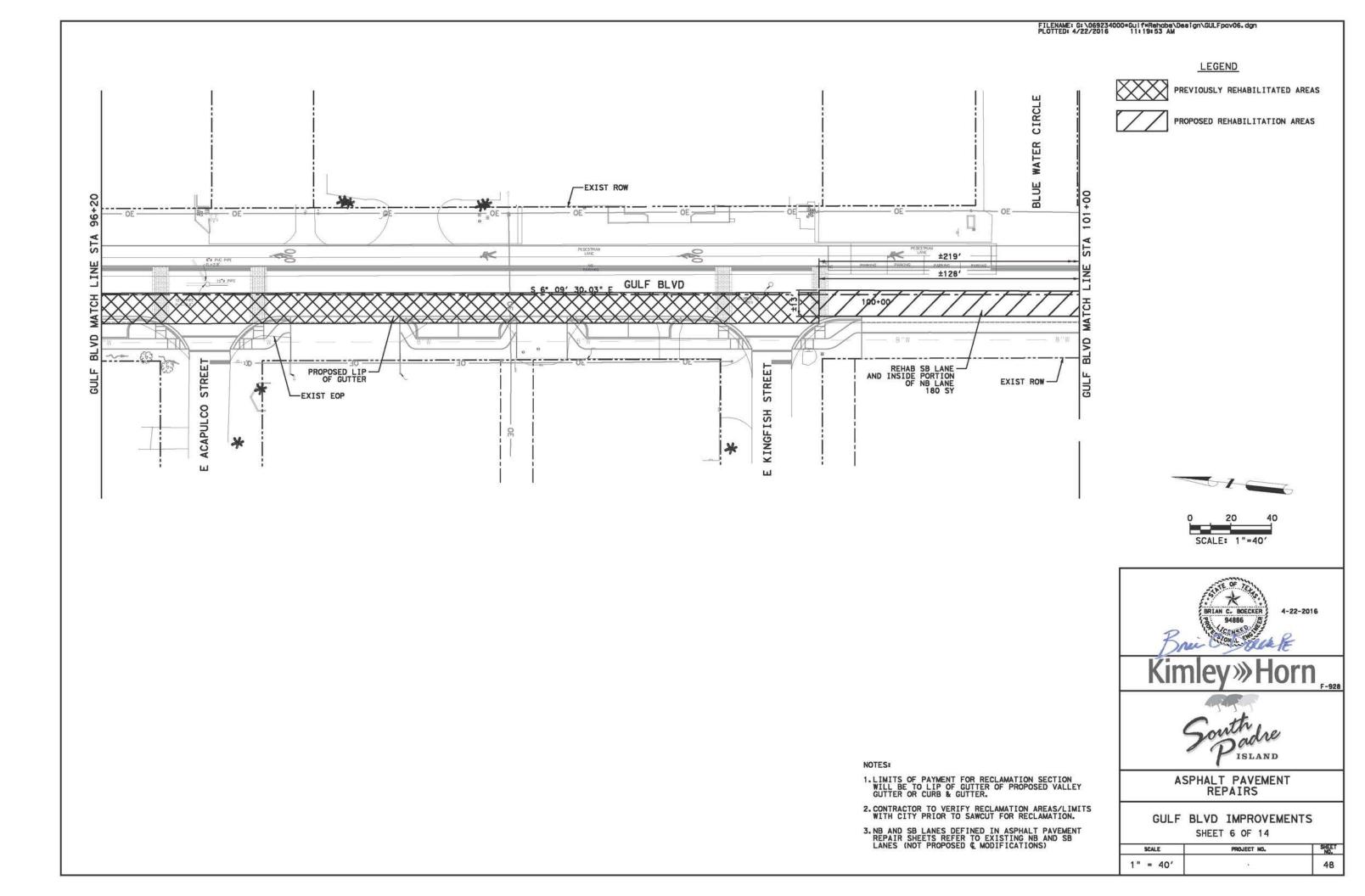


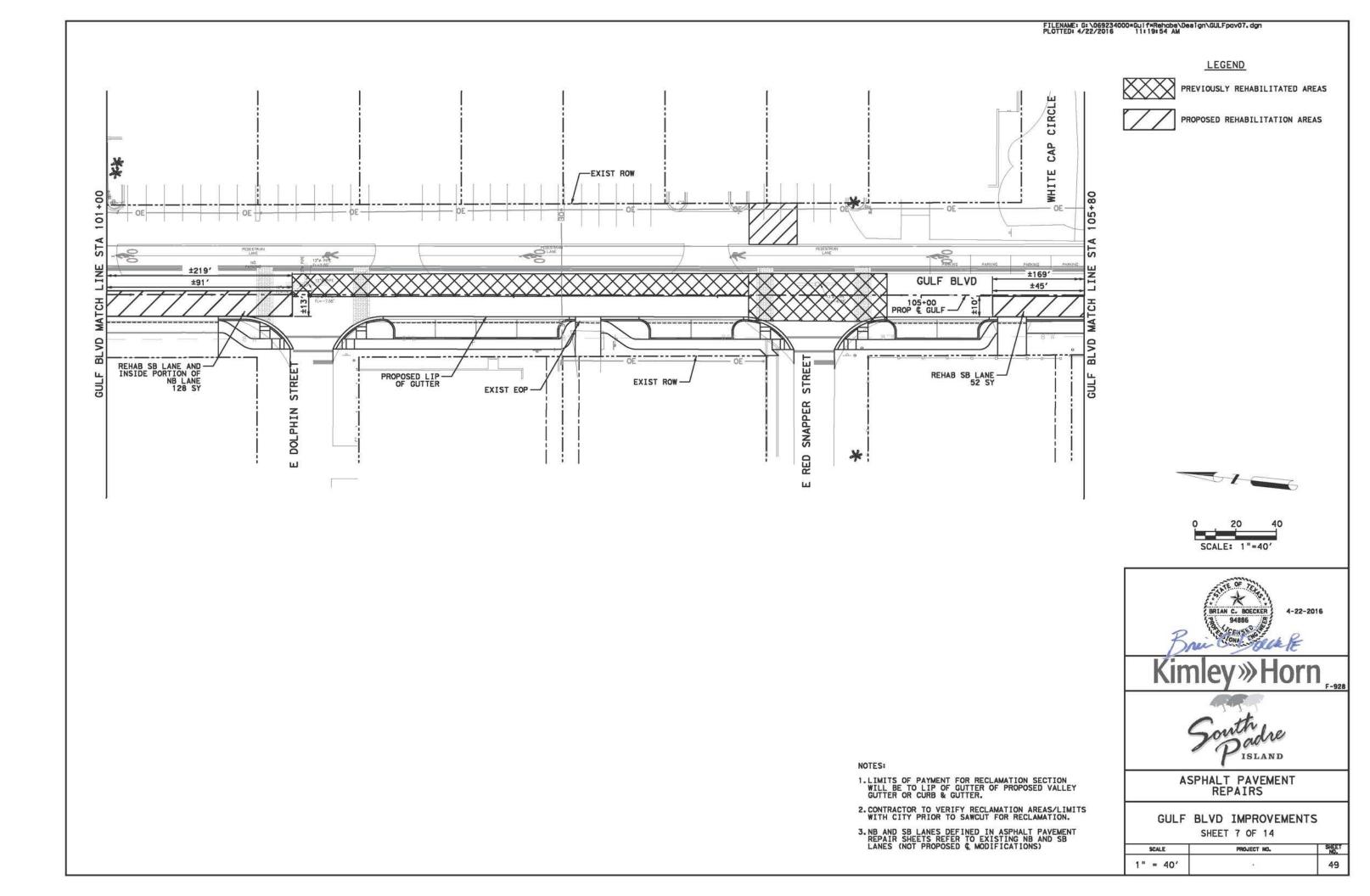


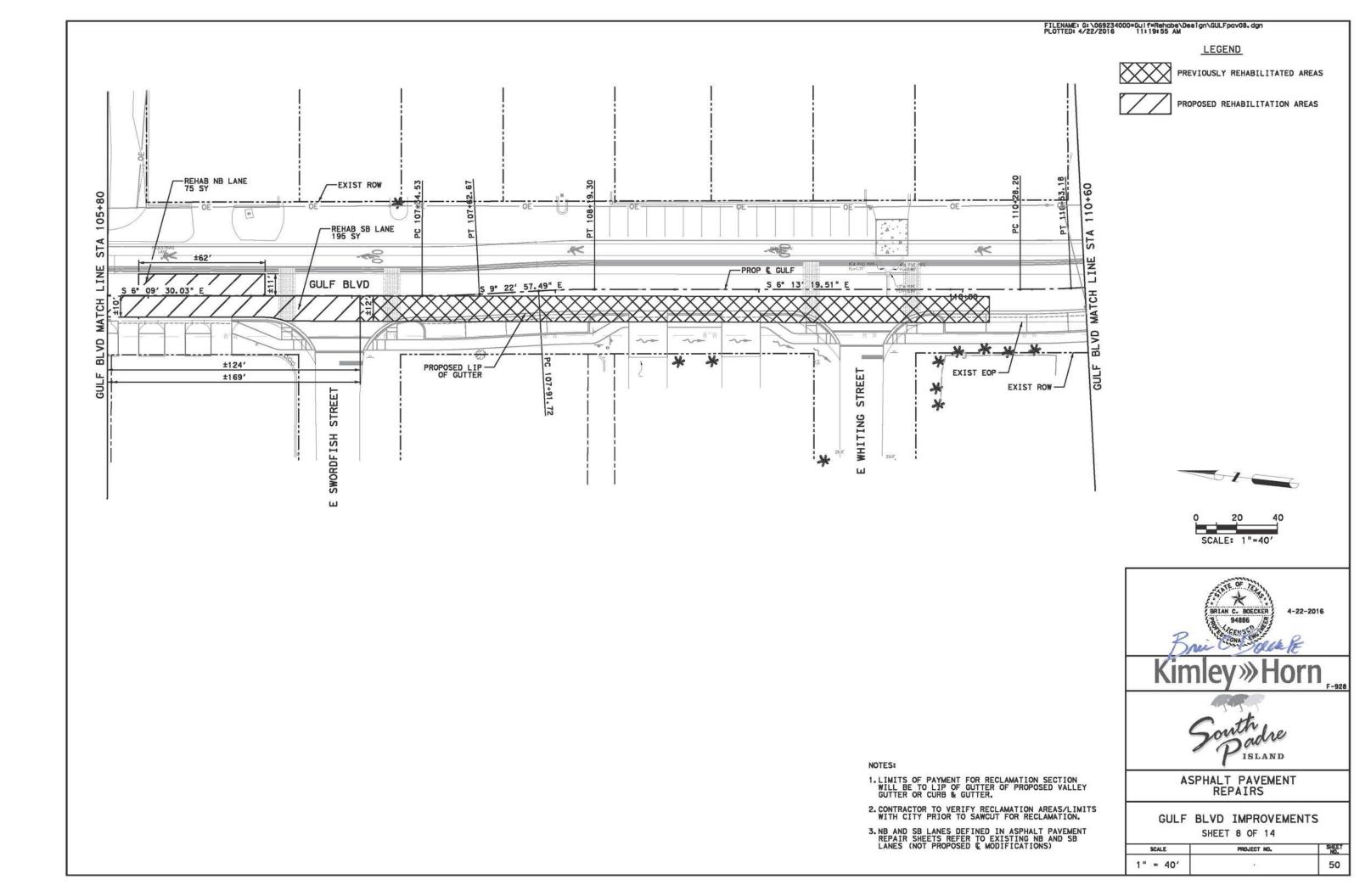


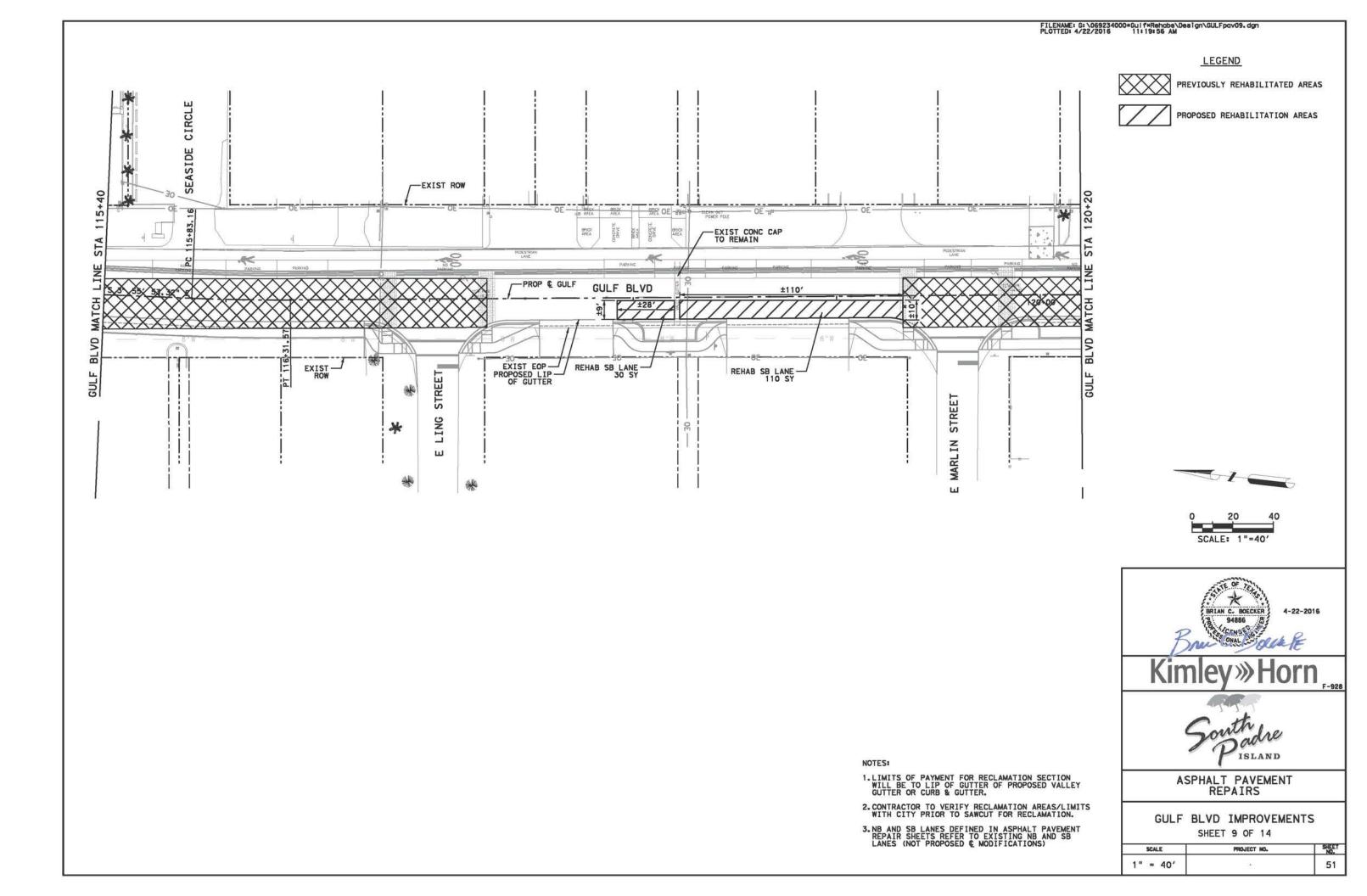


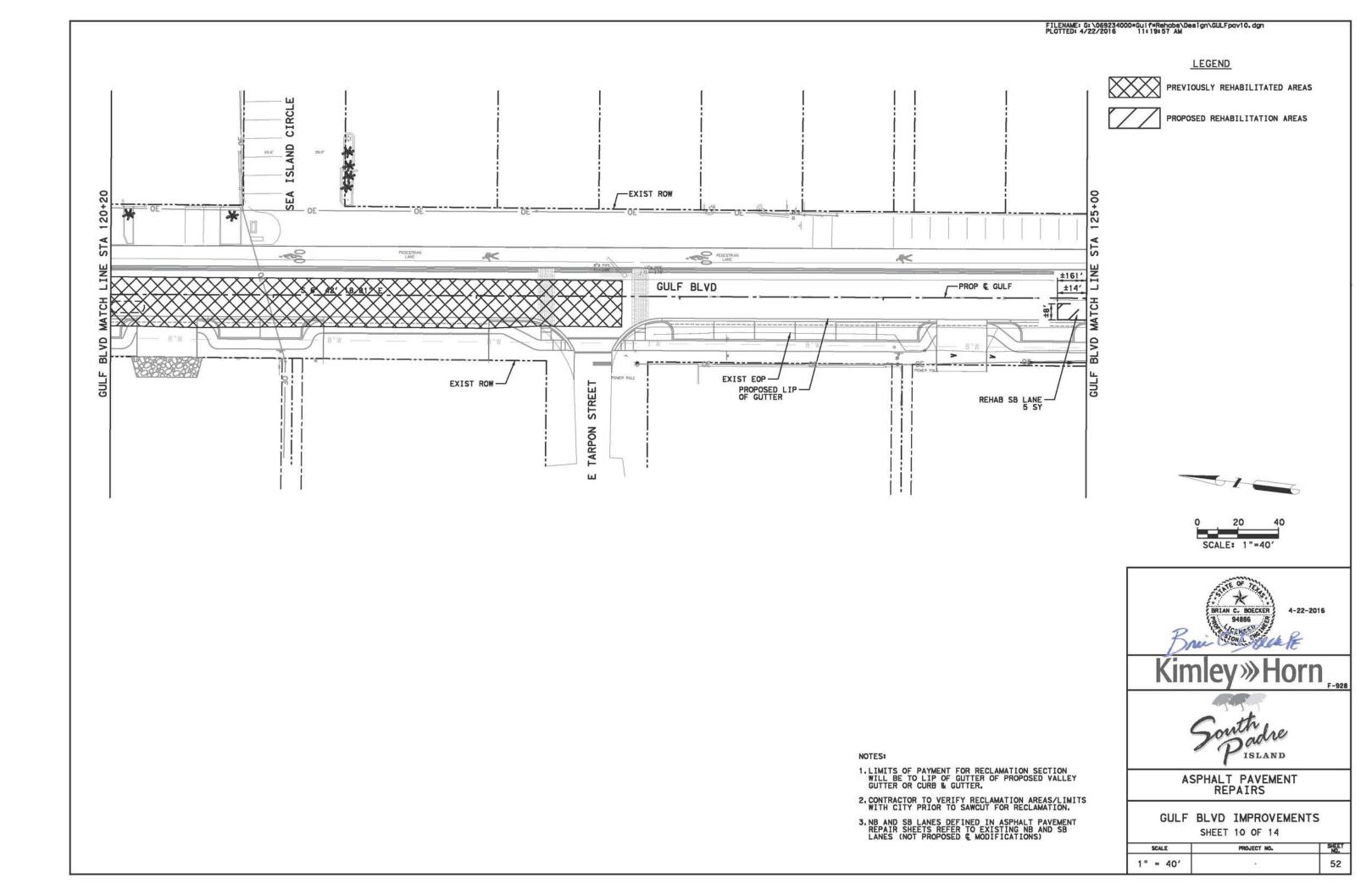


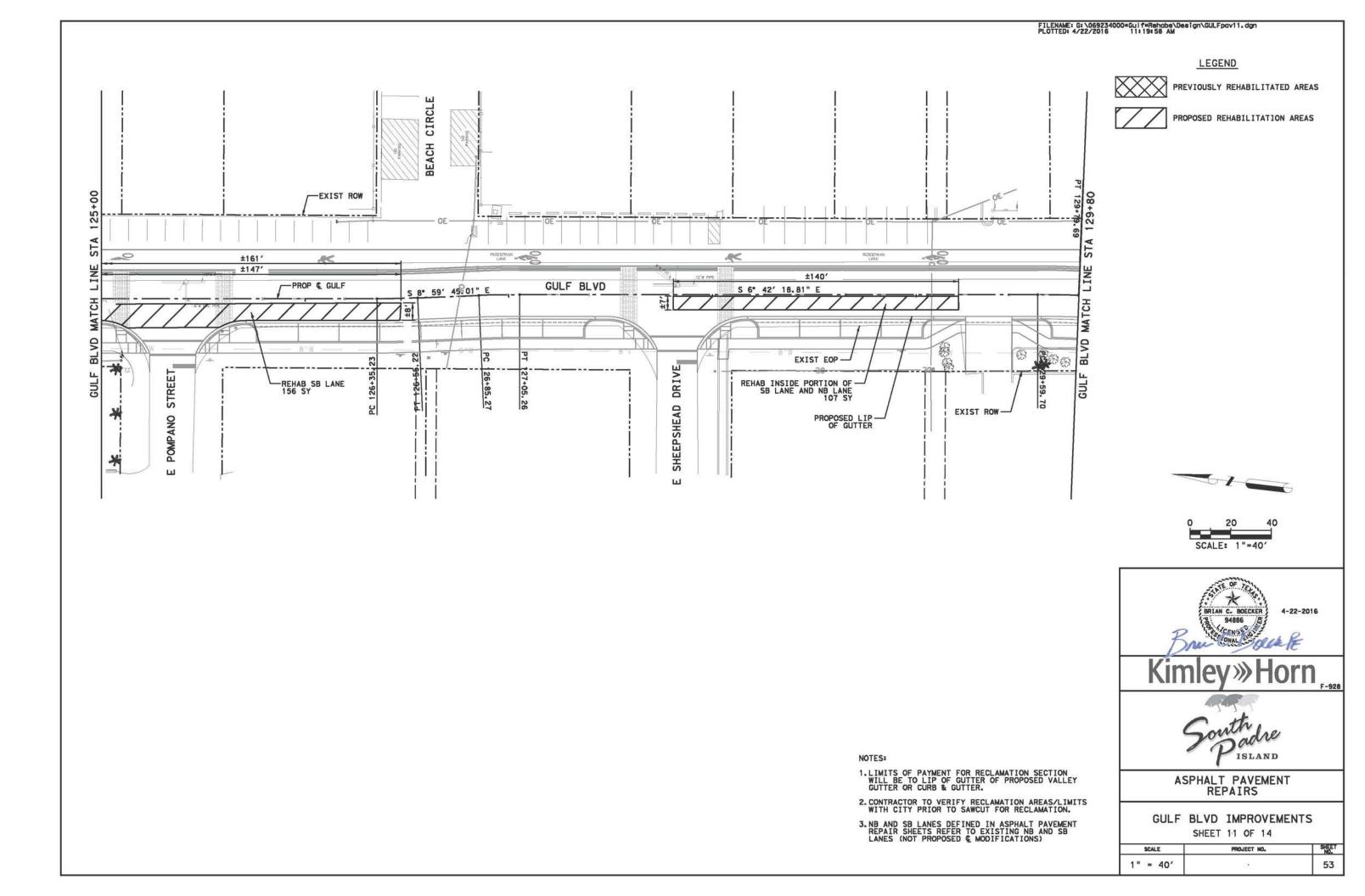


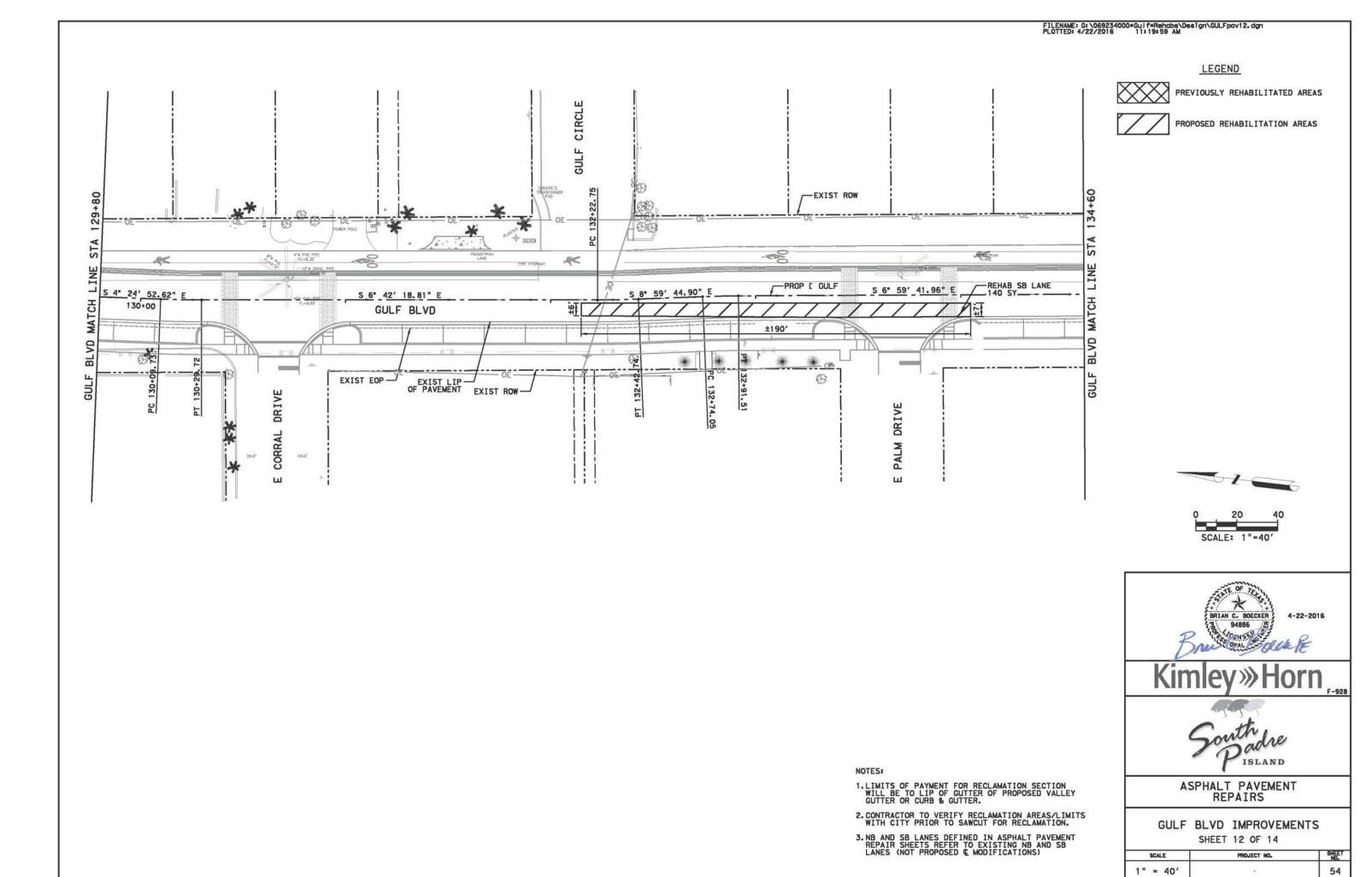


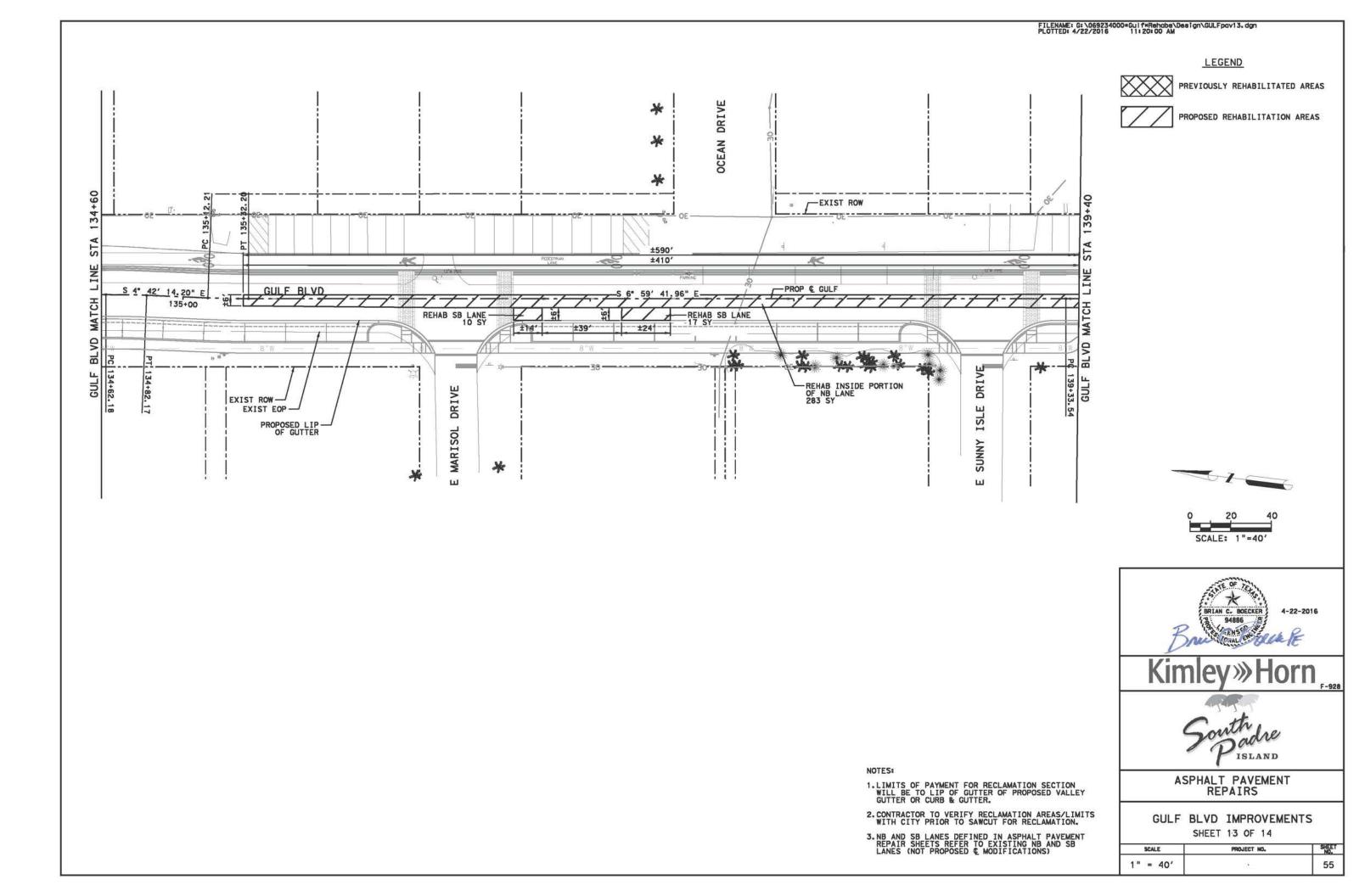


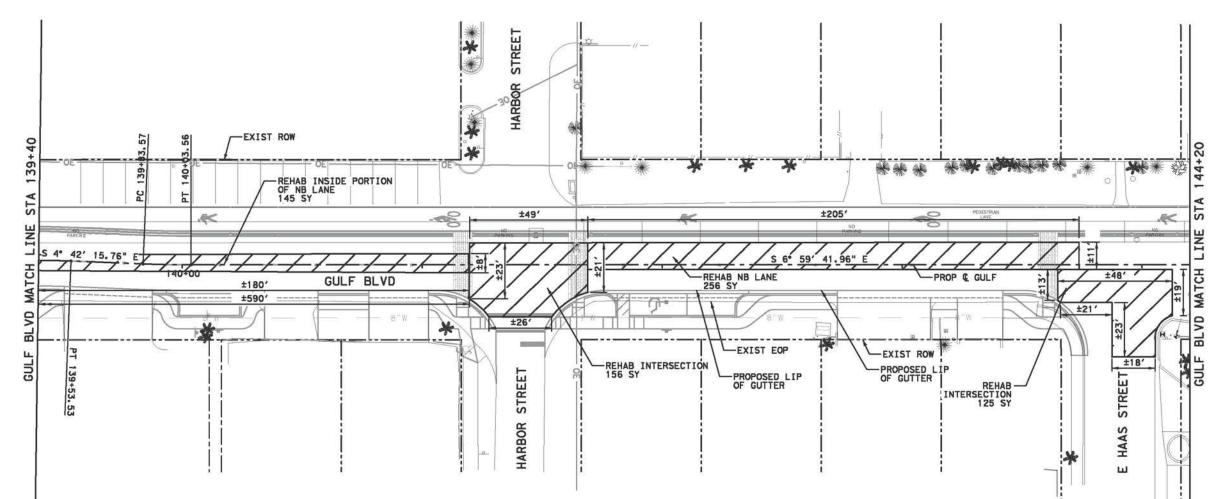












XXX PF

PREVIOUSLY REHABILITATED AREAS



PROPOSED REHABILITATION AREAS







Kimley»Horn ...



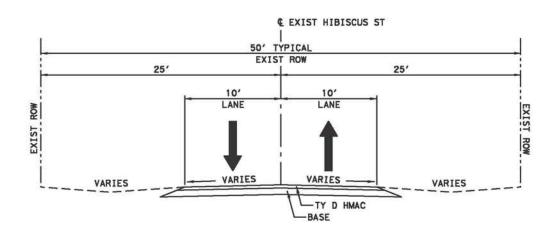
ASPHALT PAVEMENT REPAIRS

GULF BLVD IMPROVEMENTS SHEET 14 OF 14

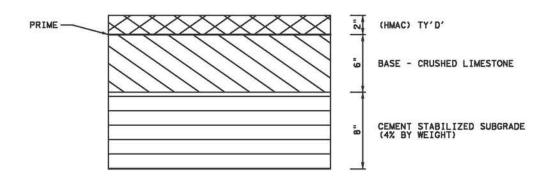
SCALE	PROJECT NO.	SHEET NO.
1" = 40'		56

NOTES:

- 1.LIMITS OF PAYMENT FOR RECLAMATION SECTION WILL BE TO LIP OF GUTTER OF PROPOSED VALLEY GUTTER OR CURB & GUTTER.
- 2. CONTRACTOR TO VERIFY RECLAMATION AREAS/LIMITS WITH CITY PRIOR TO SAWCUT FOR RECLAMATION.
- 3. NB AND SB LANES DEFINED IN ASPHALT PAVEMENT REPAIR SHEETS REFER TO EXISTING NB AND SB LANES (NOT PROPOSED @ MODIFICATIONS)



HIBISCUS ST EXIST TYPICAL SECTION STA 10+43.35 TO STA 20+30.00



ASPHALT PAVEMENT RECONSTRUCTION SECTION NTS

(FOR USE AT HIBISCUS ST)

PROP HIBISCUS ST

50'

28'

ROADWAY

5' 2' 12'

LANE

LANE

LANE

LANE

1.5%

YARIES

1.5%

YARIES

2.0%

PGL

2.0%

PGL

2.0%

YARIES

1.5%

YARIES

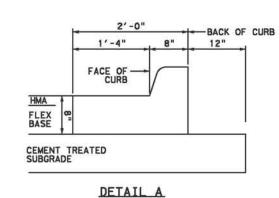
1.5%

YARIES

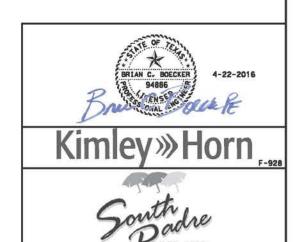
SEE DETAIL A (TYP)

8" CEMENT STABILIZED SUBGRADE

HIBISCUS ST PROP TYPICAL SECTION STA 10+43.35 TO STA 20+30.00



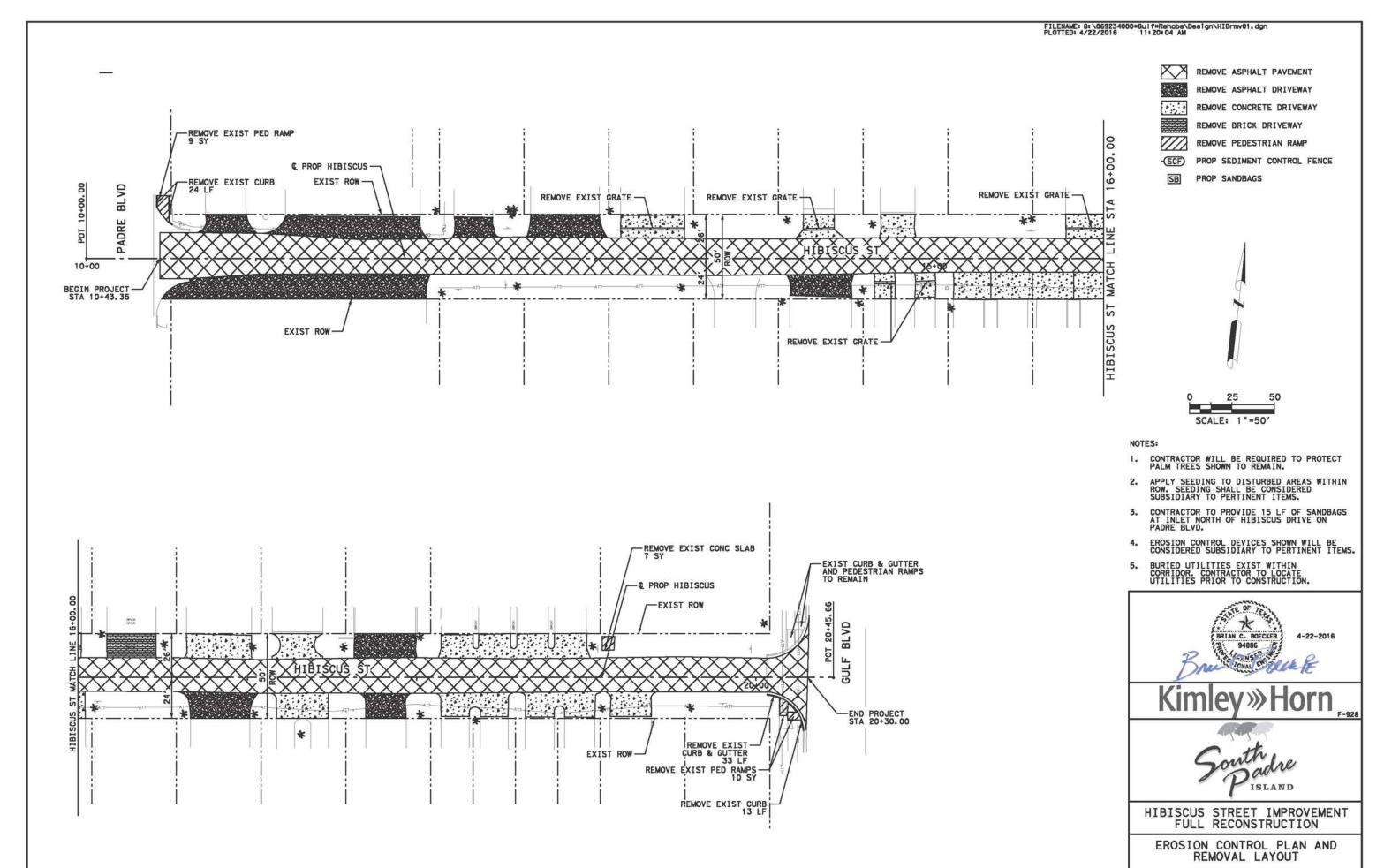
TY II CURB & GUTTER
(SHOWN ON NEW PAVING)



