PREPARED BY:

City of South Padre Island Finance Department Larry Homan, Chief Financial Officer

City of

South Padre ISLAND, TEXAS

COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2010

City of South Padre Island, Texas COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

For The Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2010

TABLE OF CONTENTS

INTRODUCTORY SECTION	<u>Page No.</u>
INTRODUCTORY SECTION Letter of Transmittal	5
GFOA Certificate of Achievement	8
Organizational Chart	9
List of Principal Officials	10
FINANCIAL SECTION	
INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT	11
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS	15
BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	
Government-wide Financial Statements	
Statement of Net Assets - 2010	25
Statement of Activities - 2010	26
Statement of Net Assets - 2009	29
Statement of Activities - 2009	30
Fund Financial Statements	
Governmental Fund Financial Statements	
Balance Sheet	32
Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet of the Governmental Funds	22
to the Statement of Net Assets	33 34
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and	34
Changes in Fund Balances of the Governmental Funds to the	
Statement of Activities	35
Notes to Financial Statements	37
REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION	
Pension Plan Schedule of Funding Progress	58
General Fund	
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and	
Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual	59
Hotel/Motel Tax Fund	
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and	
Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual	61

City of South Padre Island, Texas COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

For The Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2010

TABLE OF CONTENTS – CONTINUED

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION - Continued	Page No
Convention Centre Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual	62
Beach Nourishment Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual	63
Notes to the Required Supplementary Information	65
OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION	
Nonmajor Governmental Funds Balance Sheets Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances	70 71
Municipal Court Technology Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual	74
Municipal Court Security Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual	75
Transportation Grant Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual	76
Street Improvement Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual	77
Debt Service Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual	78
COMPONENT UNIT	
South Padre Island Economic Development Corporation Combining Balance Sheet Reconciliation of the Combining Balance Sheet of the Component Unit	81
to the Statement of Net Assets Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance	82 83
Reconciliation of the Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance of the Component Unit Funds to the Statement of Activities	84

City of South Padre Island, Texas

COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

For The Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2010

TABLE OF CONTENTS - CONTINUED

	Page No.
STATISTICAL SECTION	
Net Assets by Component	89
Changes in Net Assets	90
Fund Balances of Governmental Funds	91
Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds	92
Assessed Value and Actual Value of Taxable Property	94
Direct and Overlapping Property Tax Rates	95
Principal Property Taxpayers	96
Property Tax Levies and Collections	97
Tax Revenues by Source - Governmental Funds	98
Ratio of Outstanding Debt by Type	99
Ratio of General Bonded Debt Outstanding	100
Direct and Overlapping Governmental Activities Debt	101
Computation of Legal Debt Margin	102
Pledged-Revenue Coverage	103
Demographic and Economic Statistics	104
Principal Employers	105
Full-Time Equivalent City Government Employees by Function/Program	106
Operating Indicators by Function	107
Capital Asset Statistics by Function/Program	108
Miscellaneous Statistical Data	109
COMPLIANCE SECTION	115
Independent Auditors Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting	
And on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial	
Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing	
Standards	113
Independent Auditors Report On Compliance With Requirements That Could	
Have A Direct and Material Effect on Each Major Program and on Internal	
Control over Compliance in Accordance with OMB Circular A-133	117
Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs	121
Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards	124
Notes on Accounting Policies for Federal Awards	125
Exit Conference	126

CITY OF South Padre ISLAND, TEXAS

INTRODUCTORY SECTION



February 16, 2011

The Honorable Mayor, Council Members, and Citizens of the City of South Padre Island, Texas:

We are pleased to submit to you the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) of the City of South Padre Island (City), Texas for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2010. This report was prepared from the books and records of the City of South Padre Island, Texas. All disclosures necessary to enable the reader to gain an understanding of the City's financial activities have been included.