HIBISCUS STREET IMPROVEMENT FULL RECONSTRUCTION

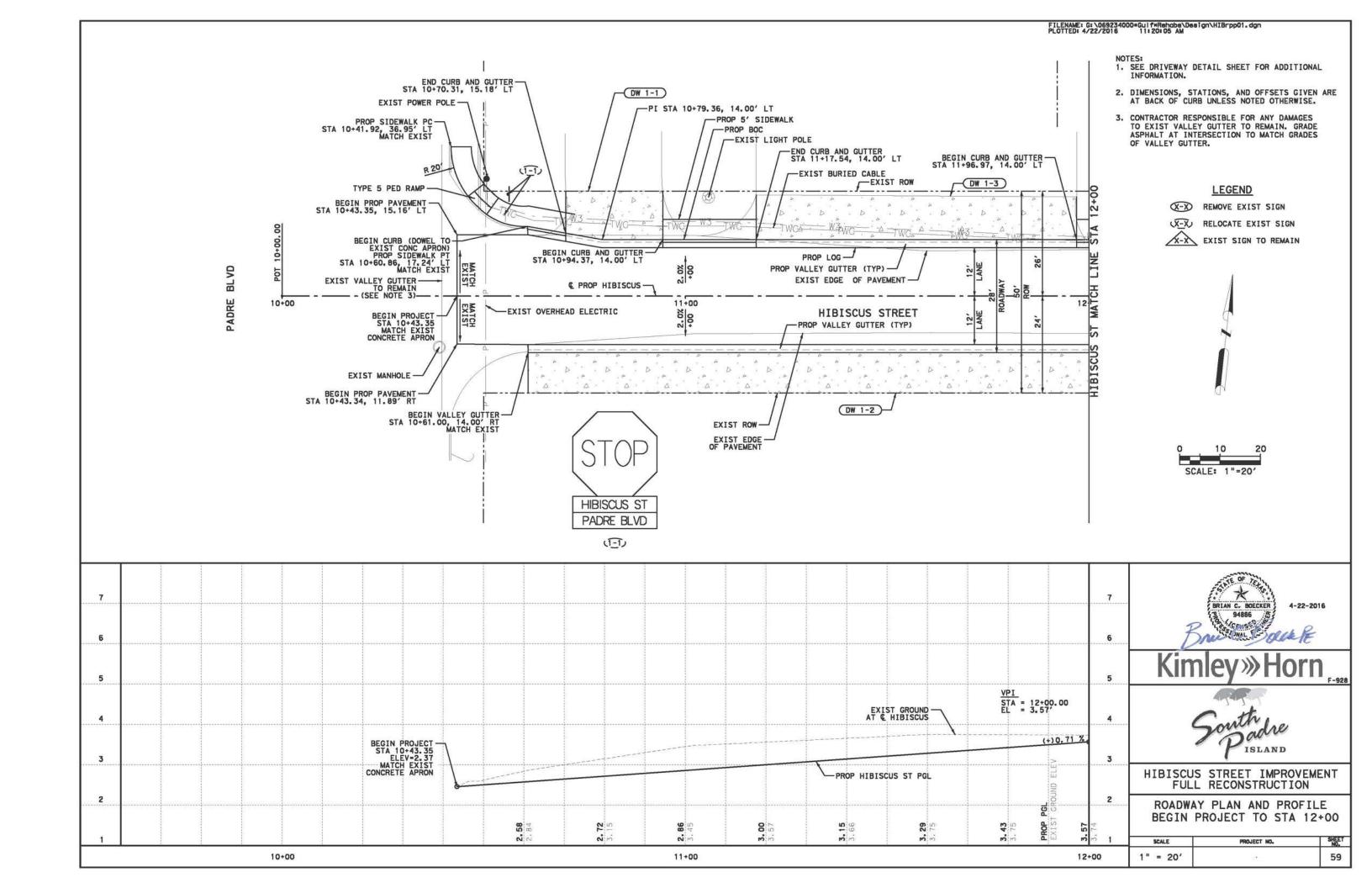
HIBISCUS TYPICAL SECTION

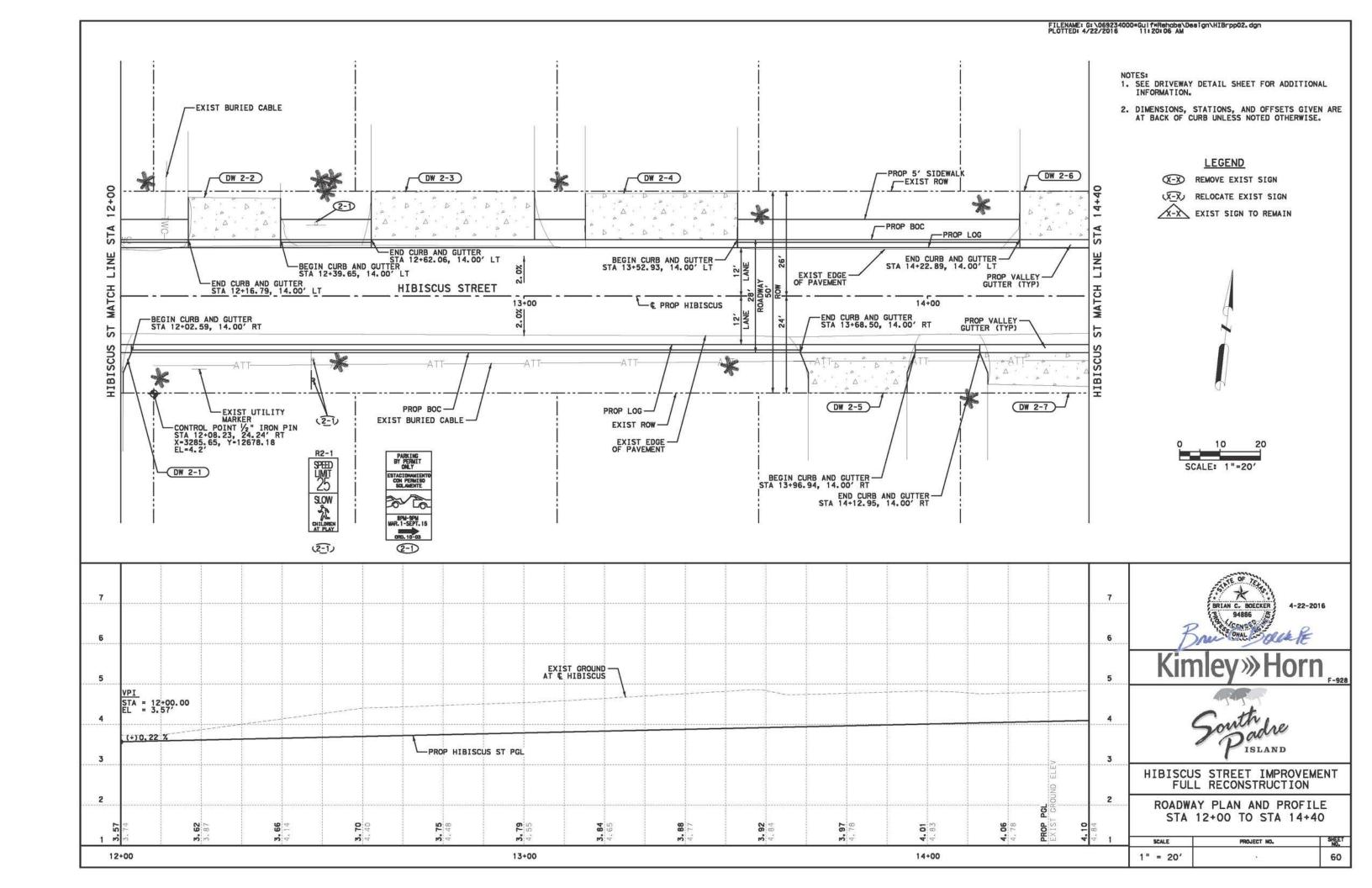
SCALE	SCALE PROJECT NO.		
1" = 20'	22.1	57	

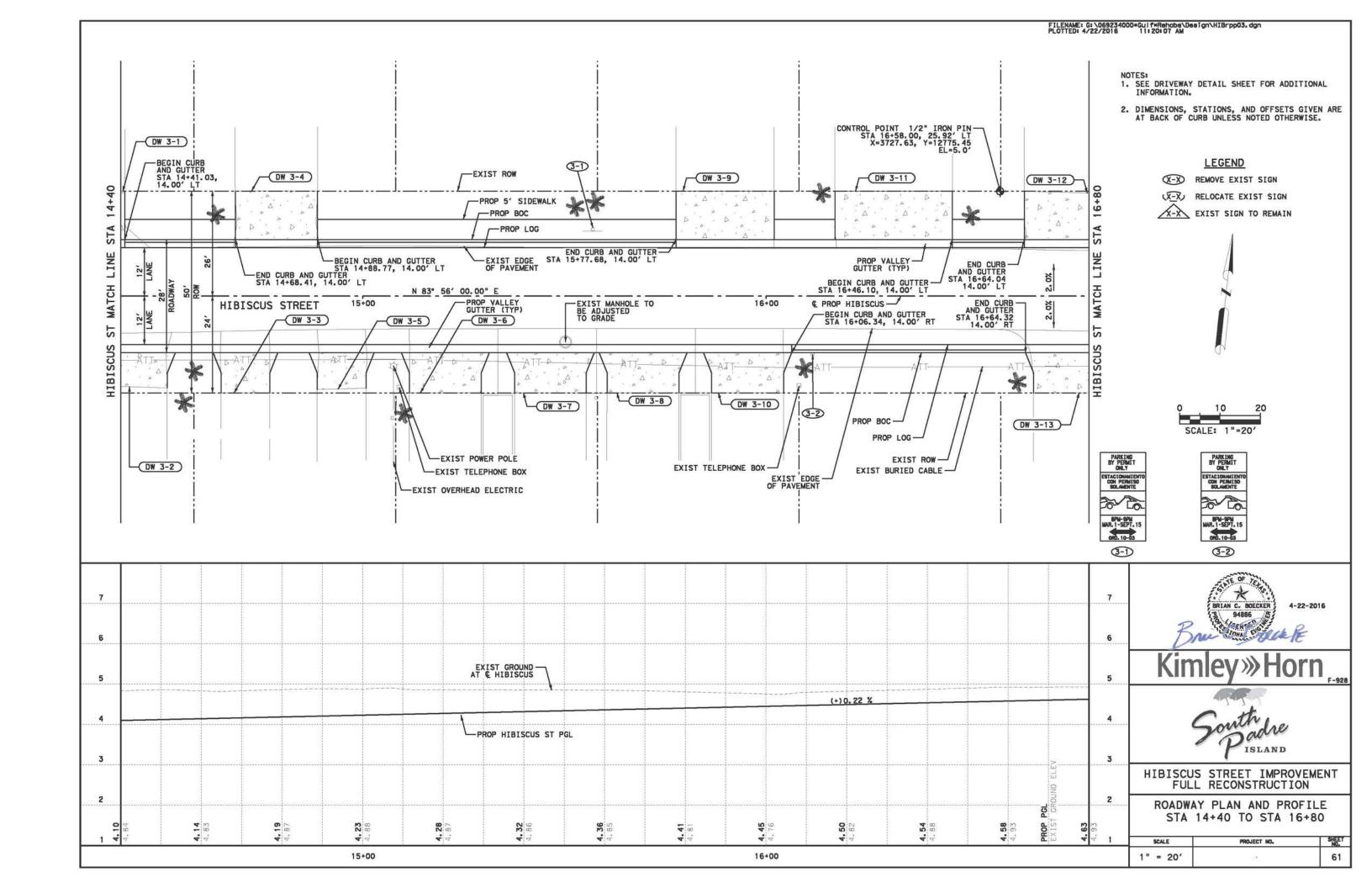


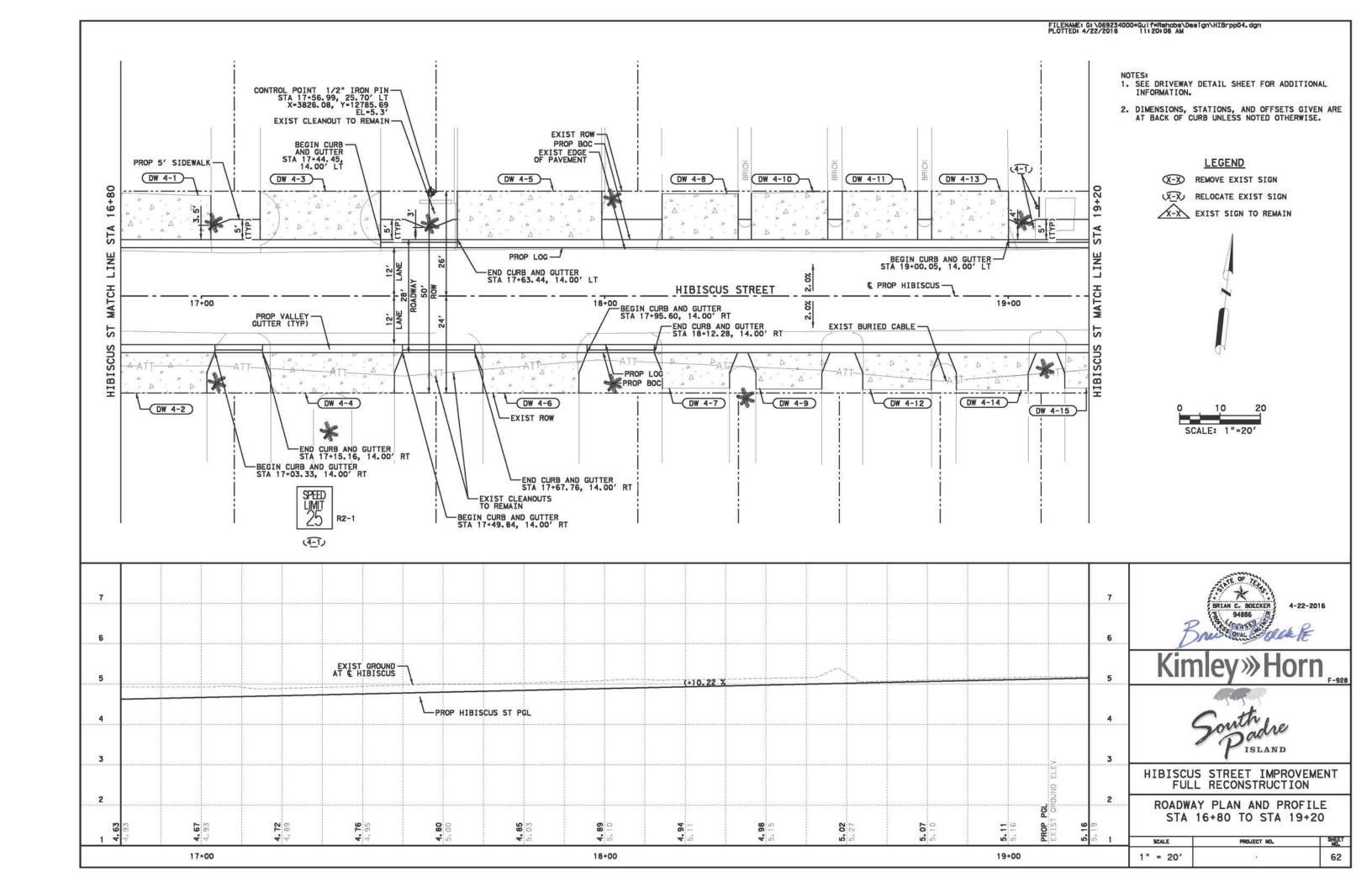
SCALE PROJECT NO. SHEET NO.

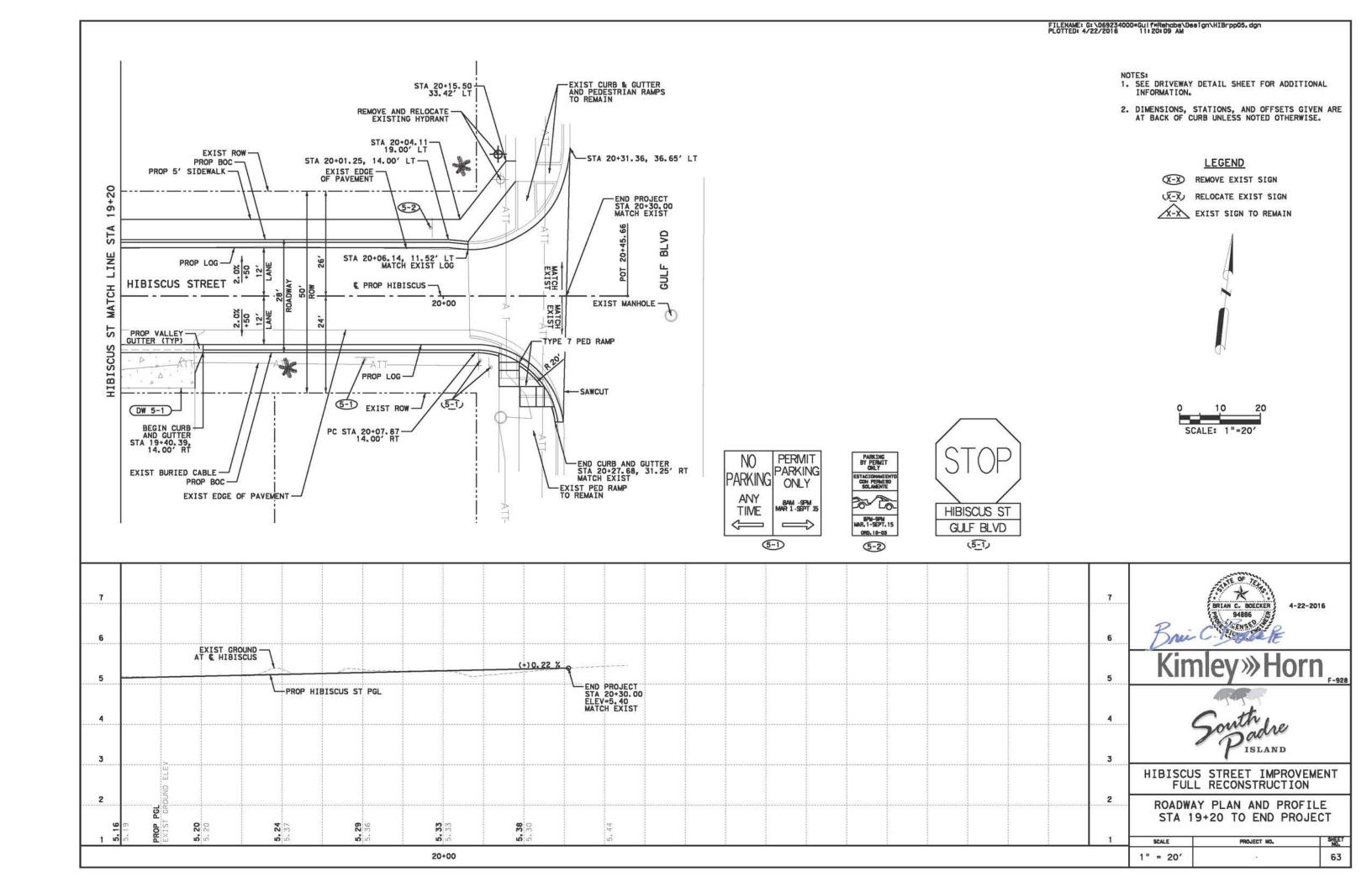
1" = 50' 58

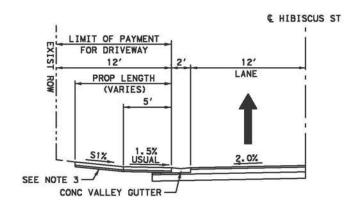




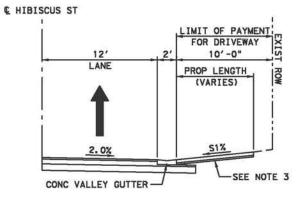




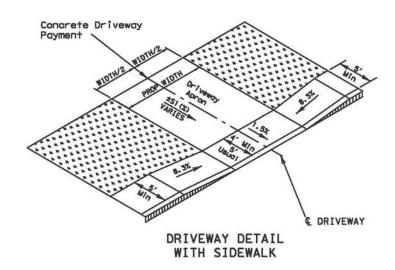


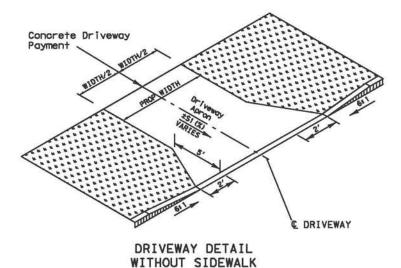


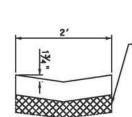
HIBISCUS ST PROPOSED TYPICAL RESIDENTIAL DRIVEWAY SECTIONS WITH SIDEWALK



HIBISCUS ST PROPOSED TYPICAL RESIDENTIAL DRIVEWAY SECTIONS WITHOUT SIDEWALK







-PLACE VALLEY GUTTER ON EXISTING BASE
MATERIAL. IF FINAL SURFACE OF BASE
MATERIAL IS DISTURBED, CONTRACTOR
TO CORRECT SURFACE IN ACCORDANCE
WITH SPECIFICATIONS FOR NEW BASE.
CONSIDER ANY CORRECTIONS SUBSIDIARY
TO PAY ITEM FOR 2' CONCRETE VALLEY GUTTER

EXPANSION JOINTS # 20' MAX
TRANSVERSE JOINT # 10' MAX
STEEL #3 # 12" C-C
3000 PSI CONCRETE

VALLEY GUTTER DETAIL
NTS

NOTES:

- 1. DRIVEWAYS SHOULD EXTEND TO THE LIMITS SHOWN IN THE PLANS UNLESS DIRECTED BY THE ENGINEER TO TIE INTO EXIST DRIVEWAY JOINTS WITHIN EXIST ROW.
- 2. PLACE A 1/2" ASPHALT BOARD EXPANSION JOINT WITH DOWELS ALONG THE ROW OR END OF DRIVEWAY RECONSTRUCTION AND DOWN THE CENTER OF DRIVEWAY. FOR DRIVEWAYS WIDER THAN 40', PLACE 1/2" ASPHALT BOARD EXPANSION JOINTS WITH DOWELS AT MAX SPACING OF 20'.
- 3. CONCRETE DRIVEWAYS SHALL BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH CITY STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS FOR RESIDENTIAL AND COMMERICIAL.
- 4. ALL DRIVEWAY SLOPES ARE AT THE CENTER OF THE DRIVEWAY AND ARE APPROXIMATE, CONTRACTOR TO TIE IN ALL PROPOSED DRIVEWAYS TO EXISTING CONSTRUCTION JOINTS.

PLAN AND PROFILE	DRIVEWAY NUMBER	E DRIVEWAY STATION	LEFT OR RIGHT	PROP WIDTH (FT)	PROP LENGTH (FT)	DRIVEWAY SLOPE (S1) (%)	EXIST SURF TYPE	DRIVEWAYS (CONC) (SY)
			H:	IBISCUS	ST			
1 OF 5	1-1	10+82.34	LT	24.1	12.0	11.6	ASPH	32
1/2 OF 5	1-2/2-1	11+30.80	RT	139.6	10.0	8.8	ASPH	156
1 OF 5	1-3	11+57.25	LT	79.4	10.8	6.2	ASPH	96
2 OF 5	2-2	12+28.22	LT	22.9	10.3	10.9	ASPH	27
2 OF 5	2-3	12+82.30	LT	40.5	11.9	1.8	ASPH	54
2 OF 5	2-4	13+34.05	LT	37.8	11.5	9.1	CONC	49
2 OF 5	2-5	13+82.72	RT	24.4	10.0	8.4	DIRT	29
2/3 OF 5	2-6/3-1	14+31.96	LT	18.1	12.0	6.4	CONC	25
2/3 OF 5	2-7/3-2	14+33.24	RT	36.6	8.3	8.6	ASPH	35
3 OF 5	3-3	14+70.92	RT	12.1	10.0	10.4	CONC	15
3 OF 5	3-4	14+78.59	LT	20.4	12.0	2.1	CONC	28
3 OF 5	3-5	14+94.75	RT	12.1	9.0	10.3	CONC	14
3 OF 5	3-6	15+20.45	RT	17.8	10.0	14.0	CONC	21
3 OF 5	3-7	15+46.51	RT	17.8	10.0	13.3	CONC	21
3 OF 5	3-8	15+69.48	RT	17.8	10.0	11.9	CONC	21
3 OF 5	3-9	15+89.85	LT	24.3	12.0	12.5	CONC	33
3 OF 5	3-10	15+95.41	RT	17.9	10.0	12.2	CONC	21
3 OF 5	3-11	16+31.58	LT	29.0	12.0	6.8	BRICK	39
3/4 OF 5	3-12/4-1	16+83.21	LT	38.3	11.4	11.6	CONC	49
3/4 OF 5	3-13/4-2	16+83.83	RT	35.0	10.0	8.8	ASPH	40
4 OF 5	4-3	17+29.49	LT	29.9	12.0	9.9	CONC	40
4 OF 5	4-4	17+32.50	RT	30.7	10.0	10.1	CONC	36
4 OF 5	4-5	17+81.36	LT	35.8	12.0	6.0	ASPH	48
4 OF 5	4-6	17+81.68	RT	23.8	10.0	5.7	ASPH	28
4 OF 5	4-7	18+22.59	RT	16.6	8.9	10.2	CONC	18
4 OF 5	4-8	18+23.62	LT	18.8	11.3	10.1	CONC	24
4 OF 5	4-9	18+45.65	RT	16.3	9.0	8.9	CONC	18
4 OF 5	4-10	18+45.80	LT	18.9	11.6	8.6	CONC	25
4 OF 5	4-11	18+68, 21	LT	18.7	11.9	8.2	CONC	25
4 OF 5	4-12	18+72.47	RT	17.0	9.2	6.7	CONC	19
4 OF 5	4-13	18+90.54	LT	19.0	12.0	7.5	CONC	26
4 OF 5	4-14	18+96.03	RT	17.8	9.3	8.0	CONC	20
4/5 OF 5	4-15/5-1	19+26.20	RT	24.4	8.9	9.0	CONC	26

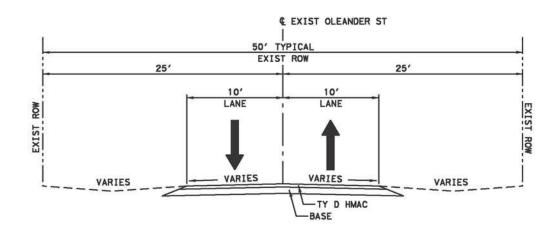




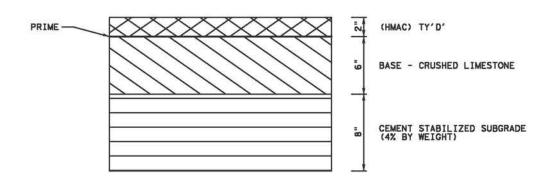
HIBISCUS STREET IMPROVEMENT FULL RECONSTRUCTION

DRIVEWAY SUMMARY

SCALE	PROJECT NO.	SHEET NO.
		64

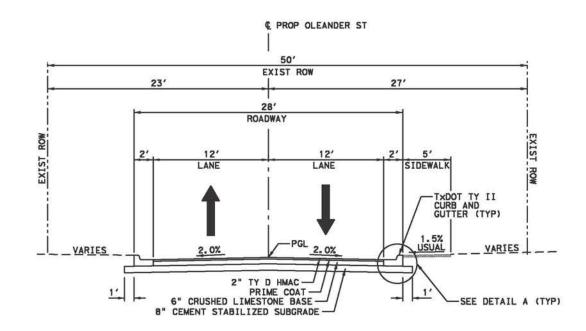


OLEANDER ST EXIST TYPICAL SECTION STA 10+43.33 TO 20+02.31

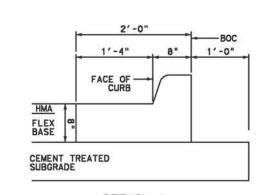


ASPHALT PAVEMENT RECONSTRUCTION SECTION NTS

(FOR USE AT OLEANDER ST)

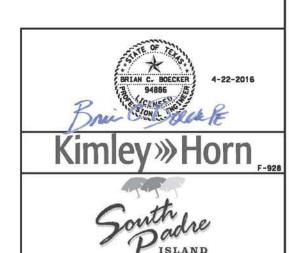


OLEANDER ST PROP TYPICAL SECTION STA 10+43.33 TO 20+02.31



DETAIL A

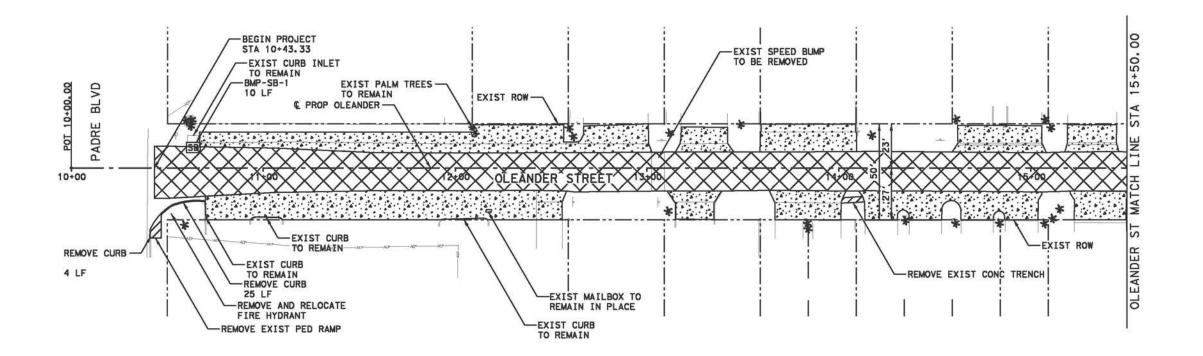
TY II CURB & GUTTER
(SHOWN ON NEW PAVING)

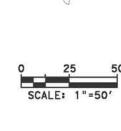


OLEANDER STREET IMPROVEMENT FULL RECONSTRUCTION

TYPICAL SECTIONS AND PAVEMENT SECTIONS

SCALE	PROJECT NO.	SHEET NO.
1" = 20'	9 <u>4</u> 1	65





REMOVE ASPHALT PAVEMENT REMOVE ASPHALT DRIVEWAY

REMOVE CONCRETE DRIVEWAY

PROP SEDIMENT CONTROL FENCE

REMOVE PEDESTRIAN RAMP

PROP SANDBAGS

NOTES:

- 1. CONTRACTOR WILL BE REQUIRED TO PROTECT PALM TREES SHOWN TO REMAIN.
- 2. APPLY SEEDING TO DISTURBED AREAS WITHIN ROW. SEEDING SHALL BE CONSIDERED SUBSIDIARY TO PERTINENT ITEMS.
- 3. CONTRACTOR TO PROVIDE 15 LF OF SANDBAGS AT PADRE BLVD INLET JUST NORTH OF LANTANA.
- 4. EROSION CONTROL DEVICES SHOWN WILL BE CONSIDERED SUBSIDIARY TO PERTINENT ITEMS.
- 5. BURIED UTILITIES EXIST WITHIN CORRIDOR. CONTRACTOR TO LOCATE UTILITIES PRIOR TO CONSTRUCTION.



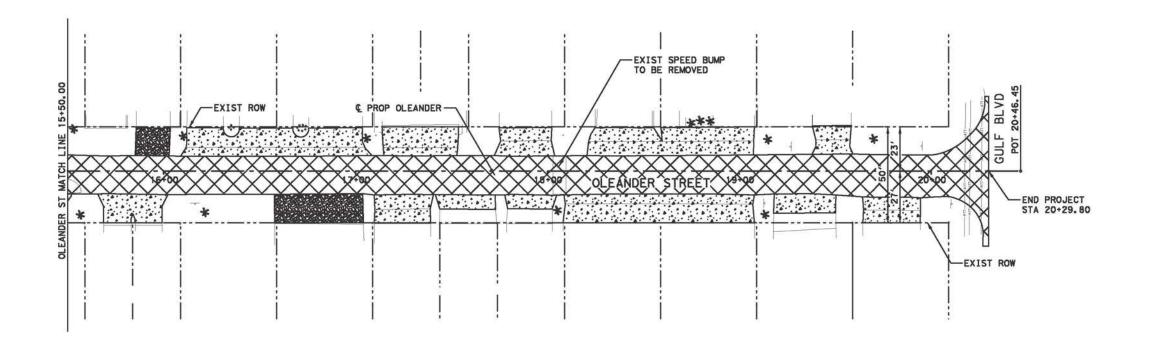
Kimley»Horn ...