Responsibility for both the accuracy of the presented data and the completeness and fairness of the presentation including all disclosures rests with the City. To the best of our knowledge and belief, the enclosed data is accurate, in all material respects, and is reported in a manner designed to present fairly the results of operations of the various funds of the City.

The City's financial statements have been audited by Long Chilton LLP, Independent Certified Public Accountants. The goal of the independent audit was to provide reasonable assurance that the financial statements of the City for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2010, were free of material misstatement. The independent audit involved examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements; assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management; and evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. The independent auditor's report is included in this document.

GASB Statement No. 34, entitled "Basic Financial Statements – and Management's Discussion and Analysis – for State and Local Governments" requires that management provide a narrative introduction, overview and analysis to accompany the Basic Financial Statements in the form of management discussion and analysis (MD&A). This letter of transmittal is intended to complement the MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it. The MD&A can be found immediately following the Independent Auditor's Report.

THE REPORT

The CAFR includes the financial activities of the primary government and its component unit. The City provides a full range of services, including general government, police and fire protection, health inspection, public improvements, building and zoning administration and tourism. Other services are provided by the Laguna Madre Water District #1 (water and sewer), Central Power & Light or First Choice Power (electric), and Allied Waste Services (sanitation).

PROFILE OF THE CITY

The City was incorporated in 1973. The City operates as a City under the constitution and Texas laws. The City is a tourist oriented resort community. The City occupies approximately 2.5 square miles and serves a full time residential population of approximately 5,900. The average daily population of the City varies greatly from this number and is estimated to be 30,000.

The City operates under the council-manager form of government. Policy making and legislative authority are vested in a governing board consisting of the Mayor and five (5) Council members. City Council is responsible for, among other things, passing ordinances, adopting the budget, appointing committees, and hiring both the City Manager and the City Attorney. The City Manager is responsible for carrying out the policies and ordinances of the

City Council, for overseeing the day-to-day operations of the City, and for appointing heads of various departments. The Mayor and the Council members serve three (3) year staggered terms and are elected at large.

MAJOR INITIATIVES

In November of 2009 the City Charter was amended and converted the town to a Home Rule City.

FACTORS AFFECTING FINANCIAL CONDITION

Local Economy

The City of South Padre Island is a tourist oriented resort community. An estimated three and a half (3.5) million visitors come to the Island annually. As a result of the City's dependence on tourism, visitor travel may reflect the swings in the national and state economy as well as the economy of northern Mexico. Despite the economic uncertainties, the City has experienced stability in revenue receipts. Stable sales tax receipts, building activity, and hotel/motel tax receipts are key indicators of the strength of the City's economic position.

POLICIES AND PRACTICES

Internal control

City management is responsible for establishing and maintaining an internal control structure designed to ensure that the assets of the City are protected from loss, theft, or misuse and to ensure that adequate accounting data are compiled to allow for the preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles.

Single Audit

As a recipient of federal assistance, the City is also responsible for ensuring that an adequate internal control structure is in place to ensure compliance with applicable laws and regulations related to those programs. This internal control structure is subject to periodic evaluation by management.

As part of the City's single audit, tests are made to determine the adequacy of the internal control structure, including that portion related to federal financial assistance programs, as well as to determine that the City has complied with applicable laws and regulations. The results of the City's single audit for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2010, identified no material weaknesses the internal control or violations of applicable laws and regulations.

OTHER INFORMATION

Independent Audit

The City is incorporated under the Laws of the State of Texas and is required to have an annual audit and prepare annual financial statements. This audit was also designed to meet the requirements of the Federal Single Audit Act as amended and the requirements of U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Circular A-133.

Awards

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the City of South Padre Island for its comprehensive annual financial report for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2009. This was the twentieth consecutive year the City has achieved this prestigious award. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a government must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized comprehensive annual financial report. This report must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe that our current comprehensive annual financial report continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements, and we are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

Acknowledgments

We would like to thank the Finance Department staff and the Department Directors for their diligent efforts in the preparation of the annual financial report. Also, we would like to thank the Mayor and Council Members. It is their leadership, and support of the City, that helped make the preparation of this report possible.