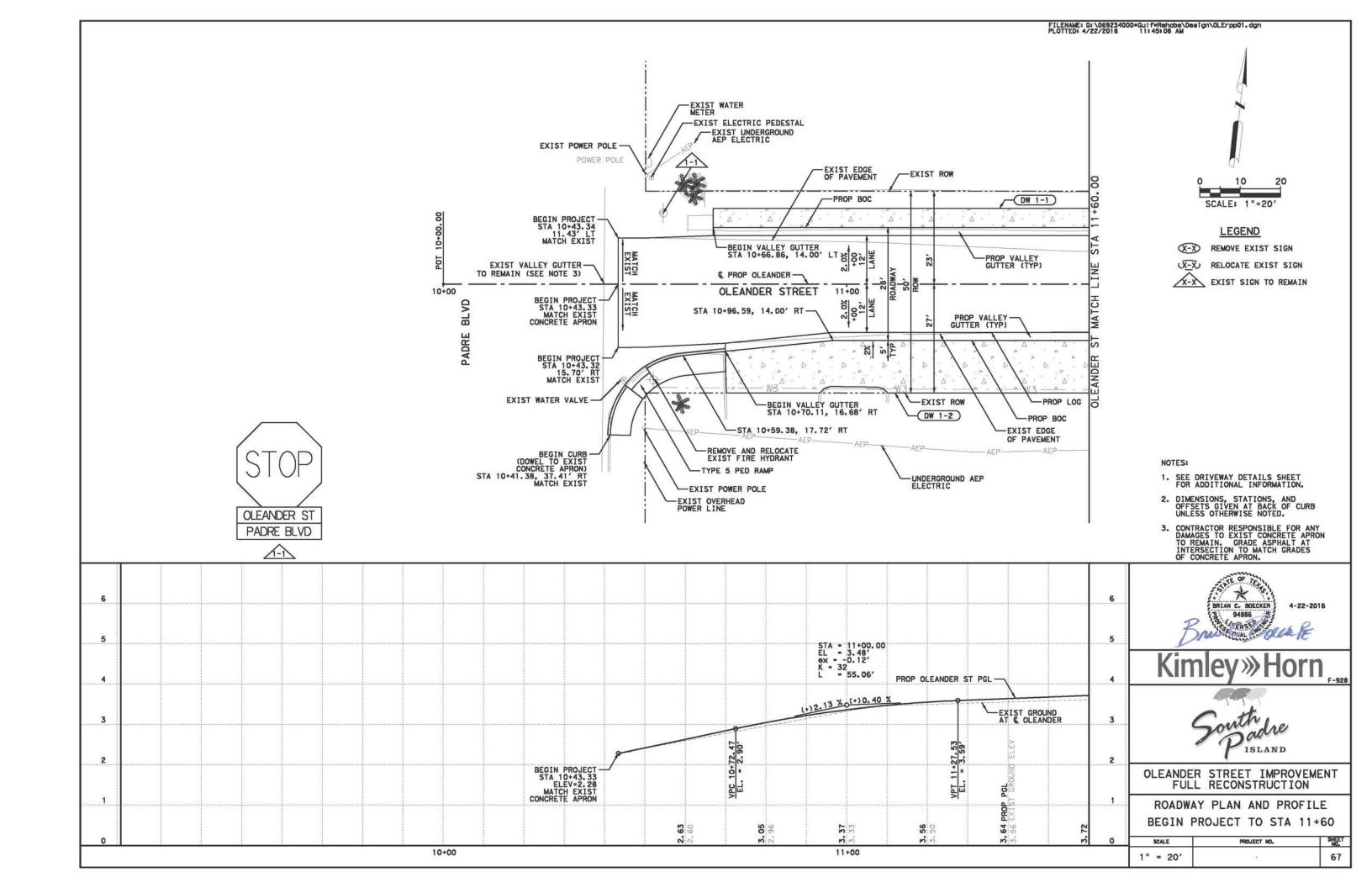


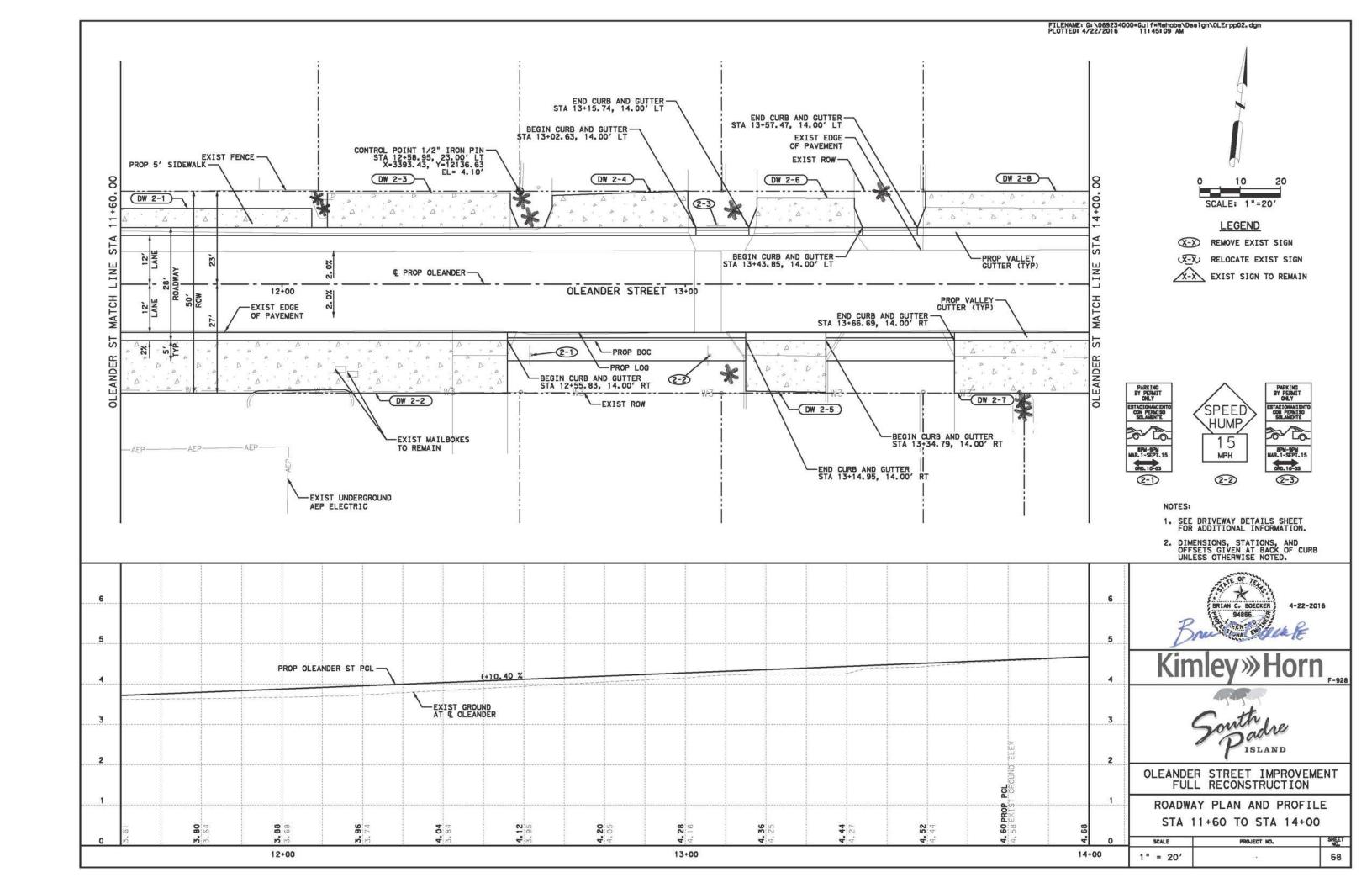
OLEANDER STREET IMPROVEMENT FULL RECONSTRUCTION

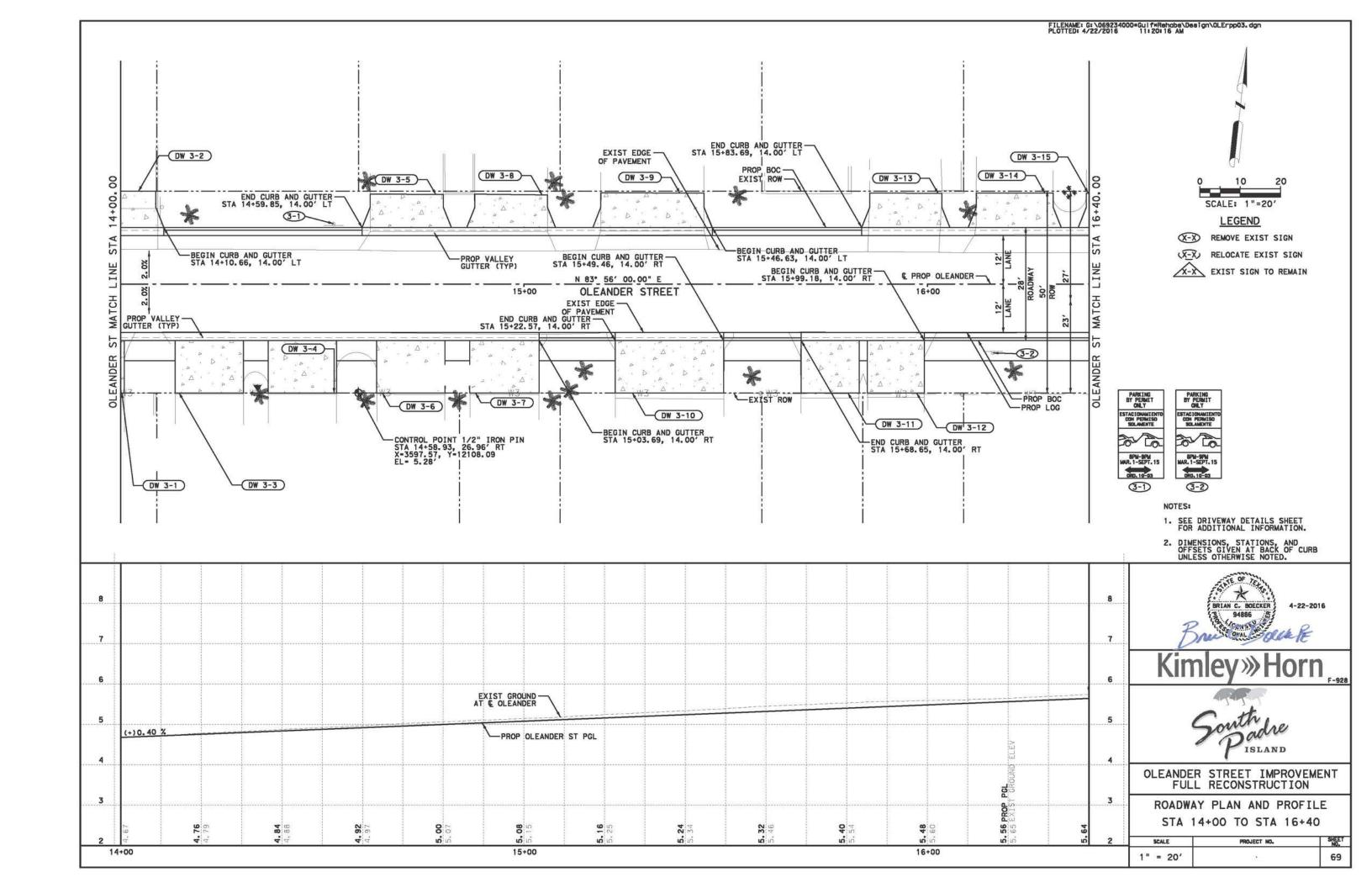
> EROSION CONTROL PLAN AND REMOVAL LAYOUT

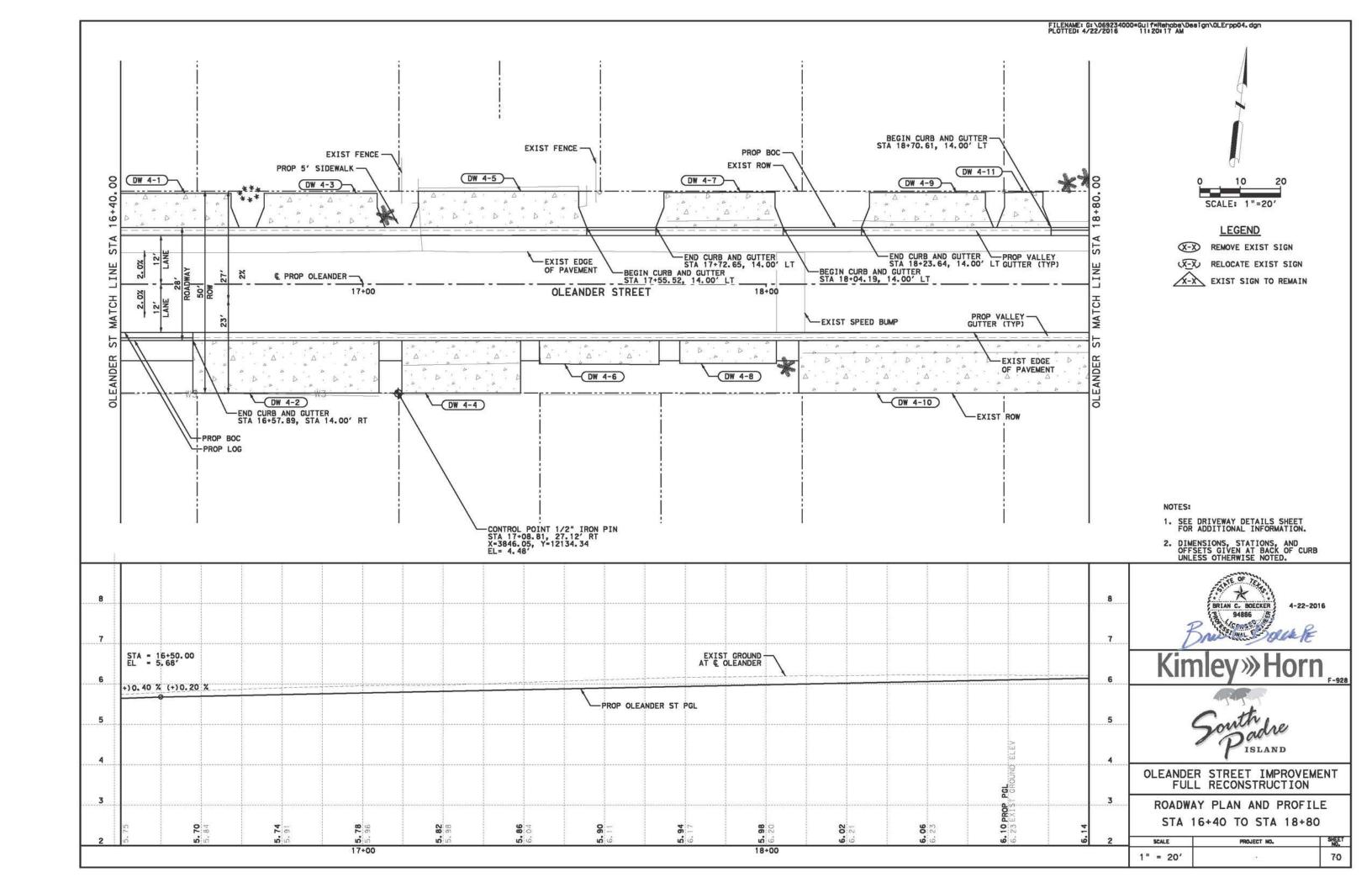
SCALE	PROJECT NO.	SHEET NO.
1" = 50'		66

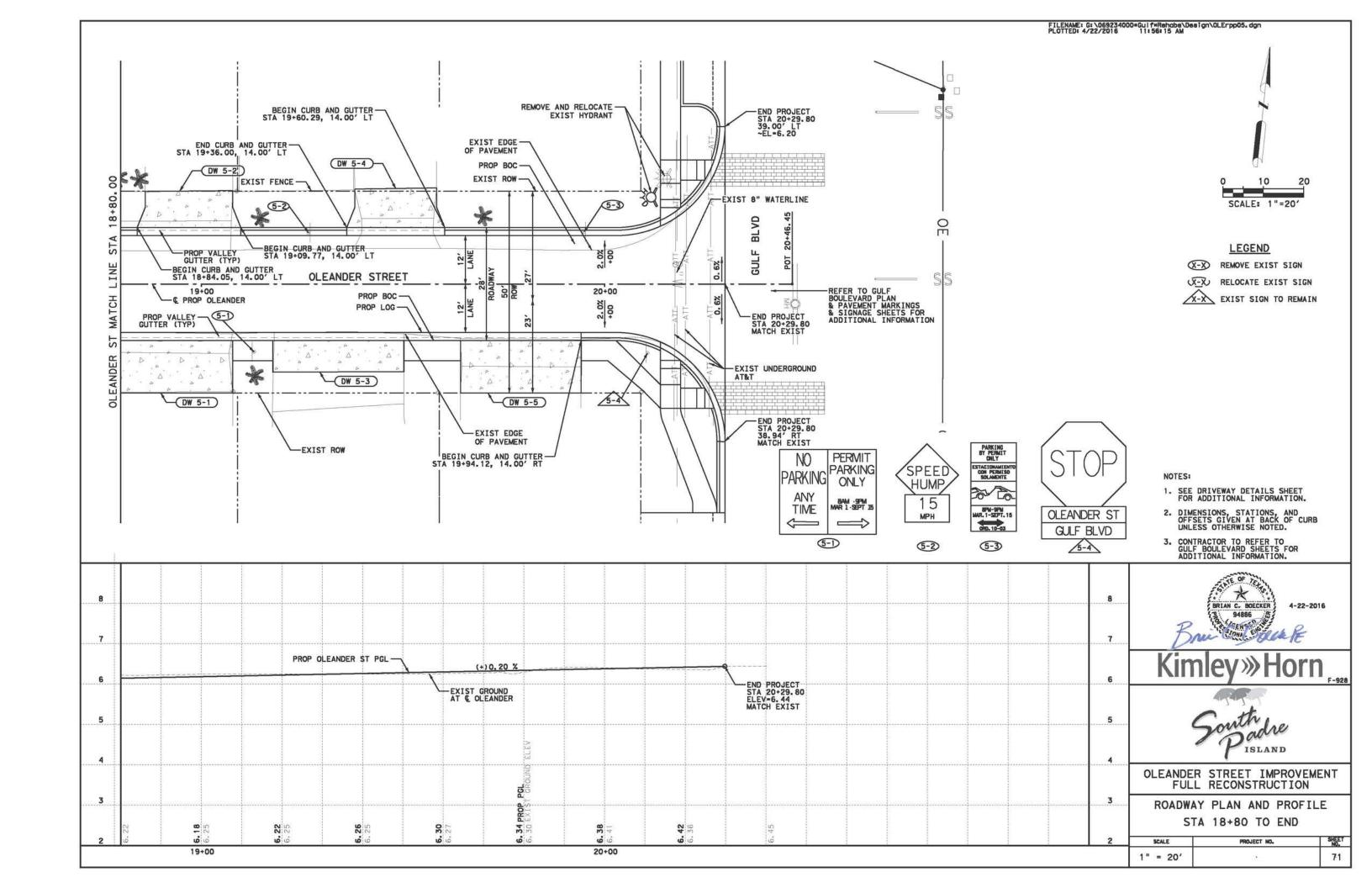


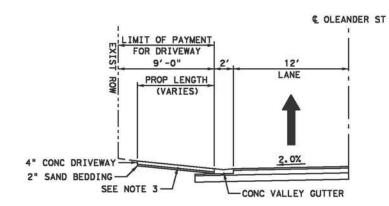




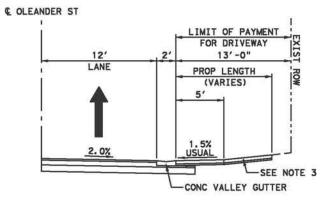




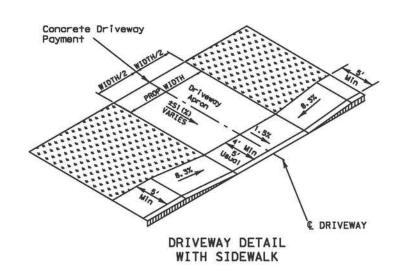


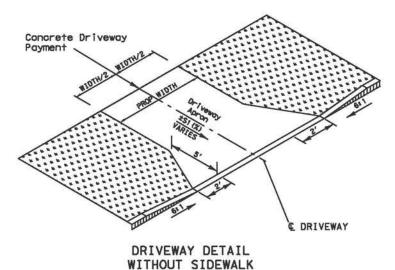


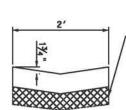
OLEANDER ST PROPOSED TYPICAL RESIDENTIAL DRIVEWAY SECTIONS WITHOUT SIDEWALK



OLEANDER ST PROPOSED TYPICAL RESIDENTIAL DRIVEWAY SECTIONS WITH SIDEWALK







-PLACE VALLEY GUTTER ON EXISTING BASE
MATERIAL. IF FINAL SURFACE OF BASE
MATERIAL IS DISTURBED, CONTRACTOR
TO CORRECT SURFACE IN ACCORDANCE
WITH SPECIFICATIONS FOR NEW BASE.
CONSIDER ANY CORRECTIONS SUBSIDIARY
TO PAY ITEM FOR 2' CONCRETE VALLEY GUTTER

EXPANSION JOINTS # 20' MAX TRANSVERSE JOINT # 10' MAX STEEL #3 # 12" C-C 3000 PSI CONCRETE

NTS

VALLEY GUTTER DETAIL

PLAN AND PROFILE	DRIVEWAY NUMBER	DRIVEWAY STATION	LEFT OR RIGHT	PROP WIDTH (FT)	PROP LENGTH (FT)	DRIVEWAY SLOPE (S1) (%)	EXIST SURF TYPE	DRIVEWAYS (CONC) (SY
			OLE	ANDER S	TREET			
1/2 OF 5	1-1/2-1	11+37.11	LT	140.5	4.8	14.2	CONC	75
1/2 OF 5	1-2/2-2	11+62.97	RT	185.7	13.0	14.0	CONC	261
2 OF 5	2-3	12+33.90	LT	45.4	8.6	3.8	CONC	44
2 OF 5	2-4	12+83.80	LT	33.7	8.5	2.1	CONC	33
2 OF 5	2-5	13+24.87	RT	19.8	12.7	9.8	CONC	28
2 OF 5	2-6	13+29.79	LT	24.1	7.3	6.4	CONC	21
2/3 OF 5	2-7/3-1	13+83.79	RT	34.2	13.0	14.1	CONC	50
2/3 OF 5	2-8/3-2	13+84.06	LT	49.2	9.0	6. 4	CONC	50
3 OF 5	3-3	14+21.96	RT	16.9	13.0	6.2	CONC	25
3 OF 5	3-4	14+45.04	RT	16.9	13.0	6.9	CONC	25
3 OF 5	3-5	14+70.92	LT	18.1	8.3	5.7	CONC	18
3 OF 5	3-6	14+71.89	RT	16.9	13.0	6.4	CONC	25
3 OF 5	3-7	14+95.09	RT	17.2	13.0	5.6	CONC	25
3 OF 5	3-8	14+96.74	LT	18.0	8.2	4.8	CONC	18
3 OF 5	3-9	15+31.83	LT	25.6	8.6	11.4	CONC	26
3 OF 5	3-10	15+36.01	RT	26.9	13.0	12.7	CONC	39
3 OF 5	3-11	15+75.85	RT	14.4	13.0	10.3	CONC	21
3 OF 5	3-12	15+92.12	RT	14.1	13.0	10.4	CONC	21
3 OF 5	3-13	15+94.63	LT	17.9	8.5	5.0	ASPH	19
3 OF 5	3-14	16+21.59	LT	19.1	8.5	11.0	CONC	20
3/4 OF 5	3-15/4-1	16+53.36	LT	28.0	8.5	10.6	CONC	28
4 OF 5	4-2	16+80.95	RT	46.1	13.0	7.9	ASPH	67
4 OF 5	4-3	16+89.60	LT	28.0	8.5	10.7	CONC	28
4 OF 5	4-4	17+24.41	RT	29.4	13.0	12.7	CONC	43
4 OF 5	4-5	17+33.66	LT	39.7	9.0	10.7	CONC	41
4 OF 5	4-6	17+58.62	RT	29.7	5.9	15.0	CONC	20
4 OF 5	4-7	17+88.41	LT	27.5	8.7	7.0	CONC	28
4 OF 5	4-8	17+90.55	RT	23.9	5.7	10.6	CONC	16
4 OF 5	4-9	18+40.00	LT	28.7	8.7	4.6	CONC	29
4/5 OF 5	4-10/5-1	18+57.92	RT	99.7	13.0	12.8	CONC	144
4 OF 5	4-11	18+63.86	LT	9.5	8.7	4.4	CONC	11
5 OF 5	5-2	18+96.91	LT	21.7	9.0	3.6	CONC	23
5 OF 5	5-3	19+33.95	RT	32.5	7.8	6.5	CONC	29
5 OF 5	5-4	19+48.15	LT	20.3	9.8	2.3	CONC	23
5 OF 5	5-5	19+79.17	RT	30.0	13.0	9. 4	CONC	44

NOTES:

- 1. DRIVEWAYS SHOULD EXTEND TO THE LIMITS SHOWN IN THE PLANS UNLESS DIRECTED BY THE ENGINEER TO TIE INTO EXIST DRIVEWAY JOINTS WITHIN EXIST ROW.
- 2. PLACE A 1/2" ASPHALT BOARD EXPANSION JOINT WITH DOWELS ALONG THE ROW OR END OF DRIVEWAY RECONSTRUCTION AND DOWN THE CENTER OF DRIVEWAY. FOR DRIVEWAYS WIDER THAN 40', PLACE 1/2" ASPHALT BOARD EXPANSION JOINTS WITH DOWELS AT MAX SPACING OF 20'.
- CONCRETE DRIVEWAYS SHALL BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH CITY STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS FOR RESIDENTIAL AND COMMERICIAL.
- ALL DRIVEWAY SLOPES ARE AT THE CENTER OF THE DRIVEWAY AND ARE APPROXIMATE. CONTRACTOR TO TIE IN ALL PROPOSED DRIVEWAYS TO EXISTING CONSTRUCTION JOINTS.



OLEANDER STREET IMPROVEMENT **FULL RECONSTRUCTION**

ISLAND

DRIVEWAY SUMMARY

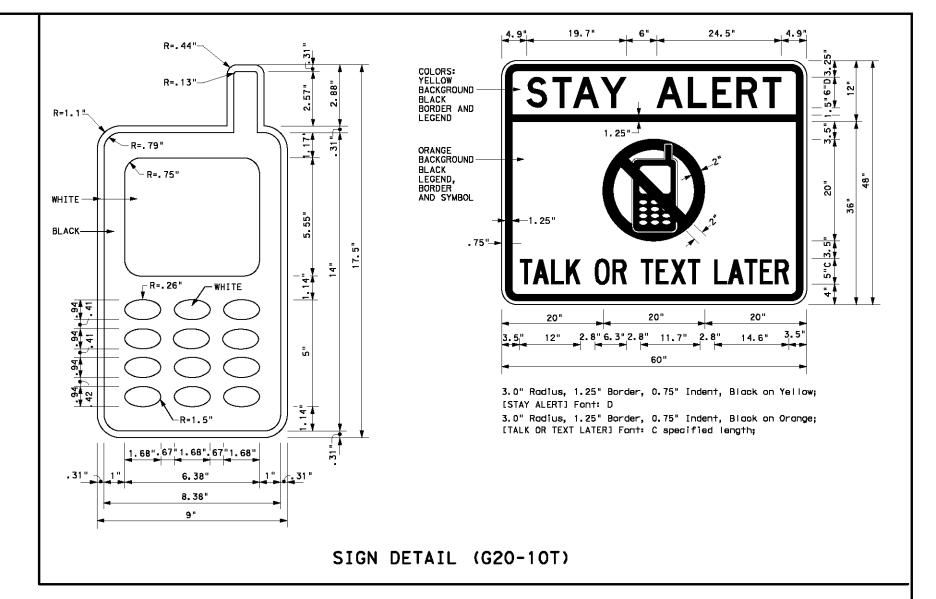
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BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION (BC) STANDARD SHEETS GENERAL NOTES:

- The Barricade and Construction Standard Sheets (BC sheets) are intended to show typical examples for placement of temporary traffic control devices, construction pavement markings, and typical work zone signs. The information contained in these sheets meet or exceed the requirements shown in the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD).
- 2. The development and design of the Traffic Control Plan (TCP) is the responsibility of the Engineer.
- The Contractor may propose changes to the TCP that are signed and sealed by a licensed professional engineer for approval. The Engineer may develop, sign and seal Contractor proposed changes.
- 4. The Contractor is responsible for installing and maintaining the traffic control devices as shown in the plans. The Contractor may not move or change the approximate location of any device without the approval of the Engineer.
- 5. Geometric design of lane shifts and detours should, when possible, meet the applicable design criteria contained in manuals such as the American Association of State Highway and Transportation Officials (AASHTO), "A Policy on Geometric Design of Highways and Streets," the TxDOT "Roadway Design Manual" or engineering judgment.
- 6. When projects abut, the Engineer(s) may omit the END ROAD WORK, TRAFFIC FINES DOUBLE, and other advance warning signs if the signing would be redundant and the work areas appear continuous to the motorists. If the adjacent project is completed first, the Contractor shall erect the necessary warning signs as shown on these sheets, the TCP sheets or as directed by the Engineer. The BEGIN ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES sign shall be revised to show appropriate work zone distance.
- The Engineer may require duplicate warning signs on the median side of divided highways where median width will permit and traffic volumes justify the signing.
- 8. All signs shall be constructed in accordance with the details found in the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas," latest edition. Sign details not shown in this manual shall be shown in the plans or the Engineer shall provide a detail to the Contractor before the sign is manufactured.
- 9. The temporary traffic control devices shown in the illustrations of the BC sheets are examples. As necessary, the Engineer will determine the most appropriate traffic control devices to be used.
- 10. As shown on BC(2), the OBEY WARNING SIGNS STATE LAW sign, STAY ALERT TALK OR TEXT LATER (see Sign Detail G20-10T) and the WORK ZONE TRAFFIC FINES DOUBLE sign with plaque shall be erected in advance of the CSJ limits. However, the TRAFFIC FINES DOUBLE sign will not be required on projects consisting solely of mobile operation work, such as striping or milling edgeline rumble strips. The BEGIN ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES, CONTRACTOR and END ROAD WORK signs shall be erected at or near the CSJ limits.
- 11. Except for devices required by Note 10, traffic control devices should be in place only while work is actually in progress or a definite need exists.
- 12. The Engineer has the final decision on the location of all traffic control devices.
- 13. Inactive equipment and work vehicles, including workers' private vehicles must be parked away from travel lanes. They should be as close to the right-of-way line as possible, or located behind a barrier or guardrail, or as approved by the Engineer.

WORKER SAFETY APPAREL NOTES:

1. Workers on foot who are exposed to traffic or to construction equipment within the right-of-way shall wear high-visibility safety apparel meeting the requirements of ISEA "American National Standard for High-Visibility Apparel," or equivalent revisions, and labeled as ANSI 107-2004 standard performance for Class 2 or 3 risk exposure. Class 3 garments should be considered for high traffic volume work areas or night time work.



Only pre-qualified products shall be used. The "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List" (CWZTCD) describes pre-qualified products and their sources and may be found on-line at the web address given below or by contacting:

Texas Department of Transportation Traffic Operations Division - TE Phone (512) 416-3118

THE DOCUMENTS BELOW CAN BE FOUND ON-LINE AT http://www.txdot.gov

COMPLIANT WORK ZONE TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES LIST (CWZTCD)

DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL SPECIFICATIONS (DMS)

MATERIAL PRODUCER LIST (MPL)

ROADWAY DESIGN MANUAL - SEE "MANUALS (ONLINE MANUALS)"

STANDARD HIGHWAY SIGN DESIGNS FOR TEXAS (SHSD)

TEXAS MANUAL ON UNIFORM TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES (TMUTCD)

TRAFFIC ENGINEERING STANDARD SHEETS

SHEET 1 OF 12



BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION GENERAL NOTES AND REQUIREMENTS

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TYPICAL LOCATION OF CROSSROAD SIGNS ROAD BOAD WORK WORK NEXT X MILES END ROAD WORK AHEAD G20-2 (Optional CW20-1D see Note G20-1aT 1 and 4) CROSSROAD ROAD ROAD WORK WORK NEXT X MILES NEXT X MILES AHEAD END ROAD WORK CW20-1D G20-2 G20-1aT (Optional see Note

May be mounted on back of "ROAD WORK AHEAD" (CW20-1D) sign with approval of Engineer.

- The typical minimum signing on a crossroad approach should be a "ROAD WORK AHEAD" (CW20-1D)sign and a (G20-2) "END ROAD WORK" sign, unless noted otherwise in plans.
- 2. The Engineer may use the reduced size 36" x 36" ROAD WORK AHEAD (CW20-1D) sign mounted back to back with the reduced size 36" x 18" "END ROAD WORK" (G20-2) sign on low volume crossroads (see Note 4 under "Typical Construction Warning Sign Size and Spacing"). See the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas' manual for sign details. The Engineer may omit the advance warning signs on low volume crossroads. The Engineer will determine whether a road is low volume. This information shall be shown
- Based on existing field conditions, the Engineer/Inspector may require additional signs such as FLAGGER AHEAD, LOOSE GRAVEL, or other appropriate signs. When additional signs are required, these signs will be considered part of the minimum requirements. The Engineer/Inspector will determine the proper location and spacing of any sign not shown on the BC sheets, Traffic Control Plan sheets or the Work Zone Standard Sheets.
- The "ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES" (G20-1aT) sign shall be required at high volume crossroads to advise motorists of the length of construction in either direction from the intersection. The Engineer will determine whether a roadway is considered high volume.
- Additional traffic control devices may be shown elsewhere in the plans for higher volume crossroads.
- 6. When work occurs in the intersection area, appropriate traffic control devices, as shown elsewhere in the plans or as determined by the Engineer/Inspector, shall be in place.

ROAD WORK ROAD WORK NEXT X NILES ⇒ INTERSECTED 1000'-1500' - Hwy 1 Block - City 1000'-1500' - Hwy 1 Block - City ROADWAY \Rightarrow WORK G20-5aP WORK Limit G20-5aP mîn ZONE TRAFFIC TRAFFIC G20-5T R20-5T FINES R20-5T FINES DOUBLE DOUBLE R20-5aTP MEN G20-6T

T-INTERSECTION

CSJ LIMITS AT T-INTERSECTION

R20-5aTP HORSEN

1. The Engineer will determine the types and location of any additional traffic control devices, such as a flagger and accompanying signs, or other signs, that should be used when work is being performed at or near an intersection.

END

ROAD WORK

G20-2

2. If construction closes the road at a T-intersection the Contractor shall place the "CONTRACTOR NAME"(G20-6T) sign behind the Type 3 Barricades for the road closure (see BC(10) also). The "ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES" left arrow(G20-1bTL) and "ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES" right arrow (G20-1bTR)" signs shall be replaced by the detour signing called for in the plans.

TYPICAL CONSTRUCTION WARNING SIGN SIZE AND SPACING 1,5,6

SIZE

Sign Posted Speed MPH 30 35 40 45 50 55 60 65 70 75 80

SPACING

- anventional Expressway/ Spacino Road Freeway or Series " X " Feet Apprx. 120 48" x 48' 48" x 48' 160 240 320 CW1, CW2, 400 CW7. CW8. 36" x 36" 48" x 48" 500² CW9, CW11 6002 700 2 CW3, CW4, 800 ² CW5, CW6, 48" x 48 48" x 48" 900 2 CW10, CW12 10002
- For typical sign spacings on divided highways, expressways and freeways, see Part 6 of the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD) typical application diagrams or TCP Standard Sheets.
- Δ Minimum distance from work area to first Advance Warning sign nearest the work area and/or distance between each additional sign.

GENERAL NOTES

Sign

Number

CW204

CW21

CW22

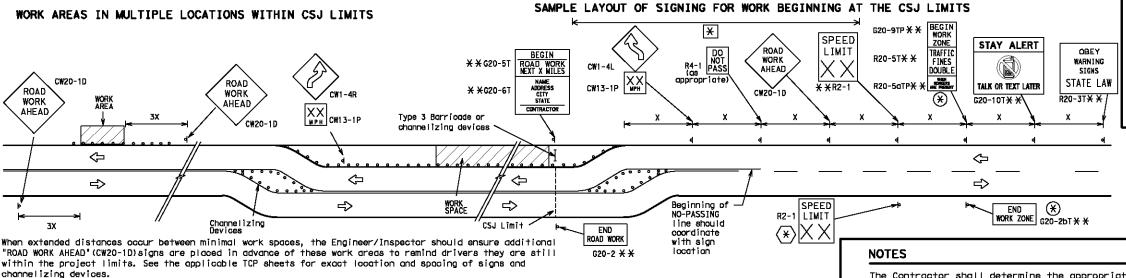
CW23

CW25

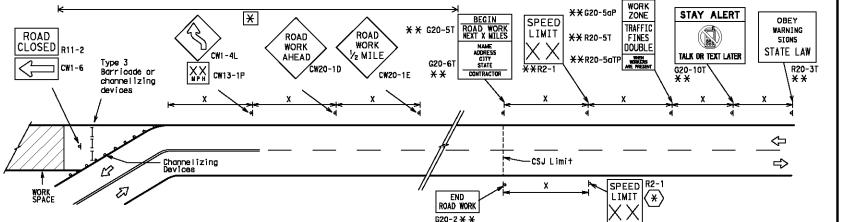
CW14

CW8-3,

- Special or larger size signs may be used as necessary.
- Distance between signs should be increased as required to have 1500 feet advance warning.
- 3. Distance between signs should be increased as required to have 1/2 mile or more advance warning.
- 4. 36" x 36" "ROAD WORK AHEAD" (CW20-1D) signs may be used on low volume crossroads at the discretion of the Engineer. See Note 2 under "Typical Location of Crossroad Signs".
- 5. Only diamond shaped warning sign sizes are indicated.
- 6. See sign size listing in "TMUTCD", Sign Appendix or the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas" manual for complete list of available sign design



SAMPLE LAYOUT OF SIGNING FOR WORK BEGINNING DOWNSTREAM OF THE CSJ LIMITS



The Contractor shall determine the appropriate distance to be placed on the G20-1 series signs and "BEGIN ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES" (G20-5T) sign for each specific project. This distance shall replace the "X" and shall be rounded to the nearest whole mile with the approval of the Engineer No decimals shall be used

- (X) The "BEGIN WORK ZONE" (G20-9TP) and "END WORK ZONE" (G20-2bT shall be used as shown on the sample layout when advance signs are required outside the CSJ Limits. They inform the motorist of entering or leaving a part of the work zone lying outside the CSJ Limits where traffic fines may double workers are present.
- Required CSJ Limit signing. See Note 10 on BC(1). TRAFFIC FINES DOUBLE signs will not be required on projects consisting solely of mobile operations work.
- Ared for placement of "ROAD WORK AHEAD" (CW20-1D) sign and other signs or devices as called for on the Traffic
- Contractor will install a regulatory speed limit sign at the end of the work zone.

	LEGEND					
Ι	Type 3 Barricade					
000 Channelizing Devices						
+	Sign					
x	See Typical Construction Worning Sign Size and Spacing chart or the TMUTCD for sign spacing requirements.					

SHEET 2 OF 12



BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION PROJECT LIMIT

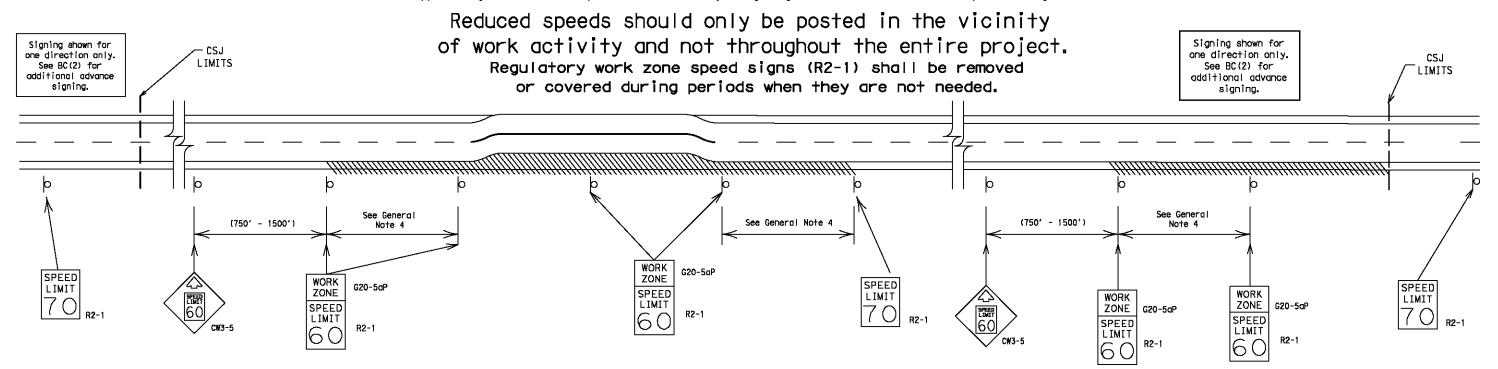
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TYPICAL APPLICATION OF WORK ZONE SPEED LIMIT SIGNS

Work zone speed limits shall be regulatory, established in accordance with the "Procedures for Establishing Speed Zones," and approved by the Texas Transportation Commission, or by City Ordinance when within Incorporated City Limits.



GUIDANCE FOR USE:

LONG/INTERMEDIATE TERM WORK ZONE SPEED LIMITS

This type of work zone speed limit should be included on the design of the traffic control plans when restricted geometrics with a lower design speed are present in the work zone and modification of the geometrics to a higher design speed is not feasible.

Long/Intermediate Term Work Zone Speed Limit signs, when approved as described above, should be posted and visible to the motorist when work activity is present. Work activity may also be defined as a change in the roadway that requires a reduced speed for motorists to safely negotiate the work area, including:

- a) rough road or damaged pavement surface
- b) substantial alteration of roadway geometrics (diversions)
- c) construction detours
- d) grade
- e) width
- f) other conditions readily apparent to the driver

As long as any of these conditions exist, the work zone speed limit signs should remain in place.

SHORT TERM WORK ZONE SPEED LIMITS

This type of work zone speed limit may be included on the design of the traffic control plans when workers or equipment are not behind concrete barrier, when work activity is within 10 feet of the traveled way or actually in the travelled way.

Short Term Work Zone Speed Limit signs should be posted and visible to the motorists only when work activity is present. When work activity is not present, signs shall be removed or covered. (See Removing or Covering on BC(4)).

GENERAL NOTES

- 1. Regulatory work zone speed limits should be used only for sections of construction projects where speed control is of major importance.
- 2. Regulatory work zone speed limit signs shall be placed on supports at a 7 foot minimum mounting height.
- 3. Speed zone signs are illustrated for one direction of travel and are normally posted for each direction of travel.
- 4. Frequency of work zone speed limit signs should be:

40 mph and greater 0.2 to 2 miles 35 mph and less 0.2 to 1 mile

- 5. Regulatory speed limit signs shall have black legend and border on a white reflective background (See "Reflective Sheeting" on BC(4)).
- 6. Fabrication, erection and maintenance of the "ADVANCE SPEED LIMIT" (CW3-5) sign, "WORK ZONE"(G20-5aP) plaque and the "SPEED LIMIT"(R2-1)signs shall not be paid for directly, but shall be considered subsidiary to Item 502.
- 7. Turning signs from view, laying signs over or down will not be allowed, unless as otherwise noted under "REMOVING OR COVERING" on BC(4).
- 8. Techniques that may help reduce traffic speeds include but are not limited to: A. Law enforcement.
 - B. Flagger stationed next to sign.
 - C. Portable changeable message sign (PCMS).
 - D. Low-power (drone) radar transmitter.
- E. Speed monitor trailers or signs.
- 9. Speeds shown on details above are for illustration only. Work Zone Speed Limits should only be posted as approved for each project.
- 10. For more specific guidance concerning the type of work, work zone conditions and factors impacting allowable regulatory construction speed zone reduction see TxDOT form #1204 in the TxDOT e-form system.

SHEET 3 OF 12



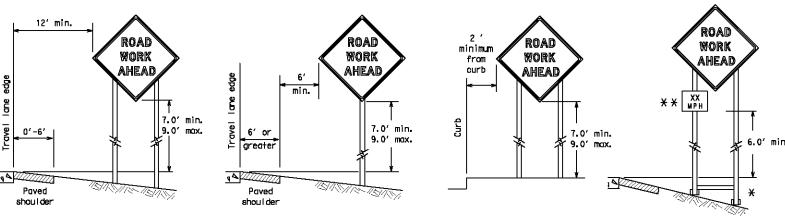
■ Texas Department of Transportation

BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION **WORK ZONE SPEED LIMIT**

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TYPICAL MINIMUM CLEARANCES FOR LONG TERM AND INTERMEDIATE TERM SIGNS

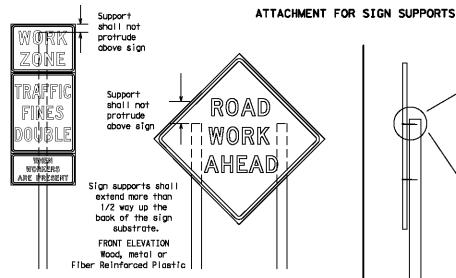


* When placing skid supports on unlevel ground, the leg post lengths must be adjusted so the sign appears straight and plumb.

Objects shall NOT be placed under skids as a means of leveling.

* X When plaques are placed on dual-leg supports, they should be attached to the upright nearest the travel lane.

Supplemental plaques (advisory or distance) should not cover the surface of the parent sign.



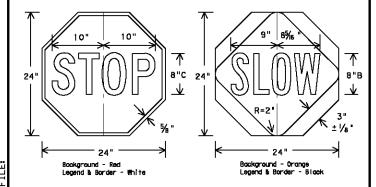
Splicing embedded perforated square metal tubing in order to extend post height will only be allowed when the splice is made using four bolts, two above and two below the spice point. Splice must be located entirely behind the sign substrate, not near the base of the support. Splice insert lengths should be at least 5 times nominal post size, centered on the splice and of at least the same gauge material.