Sincerely,

Joni Clarke, City Manager

Larry Homan, Director of Finance

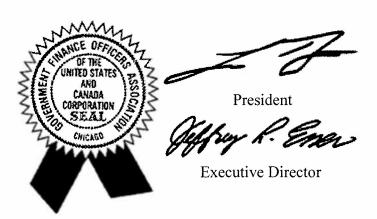
Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

Town of South Padre Island Texas

For its Comprehensive Annual
Financial Report
for the Fiscal Year Ended
September 30, 2009

A Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting is presented by the Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada to government units and public employee retirement systems whose comprehensive annual financial reports (CAFRs) achieve the highest standards in government accounting and financial reporting.



Coastal Resources City Secretary **City of South Padre Island** City Manager's Office Organizational Chart Transportation Development Planning Finance Development Transit & **Criminal Investigations** Patrol Division **Environmental Health** Animal Control Enforcement Assistant City Manager Code Health Services Police Maintenance Building Inspections Maintenance Maintenance Building Emergency Management (EMC) Emergency Medical (EMS) Fleet **Public Works** City Manager Fire Human Resources Municipal Court Administrative Services City Attorney Sales and Marketing Convention Centre **Events Marketing** Visitors Bureau City Council Citizens Convention and Visitor's Bureau Committees Communications / Media **Boards and** Information Technology Information Services

Dispatch

Supression / Prevention

Beach Patrol

City of South Padre Island, Texas LIST OF PRINCIPAL OFFICIALS

ELECTED OFFICIALS

NAME	TITLE
ROBERT N. PINKERTON JR.	<i>MAYOR</i> , COUNCIL MEMBER
JO ANN EVANS	MAYOR PRO TEM, COUNCIL MEMBER
SAM A. LISTI	COUNCIL MEMBER
ALITA BAGLEY	COUNCIL MEMBER
RICK RIDOLFI	COUNCIL MEMBER
COURTNEY HAYDEN	COUNCIL MEMBER
APPOI	INTED OFFICIALS
NAME	TITLE
JONI CLARKE	CITY MANAGER
DARLA JONES	ASSISTANT CITY MANAGER
LARRY HOMAN	CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER
RODRIGO GIMENEZ	FINANCE DEPARTMENT SENIOR ACCOUNTANT
DAN QUANDT	EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR OF CONVENTION AND VISITOR BUREAU
RANDY SMITH	POLICE CHIEF
BURNEY BASKETT	FIRE CHIEF
SCOTT FRY	DIRECTOR OF PUBLIC WORKS
TIM HOWELL	INFORMATION SERVICES DIRECTOR
WENDY DELGADO	ADMINISTRATIVE SERVICES DIRECTOR
VICTOR BALDOUINOS	ENVIRONMENTAL SERVICES DIRECTOR
SUSAN HILL	CITY SECRETARY
PAUL Y. CUNNINGHAM, JR.	CITY ATTORNEY
aarum.	

MUNICIPAL COURT JUDGE

DAVID COLWELL

CITY OF South Padre ISLAND, TEXAS

FINANCIAL SECTION



Members - Division of Firms, American Institute of CPAs 402 East Tyler Harlingen, Texas 78550 (956) 423-3765 Fax (956) 428-7520 www.longchilton.com

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

The Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City of South Padre Island, Texas

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the aggregate discretely presented component unit, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of South Padre Island ("the City") as of and for the year ended September 30, 2010, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the Table of Contents. These basic financial statements are the responsibility of the City of South Padre Island, Texas' management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. The prior year, partial and summarized comparative information has been derived from the City's 2009 financial statements and, in our report dated March 8, 2010, we expressed unqualified opinions on the respective financial statements of the governmental activities, the aggregate discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes consideration of internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements, assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the basic financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the aggregate discretely presented component unit, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of South Padre Island, Texas at September 30, 2010, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued a report dated February 9, 2011 on our consideration of the City of South Padre Island, Texas' internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.

(This page intentionally left blank)

Management's Discussion and Analysis on pages 15 through 23, budgetary comparison schedules for major funds and information on the Texas Municipal Retirement System on pages 58 through 65 are not a required part of the basic financial statements, but are supplementary information required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City of South Padre Island, Texas' basic financial statements. The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by the U. S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments and Nonprofit Organizations*, and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

The introductory section, combining nonmajor fund financial statements, nonmajor fund budgetary schedules, component unit financial statements and statistical data as listed in the Table of Contents are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The combining nonmajor fund financial statements, nonmajor fund budgetary schedules and component unit financial statements have been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole. The introductory section and statistical data, as listed in the Table of Contents herein, have been summarized from City of South Padre Island, Texas' records and were not subjected to the audit procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements; accordingly, we do not express an opinion on such data.

LONG CHILTON, LLP

Certified Public Accountants

Long Chilton, LLP

Harlingen, Texas February 9, 2011

(This page intentionally left blank)

Management's Discussion and Analysis

As management of the City of South Padre Island (the City), we offer readers of the City's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis as of September 30, 2010. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with additional information that we have furnished in our letter of transmittal, which can be found on pages 5-7 of this report.

Financial Highlights

- The assets of the City of South Padre Island exceeded its liabilities at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$28,717,788 (net assets). Of this amount, \$9,779,765 (unrestricted net assets) may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.
- Total net assets for the City of South Padre Island decreased by (\$936,485) during the fiscal year.
- As of the close of the current fiscal year, the City of South Padre Island governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$11,154,593. Approximately 93% of this amount, \$10,426,506 is available for spending at the government's discretion (unreserved fund balance).
- At the end of the current fiscal year, unreserved fund balance for the general fund was \$6,144,362.
- The City of South Padre Island's bonded debt decreased by \$375,000 during the current fiscal year. This decrease is the net effect of the retirement of debt during the fiscal year and the issuance of the General Obligation Refunding Bonds 2009.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the City's basic financial statements. The City of South Padre Island's basic financial statements are comprised of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements, including information on individual funds.

Government-wide financial statements. The government-wide financial statements include the Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities. These statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the City of South Padre Island finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The statement of net assets presents information on all of the City's assets and liabilities, including capital assets and long-term obligations. The difference between the two is reported as net assets. Over time, increases or decreases in net assets may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City is improving or deteriorating. Other indicators of the City's financial position should also be taken into consideration, such as the change in the City's property tax base and condition of the City's infrastructure (i.e. roads and drainage systems), in order to more accurately assess the overall financial condition of the City.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the City's net assets changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net assets are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave).

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the City that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities). The governmental activities of the City of South Padre Island include general government, public safety, public works, transportation, and community service. There are no business-type activities of the City of South Padre Island.

The government-wide financial statements include not only the City of South Padre Island itself (known as the primary government), but also a legally separate Economic Development Corporation for which the City of South Padre Island is financially accountable. Financial information for this component unit is reported separately from the financial information presented for the primary government itself.

Fund financial statements. The fund financial statements are designed to report information about groupings of related accounts which are used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City of South Padre Island, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance related legal requirements. All of the funds of the City are considered governmental funds.

Governmental funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. Most of the City's basic services are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how cash and other financial assets can readily be converted to available resources and on the available balances left at year-end. This information may be useful in determining what financial resources are available in the near future to finance the City's programs. Other funds are referred to as non-major funds and are presented as summary data.

Because the focus of governmental fund level statements is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. In addition to the governmental fund balance sheet and the statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balance, separate statements are provided that reconcile between the government-wide and fund level statements.

The City of South Padre Island maintains 18 individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the General Fund, the Hotel/Motel Fund, the Convention Centre Fund and the Beach Nourishment Fund all of which are considered to be major funds. Data for the other governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these non-major governmental funds is provided in the form of combining statements elsewhere in this report.