Attachment to wooden supports
will be by bolts and nuts
or screws. Use TxDOT's or
manufacturer's recommended
procedures for attaching sign
substrates to other types of
sign supports

Nails shall NOT
be allowed.
Each sign
shall be attached
directly to the sign
support. Multiple
signs shall not be
joined or spliced by
any means. Wood
supports shall not be
extended or repaired
by splicing or
other means.

STOP/SLOW PADDLES

- STOP/SLOW paddles are the primary method to control traffic by flaggers. The STOP/SLOW paddle size should be 24" x 24" as detailed below.
- When used at night, the STOP/5LOW paddle shall be retroreflectorized.
- STOP/SLOW paddles may be attached to a staff with a minimum length of 6' to the bottom of the sign.
- Any lights incorporated into the STOP or SLOW paddle faces shall only be as specifically described in Section 6E.03 Hand Signaling Devices in the TMUTCD.



CONTRACTOR REQUIREMENTS FOR MAINTAINING PERMANENT SIGNS WITHIN THE PROJECT LIMITS

SIDE ELEVATION

Wood

- Permanent signs are used to give notice of traffic laws or regulations, call
 attention to conditions that are potentially hazardous to traffic operations,
 show route designations, destinations, directions, distances, services, points
 of interest, and other geographical, recreational, or cultural information.
 Drivers proceeding through a work zone need the same, if not better route
 guidance as normally installed on a roadway without construction.
- . When permanent regulatory or warning signs conflict with work zone conditions, remove or cover the permanent signs until the permanent sign message matches the roadway condition.
- When existing permanent signs are moved and relocated due to construction purposes, they shall be visible to motorists at all times.
- If existing signs are to be relocated on their original supports, they shall be installed on crashworthy bases as shown on the SMD Standard sheets. The signs shall meet the required mounting heights shown on the BC Sheets or the SMD Standards. This work should be paid for under the appropriate pay item for relocating existing signs.
- If permanent signs are to be removed and relocated using temporary supports, the Contractor shall use crashworthy supports as shown on the BC sheets or the CWZTCD. The signs shall meet the required mounting heights shown on the BC Sheets or the SMD Standards during construction. This work should be paid for under the appropriate pay item for relocating existing signs.
- Any sign or traffic control device that is struck or damaged by the Contractor or his/her construction equipment shall be replaced as soon as possible by the Contractor to ensure proper guidance for the motorists. This will be subsidiary to Item 502.

GENERAL NOTES FOR WORK ZONE SIGNS

- i. Contractor shall install and maintain signs in a straight and plumb condition and/or as directed by the Engineer.
- Wooden sign posts shall be painted white.
- 3. Barricades shall NOT be used as sign supports.
- 4. All signs shall be installed in accordance with the plans or as directed by the Engineer. Signs shall be used to regulate, warm, and guide the traveling public safely through the work zone.
- 5. The Contractor may furnish either the sign design shown in the plans or in the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas" (SHSD). The Engineer/Inspector may require the Contractor to furnish other work zone signs that are shown in the TMUTCD but may have been omitted from the plans. Any variation in the plans shall be documented by written agreement between the Engineer and the Contractor's Responsible Person. All changes must be documented in writing before being implemented. This can include documenting the changes in the Inspector's TxDDT diary and having both the Inspector and Contractor initial and date the agreed upon changes.
- 6. The Contractor shall furnish sign supports listed in the "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Device List" (CWZTCD). The Contractor shall install the sign support in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations. If there is a question regarding installation procedures, the Contractor shall furnish the Engineer a copy of the manufacturer's installation recommendations so the Engineer can verify the correct procedures are being followed.
- The Contractor is responsible for installing signs on approved supports and replacing signs with damaged or cracked substrates and/or
 damaged or marred reflective sheeting as directed by the Engineer/Inspector.
- 8. Identification markings may be shown only on the back of the sign substrate. The maximum height of letters and/or company logos used for identification shall be 1 inch.
- 9. The Contractor shall replace damaged wood posts. New or damaged wood sign posts shall not be spliced.

DURATION OF WORK (as defined by the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" Part 6)

- The types of sign supports, sign mounting height, the size of signs, and the type of sign substrates can vary based on the type of
 work being performed. The Engineer is responsible for selecting the appropriate size sign for the type of work being performed. The
 Contractor is responsible for ensuring the sign support, sign mounting height and substrate meets manufacturer's recommendations in
 regard to crashworthiness and duration of work requirements.
 - a. Long-term stationary work that occupies a location more than 3 days.
 - b. Intermediate-term stationary work that occupies a location more than one daylight period up to 3 days, or nighttime work lasting more than one hour.
 - c. Short-term stationary daytime work that occupies a location for more than 1 hour in a single daylight period.
 - d. Short, duration work that occupies a location up to 1 hour.
 - . Mobile work that moves continuously or intermittently (stopping for up to approximately 15 minutes.)

SIGN MOUNTING HEIGHT

- The bottom of Long-term/Intermediate-term signs shall be at least 7 feet, but not more than 9 feet, above the paved surface, except as shown for supplemental plaques mounted below other signs.
- 2. The bottom of Short-term/Short Duration signs shall be a minimum of 1 foot above the pavement surface but no more than 2 feet above the ground.
- 3. Long-term/Intermediate-term Signs may be used in lieu of Short-term/Short Duration signing.
- 4. Short-term/Short Duration signs shall be used only during daylight and shall be removed at the end of the workday or raised to appropriate Long-term/Intermediate sign height.
- 5. Regulatory signs shall be mounted at least 7 feet, but not more than 9 feet, above the paved surface regardless of work duration.

SIZE OF SIGNS

. The Contractor shall furnish the sign sizes shown on BC (2) unless otherwise shown in the plans or as directed by the Engineer.

SIGN SUBSTRATES

- 1. The Contractor shall ensure the sign substrate is installed in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations for the type of sign support that is being used. The CWZICD lists each substrate that can be used on the different types and models of sign supports.
- 2. "Mesh" type materials are NOT an approved sign substrate, regardless of the tightness of the weave.
- 3. All wooden individual sign panels fabricated from 2 or more pieces shall have one or more plywood cleat, 1/2" thick by 6" wide, fastened to the back of the sign and extending fully across the sign. The cleat shall be attached to the back of the sign using wood screws that do not penetrate the face of the sign panel. The screws shall be placed on both sides of the splice and spaced at 6" centers. The Engineer may approve other methods of splicing the sign face.

REFLECTIVE SHEETING

- All signs shall be retroreflective and constructed of sheeting meeting the color and retro-reflectivity requirements of DMS-8300 for rigid signs or DMS-8310 for roll-up signs. The web address for DMS specifications is shown on BC(1).
- 2. White sheeting, meeting the requirements of DMS-8300 Type A, shall be used for signs with a white background.
- 3. Orange sheeting, meeting the requirements of DMS-8300 Type B_{FL} or Type C_{FL}, shall be used for rigid signs with orange backgrounds.

SIGN LETTER

 All sign letters and numbers shall be clear, and open rounded type uppercase alphabet letters as approved by the Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) and as published in the "Standard Highway Sign Design for Texas" manual. Signs, letters and numbers shall be of first class workmanship in accordance with Department Standards and Specifications.

REMOVING OR COVERING

- 1. When sign messages may be confusing or do not apply, the signs shall be removed or completely covered.
- Lang-term stationary or intermediate stationary signs installed on square metal tubing may be turned away from traffic 90 degrees when
 the sign message is not applicable. This technique may not be used for signs installed in the median of divided highways or near any
 intersections where the sign may be seen from approaching traffic.
- Signs installed on wooden skids shall not be turned at 90 degree angles to the roadway. These signs should be removed or completely covered when not required.
- 4. When signs are covered, the material used shall be opaque, such as heavy mil black plastic, or other materials which will cover the entire sign face and maintain their opaque properties under automobile headlights at night, without damaging the sign sheeting.
 5. Buring shall NOT be used to cover signs.
- 6. Duct tape or other adhesive material shall NOT be affixed to a sign face.
- 7. Signs and anchor stubs shall be removed and holes backfilled upon completion of work.

SIGN SUPPORT WEIGHTS

- 1. Where sign supports require the use of weights to keep from turning over,
- the use of sandbags with dry, cohesianless sand should be used.

 2. The sandbags will be tied shut to keep the sand from spilling and to
- maintain a constant weight.

 3. Rock, concrete, iron, steel or other solid objects shall not be permitted
- for use as sign support weights.
 4. Sandbags should weigh a minimum of 35 lbs and a maximum of 50 lbs.
- Sandbags shall be made of a durable material that tears upon vehicular impact. Rubber (such as tire inner tubes) shall NOT be used.
- Rubber ballasts designed for channelizing devices should not be used for ballast on portable sign supports. Sign supports designed and manufactured with rubber bases may be used when shown on the CWZTCD list.
- 7. Sandbags shall only be placed along or laid over the base supports of the traffic control device and shall not be suspended above ground level or hung with rope, wire, chains or other fasteners. Sandbags shall be placed along the length of the skids to weigh down the sign support.
- Sandbags shall NOT be placed under the skid and shall not be used to level sign supports placed on slopes.

FLAGS ON SIGNS

. Flags may be used to draw attention to warning signs. When used the flag shall be 16 inches square or larger and shall be orange or fluorescent red-orange in color. Flags shall not be allowed to cover any portion of the sign face. SHEET 4 OF 12

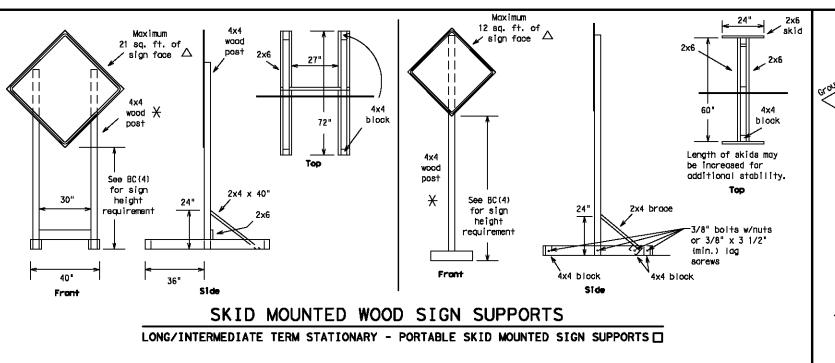


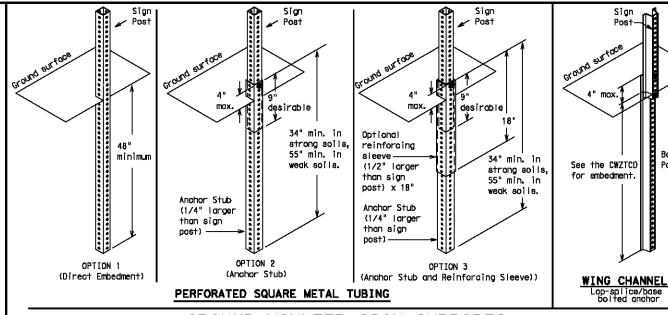
Traffic Operations Division Standard

BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION TEMPORARY SIGN NOTES

BC(4)-14

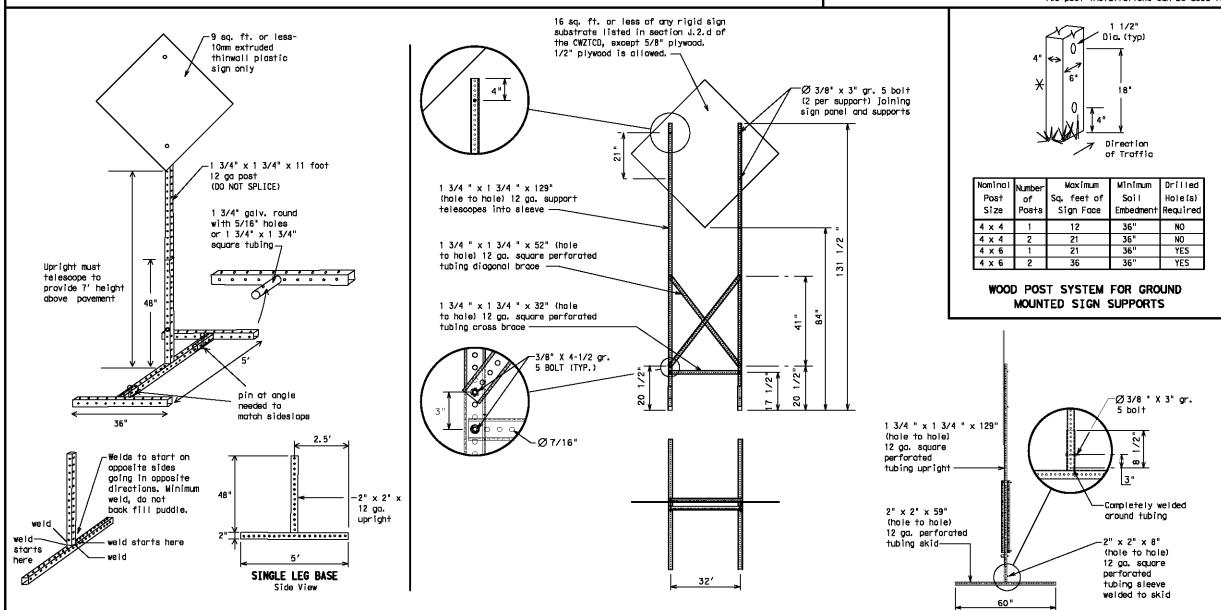
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GROUND MOUNTED SIGN SUPPORTS

Refer to the CWZTCD and the manufacturer's installation procedure for each type sign support. The maximum sign square footage shall adhere to the manufacturer's recommendation. Two post installations can be used for larger signs.



SKID MOUNTED PERFORATED SQUARE STEEL TUBING SIGN SUPPORTS

WEDGE ANCHORS

Sian

Post

Both steel and plastic Wedge Anchor Systems as shown on the SMD Standard Sheets may be used as temporary sign supports for signs up to 10 square feet of sign face. They may be set in concrete or in sturdy soils if approved by the Engineer. (See web address for "Traffic Engineering Standard Sheets" on BC(1)).

OTHER DESIGNS

MORE DETAILS OF APPROVED LONG/INTERMEDIATE AND SHORT TERM SUPPORTS CAN BE FOUND ON THE CWZTCD LIST. SEE BC(1) FOR WEBSITE LOCATION.

GENERAL NOTES

- Nails may be used in the assembly of wooden sign supports, but 3/8" boits with nuts or 3/8" x 3 1/2" lag screws must be used on every joint for final
- No more than 2 sign posts shall be placed within a 7 ft. circle, except for specific materials noted on the CWZTCD List.
- When project is completed, all sign supports and foundations shall be removed from the project site. This will be considered subsidiary to Item 502.
 - ☐ See BC(4) for definition of "Work Duration."
 - \times Wood sign posts MUST be one piece. Splicing will NOT be allowed. Posts shall be painted white.
 - \triangle See the CWZTCD for the type of sign substrate that can be used for each approved sign support.

Traffic Operation Division Standard

SHEET 5 OF 12



BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION TYPICAL SIGN SUPPORT

BC(5)-14

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WHEN NOT IN USE. REMOVE THE PCMS FROM THE RIGHT-OF-WAY OR PLACE THE PCMS BEHIND BARRIER OR GUARDRAIL WITH SIGN PANEL TURNED PARALLEL TO TRAFFIC

PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGNS

- 1. The Engineer/Inspector shall approve all messages used on portable changeable message stans (PCMS).
- 2. Messages on PCMS should contain no more than 8 words (about four to eight characters per word), not including simple words such as "TO, "FOR." "AT." etc.
- 3. Messages should consist of a single phase, or two phases that alternate. Three-phase messages are not allowed. Each phase of the message should convey a single thought, and must be understood by
- Use the word "EXIT" to refer to an exit ramp on a freeway; i.e., "EXIT CLOSED." Do not use the term "RAMP."
- 5. Always use the route or interstate designation (IH, US, SH, FM) along with the number when referring to a roadway.
- When in use the bottom of a stationary PCMS message panel should be a minimum 7 feet above the roadway, where possible.
- 7. The message term "WEEKEND" should be used only if the work is to start on Saturday morning and end by Sunday evening at midnight. Actual days and hours of work should be displayed on the PCMS if work is to begin on Friday evening and/or continue into Monday morning.
- 8. The Engineer/Inspector may select one of two options which are available for displaying a two-phase message on a PCMS. Each phase may be displayed for either four seconds each or for three seconds each.
- Do not "flash" messages or words included in a message. The message should be steady burn or continuous while displayed.
- 10. Do not present redundant information on a two-phase message; i.e., keeping two lines of the message the same and changing the third line.
- 11. Do not use the word "Danger" in message.
- 12. Do not display the message "LANES SHIFT LEFT" or "LANES SHIFT RIGHT" on a PCMS. Drivers do not understand the message.
- 13. Do not display messages that scroll horizontally or vertically across the face of the sign.
- 14. The following table lists abbreviated words and two-word phrases that are acceptable for use on a PCMS. Both words in a phrase must be displayed together. Words or phrases not on this list should not be abbreviated, unless shown in the TMUTCD.
- 15. PCMS character height should be at least 18 inches for trailer mounted units. They should be visible from at least 1/2 (.5) mile and the text should be legible from at least 600 feet at night and 800 feet in daylight. Truck mounted units must have a character height of 10 inches and must be legible from at least 400 feet.
- 16. Each line of text should be centered on the message board rather than left or right justified.
- 17. If disabled, the PCMS should default to an illegible display that will not alarm motorists and will only be used to alert workers that the PCMS has malfunctioned. A pattern such as a series of horizontal solid bars is appropriate.

WORD OR PHRASE	ABBREVIATION	WORD OR PHRASE	ABBREVIATION
Access Road	ACCS RD	Major	MAJ
Alternate	ALT	Miles	MI
Avenue	AVE	Miles Per Hour	MPH
Best Route	BEST RTE	Minor	MNR
Boulevard	BLVD	Moriday	MON
Bridge	BRDG	Normal	NORM
Cannot	CANT	North	N
Center	CTR	Northbound	(route) N
Construction Ahead	CONST AHD	Parking Road	PKING RD
CROSSING	XING	Right Lane	RT LN
Detour Route	DETOUR RTE	Saturday	SAT
Do Not	DONT	Service Road	SERV RD
East	F	Shoulder	SHLDR
Eastbound	(route) E	Slippery	SLIP
Emergency	EMER	South	S
Emergency Vehicle		Southbound	(route) S
Entrance, Enter	ENT	Speed	SPD
Express Lane	EXP LN	Street	ST
Expressway	EXPWY	Sunday	SUN
XXXX Feet	XXXX FT	Telephone	PHONE
Fog Ahead	FOG AHD	Temporary	TEMP
Freeway	FRWY, FWY	Thursday	THURS
Freeway Blocked	FWY BLKD	To Downtown	TO DWNTN
Friday	FRI	Traffic	TRAF
Hazardous Driving		Travelers	TRVLRS
Hazardous Material		Tuesday	TUES
High-Occupancy	HOV	Time Minutes	TIME MIN
Vehicle	HWY	Upper Level	UPR LEVEL
Highway		Vehicles (s)	VEH. VEHS
Hour (s)	HR, HRS	Warning	WARN
Information	INFO	Wednesday	WED
It Is	ITS	Weight Limit	WT LIMIT
Junction	JCT	West	W
Lef†	LFT	Westbound	(route) W
Left Lane	LFT LN	Wet Pavement	WET PVMT
Lane Closed	LN CLOSED	Will Not	WONT
Lower Level	LWR LEVEL		1 4111

designation # IH-number, US-number, SH-number, FM-number

RECOMMENDED PHASES AND FORMATS FOR PCMS MESSAGES DURING ROADWORK ACTIVITIES

(The Engineer may approve other messages not specifically covered here.)

Phase 1: Condition Lists

Road/Lane/Ramp	o Closure List	Other Cond	dition List
FREEWAY CLOSED X MILE	FRONTAGE ROAD CLOSED	ROADWORK XXX FT	ROAD REPAIRS XXXX FT
ROAD CLOSED AT SH XXX	SHOULDER CLOSED XXX FT	FLAGGER XXXX FT	LANE NARROWS XXXX FT
ROAD CLSD AT FM XXXX	RIGHT LN CLOSED XXX FT	RIGHT LN NARROWS XXXX FT	TWO-WAY TRAFFIC XX MILE
RIGHT X LANES CLOSED	RIGHT X LANES OPEN	MERGING TRAFFIC XXXX FT	CONST TRAFFIC XXX FT
CENTER LANE CLOSED	DAYTIME LANE CLOSURES	LOOSE GRAVEL XXXX FT	UNEVEN LANES XXXX FT
NIGHT LANE CLOSURES	I-XX SOUTH EXIT CLOSED	DETOUR X MILE	ROUGH ROAD XXXX FT
VARIOUS LANES CLOSED	EXIT XXX CLOSED X MILE	ROADWORK PAST SH XXXX	ROADWORK NEXT FRI-SUN
EXIT CLOSED	RIGHT LN TO BE CLOSED	BUMP XXXX FT	US XXX EXIT X MILES
MALL DRIVEWAY CLOSED	X LANES CLOSED TUE - FRI	TRAFFIC SIGNAL XXXX FT	LANES SHIFT

* LANES SHIFT in Phase 1 must be used with STAY IN LANE in Phase 2.

APPLICATION GUIDELINES

- 1. Only 1 or 2 phases are to be used on a PCMS.
- 2. The 1st phase (or both) should be selected from the "Road/Lane/Ramp Closure List" and the "Other Condition List".
- 3. A 2nd phase can be selected from the "Action to Take/Effect on Travel, Location, General Warning, or Advance Notice Phase Lists".
- 4. A Location Phase is necessary only if a distance or location is not included in the first phase selected.
- 5. If two PCMS are used in sequence, they must be separated by a minimum of 1000 ft. Each PCMS shall be limited to two phases. and should be understandable by themselves.
- 6. For advance notice, when the current date is within seven days of the actual work date, calendar days should be replaced with days of the week. Advance notification should typically be for no more than one week prior to the work.

Phase 2: Possible Component Lists

	Effect on Travel	Location List	Warning List	** Advance Notice List
MERGE RIGHT	FORM X LINES RIGHT	AT FM XXXX	SPEED LIMIT XX MPH	TUE-FRI XX AM- X PM
DETOUR NEXT X EXITS	USE XXXXX RD EXIT	BEFORE RAILROAD CROSSING	MAXIMUM SPEED XX MPH	APR XX- XX X PM-X AM
USE EXIT XXX	USE EXIT I-XX NORTH	NEXT X MILES	MINIMUM SPEED XX MPH	BEGINS MONDAY
STAY ON US XXX SOUTH	USE I-XX E TO I-XX N	PAST US XXX EXIT	ADVISORY SPEED XX MPH	BEGINS MAY XX
TRUCKS USE US XXX N	WATCH FOR TRUCKS	XXXXXXX TO XXXXXXX	RIGHT LANE EXIT	MAY X-X XX PM - XX AM
WATCH FOR TRUCKS	EXPECT DELAYS	US XXX TO FM XXXX	USE CAUTION	NEXT FRI-SUN
EXPECT DELAYS	PREPARE TO STOP		DRIVE SAFELY	XX AM TO XX PM
REDUCE SPEED XXX FT	END SHOULDER USE		DRIVE WITH CARE	NEXT TUE AUG XX
USE OTHER ROUTES	WATCH FOR WORKERS			TONIGHT XX PM- XX AM
STAY IN LANE	*	* * Se	e Application Guidelines N	lote 6.

WORDING ALTERNATIVES

- 1. The words RIGHT, LEFT and ALL can be interchanged as appropriate.
- 2. Roadway designations IH, US, SH, FM and LP can be interchanged as appropriate.
- 3. EAST, WEST, NORTH and SOUTH (or abbreviations E, W, N and S) can be interchanged as appropriate.
- 4. Highway names and numbers replaced as appropriate.
- 5. ROAD, HIGHWAY and FREEWAY can be interchanged as needed.
- 6. AHEAD may be used instead of distances if necessary.
- 7. FT and MI, MILE and MILES interchanged as appropriate. 8. AT. BEFORE and PAST interchanged as needed
- 9. Distances or AHEAD can be eliminated from the message if a location phase is used.

PCMS SIGNS WITHIN THE R.O.W. SHALL BE BEHIND GUARDRAIL OR CONCRETE BARRIER OR SHALL HAVE A MINIMUM OF FOUR (4) PLASTIC DRUMS PLACED PERPENDICULAR TO TRAFFIC ON THE UPSTREAM SIDE OF THE PCMS, WHEN EXPOSED TO ONE DIRECTION OF TRAFFIC. WHEN EXPOSED TO TWO WAY TRAFFIC. THE FOUR DRUMS SHOULD BE PLACED WITH ONE DRUM AT EACH OF THE FOUR CORNERS OF THE UNIT.

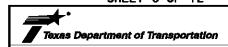
FULL MATRIX PCMS SIGNS

XXXXXXXX BLVD

CLOSED

- When Full Matrix PCMS signs are used, the character height and legibility/visibility requirements shall be maintained as listed in Note 15 under "PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGNS" above.
- 2. When symbol signs, such as the "Flagger Symbol"(CW20-7) are represented graphically on the Full Matrix PCMS sign and, with the approval of the Engineer, 1t shall maintain the legibility/visibility requirement listed above
- When symbol signs are represented graphically on the Full Matrix PCMS, they shall only supplement the use of the static sign represented, and shall not substitute for, or replace that sign.
- 4. A full matrix PCMS may be used to simulate a flashing arrow board provided it meets the visibility, flash rate and dimming requirements on BC(7), for the same size arrow.

SHEET 6 OF 12

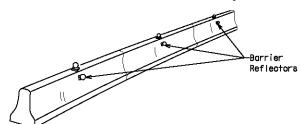


BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGN (PCMS)

BC(6)-14

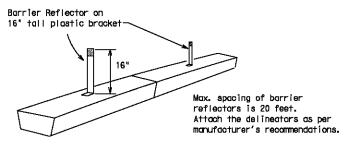
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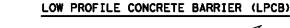
- 1. Barrier Reflectors shall be pre-qualified, and conform to the color and reflectivity requirements of DMS-8600. A list of pregualified Barrier Reflectors can be found at the Material Producer List web address shown on BC(1).
- 2. Color of Barrier Reflectors shall be as specified in the TMUTCD. The cost of the reflectors shall be considered subsidiary to Item 512.

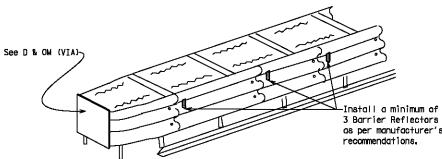


CONCRETE TRAFFIC BARRIER (CTB)

- Where traffic is on one side of the CTB, two (2) Barrier Reflectors shall be mounted in approximately the midsection of each section of CTB. An alternate mounting location is uniformly spaced at one end of each CTB. This will allow for attachment of a barrier grapple without damaging the reflector. The Barrier Reflector mounted on the side of the CTB shall be located directly below the reflector mounted on top of the barrier, as shown in the detail above.
- Where CTB separates two-way traffic, three barrier reflectors shall be mounted on each section of CTB. The reflector unit on top shall have two yellow reflective faces (Bi-Directional) while the reflectors on each side of the barrier shall have one yellow reflective face, as shown in the detail above.
- 5. When CTB separates traffic traveling in the same direction, no barrier reflectors will be required on top of the CTB.
- 6. Barrier Reflector units shall be yellow or white in color to match the edgeline being supplemented.
- 7. Maximum spacing of Barrier Reflectors is forty (40) feet.
- 8. Pavement markers or temporary flexible-reflective roadway marker tabs shall NOT be used as CTB delineation.
- 9. Attachment of Barrier Reflectors to CTB shall be per manufacturer's recommendations.
- 10.Missing or damaged Barrier Reflectors shall be replaced as directed
- by the Engineer.
 11.Single slope barriers shall be delineated as shown on the above detail.





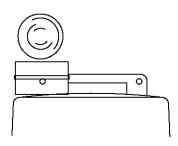


DELINEATION OF END TREATMENTS

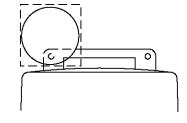
END TREATMENTS FOR CTB'S USED IN WORK ZONES

End treatments used on CTB's in work zones shall meet crashworthy standards as defined in the National Cooperative Highway Research Report 350. Refer to the CWZTCD List for approved end treatments and manufacturers.

BARRIER REFLECTORS FOR CONCRETE TRAFFIC BARRIER AND ATTENUATORS



Type C Warning Light or approved substitute mounted on a drum adjacent to the travel way.



Warning reflector may be round or square. Must have a yellow reflective surface area of at least 30 square inches

WARNING LIGHTS

- Warning lights shall meet the requirements of the TMUTCD.
 Warning lights shall NOT be installed on barricades.
- 3. Type A-Low Intensity Flashing Warning Lights are commonly used with drums. They are intended to warn of or mark a potentially hazardous area. Their use shall be as indicated on this sheet and/or other sheets of the plans by the designation "FL". The Type A Warning Lights shall not be used with signs manufactured with Type B_{FL} or C_{FL} Sheeting meeting the requirements of Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300.
- 4. Type-C and Type D 360 degree Steady Burn Lights are intended to be used in a series for delineation to supplement other traffic control devices. Their use shall be as indicated on this sheet and/or other sheets of the plans by the designation "SB".
- 5. The Engineer/Inspector or the plans shall specify the location and type of warning lights to be installed on the traffic control devices.
- 6. When required by the Engineer, the Contractor shall furnish a copy of the warning lights certification. The warning light manufacturer will certify the warning lights meet the requirements of the latest ITE Purchase Specifications for Flashing and Steady-Burn Warning Lights.
- 7. When used to delineate curves, Type-C and Type D Steady Burn Lights should only be placed on the outside of the curve, not the inside. 8. The location of warning lights and warning reflectors on drums shall be as shown elsewhere in the plans.

WARNING LIGHTS MOUNTED ON PLASTIC DRUMS

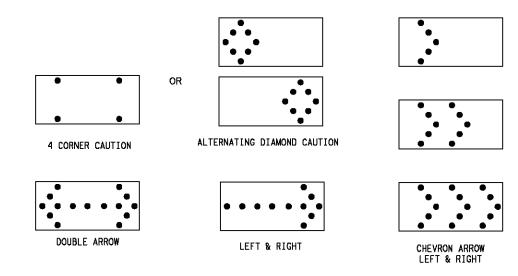
- 1. Type A flashing warning lights are intended to warn drivers that they are approaching or are in a potentially hazardous area.
- 2. Type A random flashing warning lights are not intended for delineation and shall not be used in a series.
- 3. A series of sequential flashing warning lights placed on channelizing devices to form a merging taper may be used for delineation. If used, the successive flashing of the sequential warning lights should occur from the beginning of the taper to the end of the merging taper in order to identify the desired vehicle path. The rate of flashing for each light shall be 65 flashes per minute, plus or minus 10 flashes.
- 4. Type C and D steady-burn warning lights are intended to be used in a series to delineate the edge of the travel lane on detours, on lane changes, on lane closures, and on other similar conditions.
- 5. Type A, Type C and Type D warning lights shall be installed at locations as detailed on other sheets in the plans.
- 6. Warning lights shall not be installed on a drum that has a sign, chevron or vertical panel.
- The maximum spacing for warning lights on drums should be identical to the channelizing device spacing.

WARNING REFLECTORS MOUNTED ON PLASTIC DRUMS AS A SUBSTITUTE FOR TYPE C (STEADY BURN) WARNING LIGHTS

- 1. A warning reflector or approved substitute may be mounted on a plastic drum as a substitute for a Type C, steady burn warning light at the discretion of the Contractor unless otherwise noted in the plans.
- 2. The warning reflector shall be yellow in color and shall be manufactured using a sign substrate approved for use with plastic drums listed
- The warning reflector shall have a minimum retroreflective surface area (one-side) of 30 square inches.
- 4. Round reflectors shall be fully reflectorized, including the area where attached to the drum.
- Square substrates must have a minimum of 30 square inches of reflectorized sheeting. They do not have to be reflectorized where it attaches to the drum.
- 6. The side of the warning reflector facing approaching traffic shall have sheeting meeting the color and retroreflectivity requirements for DMS 8300-Type B or Type C.
- 7. When used near two-way traffic, both sides of the warning reflector shall be reflectorized.
- 8. The warning reflector should be mounted on the side of the handle nearest approaching traffic.
- 9. The maximum spacing for warning reflectors should be identical to the channelizing device spacing requirements.

Arrow Boards may be located behind channelizing devices in place for a shoulder taper or merging taper, otherwise they shall be delineated with four (4) channelizing devices placed perpendicular to traffic on the upstream side of traffic.

- The Flashing Arrow Board should be used for all lane closures on multi-lane roadways, or slow
 moving maintenance or construction activities on the travel lanes.
- 2. Flashing Arrow Boards should not be used on two-lane, two-way roadways, detours, diversions or work on shoulders unless the "CAUTION" display (see detail below) is used.
- The Engineer/Inspector shall choose all appropriate signs, barricodes and/or other traffic control devices that should be used in conjunction with the Flashing Arrow Board.
- 4. The Flashing Arrow Board should be able to display the following symbols:



- 5. The "CAUTION" display consists of four corner lamps floshing simultaneously, or the Alternating Diamond Caution mode as shown.
- The straight line caution display is NOT ALLOWED.

 The Flashing Arrow Board shall be capable of minimum 50 percent dimming from rated lamp voltage.

 The flashing rate of the lamps shall not be less than 25 nor more than 40 flashes per minute.
- 8. Minimum lamp "on time" shall be approximately 50 percent for the flashing arrow and equal
- intervals of 25 percent for each sequential phase of the flashing chevron.

 9. The sequential arrow display is NOT ALLOWED.

 10. The flashing arrow display is the TxDOT standard; however, the sequential Chevron display may be used during daylight operations.
- 11. The Flashing Arrow Board shall be mounted on a vehicle, trailer or other suitable support.
 12. A Flashing Arrow Board SHALL NOT BE USED to laterally shift traffic.
 13. A full matrix PCMS may be used to simulate a Flashing Arrow Board provided it meets visibility,
- flash rate and dimming requirements on this sheet for the same size arrow.
- 14. Minimum mounting height of trailer mounted Arrow Boards should be 7 feet from roadway to bottom of panel.

	REQUIREMENTS								
TYPE	MINIMUM SIZE	MINIMUM NUMBER OF PANEL LAMPS	MINIMUM VISIBILITY DISTANCE						
В	30 × 60	13	3/4 mile						
С	48 × 96	15	1 mile						

ATTENTION Flashing Arrow Boards shall be equipped with automatic dimmina devices.

WHEN NOT IN USE, REMOVE THE ARROW BOARD FROM THE RIGHT-OF-WAY OR PLACE THE ARROW BOARD BEHIND CONCRETE
TRAFFIC BARRIER OR GUARDRAIL.

FLASHING ARROW BOARDS

SHEET 7 OF 12

TRUCK-MOUNTED ATTENUATORS

- 1. Truck-mounted attenuators (TMA) used on TxDOT facilities must meet the requirements outlined in the National Cooperative Highway Research Report No. 350 (NCHRP 350) or the Manual for Assessing Safety Hardware (MASH).
- 2. Refer to the CWZTCD for the requirements of Level 2 or Level 3 TMAs.
- Refer to the CWZTCD for a list of approved TMAs.
- 4. TMAs are required on freeways unless otherwise noted in the plans.
 5. A TMA should be used anytime that it can be positioned
- 30 to 100 feet in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the work performance.
- 6. The only reason a TMA should not be required is when a work area is spread down the roadway and the work crew is an extended distance from the TMA.



BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION ARROW PANEL. REFLECTORS. WARNING LIGHTS & ATTENUATOR

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GENERAL NOTES

- For long term stationary work zones on freeways, drums shall be used as the primary channelizing device.
- 2. For intermediate term stationary work zones on freeways, drums should be used as the primary channelizing device but may be replaced in tangent sections by vertical panels, or 42' two-piece cones. In tangent sections one-piece cones may be used with the approval of the Engineer but only if personnel are present on the project at all times to maintain the cones in proper position and location.
- 3. For short term stationary work zones on freeways, drums are the preferred channelizing device but may be replaced in tapers, transitions and tangent sections by vertical panels, two-piece cones or one-piece cones as approved by the Engineer.
- Drums and all related items shall comply with the requirements of the current version of the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD) and the "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List" (CWTTCD).
- Drums, bases, and related materials shall exhibit good workmanship and shall be free from objectionable marks or defects that would adversely affect their appearance or serviceability.
- The Contractor shall have a maximum of 24 hours to replace any plastic drums identified for replacement by the Engineer/Inspector. The replacement device must be an approved device.

GENERAL DESIGN REQUIREMENTS

Pre-qualified plastic drums shall meet the following requirements:

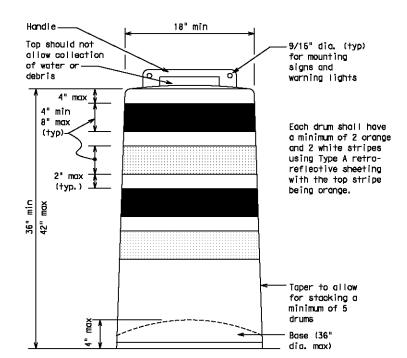
- Plastic drums shall be a two-piece design; the "body" of the drum shall be the top portion and the "base" shall be the bottom.
- The body and base shall lock together in such a manner that the body separates from the base when impacted by a vehicle traveling at a speed of 20 MPH or greater but prevents accidental separation due to normal handling and/or air turbulence created by passing vehicles.
- Plastic drums shall be constructed of lightweight flexible, and deformable materials. The Contractor shall NOT use metal drums or single piece plastic drums as channelization devices or sign supports.
- 4. Drums shall present a profile that is a minimum of 18 inches in width at the 36 inch height when viewed from any direction. The height of drum unit (body installed on base) shall be a minimum of 36 inches and a maximum of 42 inches.
- 5. The top of the drum shall have a built-in handle for easy pickup and shall be designed to drain water and not collect debris. The handle shall have a minimum of two widely spaced 9/16 inch diameter holes to allow attachment of a warning light, warning reflector unit or approved compliant sign.
- 6. The exterior of the drum body shall have a minimum of four alternating orange and white retroreflective circumferential stripes not less than 4 inches nor greater than 8 inches in width. Any non-reflectorized space between any two adjacent stripes shall not exceed 2 inches in
- 7. Bases shall have a maximum width of 36 inches, a maximum height of 4 inches, and a minimum of two footholds of sufficient size to allow base to be held down while separating the drum body from the base.
- Plastic drums shall be constructed of ultra-violet stabilized, orange, high-density polyethylene (HDPE) or other approved material.
- 9. Drum body shall have a maximum unballasted weight of 11 lbs.
- 10. Drum and base shall be marked with manufacturer's name and model number.