Notes to the financial statements. The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

Other information. In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, The City of South Padre Island adopts an annual appropriated budget for its General Fund, certain Special Revenue Funds, and its Debt Service Fund. Budgetary comparison statements have been provided for these funds to demonstrate compliance with budget. This report also presents certain required supplementary information concerning the City's progress in funding its obligation to provide pension benefits to its employees.

Government-wide Financial Analysis

The following table reflects a summary of Net Assets compared to prior year (in thousands):

Table 1 NET ASSETS September 30 (in thousands)

	Total	Total
	Governmental	Governmental
	Activities	Activities
	2010	2009
<u>ASSETS</u>		
Current and other assets	\$12,957	\$14,540
Capital assets	23,555	25,272
Total assets	36,512	39,812
<u>LIABILITIES</u>		
Long-term liabilities outstanding	6,545	6,879
Other liabilities	1,249	3,279
	7,794	10,158
NET ASSETS		
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	17,915	19,257
Restricted	1,023	1,072
Unrestricted	9,780	9,325
Total net assets	\$28,718	\$29,654

As noted earlier, net assets may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the City of South Padre Island, assets exceeded liabilities by \$28,717,788 at the close of the most recent fiscal year.

A large portion of the City's net assets (62%) reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings, machinery, and equipment), less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The City uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the City's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

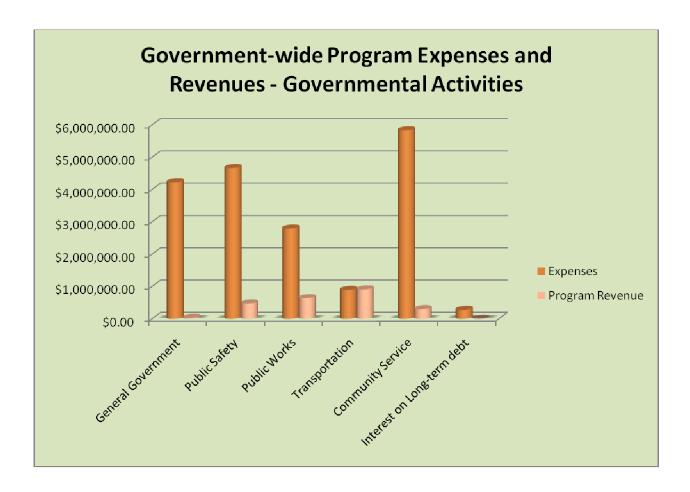
Changes in Net Assets. Governmental activities decreased the City's net assets by \$936,485. Revenues decreased approximately \$4.1 million as a result of a decrease of insurance proceeds – during fiscal period 2008-2009 insurance proceeds were collected for hurricane Dolly. The decrease on program revenues (12.5% or \$337,139) and sales tax (12.8% or \$293,859) was offset by an increase in hotel motel tax (\$600,646 or 13% increase). In the Beach Maintenance Fund, revenues are received from the state portion of the hotel motel tax (\$193,100 increase). Expenditures during the fiscal period increased by \$53,929.

Table 2 Changes in Net Assets

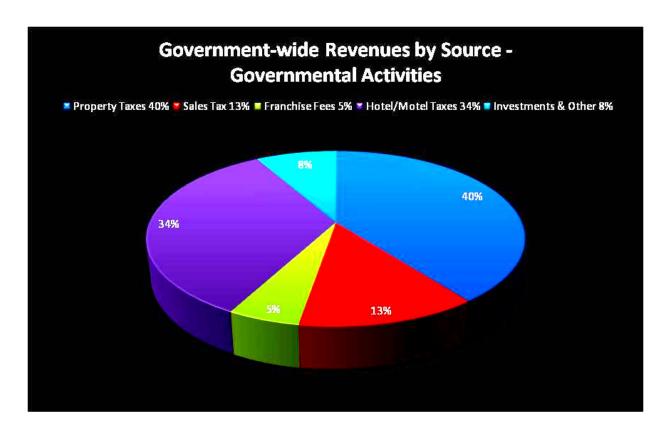
	Total Governmental Activities	Total Governmental Activities
	2010	2009
Program Revenues:		
Charges for Services	\$1,466,992	\$1,086,485
Operating Grants & Contributions	714,938	1,373,380
Capital Grants & Contributions	190,604	249,808
General Revenues:		
Property Tax	6,098,437	6,089,968
Sales Tax	2,001,606	2,295,465
Franchise Tax	802,819	792,501
Hotel Motel Tax	5,238,745	4,638,099
Hotel Motel Beach Mtn. Tax	945,050	751,950
Gain on Sale of Capital Assets	16,810	14,234
Insurance Recoveries	16,510	4,401,118
Interest & Other	361,596	300,492
Total Revenues	17,854,107	21,993,500
Program Expenses:		
General Government	4,244,372	3,680,425
Public Safety	4,675,136	4,358,811
Public Works	2,818,149	2,761,388
Transportation	899,298	647,664
Community Service	5,875,066	6,992,455
Interest on long-term debt	278,571	295,920
Total Expenses	18,790,592	18,736,663
Increase (decrease) in net assets	(936,485)	3,256,837
Beginning Net Assets	29,654,273	26,397,436
Ending Net Assets	\$28,717,788	\$29,654,273

Note: The Community Service expense category represents expenses incurred in the Hotel Motel fund, Convention Centre fund and the Beach Nourishment Fund.

The chart below illustrates the City's governmental expense and revenues by function: general government; public safety; public works; transportation; community service and interest on long-term debt.



General revenues such as property taxes, sales taxes and franchise fees are not shown by program, but are used to support all governmental activities. Property taxes are the largest source of general governmental revenues, followed by Hotel/Motel taxes and Sales Tax.



Financial Analysis of the Government's Funds

In comparison to the government-wide statements, the fund-level statements focus on the key funds of the City. The City uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental funds. The focus of the City of South Padre Island's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City's financing requirements. In particular, unreserved fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of the end of the current fiscal year, the City of South Padre Island's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$11,154,593, an increase of \$394,435 in comparison with the prior year. Approximately 93 %, or \$10,426,506, constitutes unreserved fund balance, which is available for spending at the government's discretion. Portions of this fund balance even though unreserved are designated for specific purposes. \$2,590,794 is designated for special revenue funds and \$1,691,350 is designated for capital projects funds. The remainder of the fund balance, \$728,087 is reserved and is not available for new spending because it has already been committed to pay for debt service, beach maintenance and prepaid expenditures.

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the City. At the end of the current fiscal year, unreserved fund balance of the General Fund was \$6,144,362, while total fund balance reached \$6,175,985. As a measure of the general fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare both unreserved fund balance and total fund balance to total fund expenditures. Unreserved fund balance represents 62.4% of total general fund expenditures, while total fund balance represents 62.7% of that same amount.

The fund balance of the City General Fund decreased by \$336,156 during the current fiscal year. Key factors in this increase are as follows:

- In comparison with last year, the total actual expenditures increased by \$663,682 mainly due to professional services for the design of the new fire station (\$265,136) and professional planning services for the Entertainment Urban Design District and Padre Blvd (\$393,660). Management implemented budget cuts during the fiscal year in order to reduce the impact (\$361,000) of decreased sales tax collections.
- Total revenues were only \$26,493 less than budgeted.

The Hotel Motel Fund is used to account for occupancy tax collections used for tourism, advertising and promotion. At the end of the current fiscal year, the unreserved fund balance of the Hotel Motel Fund was \$250,258, while the total fund balance was increased to \$343,218. Unreserved fund balance represents 7% of the total Hotel Motel Fund expenditures.