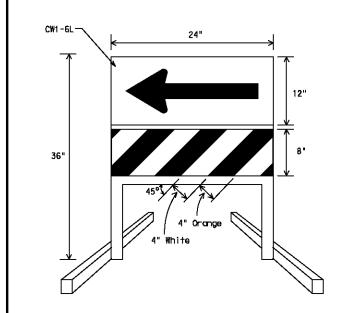
RETROREFLECTIVE SHEETING

- The stripes used on drums shall be constructed of sheeting meeting the color and retroreflectivity requirements of Departmental Materials Specification DMS-8300, "Sign Face Materials." Type A reflective sheeting shall be supplied unless otherwise specified in the plans.
- The sheeting shall be suitable for use on and shall adhere to the drum surface such that, upon vehicular impact, the sheeting shall remain adhered in-place and exhibit no delaminating, cracking, or loss of retroreflectivity other than that loss due to abrasion of the sheeting surface.

BALLAST

- 1. Unballasted bases shall be large enough to hold up to 50 lbs. of sand. This base, when filled with the ballast material, should weigh between 35 lbs (minimum) and 50 lbs (moximum). The ballast may be sand in one to three sandbags separate from the base, sand in a sand-filled plastic base, or other ballasting devices as approved by the Engineer. Stacking of sandbags will be allowed, however height of sandbags above pavement surface may not exceed 12 inches.
- Bases with built-in ballast shall weigh between 40 lbs. and 50 lbs. Built-in ballast can be constructed of an integral crumb rubber base or a solid rubber base.
- Recycled truck tire sidewalls may be used for ballast on drums approved for this type of ballast on the CWZTCD list.
- The ballast shall not be heavy objects, water, or any material that would become hazardous to motorists, pedestrians, or workers when the drum is struck by a vehicle.
- When used in regions susceptible to freezing, drums shall have drainage holes in the bottoms so that water will not collect and freeze becoming a hazard when struck by a vehicle.
- 6. Ballast shall not be placed on top of drums.
- 7. Adhesives may be used to secure base of drums to pavement.

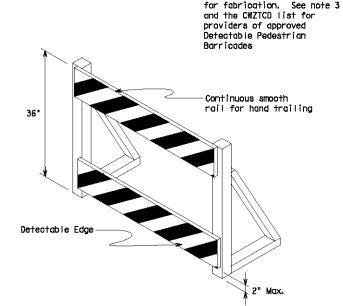




DIRECTION INDICATOR BARRICADE

- The Direction Indicator Barricade may be used in tapers, transitions, and other areas where specific directional
- guidance to drivers is necessary.

 2. If used, the Direction Indicator Barricade should be used in series to direct the driver through the transition and into the intended travel lane.
- 3. The Direction Indicator Barricade shall consist of One-Direction Large Arrow (CW1-6) sign in the size shown with a black arrow on a background of Type B_{FL}or Type C_{FL}Orange retroreflective sheeting above a rail with Type A retroreflective sheeting in alternating 4" white and orange stripes sloping downward at an angle of 45 degrees in the direction road users are to pass. Sheeting types shall be as per DMS 6300.
- Double arrows on the Direction Indicator Barricade will not be allowed.
- Approved manufacturers are shown on the CWZTCD List. Ballast shall be as approved by the manufacturers instructions.



This detail is not intended

DETECTABLE PEDESTRIAN BARRICADES

- When existing pedestrian facilities are disrupted, closed, or relocated in a TTC zone, the temporary facilities shall be detectable and include accessibility features consistent with the features present in the existing pedestrian facility.
- Where pedestrians with visual disabilities normally use the closed sidewalk, a device that is detectable by a person with a visual disability traveling with the aid of a long cane shall be placed across the full width of the closed sidewalk.
- Detectable pedestrian barricades similar to the one pictured above, longitudinal channelizing devices, some concrete barriers, and wood or chain link fencing with a continuous detectable edging can satisfactorily delineate a pedestrian path.
- 4. Tape, rope, or plastic chain strung between devices are not detectable, do not comply with the design standards in the "Americans with Disabilities Act Accessibility Guidelines for Buildings and Facilities (ADAAG)" and should not be used as a control for pedestrian movements.
- Warning lights shall not be attached to detectable pedestrian barricades.
- 6. Detectable pedestrian barricades may use B' nominal barricade rails as shown on BC(10) provided that the top rail provides a smooth continuous rail suitable for hand trailing with no splinters, burrs, or sharp edges.



18" x 24" Sign
(Maximum Sign Dimension)
Chevron CW1-8, Opposing Traffic Lane
Divider, Drivery sign D70a, Keep Right
R4 series or other signs as approved
by Engineer



12" x 24"
Vertical Panel
mount with diagonals
sloping down towards
travel way

Plywood, Aluminum or Metal sign substrates shall NOT be used on plastic drums

SIGNS, CHEVRONS, AND VERTICAL PANELS MOUNTED ON PLASTIC DRUMS

- Signs used on plastic drums shall be manufactured using substrates listed on the CWZTCD.
- Chevrons and other work zone signs with an orange background shall be manufactured with Type B_{FL} or Type C_{FL}Orange sheeting meeting the color and retroreflectivity requirements of DMS-8300, "Sign Face Material," unless atherwise specified in the plans.
- Vertical Panels shall be manufactured with orange and white sheeting meeting the requirements of DMS-8300 Type A Diagonal stripes on Vertical Panels shall slope down toward the Intended traveled lane.
- 4. Other sign messages (text or symbolic) may be used as approved by the Engineer. Sign dimensions shall not exceed 18 inches in width or 24 inches in height, except for the R9 series signs discussed in note 8 below.
- Signs shall be installed using a 1/2 inch bolt (nominal) and nut, two washers, and one locking washer for each connection.
- Mounting bolts and nuts shall be fully engaged and adequately torqued. Bolts should not extend more than 1/2 inch beyond nuts.
- 7. Chevrons may be placed on drums on the outside of curves, on merging tapers or on shifting tapers. When used in these locations they may be placed on every drum or spaced not more than on every third drum. A minimum of three (3) should be used at each location called for in the plans.
- R9-9, R9-10, R9-11 and R9-11a Sidewalk Closed signs which are 24 inches wide may be mounted on plastic drums, with approval of the Engineer.

SHEET 8 OF 12

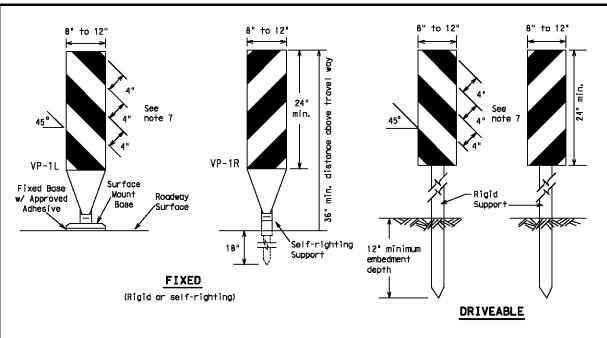


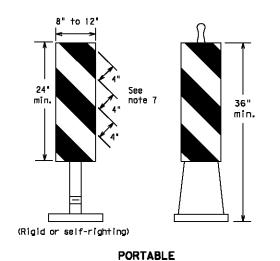


BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION CHANNELIZING DEVICES

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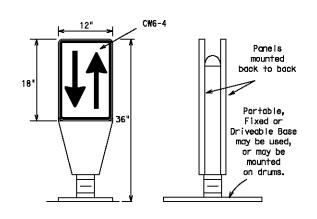
- 1. Vertical Panels (VP's) are normally used to channelize traffic or divide opposing lanes of traffic.
- 2. VP's may be used in daytime or nighttime situations. They may be used at the edge of shoulder drop-offs and other greas such as lane transitions where positive daytime and nighttime delineation is required. The Engineer/Inspector shall refer to the Roadway Design Manual Appendix B "Treatment of Pavement Drop-offs in Work Zones" for additional guidelines on the use of VP's for drop-offs.
- 3. VP's should be mounted back to back if used at the edge of cuts adjacent to two-way two lane roadways. Stripes are to be reflective orange and reflective white and should glwgys slope downward toward the travel lane. 4. VP's used on expressways and freeways or other high
- speed roadways, may have more than 270 square inches of retroreflective area facing traffic. 5. Self-righting supports are available with portable base.
- See "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List" 6. Sheeting for the VP's shall be retroreflective Type A

conforming to Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300,

7. Where the height of reflective material on the vertical panel is 36 inches or greater, a panel stripe of 6 inches shall be used.

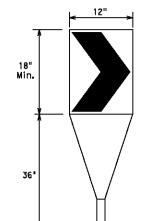
unless noted otherwise.

VERTICAL PANELS (VPs)



- 1. Opposing Traffic Lame Dividers (OTLD) are delineation devices designed to convert a normal one-way roadway section to two-way operation. OTLD's are used on temporary centerlines. The upward and downward arrows on the sign's face indicate the direction of traffic on either side of the divider. The base is secured to the pavement with an adhesive or rubber weight to minimize movement caused by a vehicle impact or wind gust.
- 2. The OTLD may be used in combination with 42"
- 3. Spacing between the OTLD shall not exceed 500 feet. 42" cones or VPs placed between the OTLD's should not exceed 100 foot spacing.
- 4. The OTLD shall be orange with a black nonreflective legend. Sheeting for the OTLD shall be retroreflective Type B_{FL} or Type C_{FL} conforming to Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300, unless noted otherwise. The legend shall meet the requirements of DMS-8300.

OPPOSING TRAFFIC LANE DIVIDERS (OTLD)



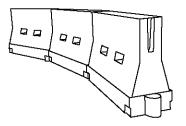
Fixed Base w/ Approved Adhesive (Driveable Base, or Flexible

- 1. The chevron shall be a vertical rectangle with a minimum size of 12 by 18 inches.
- 2. Chevrons are intended to give notice of a sharp change of alignment with the direction of travel and provide additional emphasis and guidance for vehicle operators with regard to changes in horizontal alignment of the roadway.
- 3. Chevrons, when used, shall be erected on the outside of a sharp curve or turn, or on the far side of an intersection. They shall be in line with and at right angles to approaching traffic. Spacing should be such that the motorist always has three in view, until the change in alignment eliminates its need.
- 4. To be effective, the chevron should be visible for at least 500 feet.
- 5. Chevrons shall be arange with a black nonreflective legend. Sheeting for the chevron shall be retroreflective Type BFI or Type CFI conforming to Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300, unless noted otherwise. The legend shall meet the requirements of DMS-8300.
- 6. For Long Term Stationary use on tapers or transitions on freeways and divided highways self-righting chevrons may be used to supplement plastic drums but not to replace plastic drums.

CHEVRONS

GENERAL NOTES

- 1. Work Zone channelizing devices illustrated on this sheet may be installed in close proximity to traffic and are suitable for use on high or low speed roadways. The Engineer/Inspector shall ensure that spacing and placement is uniform and in accordance with the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD).
- 2. Channelizing devices shown on this sheet may have a driveable, fixed or portable base. The requirement for self-righting channelizing devices must be specified in the General Notes or other plan sheets.
- 3. Channelizing devices on self-righting supports should be used in work zone areas where channelizing devices are frequently impacted by errant vehicles or vehicle related wind gusts making alignment of the channelizing devices difficult to maintain. Locations of these devices shall be detailed elsewhere in the plans. These devices shall conform to the TMUTCD and the "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List" (CWZTCD).
- 4. The Contractor shall maintain devices in a clean condition and replace damaged, nonreflective, faded, or broken devices and bases as required by the Engineer/Inspector. The Contractor shall be required to maintain proper device spacina and alignment.
- 5. Portable bases shall be fabricated from virgin and/or recycled rubber. The portable bases shall weigh a minimum of 30 lbs.
- 6. Pavement surfaces shall be prepared in a manner that ensures proper bonding between the adhesives, the fixed mount bases and the pavement surface. Adhesives shall be prepared and applied according to the manufacturer's recommendations.
- 7. The installation and removal of channelizing devices shall not cause detrimental effects to the final pavement surfaces, including pavement surface discoloration or surface integrity. Driveable bases shall not be permitted on final pavement surfaces. The Engineer/Inspector shall approve all application and removal procedures of fixed bases.



LONGITUDINAL CHANNELIZING DEVICES (LCD)

- 1. LCDs are orashworthy, lightweight, deformable devices that are highly visible, have good target value and can be connected together. They are not designed to contain or redirect a vehicle on impact.
- LCDs may be used instead of a line of cones or drums.
- 3. LCDs shall be placed in accordance to application and installation requirements specific to the device, and used only when shown on the CWZTCD list.
- 4. LCDs should not be used to provide positive protection for obstacles, pedestrians or workers.
- 5. LCDs shall be supplemented with retroreflective delineation as required for temporary barriers on BC(7) when placed roughly parallel to the travel lanes.
- LCDs used as barricades placed perpendicular to traffic should have at least one row of reflective sheeting meeting the requirements for barricade rails as shown on BC(10) placed near the top of the LCD along the full length of the device.

WATER BALLASTED SYSTEMS USED AS BARRIERS

- 1. Water ballasted systems used as barriers shall not be used solely to channelize road users, but also to protect the work space per the appropriate NCHRP 350 crashworthiness requirements based on roadway speed and barrier application. 2. Water ballasted systems used to channelize vehicular traffic shall be supplemented with retroreflective delineation
- or channelizing devices to improve daytime/nighttime visibility. They may also be supplemented with pavement markings. 3. Water ballasted systems used as barriers shall be placed in accordance to application and installation requirements
- specific to the device, and used only when shown on the CWZTCD list. 4. Water ballasted systems used as barriers should not be used for a mergina taper except in low speed (less than 45 MPH)
- urban areas. When used on a taper in a low speed urban area, the taper shall be delineated and the taper length should be designed to optimize road user operations considering the available geometric conditions.
- When water ballasted systems used as barriers have blunt ends exposed to traffic, they should be attenuated as per manufacturer recommendations or flared to a point outside the clear zone.

If used to channelize pedestrians, longitudinal channelizing devices or water ballasted systems must have a continuous detectable bottom for users of long canes and the top of the unit shall not be less than 32 inches in height.

HOLLOW OR WATER BALLASTED SYSTEMS USED AS LONGITUDINAL CHANNELIZING DEVICES OR BARRIERS

Posted Speed	Formula	Desirable Taper Lengths X X			Suggested Maximum Spacing of Channelizing Devices			
*		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent		
30	2	150′	165′	1801	30′	60′		
35	L= WS ²	205'	2251	245'	35′	701		
40	ы	265′	295′	3201	40′	80′		
45		450′	495′	540′	45′	90′		
50		500′	550′	600′	50'	100'		
55	L=WS	550′	6051	660	55′	110′		
60	L ", \$	600′	660'	7201	60°	120'		
65		650'	715′	780′	65 `	130′		
70		7001	770′	8401	701	140′		
75		750′	825′	900'	75′	150′		
80		8001	880'	960′	80′	160′		

XX Taper lengths have been rounded off. L-Length of Taper (FT.) W-Width of Offset (FT.) S=Posted Speed (MPH)

SUGGESTED MAXIMUM SPACING OF CHANNELIZING DEVICES AND MINIMUM DESIRABLE TAPER LENGTHS

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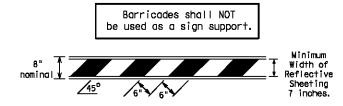
BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION CHANNELIZING DEVICES

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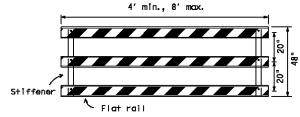
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TYPE 3 BARRICADES

- 1. Refer to the Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List (CWZTCD) for details of the Type 3 Barricades and a list of all materials used in the construction of Type 3 Barricades
- Type 3 Barricades shall be used at each end of construction projects closed to all traffic.
- 3. Barricades extending across a roadway should have stripes that slope downward in the direction toward which traffic must turn in detouring. When both right and left turns are provided, the chevron striping may slope downward in both directions from the center of the barricade. Where no turns are provided at a closed road striping should slope downward in both directions toward the center of roadway.
- Striping of rails, for the right side of the roadway, should slope downward to the left. For the left side of the roadway, striping should slope downward to the right.
- Identification markings may be shown only on the back of the barricade rails. The maximum height of letters and/or company logos used for identification shall be 1".
- Barricades shall not be placed parallel to traffic unless an adequate clear zone is provided.
- Warning lights shall NOT be installed on barricades.
- 8. Where barricades require the use of weights to keep from turning over, the use of sandbags with dry, cohesionless sand is recommended. The sandbags will be tied shut to keep the sand from spilling and to maintain a constant weight. Sand bags shall not be stacked in a manner that covers any portion of a barricade rails reflective sheeting. Rock, concrete, iron, steel or other solid objects will NOT be permitted. Sandbags should weigh a minimum of 35 lbs and a maximum of 50 lbs. Sandbags shall be made of a durable material that tears upon vehicular impact. Rubber (such as tire inner tubes) shall not be used for sandbags. Sandbags shall only be placed along or upon the base supports of the device and shall not be suspended above ground level or hung with rope, wire, chains or other fasteners.
- Sheeting for barricades shall be retroreflective Type A conforming to Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300 unless otherwise noted.

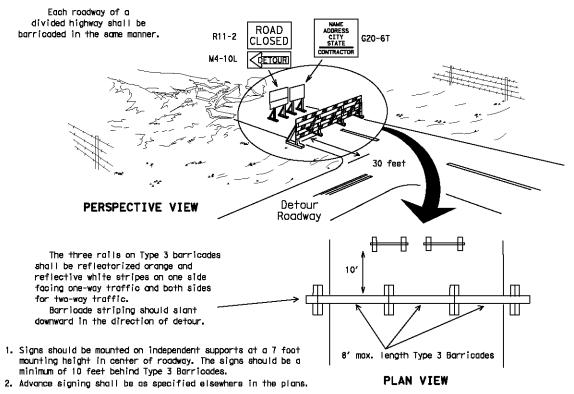


TYPICAL STRIPING DETAIL FOR BARRICADE RAIL

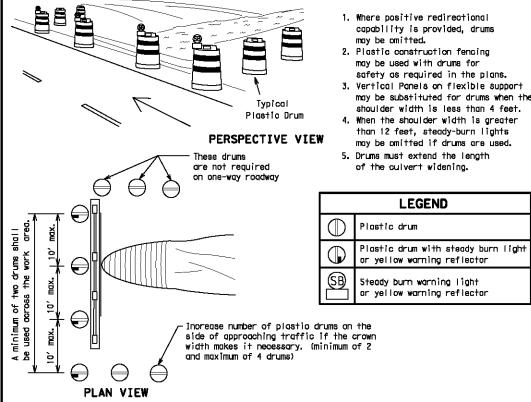


Stiffener may be inside or outside of support, but no more than 2 stiffeners shall be allowed on one barricade.

TYPICAL PANEL DETAIL FOR SKID OR POST TYPE BARRICADES



TYPE 3 BARRICADE (POST AND SKID) TYPICAL APPLICATION

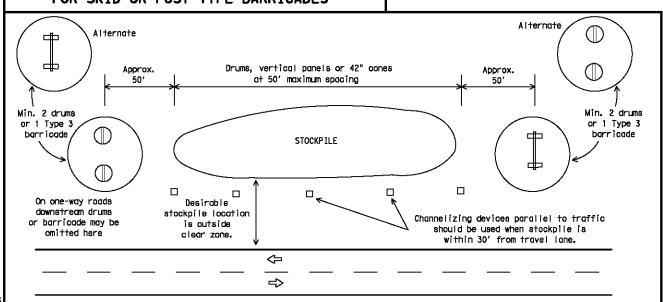


CULVERT WIDENING OR OTHER ISOLATED WORK WITHIN THE PROJECT LIMITS

CONES 4" min. orange 2" min. 4" min. white 2" min. 4" min. orange ∖ Ĵ6" min. _2" min. 2" min. 3" min. 4" min. white \\$4" min. 2" to 6 42" _ 2" min. min. 28 3" min. min. 28" 28"

Two-Piece cones

Tubular Marker



TRAFFIC CONTROL FOR MATERIAL STOCKPILES

1. Traffic cones and tubular markers shall be predominantly orange, and

One-Piece cones

- meet the height and weight requirements shown above.
- 2. One-piece cones have the body and base of the cone molded in one consolidated unit. Two-piece cones have a cone shaped body and a separate rubber base, or ballast, that is added to keep the device upright and in place.

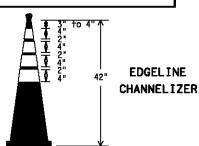
28" Cones shall have a minimum weight of 9 1/2 lbs.

42" 2-piece cones shall have a minimum weight of

30 lbs. including base.

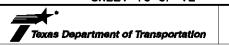
- 3. Two-piece cones may have a handle or loop extending up to 8" above the minimum height shown, in order to did in retrieving the device.
- 4. Cones or tubular markers used at night shall have white or white and orange reflective bands as shown above. The reflective bands shall have a smooth, sealed outer surface and meet the requirements of Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300 Type A.
- 5. 28" cones and tubular markers are generally suitable for short duration and short-term stationary work as defined on BC(4). These should not be used for intermediate-term or long-term stationary work unless personnel is on-site to maintain them in their proper upright position.
- 6. 42" two-piece cones, vertical panels or drums are suitable for all work zone
- 7. Cones or tubular markers used on each project should be of the same size and shape.

THIS DEVICE SHALL NOT BE USED ON PROJECTS LET AFTER MARCH 2014.



- 1. This device is intended only for use in place of a vertical panel to channelize traffic by indicating the edge of the travel lane. It is not intended to be used in transitions or tapers.
- 2. This device shall not be used to separate lanes of traffic (opposing or otherwise) or warn of objects.
- 3. This device is based on a 42 inch. two-piece cone with an alternate striping pattern: four 4 inch retroreflective bands, with an approximate 2 inch gap between bands. The color of the band should correspond to the color of the edgeline (yellow for left edgeline, white for right edgeline) for which the device is substituted or for which it supplements. The reflectorized bands shall be retroreflective Type A conforming to Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300. unless otherwise noted.
- 4. The base must weigh a minimum of 30 lbs.

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Traffic Operation Division Standard

BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION CHANNELIZING DEVICES

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WORK ZONE PAVEMENT MARKINGS

GENERAL

- The Contractor shall be responsible for maintaining work zone and existing povement markings, in accordance with the standard specifications and special provisions, on all roadways open to traffic within the CSJ limits unless otherwise stated in the plans.
- Color, patterns and dimensions shall be in conformance with the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD).
- Additional supplemental pavement marking details may be found in the plans or specifications.
- Pavement markings shall be installed in accordance with the TMUTCD and as shown on the plans.
- When short term markings are required on the plans, short term markings shall conform with the TMUTCD, the plans and details as shown on the Standard Plan Sheet WZ(STPM).
- 6. When standard pavement markings are not in place and the roadway is opened to traffic, DO NOT PASS signs shall be erected to mark the beginning of the sections where passing is prohibited and PASS WITH CARE signs at the beginning of sections where passing is permitted.
- All work zone pavement markings shall be installed in accordance with Item 662, "Work Zone Pavement Markings."

RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS

- Raised pavement markers are to be placed according to the patterns on BC(12).
- All raised pavement markers used for work zone markings shall meet the requirements of Item 672, "RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS" and Departmental Material Specification DMS-4200 or DMS-4300.

PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS

- Removable prefabricated pavement markings shall meet the requirements of DMS-8241.
- Non-removable prefabricated pavement markings (foil back) shall meet the requirements of DMS-8240.

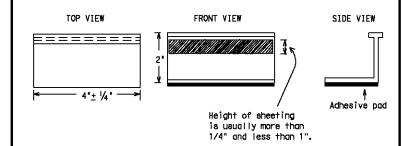
MAINTAINING WORK ZONE PAVEMENT MARKINGS

- The Contractor will be responsible for maintaining work zone pavement markings within the work limits.
- Work zone pavement markings shall be inspected in accordance with the frequency and reporting requirements of work zone traffic control device inspections as required by Form 599.
- 3. The markings should provide a visible reference for a minimum distance of 300 feet during normal daylight hours and 160 feet when illuminated by automobile law-beam headlights at night, unless sight distance is restricted by roadway geometrics.
- Markings failing to meet this criteria within the first 30 days after placement shall be replaced at the expense of the Contractor as per Specification Item 662.

REMOVAL OF PAVEMENT MARKINGS

- Pavement markings that are no longer applicable, could create confusion or direct a motorist toward or into the closed portion of the roadway shall be removed or obliterated before the roadway is opened to traffic.
- The above shall not apply to detours in place for less than three days, where flaggers and/or sufficient channelizing devices are used in lieu of markings to autline the detour route.
- Pavement markings shall be removed to the fullest extent possible, so as not to leave a discernable marking. This shall be by any method approved by TxDOT Specification Item 677 for "Eliminating Existing Pavement Markings and Markers".
- The removal of pavement markings may require resurfacing or seal coating portions of the roadway as described in Item 677.
- Subject to the approval of the Engineer, any method that proves to be successful on a particular type pavement may be used.
- Blast cleaning may be used but will not be required unless specifically shown in the plans.
- 7. Over-painting of the markings SHALL NOT BE permitted.
- Removal of raised pavement markers shall be as directed by the Engineer.
- Removal of existing pavement markings and markers will be paid for directly in accordance with Item 677, "ELIMINATING EXISTING PAVEMENT MARKINGS AND MARKERS," unless otherwise stated in the plans.
- 10. Black-out marking tape may be used to cover conflicting existing markings for periods less than two weeks when approved by the Engineer.

Temporary Flexible-Reflective Roadway Marker Tabs



STAPLES OR NAILS SHALL NOT BE USED TO SECURE TEMPORARY FLEXIBLE-REFLECTIVE ROADWAY MARKER TABS TO THE PAVEMENT SURFACE

- Temporary flexible-reflective roadway marker tabs used as guidemarks shall meet the requirements of DMS-B242.
- 2. Tabs detailed on this sheet are to be inspected and accepted by the Engineer or designated representative. Sampling and testing is not normally required, however at the option of the Engineer, either "A" or "B" below may be imposed to assure quality before placement on the readway.
 - A. Select five (5) or more tabs at random from each lot or shipment and submit to the Construction Division, Materials and Pavement Section to determine specification compliance.
 - B. Select five (5) tabs and perform the following test. Affix five (5) tabs at 24 inch intervals on an asphaltic pavement in a straight line. Using a medium size passenger vehicle or pickup, run over the markers with the front and rear tires at a speed of 35 to 40 miles per hour, four (4) times in each direction. No more than one (1) out of the five (5) reflective surfaces shall be lost or displaced as a result of this test.
- 3. Small design variances may be noted between tab manufacturers.
- 4. See Standard Sheet WZ(STPM) for tab placement on new pavements. See Standard Sheet TCP(7-1) for tab placement on seal coat work.

RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS USED AS GUIDEMARKS

- Raised pavement markers used as guidemarks shall be from the approved product list, and meet the requirements of DMS-4200.
- All temporary construction raised pavement markers provided on a project shall be of the same manufacturer.
- Adhesive for guidemarks shall be bituminous material hot applied or butyl rubber pad for all surfaces, or thermoplastic for concrete surfaces.

Guidemarks shall be designated as:
YELLOW - (two amber reflective surfaces with yellow body).
WHITE - (one silver reflective surface with white body).

DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL SPECIFICATIONS							
PAVEMENT MARKERS (REFLECTORIZED)	DMS-4200						
TRAFFIC BUTTONS	DMS-4300						
EPOXY AND ADHESIVES	DMS-6100						
BITUMINOUS ADHESIVE FOR PAVEMENT MARKERS	DMS-6130						
PERMANENT PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS	DMS-8240						
TEMPORARY REMOVABLE, PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS	DMS-8241						
TEMPORARY FLEXIBLE, REFLECTIVE ROADWAY MARKER TABS	DMS-8242						

A list of prequalified reflective raised pavement markers, non-reflective traffic buttons, roadway marker tabs and other pavement markings can be found at the Material Producer List web address shown on BC(1).

SHEET 11 OF 12



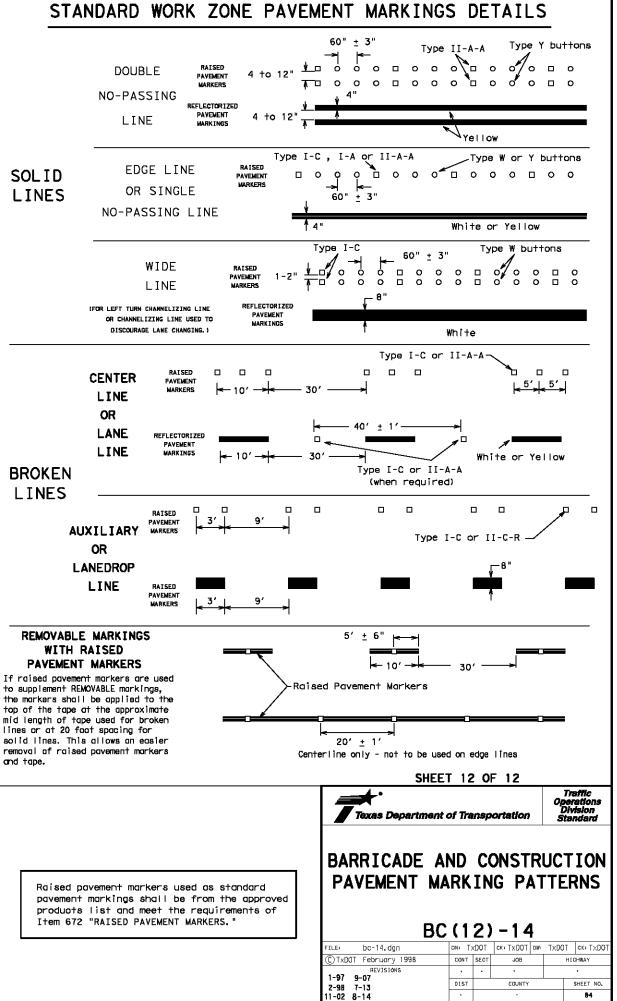
Traffic Operations Division Standard

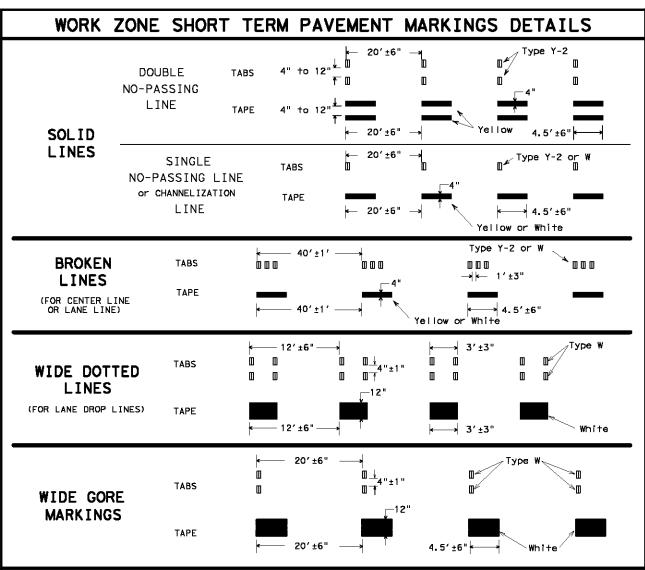
BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION PAVEMENT MARKINGS

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PAVEMENT MARKING PATTERNS 10 to 12" Type II-A-A 10 to 12" Type II-A-A ♦ Yellow Type II-A Type Y buttons REFLECTORIZED PAVEMENT MARKINGS - PATTERN A RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS - PATTERN A Type II-A-A 000000000 4 to 8" Type Y buttons Type II-A-A-REFLECTORIZED PAVEMENT MARKINGS - PATTERN B RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS - PATTERN B Pattern A is the TXDOT Standard, however Pattern B may be used if approved by the Engineer. Prefabricated markings may be substituted for reflectorized pavement markings. CENTER LINE & NO-PASSING ZONE BARRIER LINES FOR TWO-LANE, TWO-WAY HIGHWAYS Type I-C Type W buttons -Type I-C or II-C-R 000 Type I-A Type Y buttons \Leftrightarrow ➾ Type Y buttons/ Type I-A Yellow White Type W buttons-Type I-C or II-C-R REFLECTORIZED PAVEMENT MARKINGS RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS Type I-C Prefabricated markings may be substituted for reflectorized pavement markings. EDGE & LANE LINES FOR DIVIDED HIGHWAY Type I-C 000 _____ 000 White 🖊 Type II-A-A Type Y buttons 0000000 ➪ <> ппп 000 Type I-C REFLECTORIZED PAVEMENT MARKINGS RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS Prefabricated markings may be substituted for reflectorized pavement markings. LANE & CENTER LINES FOR MULTILANE UNDIVIDED HIGHWAYS Type I-C-000 000 Type \Leftrightarrow Type I-C REFLECTORIZED PAVEMENT MARKINGS RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS Prefabricated markings may be substituted for reflectorized pavement markings. TWO-WAY LEFT TURN LANE





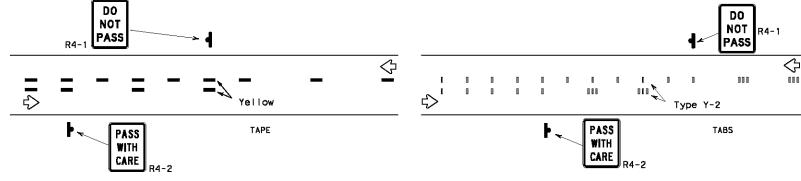
NOTES:

- 1. Short term pavement markings may be prefabricated markings (stick down tape) or temporary flexiblereflective roadway marker tabs unless otherwise specified elsewhere in plans.
- 2. Short term pavement markings shall NOT be used to simulate edge lines.
- 3. Dimensions indicated on this sheet are typical and approximate. Variations in size and height may occur between markers or devices made by manufacturers, by as much as 1/4 inch, unless otherwise noted.
- 4. Temporary flexible-reflective roadway marker tabs will require normal maintenance replacement when used on roadways with an ADT per lane of up to 7500 vehicles with no more than 10% truck mix. When roadways exceed these values, additional maintenance replacement of devices should be planned.
- 5. No segment of roadway open to traffic shall remain without permanent pavement markings for a period greater than 14 calendar days. The Contractor will be responsible for maintaining short term pavement markings until permanent payement markings are in place. When the Contractor is responsible for placement of permanent pavement markings, no segment of roadway shall remain without permanent pavement markings for a period greater than 14 calendar days unless weather conditions prohibit placement. Permanent pavement markings shall be placed as soon as weather permits.
- 6. For two lane, two-way roadways, DO NOT PASS signs shall be erected to mark the beginning of sections where passing is prohibited and PASS WITH CARE signs shall be erected to mark the beginning of sections where passing is permitted. Signs shall be in accordance with the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD) and may be used to indicate the limits of no-passing zones for up to 14 calendar days. Permanent pavement markings should then be placed.
- For low volume two lane, two-way roadways of 4000 ADT or less, no-passing lines may be omitted when approved by the Engineer. DO NOT PASS and PASS WITH CARE signs shall be erected (see note 6).
- 8. For exit gores where a lane is being dropped place wide gore markings or retroreflective channelizing devices to guide motorist through the exit. If channelizing devices are to be used it should be noted elsewhere in the plans. One piece comes are not allowed for this purpose.

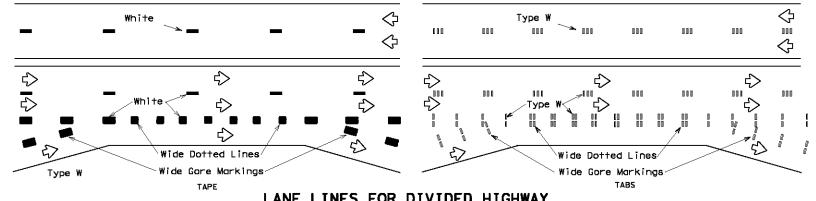
TEMPORARY FLEXIBLE, REFLECTIVE ROADWAY MARKER TABS (TABS)

- Temporary flexible-reflective roadway marker tabs detailed on this sheet will be designated Type Y-2 (two amber reflective surfaces with yellow body); Type Y (one amber reflective surface with yellow body); and Type W (one white or silver reflective surface with white body). Additional details may be found on BC(11).
- Tabs shall meet requirements of Departmental Material Specification DM5-8242.
- 3. When dry, tabs shall be visible for a minimum distance of 200 feet during normal daylight hours and when illuminated by automobile low-beam head light at night, unless sight distance is restricted by roadway
- No two consecutive tabs nor four tabs per 1000 feet of line shall be missing or fail to meet the visual performance requirements of Note 3.

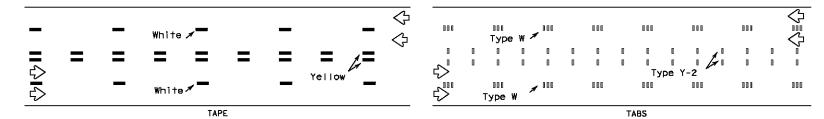
WORK ZONE SHORT TERM PAVEMENT MARKINGS PATTERNS



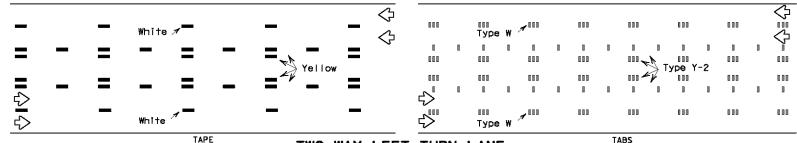
CENTER LINE & NO-PASSING ZONE BARRIER LINES FOR TWO LANE TWO-WAY HIGHWAYS



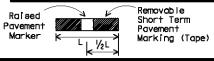
LANE LINES FOR DIVIDED HIGHWAY



LANE & CENTER LINES FOR MULTILANE UNDIVIDED HIGHWAYS



TWO-WAY LEFT TURN LANE



If raised pavement markers are used to supplement REMOVABLE short term markings, the markers shall be applied to the top of the tape at the approximate mid length of the tape. This allows an easier removal of raised markers and tape.