The fund balance of the Hotel Motel Fund increased by \$798,948 during the current fiscal year. Key factors in this increase are as follows:

- Hotel Motel tax revenues were more than budgeted approximately by \$94,000.
- The final adopted budget for 2009-2010 established a positive change in fund balance of \$761,336. Revenues and expenditures deviations from budgeted were less than 1.5 %.

The Convention Centre Fund is used to account for occupancy tax collections used for Convention Centre operations. At the end of the current fiscal year, unreserved fund balance of the Convention Centre Fund was \$1,684,900, while total fund balance reached \$1,707,101. Unreserved fund balance represents 120% of total Convention Centre expenditures. The fund balance for the Convention Centre decreased by \$193,086.

The Beach Nourishment fund was established to account for nourishment efforts on the beach. Fund balance was increased by \$387,657 mainly due to an increase in occupancy tax collections of \$194,934 and an increase of \$50,000 transferred from the Economic Development Corporation. Effective July 2009, 0.5% occupancy tax rate is allocated to this fund so fiscal year ending September 30, 2010 was the first full year of tax collections

General Fund budgetary highlights

The original budget of the General Fund was amended sixteen times during fiscal year 2010 by a net of \$1,036,825. Expenditures were increased by \$1,100,575. Of this amount, \$466,625 is for professional planning services for the Entertainment Urban Design District and Padre Boulevard, \$363,200 was for the cost of the Architectural design of the new Fire Station,\$51,000 for earnest money forfeiture, \$45,000 legal services and \$39,000 for lobbying services.

During the year, revenues were \$26,493 lower than budgeted. The decrease in sales tax revenue by \$317,166 was offset by an increase of \$283,972 in building permits.

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital Assets. The City's investment in capital assets for its governmental activities as of September 30, 2010 amounts to \$23,554,448 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings, equipment, streets and construction in progress. Additional information on capital assets can be found in Note E. Capital asset balances are as follows:

Capital Assets, Net of Accumulated Depreciation September 30

	Total Governmental Activities	Total Governmental Activities
	2010	2009
Land	1,497,793	\$1,497,793
Buildings	14,868,811	15,718,192
Improvements	2,413,185	218,856
Furniture and equipment	2,475,104	2,910,962
Infrastructure	2,299,555	4,926,476
Total net assets	\$23,554,448	\$25,272,279

Long-term debt. At the end of the current fiscal year, the City had total bonded debt outstanding of \$5,640,000. The table below reflects the outstanding debt at September 30. Additional information can be found in Note I. The City's outstanding bonds underlying rating is "A+" by Standard and Poor's Rating Service and Aa3 Moody's rating

Outstanding Debt September 30

	Total Governmental Activities	Total Governmental Activities
	2010	2009
General Obligation Bonds	\$4,895,000	\$4,255,000
Revenue Bonds	-	785,000
Tax Anticipation Notes	745,000	975,000
	\$5,640,000	\$6,015,000

The City of South Padre Island's total debt decreased by \$375,000 during the current fiscal year. This decrease is the net effect of the retirement of debt during the fiscal year and the issuance of the General Obligation Refunding Bonds 2009.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

All of these factors were considered in preparing the City's budget for the 2010-2011 fiscal year.

Certified property tax values for the City decreased by 3.78% from the preceding year and tax rates stayed constant at a rate of 0.24561 cents per hundred. The tax rate has been split with .219321 per hundred for maintenance and operations and .026289 per hundred for interest and sinking fund for the retirement of the tax anticipation note and the general obligation bond.

Overall, the General Fund is budgeted to end fiscal year 2010-2011 with an estimated fund balance of \$5,664,732. This is approximately 70.05% of General Fund budgeted expenditures.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the City's finances for all those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the Office of the Finance Director, 4601 Padre Blvd., South Padre Island, TX, 78597.