Texas Department of Transportation

WORK ZONE SHORT TERM PAVEMENT MARKINGS

WZ (STPM) -13

FILE:	wzstpm-13.dgn	DN:	KDOT	ck: [XD0]	DW:	IXDOI	ck: [XDO]
C TxD0T	April 1992	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY	
1-97	REVISIONS		-	•			
3-03		DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
7-13		•					85

PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS

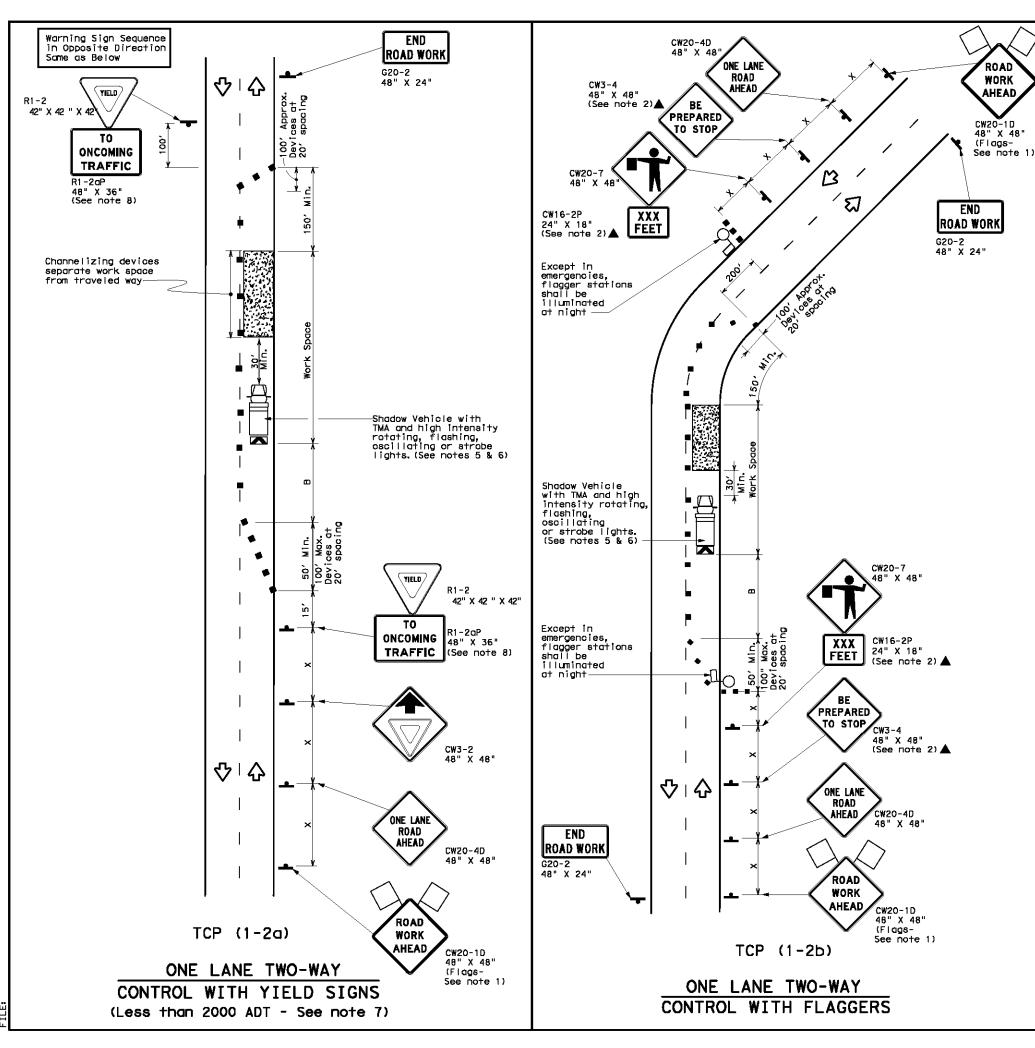
- 1. Temporary Removable Prefabricated Pavement Markings shall meet the requirements of DMS-8241.
- Non-removable Prefabricated Pavement Markings shall meet the requirements of either DMS-8240
 "Permanent Prefabricated Pavement Markings" or DMS-8243 "Temporary Costruction-Grade
 Prefabricated Pavement Markings."

RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS

1. All raised pavement markers used for work zone markings shall meet the requirements of Item 672, "RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS" and DMS-4200.

DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL SPECIFICATIONS (DMS) & MATERIAL PRODUCER LISTS (MPL)

1. DMSs referenced above can be found along with embedded links to their respective MPLs at the following website: http://www.txdot.gov/business/contractors_consultants/material_specifications/default.htm



	LEGEND								
~~~	Type 3 Barricade		Channelizing Devices						
	Heavy Work Vehicle		Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)						
<b>©</b>	Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board		Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)						
-	Sign	ψ	Traffic Flow						
$\Diamond$	Flag	Д	Flagger						

Posted Speed	peed		Desirable		Suggested Maximum Spacing of Channelizing Devices		Minimum Sign Spacing "X"	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space	Stopping Sight Distance
*		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	Distance	"В"	
30	2	1501	165'	1801	301	60′	120′	90′	2001
35	L= \\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\	2051	225′	245'	35′	70′	160′	120′	250′
40	60	2651	2951	3201	401	80,	240′	155′	305′
45		450′	495′	540'	45′	90'	320′	195'	360'
50		500'	550′	600'	50'	100'	400'	240'	425′
55	L=WS	550′	605′	6601	55′	110′	500′	295'	495'
60	L ", O	600'	660′	720'	601	120'	600'	350′	570′
65		6501	715′	7801	65′	130'	7001	410'	645'
70		7001	7701	840'	70′	1401	800'	475′	730'
75		750′	825'	900'	75'	1501	900'	540′	820'

* Conventional Roads Only

**X Taper lengths have been rounded off.
L=Length of Taper(FT) W=Width of Offset(FT) S=Posted Speed(MPH)

TYPICAL USAGE								
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY				
	1	1						

#### **GENERAL NOTES**

- 1. Flags attached to signs where shown are REQUIRED.
- 2. All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED, except those denoted with the triangle symbol may be omitted when stated elsewhere in the plans, or for routine maintenance work, when approved by the Engineer.
- 3. The CW3-4 "BE PREPARED TO STOP" sign may be installed after the CW20-4D "ONE LANE ROAD AHEAD" sign, but proper sign spacing shall be maintained.
- 4. Sign spacing may be increased or an additional CW20-1D "ROAD WORK AHEAD" sign may be used if advance warning ahead of the flagger or R1-2 "YIELD" sign is less than 1500 feet.
- 5. A Shadow Vehicle with a TMA should be used anytime it can be positioned 30 to 100 feet in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the performance or quality of the work. If workers are no longer present but road or work conditions require the traffic control to remain in place, Type 3 Barricades or other channelizing devices may be substituted for the Shadow Vehicle and TMA.
- 6. Additional Shadow Vehicles with TMAs may be positioned off the paved surface, next to those shown in order to protect wider work spaces.

#### TCP (1-2a)

- 7. R1-2 "YIELD" sign traffic control may be used on projects with approaches that have adequate sight distance. For projects in urban areas, work spaces should be no longer than one half city block. In rural areas on roadways with less than 2000 ADT, work spaces should be no longer than 400 feet.
- 8. R1-2 "YIELD" sign with R1-2aP "TO ONCOMING TRAFFIC" plaque shall be placed on a support at a 7 foot minimum mounting height.

- 9. Flaggers should use two-way radios or other methods of communication to control traffic. Length of work space should be based on the ability of flaggers to communicate.
- 11. If the work space is located near a horizontal or vertical curve, the buffer distances should be increased in order to maintain adequate stapping sight distance to the flagger and a queue of stopped vehicles (see table above).
- 12. Channelizing devices on the center-line may be omitted when a pilot car is leading traffic and approved by the Engineer.
- 13. Flaggers should use 24" STOP/SLOW paddles to control traffic. Flags should be limited to emergency situations.

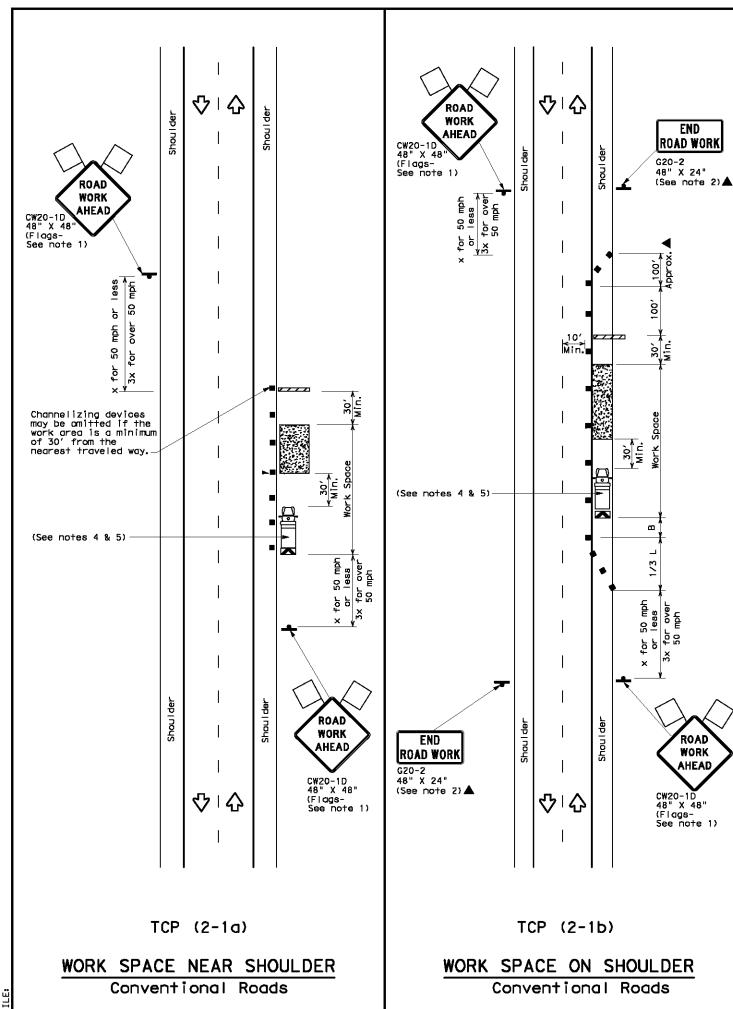
For construction or maintenance contract work, specific project requirements for shadow vehicles can oe found in the projec GENERAL NOTES for Item 502. Barricades, Signs and Traffic Handling.

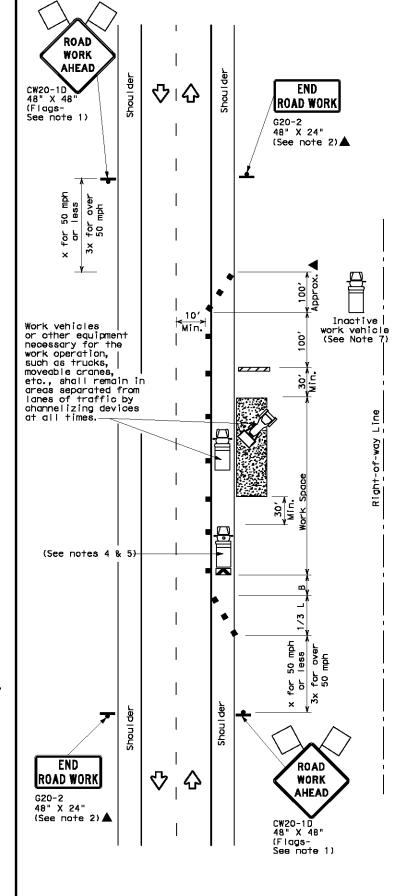


TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN ONE-LANE TWO-WAY TRAFFIC CONTROL

TCP (1-2)-12

©TxDOT December 1985	DN: TX	ТΩ	CK: TXDGT	DW:	TXDOT		CK: TX	топ
HEVISIONS 4-90 2-12	CONT	SECT	JOB			HEGI	HWAY	
4-90 2-12 2-94			•			•		
1-97	DEST		COUNTY			5	HEET N	٥.
4-98	,		•				86	





TCP (2-1c)

WORK VEHICLES ON SHOULDER
Conventional Roads

LEGEND								
~~~~	Type 3 Barricade	••	Channelizing Devices					
	Heavy Work Vehicle		Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)					
	Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board		Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)					
-	Sign	♡	Traffic Flow					
\Diamond	Flag	4	Flagger					

Posted Speed	Formula	D.	Minimum Jesirab Jer Leng XX	le	Spacir Channe		Minimum Sign Spacing "Y"	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space
*		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	Distance	"B"
30	= WS ²	1501	165'	1801	30′	60'	120′	90′
35	L= WS	2051	225'	245'	35′	70′	160′	120′
40	90	265'	295′	320'	40′	80'	240'	155′
45		4501	495′	540'	45′	90′	320′	195′
50		5001	550′	600′	50′	100′	400'	240′
55	L=WS	550'	605′	660′	55′	110′	500'	295′
60	L-,,3	6001	6601	7201	60′	120'	600'	350′
65		650′	7151	780'	65′	130'	700'	410'
70		7001	770′	8401	70′	140'	800'	475′
75		750'	825′	900'	75′	150'	900'	540′

* Conventional Roads Only

XX Taper lengths have been rounded off.

L=Length of Taper(FT) W=Width of Offset(FT) S=Posted Speed(MPH)

			TYPICAL U	ISAGE	
	MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY
Г			1	1	

GENERAL NOTES

- 1. Flags attached to signs where shown, are REQUIRED.
- All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED, except those denoted with the triangle symbol may be omitted when stated in the plans, or for routine maintenance work, when approved by the Engineer.
- plans, or for routine maintenance work, when approved by the Engineer
 3. Stockpiled material should be placed a minimum of 30 feet from
 nearest traveled way.
- Stockpited minter for another be proceed a minimum of social control with TMA and high intensity rotating, flashing, oscillating or strobe lights. A Shadow Vehicle with a TMA should be used anytime it can be positioned 30 to 100 feet in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the performance or quality of the work. If workers are no longer present but road or work conditions require the traffic control to remain in place, Type 3 Barricades or other channelizing devices may be substituted for the Shadow Vehicle and TMA.
- Additional Shadow Vehicles with TMAs may be positioned off the paved surface, next to those shown in order to protect a wider work space.
- See TCP(5-1) for shoulder work on divided highways, expressways and freeways.
- 7. Inactive work vehicles or other equipment should be parked near the right-of-way line and not parked on the paved shoulder.
 8. CW21-5 "SHOULDER WORK" signs may be used in place of CW21-1D
- "ROAD WORK AHEAD" signs for shoulder work on conventional roadways.

For construction or maintenance contract work, specific project requirements for shadow vehicles can be found in the project GENERAL NOTES for Item 502, Barricades, Signs and Traffic Handling.

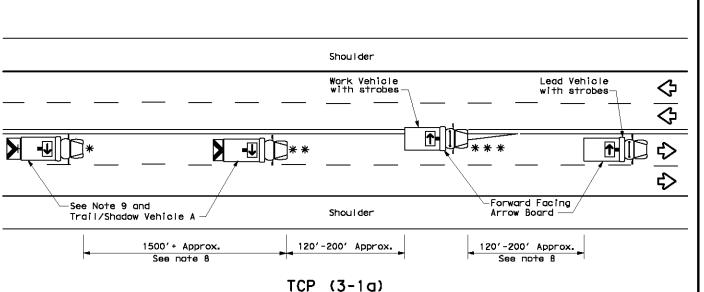


TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN CONVENTIONAL ROAD SHOULDER WORK

TCP (2-1)-12

(C)	TXDOT December 1985	DN: TXD	пΤ	OT CK: TXDOT DW: TXDOT		TXDOT		CK: TXDOT
	REVISIONS	CONT	SECT	JOB			HEG	HWAY
2-94 8-95	2-12		-	•				•
1-97		DEST		COUNTY			5	HEET NO.
4-98		٠.						87

161



TRAIL/SHADOW VEHICLE A

with RIGHT Directional

display Flashing Arrow Board

OR

WORK

CONVOY

CW21-10aT

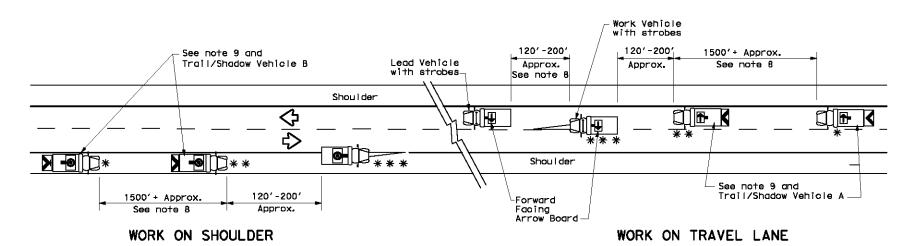
IX VEHICLE

CONVOY

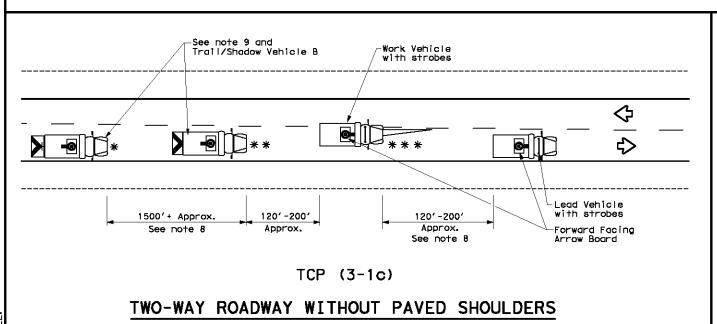
CW21-10cT

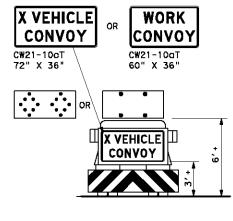
DED MULTILANE ROADWAY

UNDIVIDED MULTILANE ROADWAY



TCP (3-1b)
TWO-WAY ROADWAY WITH PAVED SHOULDERS





TRAIL/SHADOW VEHICLE B

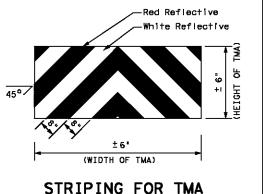
with Flashing Arrow Board in CAUTION display

	LEGEND						
*	Trail Vehicle		ARROW BOARD DISPLAY				
**	Shadow Vehicle		ARROW BOARD DISPLAT				
* * *	Work Vehicle	RIGHT Directional					
	Heavy Work Vehicle	L	LEFT Directional				
	Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)	Double Arrow					
♦	Traffic Flow	•	CAUTION (Alternating Diamond or 4 Corner Flash)				

TYPICAL USAGE						
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY		
1						

GENERAL NOTES

- TRAIL, SHADOW, and LEAD vehicles shall be equipped with arrow boards as illustrated. When a LEAD vehicle is not used the WORK vehicle must be equiped with an arrow board. The Engineer will determine if the LEAD VEHICLE and/or TRAIL VEHICLE are required based on prevailing roadway conditions, traffic volume, and sight distance restrictions.
- 2. The use of omber high intensity rotating, flashing, oscillating, or strobe lights on vehicles are required. Blue high intensity rotating, flashing, oscillating or strobe lights when mounted on the driver's side of the vehicle may be operated simultaneously with the amber beacons or strobe lights.
- The use of truck mounted attenuators (TMA) on the SHADOW VEHICLE and TRAIL VEHICLE are required.
- Reflective sheeting on the rear of the TMA shall meet or exceed the reflectivity and color requirements of DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL SPECIFICATION DMS 8300, Type A.
- 5. Flashing arrow boards shall be Type B or Type C as per the Barricade and Construction (BC) standards. The board shall be controlled from inside the vehicle.
- 6. Each vehicle shall have two-way radio communication capability.
- 7. When work convoys must change lanes, the TRAIL VEHICLE should change lanes first to shadow the other convoy vehicles.
- 8. Vehicle spacing between the TRAIL VEHICLE and the SHADOW VEHICLE will vary depending on sight distance restrictions. Motorists approaching the work convoy should be able to see the TRAIL VEHICLE in time to slow down and/or change lanes as they approach the TRAIL VEHICLE. Vehicle spacing between the WORK VEHICLE and SHADOW VEHICLE and vehicle spacing between WORK VEHICLE and LEAD VEHICLE may vary according to terrain, work activity and other factors.
- 9. "X VEHICLE CONVOY" (CW21-10cT) or "WORK CONVOY" (CW21-10aT) signs shall be used on TRAIL VEHICLES and SHADOW VEHICLES as shown. As an option 48" X 48" diamond shaped "WORK CONVOY" (CW21-10T) or "X VEHICLE CONVOY" (CW21-10bT) signs may be used where adequate mounting space exists. When used, the X VEHICLE CONVOY sign shall have the number of the convoy vehicles displayed on the sign in the number designation "X" location. The "X VEHICLE CONVOY" sign shall not be used on the SHADOW VEHICLE if a TRAIL VEHICLE is used.
- 10. On two-lane two-way roadways, the work and protection vehicles should pull over periodically to allow motor vehicle traffic to pass. If motorists are not allowed to pass the work convoy, a "DO NOT PASS" (R4-1) sign should be placed on the back of the rearmost protection vehicle.



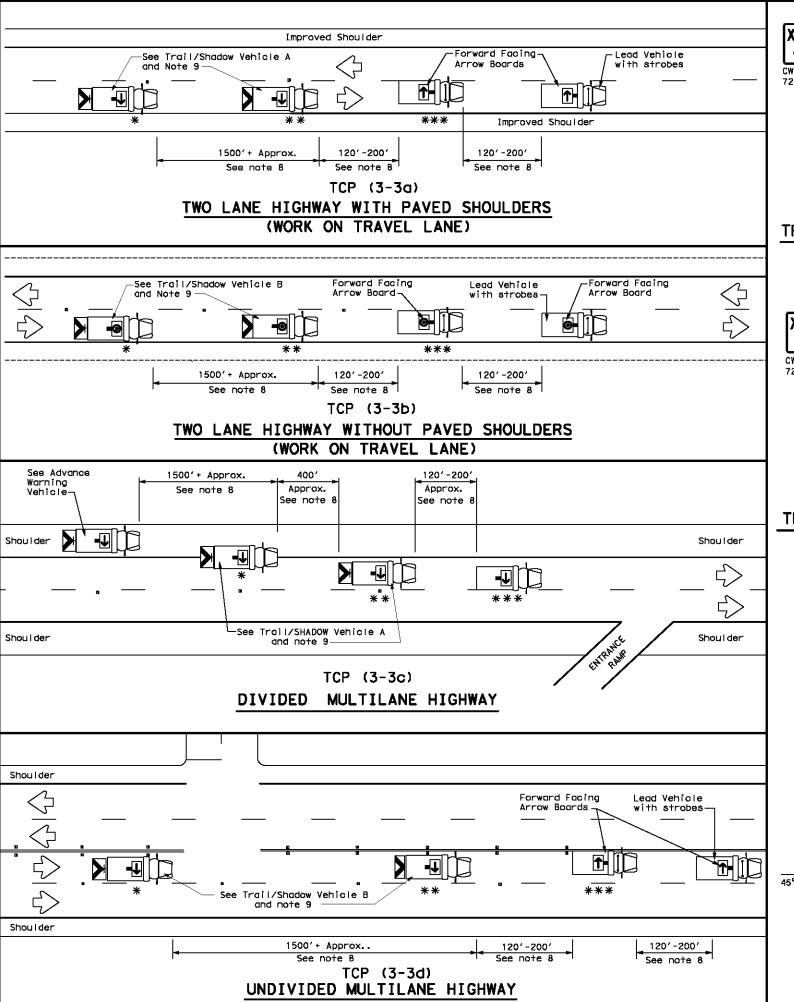
Texas Department of Transportation

TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN MOBILE OPERATIONS UNDIVIDED HIGHWAYS

TCP (3-1)-13

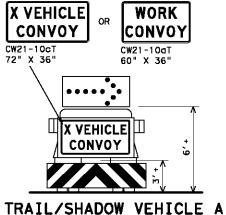
FILE: †CD	3-1.dgn	DN: T)	KDOT	ck: TxDOT	DW:	TxDOT	ck: TXDOT
© TxDOT Dec	ember 1985	CONT	SECT	JOB		HI	CHWAY
REVISIONS 2-94 4-98		•					•
8-95 7-13		DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
1-97				•			88

175

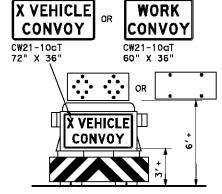


warranty of any the conversion

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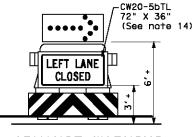


with RIGHT Directional display Flashing Arrow Board

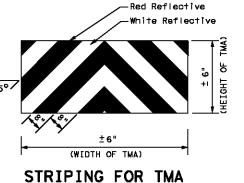


TRAIL/SHADOW VEHICLE B

with Flashing Arrow Board in Caution Mode



ADVANCE WARNING VEHICLE



LEGEND Trail Vehicle ARROW BOARD DISPLAY Shadow Vehicle Work Vehicle RIGHT Directional Heavy Work Vehicle LEFT Directional Truck Mounted Double Arrow Attenuator (TMA) CAUTION (Alternating Traffic Flow Diamond or 4 Corner Flash)

TYPICAL USAGE								
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION		INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY				
- €								

GENERAL NOTES

- 1. TRAIL, SHADOW, and LEAD vehicles shall be equipped with arrow boards as illustrated. When a LEAD vehicle is not used on two way roads the WORK illustrated. When a LEAD vehicle is not used on two way roads the WORK vehicle must have an arrow board. For divided roadways, the arrow board on the WORK vehicle is optional based on the type of work being performed. The Engineer will determine if the LEAD vehicle and/or TRAIL vehicle are required based on prevailing roadway conditions, traffic volume, and sight distance restrictions. The use of amber high intensity rotating, flashing, oscillating, or strobe lights on vehicles are required. Blue high intensity rotating, flashing, oscillating, or strobe lights when mounted on the diver's side of the vehicle may be operated.
- strobe lights when mounted on the driver's side of the vehicle may be operated simultaneously with the amber begons or strobe lights.
- The use of truck mounted attenuators (TMA) on the SHADOW VEHICLE, ADVANCE WARNING and TRAIL VEHICLE are required.
- Reflective sheeting on the rear of the TMA shall meet or exceed the reflectivity and color requirements of DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL SPECIFICATION
- Flashing arrow boards shall be Type B or Type C as per the Barricade and Construction (BC) standards. The board shall be controlled from inside the

- vehicle. Each vehicle shall have two-way radio communication capability. When work convoys must change lanes, the TRAIL VEHICLE should change lanes first to shadow the other convoy vehicles.

 Vehicle spacing between the TRAIL VEHICLE and the SHADOW VEHICLE will vary depending on sight distance restrictions. Motorists approaching the convoy should be able to see the TRAIL VEHICLE in time to slow down and/or change lanes as they approach the TRAIL VEHICLE. Vehicle spacing between the WORK VEHICLE and SHADOW VEHICLE dad vehicle spacing between WORK VEHICLE and LEAD VEHICLE may vary according to terrain, work activity and other factors.

 X VEHICLE CONVOY (CW21-10aT) or WORK CONVOY (CW21-10aT) signs shall be used on TRAIL VEHICLES and SHADOW VEHICLES as shown. As an option 48" x 48" diamond shaped WORK CONVOY (CW21-10T) or X VEHICLE CONVOY (CW21-10bT) signs may be used where adequate mounting space exists. When used, the X VEHICLE CONVOY
- used where adequate mounting space exists. When used, the X VEHICLE CONVOY sign shall have the number of the convoy vehicles displayed on the sign in the number designation "X" location. The X VEHICLE CONVOY sign shall not be used on the SHADOW VEHICLE if a TRAIL VEHICLE is used.
- 10. For divided highways with two or three lanes in one direction, the appropriate LEFT LANE CLOSED (CW20-5bTL), RIGHT LANE CLOSED (CW20-5bTR), or CENTER LANE CLOSED (CW20-5dT) sign should be used on the Advance Warning Vehicle. As an option, a portable changeable message sign (PCMS) or truck mounted changeable message sign (TMCMS) with a minimum character height of 12", and displaying the same legend may be substituted for these signs. An appropriate directional arrow display, simulating the size and legibility of the flashing arrow board may be used in the second phase of the PCMS/TMCMS message. When this is done, the arrow board will not be required on the Advance Warning Vehicle.
- 11.A double arrow shall not be displayed on the arrow board on the Advance Warning
- 12. For divided highways with three or four lanes in each direction, use TCP(3-2). 13. Standard diamond shape versions of the CW20-5 series signs may be used as an
- option if the rectangular signs shown are not available.
- 14. The Advance Warning Vehicle may straddle the edgeline when Shoulder width makes it necessary.
- 15. On two-lane two-way roadways, the work and protection vehicles should pull over periodically to allow motor vehicle traffic to pass. If motorists are not allowed to pass the work convoy, a DO NOT PASS (R4-1) sign should be placed on the back of the rearmost protection vehicle.

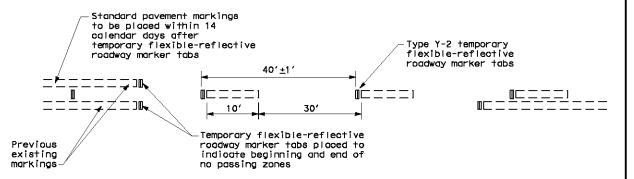


Traffic Operation Division Standard

TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN MOBILE OPERATIONS RAISED PAVEMENT MARKER INSTALLATION/ REMOVAL TCP (3-3)-14

+cp3-3.dgn DN: TXDOT CK: TXDOT DW: TXDOT CK: TXDO CONT SECT C) TxD0T September 1987 JOB 8-95 7-13 1-97 7-14

G20-2 ROAD WORK 36" X 18" PASS SCLAIMER: The use of this standard is governed by the "Texas Engineering Practice Act". No warranty of any and is made by TxDOT for any purpose whatsoever. TxDOT assumes no responsibility for the aonversion this standard to other formats or for incorrect results or damages resulting from its use. SURFACING ENDS R4-2 WITH 24" x 30" CARE NEXT | NEXT | R20-1TP | 2 Miles | 24" | X 18' DO R4-1 NOT 24" X 30" PASS **PASSING** NO" CENTER LINE CW8-12 36" X 36" Min. -REPEAT EVERY 2 MILES LOOSE GRAVEL CW8-7 36" X 36" SHORT TERM PAVEMENT MARKING MAJOR RURAL ROAD 40' ±1' PASS R4-2 WITH 24" x 30' CARE NOT 24" X 30" PASS NEXT R20-1TP 2 MILES 24" X 18" DO R4-1 NOT 24" X 30" PASS NEXT R20-1TP 24" X 18" DO NOT R4-1 PASS 24" X 30" NEXT R20-1TP 4 MILES SURFACING BEGINS NO. CENTER LINE CW8-12 36" X 36" Min. -REPEAT EVERY 2 MILES LOOSE GRAVEL CW8-7 36" X 36" Min. NOTE Signing shown for one ROAD direction of travel only. WORK AHEAD CW20-1D NO PASSING ZONES ON TWO-LANE TWO-WAY ROADS



TABS ON CENTERLINES OF TWO-LANE TWO-WAY ROADS

For seal coat, micro-surface or similar operations

"DO NOT PASS" SIGN (R4-1) and NO-PASSING ZONES

- A. Prior to the beginning of construction, all currently striped no-passing zones shall be signed with the DO NOT PASS (R4-1) signs and PASS WITH CARE (R4-2) signs placed at the beginning and end of each zone for each direction of travel except as otherwise provided herein. Signs marking these individual no-passing zones need not be covered prior to construction if the signs supplement the existing pavement markings.
- At the discretion of the Engineer, in areas of numerous no-passing zones, several zones may be combined as a single zone. If passing is to be prohibited over one or more lengthy sections, a DO NOT PASS sign and a NEXT XX MILES (R20-1TP) plaque may be used at the beginning of such zones. The DO NOT PASS sign and the NEXT XX MILES plaque should be repeated every mile to the end of the no-passing zone. In areas where there is considerable distance between no-passing zones, the end of the no-passing zone may be signed with a PASS WITH CARE sign and a NEXT XX MILES plaque.
- Depending on traffic volumes and length of sections, it may be desirable to prohibit passing throughout the project to prevent damage to windshield and lights. The DO NOT PASS sign and NEXT XX MILES plaque should be used and repeated as aften as necessary for this purpose. Where several existing zones are to be combined into one idividual no-passing zone, the sign at the beginning of the zone should be covered until the surfacing operation has passed this location so as not to have the DO NOT PASS sign conflict with the existing pavement markings. Also, unless one days operation completes the entire length of such combined zones, appropriate DO NOT PASS and PASS WITH CARE signs should be placed at the beginning and end of the no-passing zones where the surfacing operation has stopped for the day.
- D. R4-1 and R4-2 are to remain in place until standard pavement markings are installed.

"NO CENTER LINE" SIGN (CW8-12)

- A. Center line markings are yellow pavement markings that delineate the separation of travel lanes that have opposite directions of travel on a roadway. Divided highways do not typically have center line markings.
- B. At the time construction activity obliterates the existing center line markings(low volume roads may not have an existing centerline), a NO CENTER LINE (CW8-12) sign should be erected at the beginning of the work area, at approximately 2 mile intervals within the work area, beyond major intersections and other locations deemed necessary by the Engineer.
- C. The NO CENTER LINE signs are to remain in place until standard pavement markings are installed.

"LOOSE GRAVEL" SIGN (CW8-7)

- A. When construction begins, a LOOSE GRAVEL (CW8-7) sign should be erected at each end of the work area and repeated at intervals of approximately 2 miles in rural areas and closer in urban areas.
- B. The LOOSE GRAVEL signs are to remain in place until the condition no longer exists.

PAVEMENT MARKINGS

- A. Temporary markings for surfacing projects shall be Temporary Flexible-reflective Roadway Marker Tabs unless otherwise approved by the Engineer. Tabs are to be installed to provide true alignment for striping crews or as directed by the Engineer. Tabs will be placed at the spacing indicated. Tabs should be applied to the pavement no more than two (2) days before the surfacing is applied. After the surfacing is rolled and swept, the cover over the reflective strip shall be removed.
- B. Tabs shall not be used to simulate edge lines.
- C. Tab placement for overlay/inlay operations shall be as shown on the WZ(STPM) standard sheet.

COORDINATION OF SIGN LOCATIONS

- A. The location of warning signs at the beginning and end of a work area are to be coordinated with other signing typically shown on the Barricade and Construction Standards for project limits to ensure adequate sign spacing.
- . Where possible the ROAD WORK AHEAD (CW20-1D), LOOSE GRAVEL (CW8-7), and NO CENTER LINE (CW8-12) signs should be placed in the sequence shown following the OBEY WARNING SIGNS STATE LAW (R20-3T) and the TRAFFIC FINES DOUBLE (R20-5T) sign, and one "X" sign spacing prior to the CONTRACTOR (G20-6T)sign typically located at or near the limits of surfacing. LOOSE GRAVEL and NO CENTER LINE signs will then be repeated as described above.

Posted Speed *	Minimum Sign Spacing "X" Distance
30	120'
35	160′
40	240′
45	3201
50	400′
55	500′
60	600′
65	700′
70	8001
75	900'

* Conventional Roads Only

		TYPICAL	USAGE	
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY
			✓	1

GENERAL NOTES

- . The traffic control devices detailed on this sheet will be furnished and erected as directed by the Engineer on sections of roadway where tabs must be placed prior to the surfacing operation which will cover or obliterate the existing pavement markings.
- The devices shown on this sheet are to be used to supplement those required by the BC Standards or others required elsewhere in the plans.
- Signs shall be erected as detailed on the BC Standards or the Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List (CWZTCD) on supports approved for Long-Term / Intermediate-Term Work Zone Sign Supports.
- When surfacing operations take place on divided highways, freeways or expressways, the size of diamond shaped construction warning signs shall be 48" x 48".
- Signs on divided highways, freeways and expressways will be placed on both right and left sides of the roadway based on roadway conditions as directed by the Engineer.

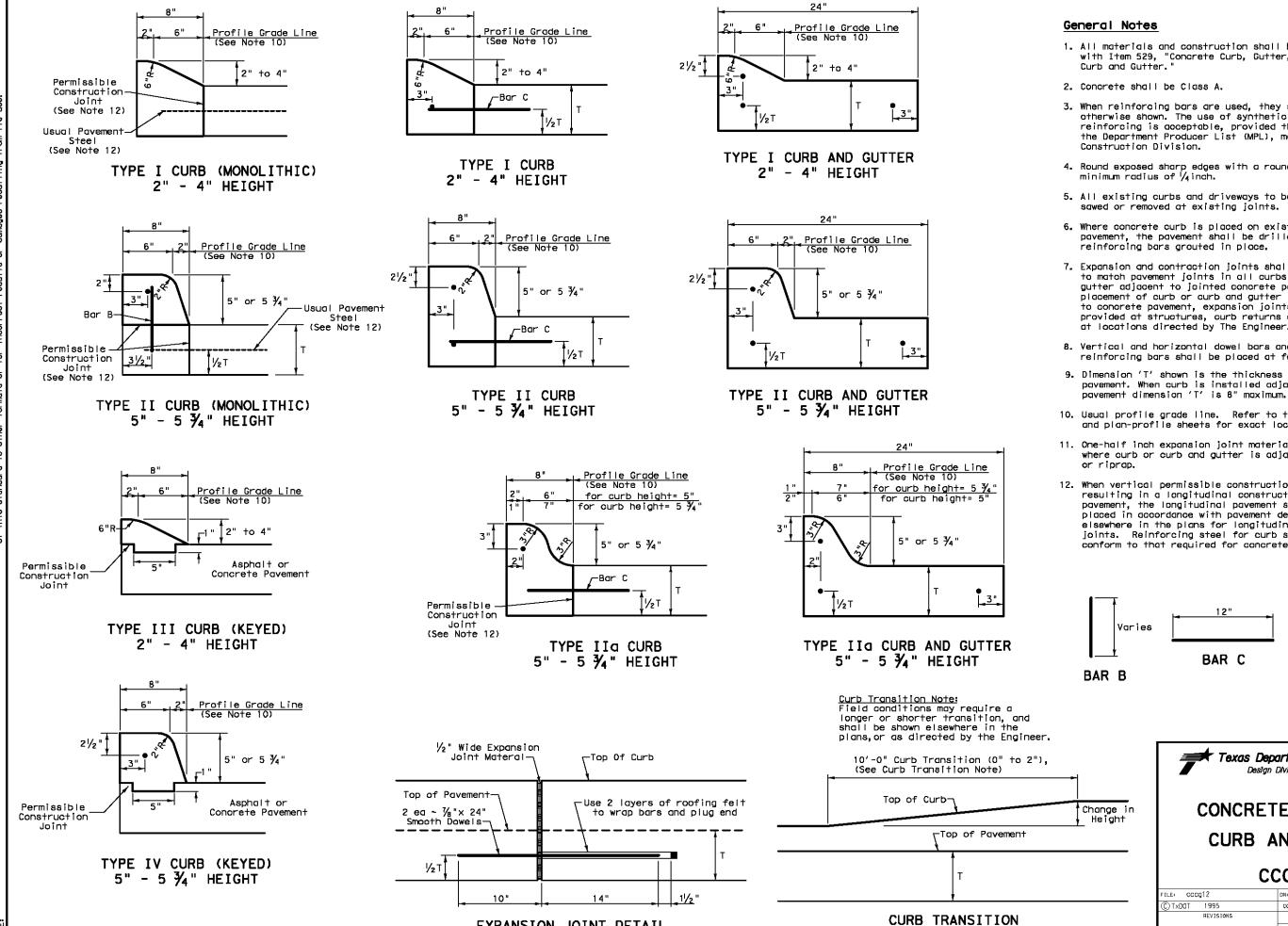


Traffic Operations Division Standard

TRAFFIC CONTROL DETAILS FOR SURFACING OPERATIONS

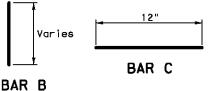
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EXPANSION JOINT DETAIL

- 1. All materials and construction shall be in accordance with Item 529, "Concrete Curb, Gutter, and Combined
- 3. When reinforcing bars are used, they shall be No.4 unless otherwise shown. The use of synthetic fiber in lieu of steel reinforcing is acceptable, provided the fiber producer is on the Department Producer List (MPL), maintained by TxDOT,
- 4. Round exposed sharp edges with a rounding tool, to a
- 5. All existing curbs and driveways to be removed shall be sawed or removed at existing joints.
- 6. Where concrete curb is placed on existing concrete pavement, the pavement shall be drilled and the reinforcing bars grouted in place.
- 7. Expansion and contraction joints shall be constructed to match pavement joints in all curbs and curb and gutter adjacent to jointed concrete pavement. Where placement of curb or curb and gutter is not adjacent to concrete pavement, expansion joints shall be provided at structures, curb returns at streets, and at locations directed by The Engineer.
- 8. Vertical and horizontal dowel bars and transverse reinforcing bars shall be placed at four feet C~C.
- 9. Dimension 'T' shown is the thickness of concrete pavement. When curb is installed adjacent to flexible
- 10. Usual profile grade line. Refer to typical sections and plan-profile sheets for exact locations.
- 11. One-half inch expansion joint material shall be provided where curb or curb and gutter is adjacent to sidewalk
- 12. When vertical permissible construction joints are used, resulting in a longitudinal construction joint in the pavement, the longitudinal pavement steel shall be placed in accordance with pavement details shown elsewhere in the plans for longitudinal construction joints. Reinforcing steel for curb section shall then conform to that required for concrete curb.



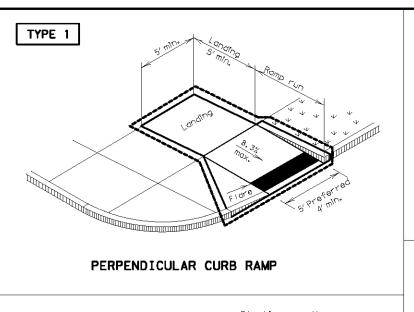
Note: To be paid for as Highest Curb

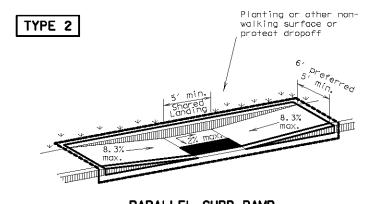


CURB AND GUTTER

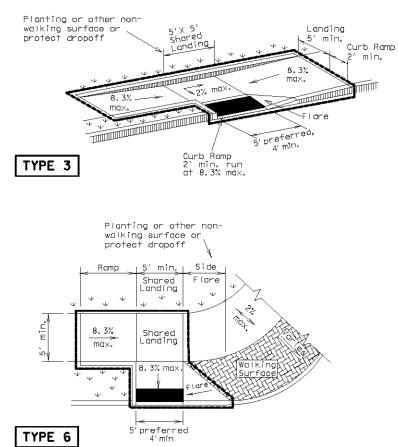
CCCG-12

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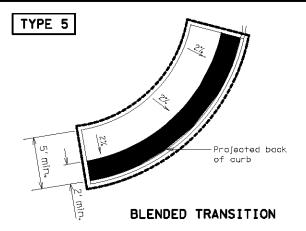


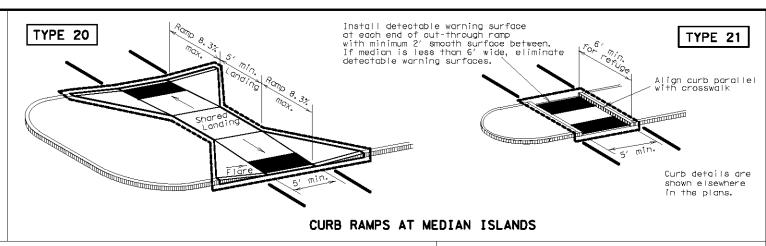


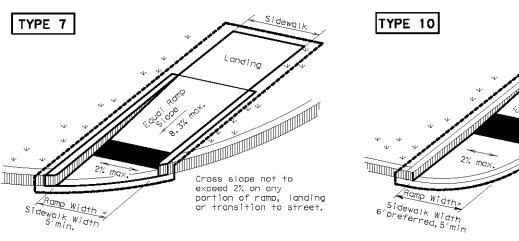
PARALLEL CURB RAMP (Use only where water will not pond in the landing.)



COMBINATION CURB RAMPS

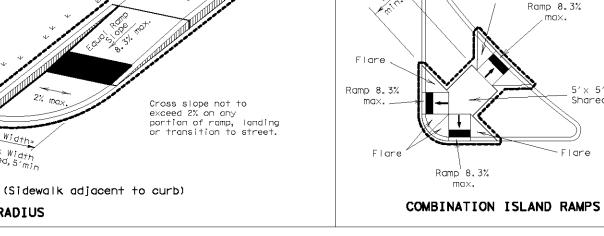


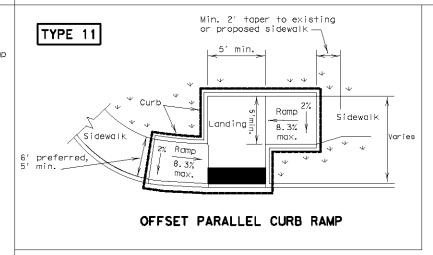




Cross slope not to exceed 2% on any portion of ramp, landing or transition to street.

(Sidewalk set back from curb) DIRECTIONAL RAMPS WITHIN RADIUS





NOTES / LEGEND:

See General Notes on sheet 2 of 4 for more information.

,^{v_} v_ Denotes planting or v non-walking surface v not part of pedestrian circulation path.

Ramp Limits of Payment

Detectable Warning Surface



TYPE 22

5'x 5'(min.)

Shared Landing

PEDESTRIAN FACILITIES **CURB RAMPS**

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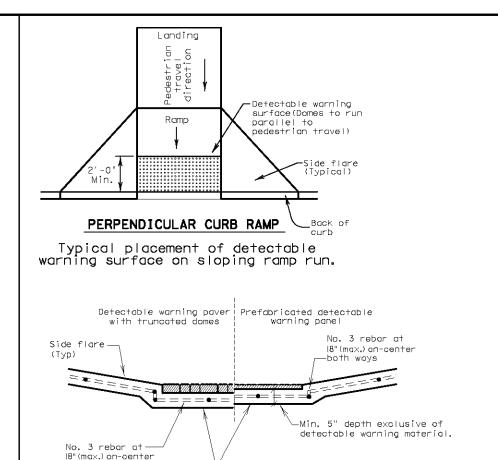
General Notes

Curb Ramps

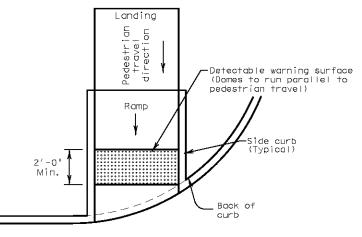
- 1. Install a curb ramp or blended transition at each pedestrian street crossing.
- All slopes shown are maximum allowable. Lesser slopes that will still drain properly should be used. Adjust curb ramp length or grade of approach sidewalks as directed.
- 3. The minimum sidewalk width is 5′. Where the sidewalk is adjacent to the back of curb, a 6′ sidewalk width is desirable. Where a 5′ sidewalk cannot be provided due to site constraints, sidewalk width may be reduced to 4′ for short distances. 5′x 5′ passing areas at intervals not to exceed 200′ are required.
- 4. Landings shall be 5'x 5' minimum with a maximum 2% slope in any direction.
- 5. Maneuvering space at the bottom of curb ramps shall be a minimum of 4'x 4' wholly contained within the crosswalk and wholly outside the parallel vehicular travel path.
- 6. Maximum allowable cross slope on sidewalk and curb ramp surfaces is 2%.
- 7. Provide flared sides where the pedestrian circulation path crosses the curb ramp. Flared sides shall be sloped at 10% maximum, measured parallel to the curb. Returned curbs may be used only where pedestrians would not normally walk across the ramp, either because the adjacent surface is planted, substantially obstructed, or otherwise protected.
- Additional information on curb ramp location, design, light reflective value and texture may be found in the current edition of the Texas Accessibility Standards (TAS) and 16 TAC 68.102.
- To serve as a pedestrian refuge area, the median should be a minimum of 6' wide, measured from back of curbs. Medians should be designed to provide accessible passage over or through them.
- 10. Small channelization islands, which do not provide a minimum 5'x 5' landing at the top of curb ramps, shall be cut through level with the surface of the street.
- 11. Crosswalk dimensions, crosswalk markings and stop bar locations shall be as shown elsewhere in the plans. At intersections where crosswalk markings are not required, curb ramps shall align with theoretical crosswalks unless otherwise directed.
- 12. Handrails are not required on curb ramps. Provide curb ramps wherever on accessible route crosses (penetrates) a curb.
- 13. Curb ramps and landings shall be constructed and paid for in accordance with Item 531 "Sidewalks".
- 14. Place concrete at a minimum depth of 5" for ramps, flares and landings, unless otherwise directed
- 15. Provide a smooth transition where the curb ramps connect to the street.
- 16. Curbs shown on sheet 1 within the limits of payment are considered part of the curb ramp for payment, whether it is concrete curb, gutter, or combined curb and gutter.
- Existing features that comply with TAS may remain in place unless otherwise shown on the plans.

Detectable Warning Material

- 18. Curb ramps must contain a detectable warning surface that consists of raised truncated domes complying with Section 705 of the TAS. The surface must contrast visually with adjoining surfaces, including side flares. Furnish and install an approved cast-in-place dark brown or dark red detectable warning surface material adjacent to uncolored concrete, unless specified elsewhere in the plans.
- 19. Detectable Warning Materials must meet TxDOT Departmental Materials Specification DMS 4350 and be listed on the Material Producer List. Install products in accordance with manufacturer's specifications.
- 20. Detectable warning surfaces must be slip resistant and not allow water to accumulate.
- 21. Detectable warning surfaces shall be a minimum of 24" in depth in the direction of pedestrian travel, and extend the full width of the curb ramp or landing where the pedestrian access route enters the street.
- 22. Detectable warning surfaces shall be located so that the edge nearest the curb line is at the back of curb. Align the rows of domes to be perpendicular to the grade break between the ramp run and the street. Detectable warning surfaces may be curved along the corner radius.
- 23. Shaded areas on Sheet 1 of 4 indicate the approximate location for the detectable warning surface for each curb ramp type.

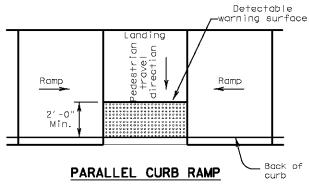


SECTION: CURB RAMP AT DETECTABLE WARNING



DIRECTIONAL CURB RAMP

Typical placement of detectable warning surface on sloping ramp run.



Typical placement of detectable warning surface on landing at street edge.

DETECTABLE WARNINGS

Detectable Warning Pavers

both ways

24. Furnish detectable warning paver units meeting all requirements of ASTM C-936, C-33. Lay in a two by two unit basket weave pattern or as directed.

-Class A Concrete - Shall

conform to applicable specifications

25. Lay full-size units first followed by closure units consisting of at least 25 percent of a full unit. Cut detectable warning paver units using a power saw.

Sidewalks

- 26. Provide clear ground space at operable parts, including pedestrian push buttons.

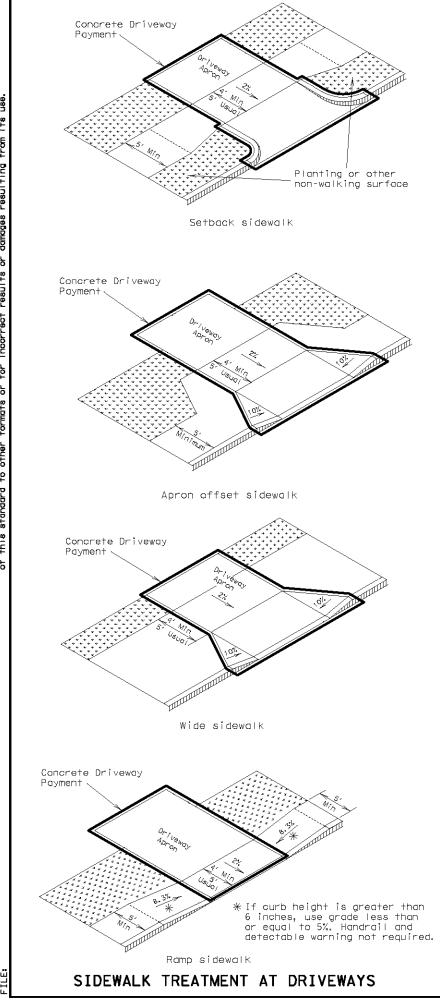
 Operable parts shall be placed within one or more reach ranges specified in TAS 308.
- 27. Place traffic signal or illumination poles, ground boxes, controller boxes, signs, drainage facilities and other items so as not to obstruct the pedestrian access route or clear ground space.
- 28. Street grades and cross slopes shall be as shown elsewhere in the plans.
- 29. Changes in level greater than 1/4 inch are not permitted.
- 30. The least possible grade should be used to maximize accessibility. The running slope of sidewalks and crosswalks within the public right of way may follow the grade of the parallel roadway. Where a continuous grade greater than 5% must be provided, handrails may be desirable to improve accessibility. Handrails may also be needed to protect pedestrians from potentially hazardous conditions. If provided, handrails shall comply with TAS 505.
- 31. Handrail extensions shall not protrude into the usable landing area or into intersecting pedestrian routes.
- 32. Driveways and turnouts shall be constructed and paid for in accordance with Item "Intersections, Driveways and Turnouts". Sidewalks shall be constructed and paid for in accordance with Item, "Sidewalks".
- 33. Sidewalk details are shown elsewhere in the plans.

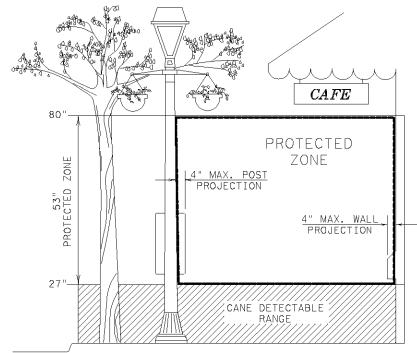
SHEET 2 OF 4

Texas Department of Transportation Design Division Standard

PEDESTRIAN FACILITIES CURB RAMPS

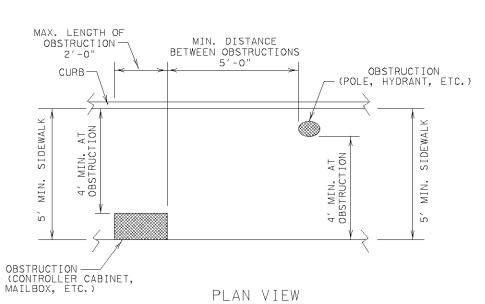
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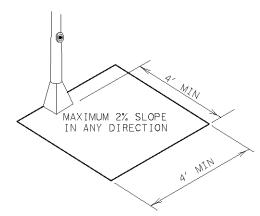
PROTECTED ZONE

In pedestrian circulation area, maximum 4" projection for post or wall mounted objects between 27"and 80" above the surface.

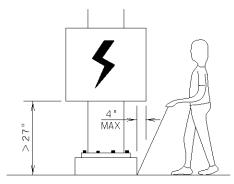


PLACEMENT OF STREET FIXTURES

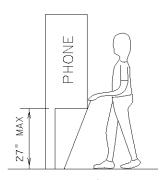
(ITEMS NOT INTENDED FOR PUBLIC USE. MINIMUM 4' × 4' CLEAR GROUND SPACE REQUIRED AT PUBLIC USE FIXTURES.)



CLEAR GROUND SPACE ADJACENT TO PEDESTRIAN PUSH BUTTON



When an obstruction of a height greater than 27" from the surface would create a protrusion of more than 4" into the pedestrian circulation area, construct additional curb or foundation at the bottom to provide a maximum 4" overhang.



Protruding objects of a height ≤ 27" are detectable by cane and do not require additional treatment.

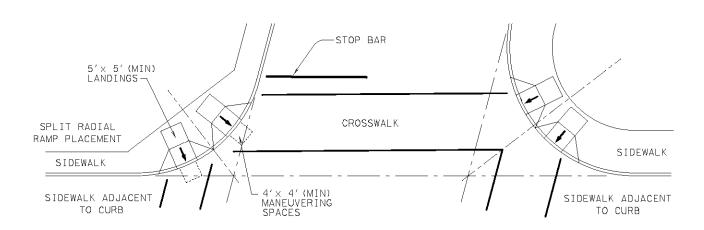
DETECTION BARRIER FOR VERTICAL CLEARANCE < 80"



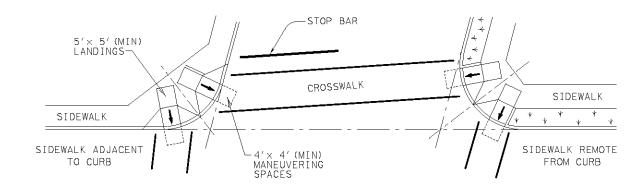


PEDESTRIAN FACILITIES CURB RAMPS

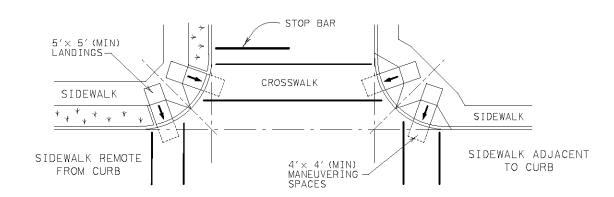
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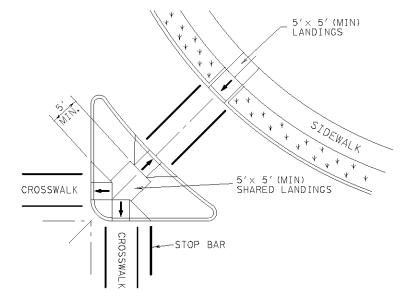
SKEWED INTERSECTION WITH "LARGE" RADIUS



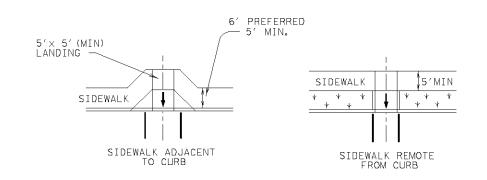
SKEWED INTERSECTION WITH "SMALL" RADIUS



NORMAL INTERSECTION WITH "SMALL" RADIUS



AT INTERSECTION W/FREE RIGHT TURN & ISLAND



MID-BLOCK PLACEMENT PERPENDICULAR RAMPS





PEDESTRIAN FACILITIES CURB RAMPS

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GENERAL NOTES

 The guidelines shown hereon are suggestions only and may be modified by the Engineer.

PLAN SHEET LEGEND

Sediment Control Fence SCF

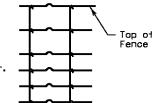
SECTION A-A

SEDIMENT CONTROL FENCE USAGE GUIDELINES

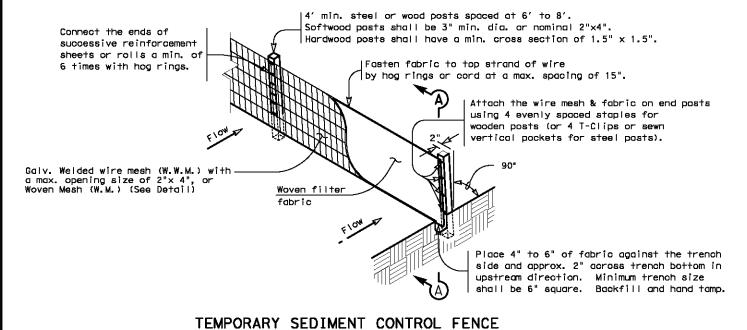
A sediment control fence may be constructed near the downstream perimeter of a disturbed area along a contour to intercept sediment from overland runoff. A 2 year storm frequency may be used to calculate the flow rate to be filtered.

Sediment control fence should be sized to filter a max. flow through rate of 100 ${\sf GPM/FT^2}$. Sediment control fence is not recommended to control erosion from a drainage area larger than 2 acres.

Galv. Hinge joint knot woven mesh (12.5 Ga. Min.) requires a minimum of five horizontal wires spaced at a max. 12 inches apart and all vertical wires spaced at a max. 12 inches apart.



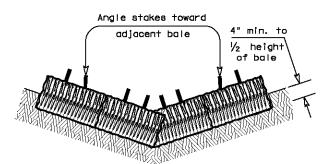
Hinge Joint Knot Woven Mesh (Option)



Angle stakes toward adjacent bale PLAN VIEW

3:1 Max.

3:1 Max.



PROFILE VIEW

PLANS SHEET LEGEND

Baled Hay — (BH)—

BALED HAY USAGE GUIDELINES

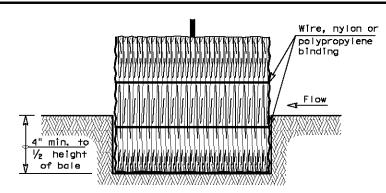
A Baled Hay installation may be constructed near the downstream perimeter of a disturbed area along a contour to intercept sediment from overland runoff. A two year storm frequency may be used to calculate the flow rate to be filtered. The installation should be sized to filter a maximum flow thru rate of 5 GPM/FT² of cross sectional area. Baled hay may be used at the following locations:

- Where the runoff approaching the baled hay flows over disturbed soil for less than 100'. If the slope of the disturbed soil exceeds 10%, the length of slope upstream the baled hay should be less than 50'.
- Where the installation will be required for less than 3 months.
- 3. Where the contributing drainage area is less than $\frac{1}{2}$ acre.

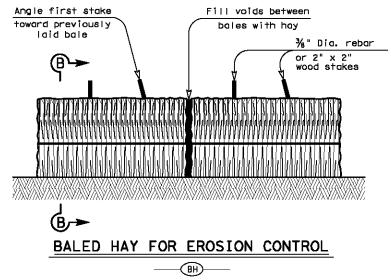
For Baled Hay installations in small ditches, the additional following considerations apply:

- The ditch sideslopes should be graded as flat as possible to maximize the drainage flowrate thru the hay.
- The ditch should be graded large enough to contain the overtopping drainage when sediment has filled to the top of the baled hay.

Bales should be replaced usually every 2 months or more often during wet weather when loss of structural integrity is accelerated.



SECTION B-B



GENERAL NOTES

- . Hay bales shall be a minimum of 30" in length and weigh a minimum of 50 Lbs.
- Hay bales shall be bound by either wire or nylon or polypropylene string. The bales shall be composed entirely of vegetative matter.
- 3. Hay bales shall be embedded in the soil a minimum of 4" and where possible $\frac{1}{2}$ the height of the bale.
- Hay bales shall be placed in a row with ends tightly abutting the adjacent bales. The bales shall be placed with bindings parallel to the ground.
- 5. Hay bales shall be securely anchored in place with $\frac{1}{8}$ " Dia. rebar or 2" x 2" wood stakes, driven through the bales. The first stake shall be angled towards the previously laid bale to force the bales together.
- The guidelines shown hereon are suggestions only and may be modified by the Engineer.

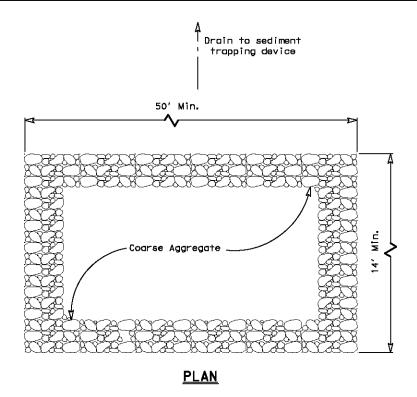


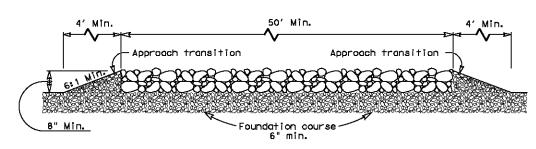
TEMPORARY EROSION, SEDIMENT AND WATER POLLUTION CONTROL MEASURES

FENCE & BALED HAY

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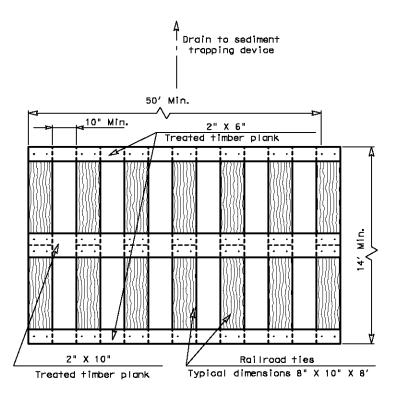


PROFILE

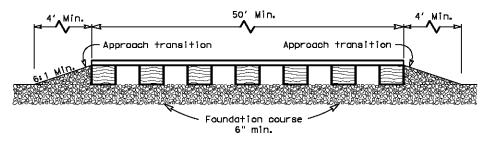
CONSTRUCTION EXIT (TYPE 1)

GENERAL NOTES

- The length of the type 1 construction exit shall be as indicated on the plans, but not less than 50'.
- 2. The coarse aggregate should be open graded with a size of 4" to 8".
- 3. The approach transitions should be no steeper than 6:1 and constructed as directed by the Engineer.
- The construction exit foundation course shall be flexible base, bituminous concrete, portland cement concrete or other material as approved by the Engineer.
- The construction exit shall be graded to allow drainage to a sediment trapping device.
- The guidelines shown hereon are suggestions only and may be modified by the Engineer.



<u>PLAN</u>

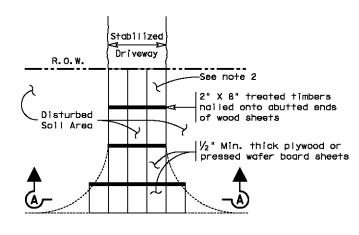


PROFILE

CONSTRUCTION EXIT (TYPE 2)

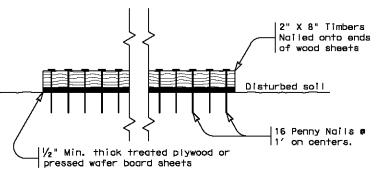
GENERAL NOTES

- The length of the type 2 construction exit shall be as indicated on the plans, but not less than 50'.
- 2. The treated timber planks shall be attached to the railroad ties with $\frac{1}{2}$ "x 6" min. lag bolts. Other fasteners may be used as approved by the Engineer.
- The treated timber planks shall be #2 grade min., and should be free from large and loose knots.
- 4. The approach transitions shall be no steeper than 6:1 and constructed as directed by the Engineer.
- The construction exit foundation course shall be flexible base, bituminous concrete, portland cement concrete or other material as approved by the Engineer.
- The construction exit should be graded to allow drainage to a sediment trapping device.
- The guidelines shown hereon are suggestions only and may be modified by the Engineer.



Paved Roadway

<u>PLAN</u>



SECTION A-A

CONSTRUCTION EXIT (TYPE 3)

GENERAL NOTES

- The length of the type 3 construction exit shall be as shown on the plans, or as directed by the Engineer.
- The type 3 construction exit may be constructed from open graded crushed stone with a size of two to four inches spread a min. of 4" thick to the limits shown on the plans.
- The treated timber planks shall be #2 grade min., and should be free from large and loose knots.
- The guidelines shown hereon are suggestions only and may be modified by the Engineer.



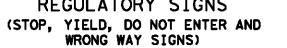
TEMPORARY EROSION, SEDIMENT AND WATER POLLUTION CONTROL MEASURES

CONSTRUCTION EXITS

EC(3) - 93

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REQUIREMENTS FOR RED BACKGROUND **REGULATORY SIGNS** (STOP, YIELD, DO NOT ENTER AND











REQUIREMENTS FOR FOUR SPECIFIC SIGNS ONLY

SHEETING REQUIREMENTS							
USAGE	COLOR	SIGN FACE MATERIAL					
BACKGROUND	RED	TYPE B OR C SHEETING					
BACKGROUND	WHITE	TYPE B OR C SHEETING					
LEGEND & BORDERS	WHITE	TYPE B OR C SHEETING					
LEGEND	RED	TYPE B OR C SHEETING					

REQUIREMENTS FOR WARNING SIGNS





TYPICAL EXAMPLES

SHEETING REQUIREMENTS						
USAGE	COLOR	SIGN FACE MATERIAL				
BACKGROUND	FLOURESCENT YELLOW	TYPE B _{FL} OR C _{FL} SHEETING				
LEGEND & BORDERS	BLACK	ACRYLIC NON-REFLECTIVE FILM				
LEGEND & SYMBOLS	ALL OTHER	TYPE B OR C SHEETING				

REQUIREMENTS FOR WHITE BACKGROUND REGULATORY SIGNS

(EXCLUDING STOP, YIELD, DO NOT ENTER AND WRONG WAY SIGNS)





TYPICAL EXAMPLES

SHEETING REQUIREMENTS							
USAGE	COLOR	SIGN FACE MATERIAL					
BACKGROUND	WHITE	TYPE A SHEETING					
BACKGROUND	ALL OTHERS	TYPE B OR C SHEETING					
LEGEND, BORDERS AND SYMBOLS	BLACK	ACRYLIC NON-REFLECTIVE FILM					
LEGEND, BORDERS AND SYMBOLS	ALL OTHER	TYPE B OR C SHEETING					

REQUIREMENTS FOR SCHOOL SIGNS





TYPICAL EXAMPLES

SHEETING REQUIREMENTS						
USAGE	COLOR	SIGN FACE MATERIAL				
BACKGROUND	WHITE	TYPE A SHEETING				
BACKGROUND FLOURESCENT YELLOW GREEN		TYPE B _{FL} OR C _{FL} SHEETING				
LEGEND, BORDERS AND SYMBOLS	BLACK	ACRYLIC NON-REFLECTIVE FILM				
SYMBOLS	RED	TYPE B OR C SHEETING				

GENERAL NOTES

- Signs to be furnished shall be as detailed elsewhere in the plans and/or as shown on sign tabulation sheet. Standard sign designs and arrow dimensions can be found in the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas" (SHSD).
- 2. Sign legend shall use the Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) Standard Highway Alphabets (B, C, D, E, Emod or F).
- 3. Lateral spacing between letters and numerals shall conform with the SHSD. and any approved changes thereto. Lateral spacing of legend shall provide a balanced appearance when spacing is not shown.
- 4. Black legend and borders shall be applied by screening process or cut-out acrylic non-reflective black film to background sheeting, or combination
- 5. White legend and borders shall be applied by screening process with transparent colored ink, transparent colored overlay film to white background sheeting or out-out white sheeting to colored background sheeting, or combination thereof.
- Colored legend shall be applied by screening process with transparent colored ink, transparent colored overlay film or colored sheeting to background sheeting, or combination thereof.
- 7. Sign substrate shall be any material that meets the Departmental Material Specification requirements of DMS-7110 or approved alternative.
- Mounting details for roadside mounted signs are shown in the "SMD series" Standard Plan Sheets.

ALUMINUM SIGN BLANKS THICKNESS						
Square Feet	Minimum Thickness					
Less than 7.5	0.080					
7.5 to 15	0.100					
Greater than 15	0.125					

DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL SPEC	IFICATIONS
ALUMINUM SIGN BLANKS	DMS-7110
SIGN FACE MATERIALS	DMS-8300

The Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas (SHSD) can be found at the following website.

http://www.txdot.gov/



TYPICAL SIGN **REQUIREMENTS**

TSR(4) - 13

FILE:	tar4-13.dgn	DN: TxDQT		ck: TxDOT	DW:	TxDOT	ck: TXDOT	
© TxD0T	October 2003	CONT SECT		JOB		HIGHWAY		
10.07.7.4	REVISIONS			•			•	
12-03 7-13 9-08		DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.	
							98	

SIGN SUPPORT DESCRIPTIVE CODES (Descriptive Codes correspond to project estimate and quantities sheets)

SM RD SGN ASSM TY XXXXX (X) XX (X-XXXX)

Post Type

FRP - Fiberglass Reinforced Plastic Pipe (see SMD(FRP)) TWT = Thin-Walled Tubing (see SMD(TWT))

10BWG = 10 BWG Tubing (see SMD(SLIP-1) to (SLIP-3)) 580 = Schedule 80 Pipe (see SMD(SLIP-1) to (SLIP-3))

Number of Poeta (1 or 2) -

Anchor Type

UA = Universal Anchor - Concreted (see SMD(FRP) and (TWT)) UB = Universal Anchor - Bolted down (see SMD(FRP) and (TWT))

WS = Wedge Anchor Steel - (see SMD(TWT))

WP = Wedge Anchor Plastic (see SMD(TWT))

SA = Slipbase - Concreted (see SMD(SLIP-1) to (SLIP-3)) SB = Slipbase - Bolted Down (see SMD(SLIP-1) to (SLIP-3))

Sign Mounting Designation

P = Prefab. "Plain" (see SMD(SLIP-1) to (SLIP-3), (TWT), (FRP)) T = Prefab. "T" (see SMD(SLIP-1) to (SLIP-3), (TWT))

U = Prefab. "U" (see SMD(SLIP-1) to (SLIP-3)) IF REQUIRED

No more than 2 sign

posts should be located

within a 7 ft. circle.

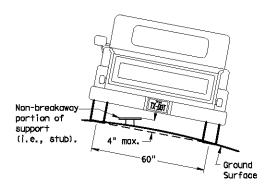
1EXT or 2EXT = Number of Extensions (see SMD(SLIP-1) to (SLIP-3), (TWT))

BM = Extruded Wind Beam (see SMD(SLIP-1) to (SLIP-3)) WC = 1.12 #/ft Wing Channel (see SMD(SLIP-1) to (SLIP-3))

diameter

EXAL = Extruded Aluminum Sign Panels (see SMD(SLIP-3))

REQUIRED CLEARANCE FOR BREAKAWAY SUPPORT



To avoid vehicle undercarriage snagaing, any substantial remains of a breakaway support, when it is broken away, should not project more than 4 inches above a 60-inch chord (i.e., typical space between wheel paths).

7 ft.

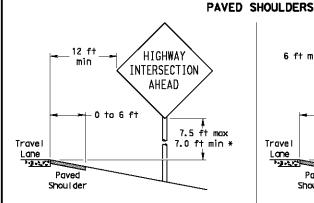
diameter

girale

Not Acceptable

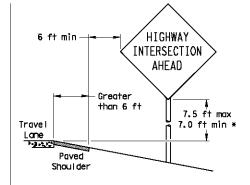
Not Acceptable

SIGN LOCATION



LESS THAN 6 FT. WIDE

When the shoulder is 6 ft. or less in width. the sign must be placed at least 12 ft. from the edge of the travel lane.



GREATER THAN 6 FT. WIDE

When the shoulder is greater than 6 ft in width. the sign must be placed at least 6 ft. from the edge of the shoulder.

HIGHWAY

When this sign is needed at the end of a two-lane, two way roadway, the right edge of the sign should be in line with the centerline of the roadway. Place as close to ROW as practical.

Paved

Shoul der

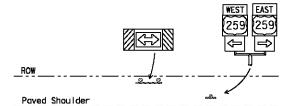
T-INTERSECTION

- 12 ft min

← 6 ft min

7.5 ft max

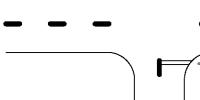
7.0 ft min *



Edge of Travel Lane

Travel

Lane



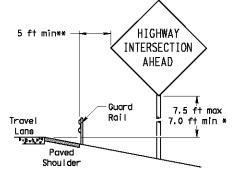
- * Signs shall be mounted using the following condition that results in the greatest sign elevation:
- (1) a minimum of 7 to a maximum of 7.5 feet above the edge of the travel lane or (2) a minimum of 7 to a maximum of 7.5 feet above the
- grade at the base of the support when sign is installed on the backslope.

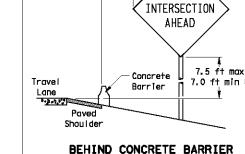
The maximum values may be increased when directed by

See the Traffic Operations Division website for detailed drawings of sign clamps, Triangular Slipbase System components and Wedge Anchor System components.

The website address is: http://www.txdot.gov/publications/traffic.htm

BEHIND BARRIER





RESTRICTED RIGHT-OF-WAY

(When 6 ft min. is not possible.)

7.5 ft max

7.0 ft min *

HIGHWAY

INTERSECTION

AHEAD

2 ft min**

BEHIND GUARDRAIL

**Sign clearance based on distance required for proper guard rail or concrete barrier performance.

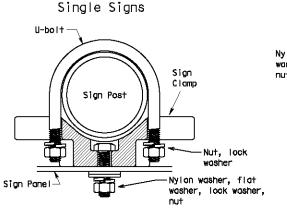
TYPICAL SIGN ATTACHMENT DETAIL

Not Acceptable

7 ft.

digmeter

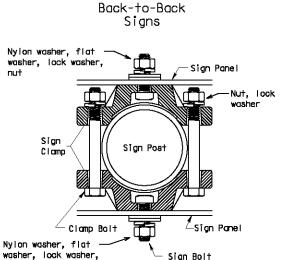
circle



Bolts used to mount sign panels to the clamp are 5/16-18 UNC galvanized square head with nut, nylon washer, flat washer and lock washer. The bolt length is 1 inch for aluminum.

When two sign clamps are used to mount signs back-to-back, use a 5/16-18 UNC galvanized hex head per ASTM A307 with nut and helical-spring lock washer. The approximate bolt lengths for various post sizes and sign clamp types are given in the table at right. The bolt length may need to be adjusted depending upon field conditions.

Sign clamps may be either the specific size clamp the universal clamp.

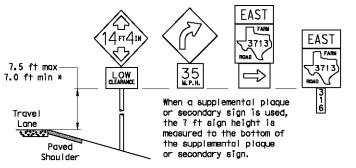


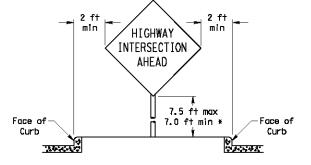
diameter

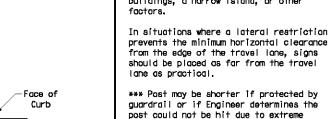
circle

	Approximate	Balt Length
Pipe Diameter	Specific Clamp	Universal Clamp
2" nominal	3"	3 or 3 1/2"
2 1/2" nominal	3 or 3 1/2"	3 1/2 or 4"
3" nominal	3 1/2 or 4"	4 1/2"

SIGNS WITH PLAQUES







Maximum

possible

Travel

Lane

STANDARD PLANS TEXAS DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION Traffic Operations Division

SIGN MOUNTING DETAILS SMALL ROADSIDE SIGNS GENERAL NOTES & DETAILS

SMD (GEN) -08

(STOP

TXDOT	July 2	002	IN: - TXDOT	cxa · TxD0	T DN:	- TxDOT	cx: - TxDOT
REVESEDNS	STATE DISTRICT	FEOERAL REGION	FEDE	HAL A10 PROJECT			SHEET
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		con	NTY	CONTROL	SECTION .	10B	HEGHNAY
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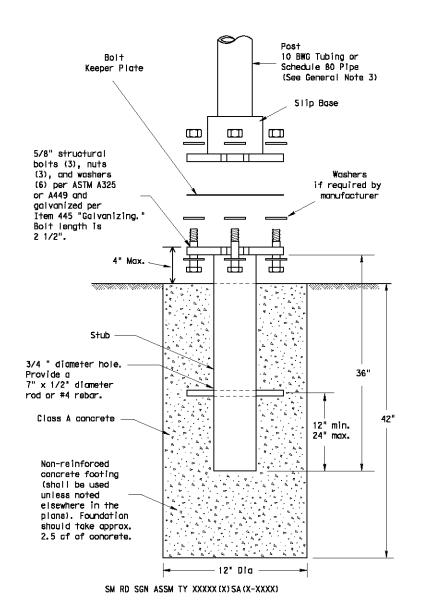
washer. lock washer

Acceptable

CURB & GUTTER OR RAISED ISLAND

Shou I den Right-of-way restrictions may be created by rocks, water, vegetation, forest, buildings, a narrow island, or other

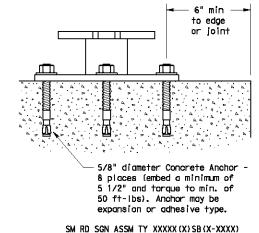
TRIANGULAR SLIPBASE INSTALLATION GENERAL REQUIREMENTS



NOTE

There are various devices approved for the Triangular Slipbase System. Please reference the Material Producer List for approved slip base systems. http://www.txdot.gov/business/producer list.htm The devices shall be installed per manufacturers' recommendations. Installation procedures shall be provided to the Engineer by Contractor.

CONCRETE ANCHOR



Heavy hex nut per ASTM A563, and hardened washer per ASTM F436. The stud bolt shall have a minimum yield and ultimate tensile strength of 50 and 75 KSI, respectively. Nuts, boits and washers shall be galvanized per Item 445, "Galvanizing." Adhesive type anohors shall have stud bolts installed with Type III epoxy per DMS-6100, "Epoxies and Adhesives." Adhesive anchors may be loaded after adequate epoxy cure time per the manufacturer's recommendations. Top of bolt shall extend at least flush with top of the nut when installed. The anchor. when installed in 4000 psi normalweight concrete with a 5 1/2" minimum embedment, shall have a minimum allowable tension and shear of 3900 and 3100 psi, respectively.

Concrete anchor consists of 5/8' diameter stud bolt with UNC series bolt threads on the upper end.

GENERAL NOTES:

- 1. Slip base shall be permanently marked to indicate manufacturer. Method, design, and location of marking are subject to approval of the TxDOT Traffic Standards Engineer.
- Material used as post with this system shall conform to the following specifications:

10 BWG Tubing (2.875" outside diameter)

0.134" nominal wall thickness

Seamless or electric-resistance welded steel tubing or pipe Steel shall be HSLAS Gr 55 per ASTM A1011 or ASTM A1008

Other steels may be used if they meet the following:

55,000 PSI minimum yield atrength 70.000 PSI minimum tensile strength

20% minimum elongation in 2"

Wall thickness (uncoated) shall be within the range of 0.122" to 0.138"
Outside diameter (uncoated) shall be within the range of 2.867" to 2.883"
Galvanization per ASTM A123 or ASTM A653 G210. For precoated steel tubing (ASTM A653), recoat

tube outside diameter weld seam by metallizing with zinc wire per ASTM 8833.

Schedule 80 Pipe (2.875" outside diameter)

0.276" nominal wall thickness

Steel tubing per ASTM A500 Gr C

Other seamless or electric-resistance welded steel tubing or pipe with equivalent

outside diameter and wall thickness may be used if they meet the following:

46,000 PSI minimum yield strength

62,000 PSI minimum tensile strength

21% minimum elongation in 2"

Wall thickness (uncoated) shall be within the range of 0.248" to 0.304" Outside diameter (uncoated) shall be within the range of 2.855" to 2.895"

Galvanization per ASTM A123

3. See the Traffic Operations Division website for detailed drawings of sign clamps and Texas Universal Triangular Slipbase System components. The website address is: http://www.txdot.gov/publications/traffic.htm

4. Sign supports shall not be spliced except where shown. Sign support posts shall not be spliced.

ASSEMBLY PROCEDURE

Foundation

- 1. Prepare 12-inch diameter by 42-inch deep hale. If solid rack is encountered, the depth of the foundation may be reduced such that it is embedded a minimum of 18 inches into the solid rock.
- 2. The Engineer may permit batches of concrete less than 2 cubic yards to be mixed with a portable, motor-driven concrete mixer. For small placements less than 0.5 cubic yards, hand mixing in a suitable container may be allowed by Engineer. Concrete shall be Class A.
- 3. Push the pipe end of the slip base stub into the center of the concrete. Rotate the stub back and forth while pushing it down into the concrete to assure good contact between the concrete and stub. Continue to work the stub into the concrete until it is between 2 to 4 inches above the ground.
- 4. Plumb the stub. Allow a minimum of 4 days to set, unless otherwise directed by the Engineer.
- 5. The triangular slipbase system is multidirectional and is designed to release when struck from any direction.

- 1. Cut support so that the bottom of the sign will be 7 to 7.5 feet above the edge of the travelway (i.e., edge of the closest lane) when slip plate is below the edge of pavement or 7 to 7.5 feet above slip plate when the slip plate is above the edge of the travelway. The cut shall be plumb and
- 2. Attach sign to support using connections shown. When multiple signs are installed on the same support, ensure the minimum clearance between each sign is maintained. See SMD(SLIP-2) for clearances based on sign types.



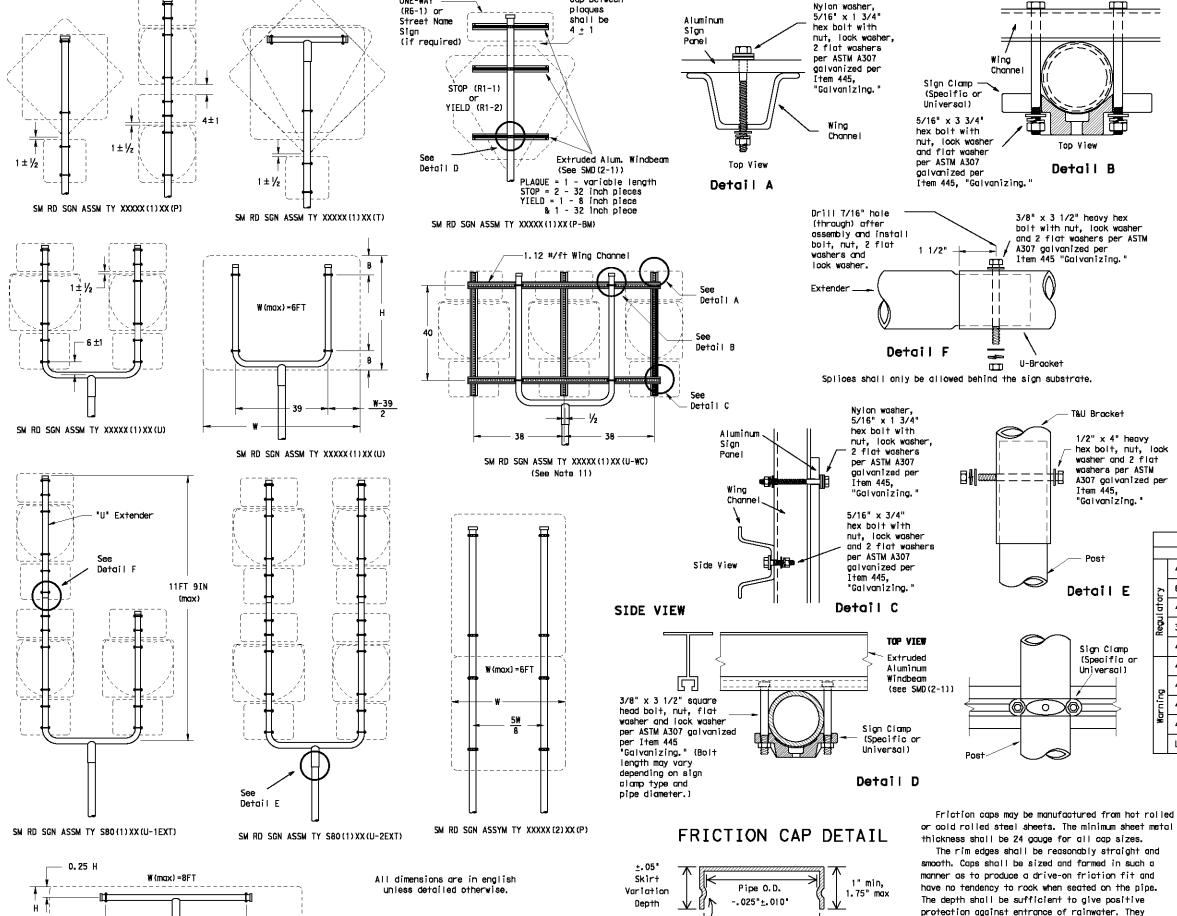
SIGN MOUNTING DETAILS SMALL ROADSIDE SIGNS TRIANGULAR SLIPBASE SYSTEM

SMD(SLIP-1)-08

C) TxDOT	July 2	002	IN: - TXDOT	CXa - TxD0	T DE:	- TxDOT	cx: - TxDOT
REVESIONS	STATE DISTRICT	FEDERAL REGION	FEDE	RAL A10 PROJECT			SHEET
9-08	•	6		•			
		DOU	NTY	CONTROL	SECT10N	JGB	HEGHNAY
					٠, .		

58B





Rolled Crimo to

engage pipe 0.D.

Pipe O.D.

+. 025" ±. 010"

Gap between

ONE-WAY

SM RD SGN ASSM TY XXXXX(1)XX(T)

(* - See Note 12)

GENERAL NOTES:

Top View

T&U Bracket

Item 445.

Detail E

Sign Clomp

Universal)

shall be free of sharp creases or indentations

Caps shall have an electrodeposited coating of

zinc in accordance with the requirements of ASTM

and show no evidence of metal fracture.

B633 Class FE/ZN 8.

(Specific or

1/2" x 4" heavy

hex bolt, nut, lock

A307 galvanized per

washer and 2 flat

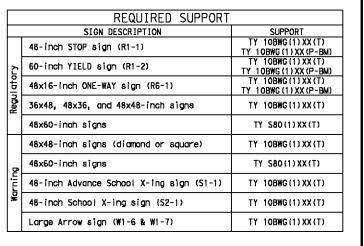
washers per ASTM

"Galvanizing.

1.	SIGN SUPPORT	# OF POSTS	MAX. SIGN AREA
	10 BWG	1	16 SF
	10 BWG	2	32 SF
	Sch 80	1	32 SF
	Sch 80	2	64 SF

- 2. The Engineer may require that a Schedule 80 post be used in place of a 10 BWG where a sign height is abnormally high due to a fill slope.
- 3. Sign supports shall not be spliced except where shown.
- Sign support posts shall not be spliced.
 4. Aluminum sign blanks shall conform to Departmental Material Specifications DMS-7110 and shall have the following minimum thicknesses: 0.080 for signs less than 7.5 sq. ft., 0.100 for signs 7.5 to 15 sq. ft., and 0.125 for signs greater than 15 sq. ft.
- 5. Signs that require specific supports due to reasons in addition to windloading are indicated on the "REQUIRED SUPPORT" table on this sheet.
- 6. For horizontal rectangular signs fabricated from flat aluminum, T-brackets are used for signs 24 inches or less in height. U-brackets are used for signs of greater height.
- 7. When two triangular slipbase supports are used to support a single sign, they shall not be "rigidly" connected to each other except through the sign panel. This will allow each support to act independently
- when impacted by an errant vehicle.

 8. Wing channel shall meet ASTM A 1011 SS Gr 50 and be galvanized per ASTM A 123.
- Excess pipe, wing channel, or windbeam shall be cut
 off so that it does not extend beyond the sign panel (i.e., excess support shall not be visible when the sign is viewed from the front.) Repair galvanized coating at out support ends per Item 445, "Galvanizing."
- 10. Additional route markers may be added vertically, provided the total sign area does not exceed the maximum allowable amount per Note 1.
- 11. Additional sign clamp required on the "T-bracket" post for 24 inch height signs. Place the clamp 3 inches above bottom of sign when possible.
- 12. Post open ends shall be fitted with Friction Caps.
- 13.5ign blanks shall be the sizes and shapes shown on the plans.



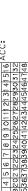
STANDARD PLANS Texas Department of Transportation

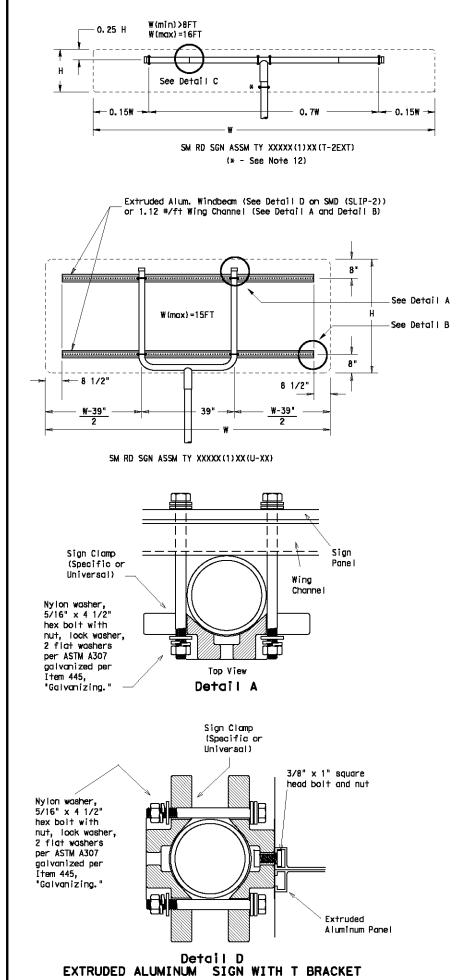
SIGN MOUNTING DETAILS SMALL ROADSIDE SIGNS TRIANGULAR SLIPBASE SYSTEM

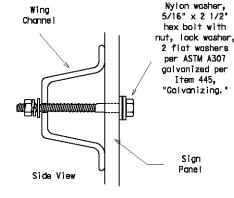
SMD(SLIP-2)-08

TxDOT	July 2	002	DN: - TXDOT	cxa - TxD0	T DE	- TxDOT	ck: - TxDOT	
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		D)	NTY	CONTROL	SECTION	JOB	HEGHNAY	
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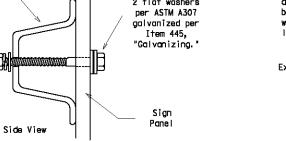
58C







Detail B



(through) after and 2 flat washers per ASTM assembly and install A307 galvanized per bolt, nut, 2 flat Item 445 "Galvanizing." washers and 1 1/2" lock washer. Extender Detail C T-Bracket ш

Drill 7/16" hole

3/8" x 4" heavy hex

bolt with nut, lock washer

Sign Clamps

(Specific or

Universal)

3/8" x 4 1/2'

square head bolt, nut, flat washer and lock washer per

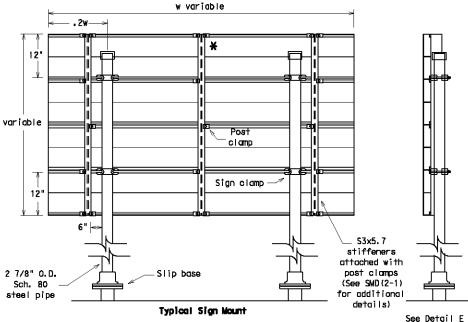
ASTM A307 galvanized

per Item 445.

"Galvanizing."

Detail E

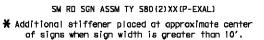
Splices shall only be allowed behind the sign substrate.



Sign Clamp

See Detail D

Ì Brocket



6" panel should

be placed at the top of

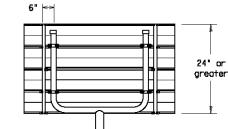
sign for proper mounting.

Extruded Aluminum

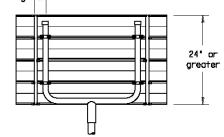
Sign

2 7/8" O.D. Sch. 80 or 10BWG

steel pipe



for clamp installation



Use Extruded Alum. Windbeam as stiffeners See SMD (2-1) for additional details See Detail E

for clamp installation

Extruded Aluminum Sign With T Bracket

-Slip base

GENERAL NOTES:

1.	SIGN SUPPORT	# OF POSTS	MAX. SIGN AREA
	10 BWG	1	16 SF
	10 BWG	2	32 SF
	Sch 80	1	32 SF
	Sch 80	2	64 SF

- The Engineer may require that a Schedule 80 post be used in place of a 10 BWG where a sign height is abnormally high due to a fill slope.
- 3. Sign supports shall not be spliced except where shown.
- Sign support posts shall not be spliced.
 4. Aluminum sign blanks shall conform to Departmental Material Specifications DMS-7110 and shall have the following minimum thicknesses: 0.080 for signs less than 7.5 sq. ft., 0.100 for signs 7.5 to 15 sq. ft., and 0.125 for signs greater than 15 sq. ft.
- 5. Signs that require specific supports due to reasons in addition to windloading are indicated on the "REQUIRED SUPPORT" table on this sheet.
- 6. For horizontal rectangular signs fabricated from flat aluminum, T-brackets are used for signs 24 inches or less in height. U-brackets are used for signs of areater height.
- 7. When two triangular slipbase supports are used to support a single sign, they shall not be "rigidly" connected to each other except through the sign panel. This will allow each support to act independently
- when impacted by an errant vehicle.

 8. Wing channel shall meet ASTM A 1011 SS Gr 50 and be galvanized per ASTM A 123.
- Excess pipe, wing channel, or windbeam shall be cut
 off so that it does not extend beyond the sign panel (i.e., excess support shall not be visible when the sign is viewed from the front.) Repair galvanized coating at out support ends per Item 445, "Galvanizing."
- 10. Sign blanks shall be the sizes and shapes shown on
- 11. Additional sign clamp required on the "T-bracket" post for 24 inch high signs. Place the clamp 3 inches above bottom of sign when possible.
- 12. Post open ends shall be fitted with Friction Caps.

	REQUIRED SUPPORT	
	SIGN DESCRIPTION	SUPPORT
2	48-inch STOP sign (R1-1)	TY 10BWG(1)XX(T) TY 10BWG(1)XX(P-BM)
	60-inch YIELD sign (R1-2)	TY 10BWG(1)XX(T) TY 10BWG(1)XX(P-BM)
Regulatory	48x16-inch ONE-WAY sign (R6-1)	TY 10BWG(1)XX(T) TY 10BWG(1)XX(P-BM)
룛	36x48, 48x36, and 48x48-inch signs	TY 10BWG(1)XX(T)
	48x60-inch signs	TY S80(1)XX(T)
	48x48-inch signs (diamond or square)	TY 10BWG(1)XX(T)
ō	48x60-inch signs	TY S80(1)XX(T)
Warning	48-inch Advance School X-ing sign (S1-1)	TY 10BWG(1)XX(T)
	48-inch School X-ing sign (52-1)	TY 10BWG(1)XX(T)
	Large Arrow sign (W1-6 & W1-7)	TY 10BWG(1)XX(T)

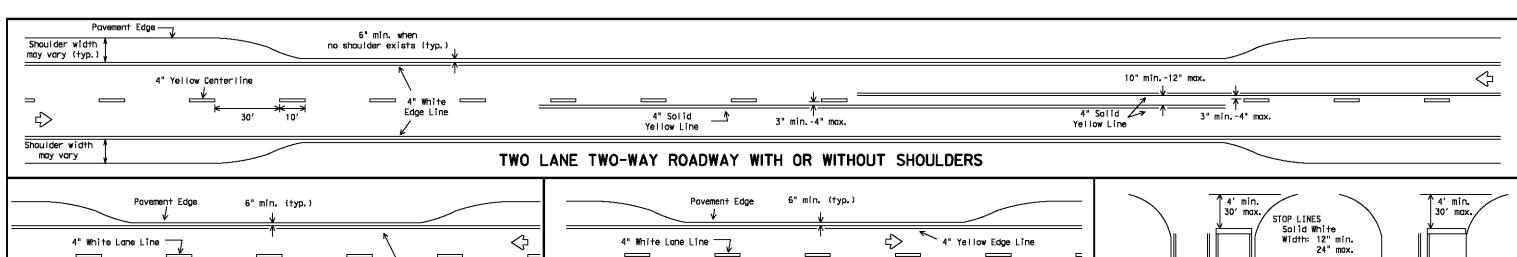


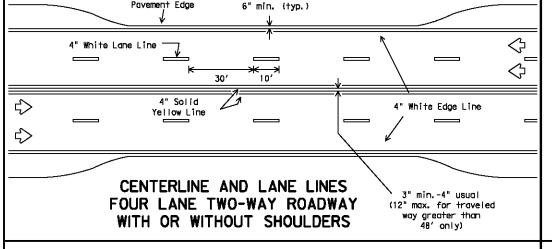
SIGN MOUNTING DETAILS SMALL ROADSIDE SIGNS TRIANGULAR SLIPBASE SYSTEM

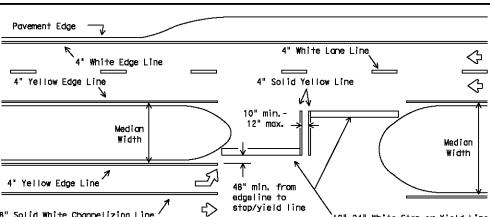
SMD(SLIP-3)-08

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					٠,			

26D







All medians shall be field measured to determine the location of necessary striping. Stop/Yield bars and centerlines shall be placed when the median width is greater than 30 ft. The median width is defined as the area between two roadways of a divided highway measured from edge of traveled way to edge of traveled way. The median excludes turn lones. The median width might be different between intersections, interchanges and of opposite approaches of the same intersection. The narrow median width will be the controlling width to determine if markings are required.

12"-24" White Stop or Yield Line

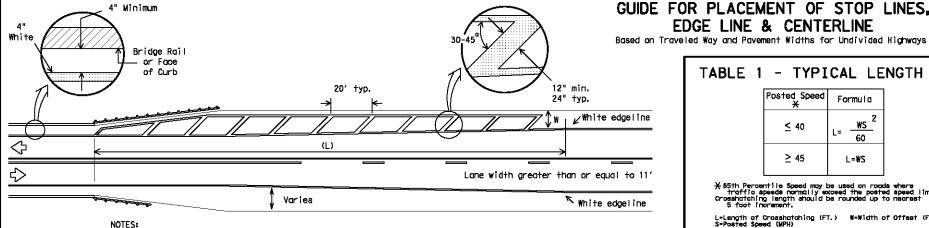
4" White Lane Line

FOUR LANE DIVIDED ROADWAY INTERSECTIONS

10 4" White Edge Line EDGE LINE AND LANE LINES

ONE-WAY ROADWAY

WITH OR WITHOUT SHOULDERS



- 1. No-passing zone on bridge approach is optional but if used, it shall be a minimum 500 feet long. 2. For crosshatching length (L) see Table 1.
- 3. The width of the offset (W) and the required crosshatching width is the full shoulder width in
- 4. The crosshatching is not required if delineators or barrier reflectors are used along the structure.
- 5. For guard fence details, refer elsewhere in the plans.

ROADWAYS WITH REDUCED SHOULDER WIDTHS ACROSS BRIDGE OR CULVERT

GENERAL NOTES

8" Solid White Channelizing Line

4" White Edge Line

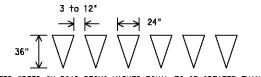
1. Edgeline striping shall be as shown in the plans or as directed by the Engineer. The edgeline should typically be placed a minimum of 6 inches from the edge of pavement. This distance may vary due to pavement raveling or other conditions. Edgelines are not required in curb and gutter sections of roadways.

➾

2. The traveled way includes only that portion of the roadway used for vehicular travel and not the parking lanes, sidewalks, berms and shoulders. The traveled ways shall be measured from the inside of edgeline to inside of edgeline of a two lane roadway.

MATERIAL SPECIFICATIONS	i
PAVEMENT MARKERS (REFLECTORIZED)	DMS-4200
EPOXY AND ADHESIVES	DMS-6100
BITUMINOUS ADHESIVE FOR PAVEMENT MARKERS	DMS-6130
TRAFFIC PAINT	DM5-8200
HOT APPLIED THERMOPLASTIC	DMS-8220
PERMANENT PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS	DMS-8240

All pavement marking materials shall meet the required Departmental Material Specifications as specified by the plans.



=

6" min.

(typ.)

Minimum Requirements

for Edgelines

Traveled Way Width ≥ 20'

FOR POSTED SPEED ON ROAD BEING MARKED EQUAL TO OR GREATER THAN 45 MPH

FOR POSTED SPEED ON ROAD BEING MARKED EQUAL TO OR LESS THAN 40 MPH

YIELD LINES

EDGE LINE & CENTERLINE Based on Traveled Way and Pavement Widths for Undivided Highways

on approaches to

intersections

(500' min.)

FDGF LINE

CENTERLINE *

Gap: 30' * OPTIONAL 4" Solid Yellow line

4" Yellow

Length: 10'

4" Solid White

TABLE 1 - TYPICAL LENGTH (L)

Minimum Requirements

for Centerlines without Edgelines

Pavement Width 16' ≤ W < 20'

Posted Speed **	Formula
≤ 40	L= WS 2
≥ 45	L=WS

X 85th Percentile Speed may be used on roads where traffic speeds normally exceed the posted speed limit. Crosshatching langth should be rounded up to nearest 5 foot (norement.

L=Length of Crosshotching (FT.) W=Width of Offset (FT.) S=Posted Speed (MPH)

EXAMPLES:

An 8 foot shoulder in advance of a bridge reduces to 4 feet on a 70 MPH roadway. The length of the crosshatching should be:

 $L = 8 \times 70 = 560 \text{ ft.}$

4 foot shoulder in advance of a bridge reduces to 2 feet on a 40 MPH roadway. The length of the crosshatching should be:

 $L = 4(40)^2 / 60 = 106.67$ ft. rounded to 110 ft.

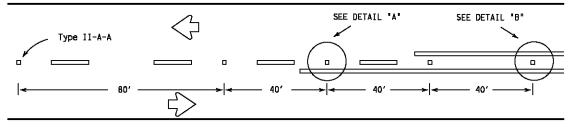


TYPICAL STANDARD PAVEMENT MARKINGS

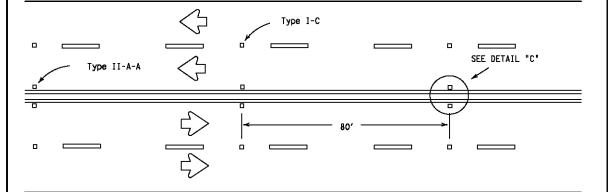
PM(1)-12

REVISIONS	CONT	SECT	TOB		HIG	HIGHWAY	
8-95 2-12 5-00		.					
B-00	DIST		COUNTY		:	SHEET NO.	
3-03	•					103	
201							

REFLECTIVE RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS FOR VEHICLE POSITIONING GUIDANCE

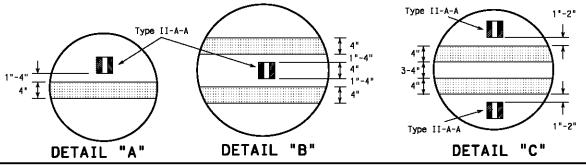


CENTERLINE FOR ALL TWO LANE ROADWAYS



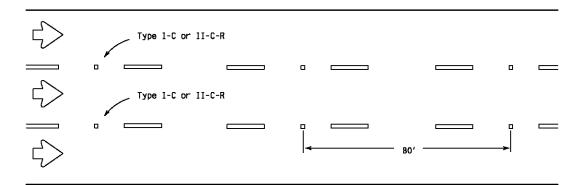
CENTERLINE & LANE LINES FOR FOUR LANE TWO-WAY HIGHWAYS

Raised pavement marker Type I-C, clear face toward normal traffic, shall be placed on 80-foot centers.



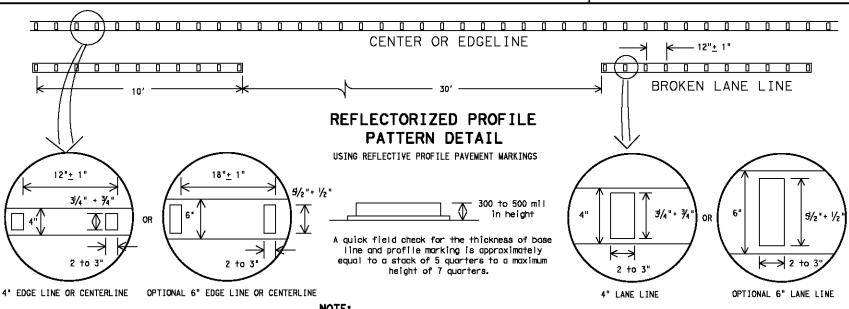
Continuous two-way left turn lane Type II-A-A Type II-A-A Type I-C

CENTERLINE AND LANE LINES FOR TWO-WAY LEFT TURN LANE



LANE LINES FOR ONE-WAY ROADWAY (NON-FREEWAY FACILITIES)

Raised pavement markers Type II-C-R shall have clear face toward normal traffic and red face toward wrong-way traffic.



Profile markings shall not be placed on roadways with a posted speed limit of 45 MPH or less.

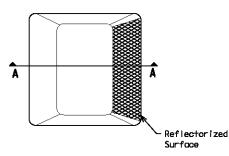
GENERAL NOTES

All raised pavement markers placed in broken lines shall be placed in line with and midway between the stripes.

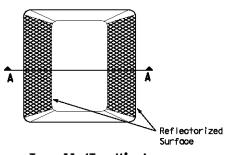
On concrete pavements the raised pavement markers should be placed to one side of the longitudinal joints.

١	MATERIAL SPECIFICATIONS	
١	PAVEMENT MARKERS (REFLECTORIZED)	DMS-4200
١	EPOXY AND ADHESIVES	DMS-6100
١	BITUMINOUS ADHESIVE FOR PAVEMENT MARKERS	DMS-6130
١	TRAFFIC PAINT	DMS-8200
١	HOT APPLIED THERMOPLASTIC	DMS-8220
١	PERMANENT PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS	DMS-8240

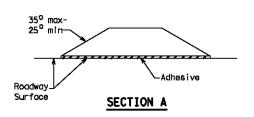
All pavement marking materials shall meet the required Departmental Material Specifications as specified by the plans.



Type I (Top View)



Type II (Top View)



RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS



Texas Department of Transportation

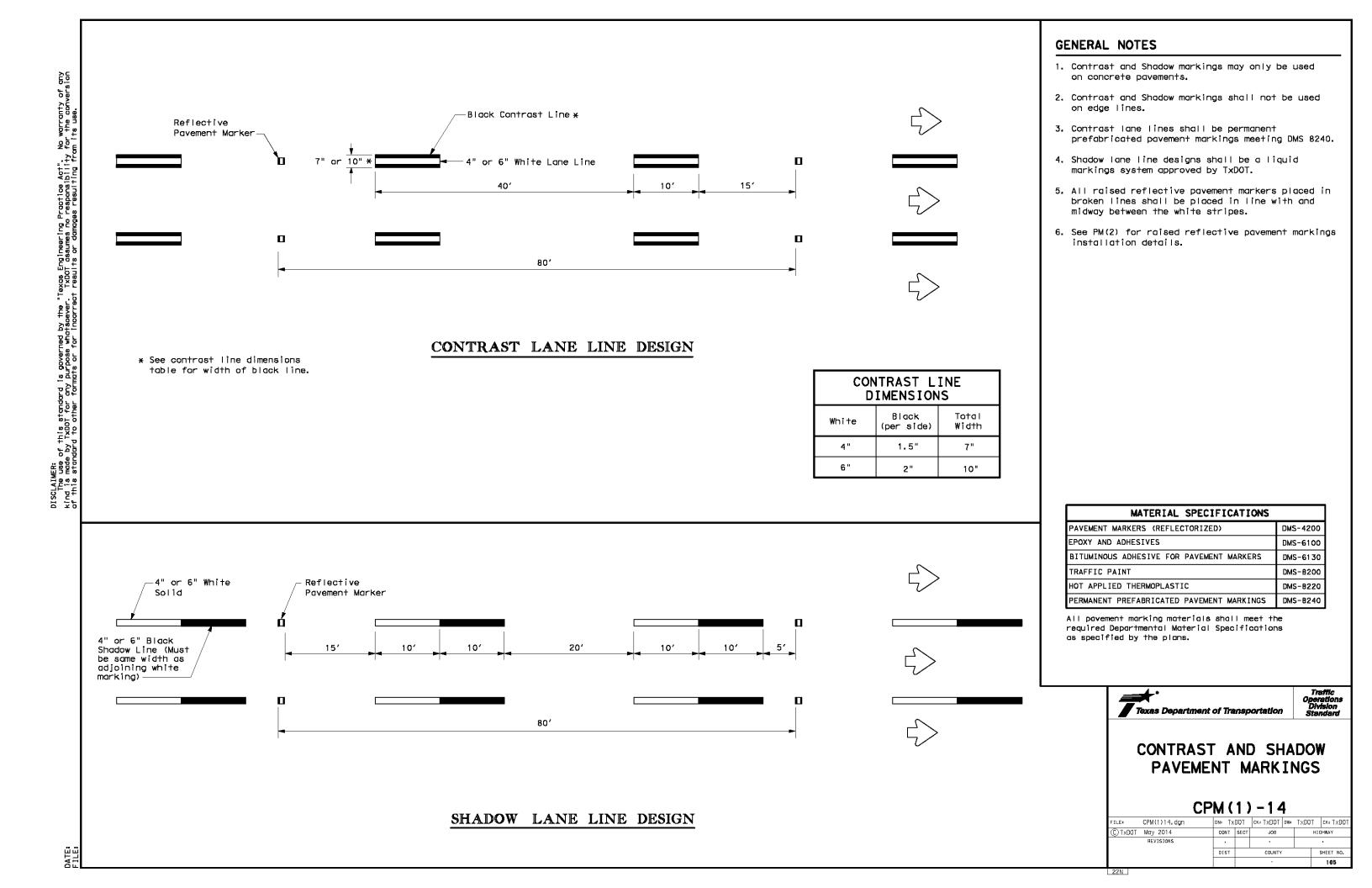
Traffic Operations Division

POSITION GUIDANCE USING RAISED MARKERS REFLECTORIZED PROFILE MARKINGS

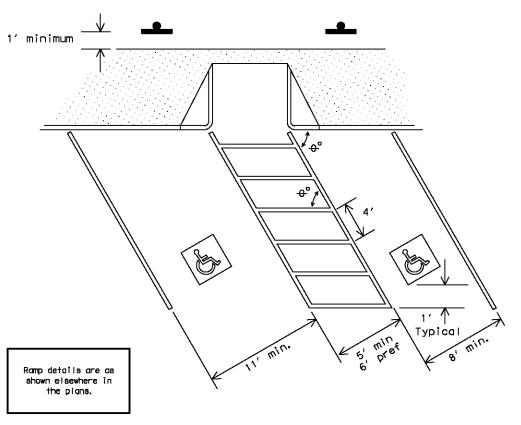
PM(2)-12

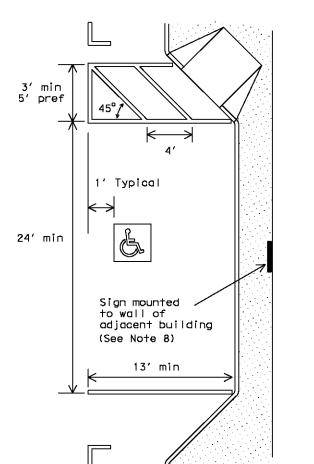
©TxDOT April 1977		DN: TXDQT		CK: TXDGT DW:		TOOXT	CK:	TOOXT
4.00	REVISIONS	CONT	SECT	TOB		HIGHWAY		
4-92 5-00	2-10 2-12	•	•				•	
8-00		DIST	COUNTY			•	SHEET NO.	
2-08		•	•				164	
22B								

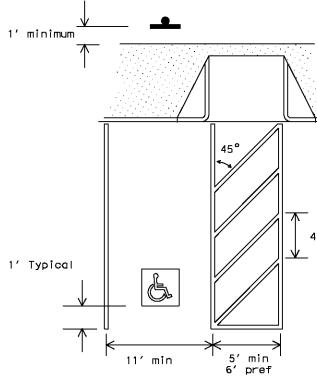
DATE:



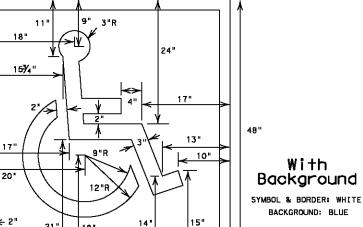
TYPICAL ACCESSIBLE PARKING SPACE DIMENSIONS

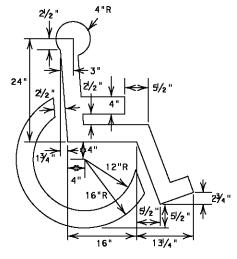






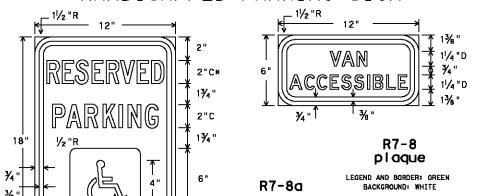
PAVEMENT MARKINGS 153/4" 201 48ª





Symbol Only SYMBOL: BLUE OR WHITE

HANDICAPPED PARKING SIGN



LEGEND AND BORDER:

WHITE SYMBOL ON

BACKGROUND: WHITE

BLUE BACKGROUND

SPECIFICATION REFERENCE TABLE
MATERIALS AND TESTS DIVISION SPECIFICATIONS ALUMINUM SIGN BLANKS D-9-7110 REFLECTIVE SHEETING, TYPE C (HIGH SPECIFIC INTENSITY) D-9-8300

GENERAL SIGN NOTES:

The Alphabets and lateral spacing between letters and numerals shall conform with the Texas *Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices for Streets and Highways*, latest edition, and any approved changes thereto. Lateral spacing of text shall provide a balanced appearance. All materials shall conform to Department Specifications.
Legend shall be applied by screening process of black and/or transparent colored ink,

cut-out black vinyl non-reflective decal sheeting and/or reflective sheeting or combination thereof. Background shall be white reflective sheeting (Type C).

Sign blanks shall be one piece 0.08 inch thick sheet aluminum alloy (Type A). unless otherwise noted elsewhere in the plans.

GENERAL NOTES:

- 1. All parking space limit lines shall be 4" solid white lines. Aisie markings shown are examples only. Other methods to indicate a NO PARKING area are acceptable. Aisie markings shall be white.
- 3. Dimensions of limit lines, disle markings, and symbol (with or without background) may vary + 10%.
- 4. Pavement marking symbols (with background):
- a) are REQUIRED unless stated elsewhere in the plans, b) should be placed toward the far end of the parking spaces so as to be visible to motorists in the travel lane,
- c) may be painted or prefabricated material, and d) shall be 30" x 30" minimum.
- 5. With approval of the Engineer, prefabricated pavement marking symbols with background of other dimensions exceeding the 30" x 30" minimum may be used. Alternative designs shall include a proportion sized symbol of accessibility, and shall conform to the illustrated colors for background, symbol and
- border. 6. An R7-8 sign:
- a) shall be REQUIRED for each accessible parking space,
- b) shall NOT be placed between two accessible parking spaces,
- c) shall NOT be placed in a location that restricts movement of wheelchairs within the adjacent sidewalk, and d) shall have a minimum mounting height of 7 feet. If mounted
- to wall or located so as not to be near pedestrian traffic minimum mounting height may be 7 feet.
- 7. Post mounted signs should be placed approximately 1 foot (or greater) behind the curb to prevent damage from vehicle overhana.
- 8. Signs may be mounted directly to an adjacent wall of a building when post mounting is impractical.



PAVEMENT MARKINGS AND SIGNING FOR ACCESSIBLE PARKING PM(AP)-98

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	DEST	COUNTY				SHEET NO.		
30		-	,			•		
REVISIONS 98	CONT	SECT	JOB		ŀ	HEGHWAY		
©TxDOT August 1995	DN: TXD	та	ск: тхрат	DW:	TXDOT	CK: TXDOT		