(This page intentionally left blank)

City of South Padre Island, Texas **STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS** September 30, 2010

	Primary	
	Government	
	Total	
	Governmental	Component
	Activities	Unit
ASSETS		-
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 8,905,030	\$ 745,156
Investments	2,077,634	-
Receivables, net	945,685	-
Due from component units	13,070	-
Due from other governments	738,567	67,901
Prepaid expenses	147,363	22,201
Inventory	-	17,338
Bond issue costs	129,834	56,659
Capital assets, net		
Non-depreciable assets	1,497,793	657,236
Depreciable assets	22,056,655	6,260,769
•		
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 36,511,631	\$7,827,260
LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS		
Liabilities		
Accounts payable	\$ 1,063,287	\$ 10,543
Other liabilities	145,715	1,908
Due to primary government	-	13,070
Unearned revenues	40,231	-
Non-current liabilities		
Due within one year	1,452,094	125,000
Due in more than one year	5,092,516	4,896,617
Total liabilities	7,793,843	5,047,138
Net assets		
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	17,914,448	1,898,005
Restricted for:		
Debt service	857,102	674,386
Beach maintenance	166,473	-
Unrestricted	9,779,765	207,731
	28,717,788	2,780,122
TOTAL LIABILITIES		
AND NET ASSETS	\$ 36,511,631	\$7,827,260

City of South Padre Island, Texas

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

For the Year Ended September 30, 2010

		Progran	n Revenues
	Expenses	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions
Functions/Programs			
Governmental activities:			
General government	\$ 4,244,372	\$ 27,973	\$ -
Public safety	4,675,136	424,681	5,973
Public works	2,818,149	639,148	-
Transportation	899,298	74,500	708,965
Community service	5,875,066	300,690	-
Interest on long-term debt	278,571		
Total governmental activities	18,790,592	1,466,992	714,938
Component unit:			
Economic development services	675,443	219,693	-
Interest expense	225,064	-	-
Total component unit	\$ 900,507	\$ 219,693	\$ -

General revenues:

Property taxes, levied for general purposes

Property taxes, levied for debt service

Sales tax

Franchise taxes

Hotel motel taxes

Hotel motel beach maintenance taxes

Unrestricted investment earnings

Gain (loss) on sale of capital assets

Insurance recoveries

Miscellaneous

Total general revenues, special items, and transfers

Change in net assets

Net assets - beginning

Net assets - ending

The notes of the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Assets

Revenues and Contributions Government Total Governmental Activities Component Unit \$ - \$ (4,216,399) \$ - (4,182,757) - (2,179,001) -	Program	Primary	
Governmental Activities S - \$ (4,216,399) \$ - 61,725 (4,182,757) (2,179,001) - 128,879 13,046 (5,574,376) (278,571) (278,571) (278,571) (225,064) \$ 34,438	Revenues	Government	
and Contributions Governmental Activities Component Unit \$ - \$ (4,216,399) \$ - 61,725 (4,182,757) 7 - (2,179,001) - 7 - 7 - 7 7	Capital Grants	Total	
\$ - \$ (4,216,399) \$ - 61,725 (4,182,757) - (2,179,001) - 128,879 13,046 - (278,571) - (278,571) - (278,571) - (225,064) \$ 34,438 - (421,312) (225,064) \$ 34,438 \$ - (426,376) \$ \$ (646,376) \$ \$ (5,5426,117 - (225,064) \$ (646,376) \$ \$ (646,376		Governmental	
61,725		Activities	Unit
61,725			
61,725			
- (2,179,001) - 128,879 13,046 (5,574,376) (278,571) (278,571) (278,571) (225,064) \$ 34,438			\$ -
128,879 13,046 - - (5,574,376) - - (278,571) - 190,604 (16,418,058) - 34,438 - (421,312) - - (225,064) \$ 34,438 \$ - \$ (646,376) \$ (646,376) \$ (646,376) 5,426,117 - 672,320 - 2,001,606 594,251 802,819 - 5,238,745 - 945,050 - 143,463 3,273 16,810 - 218,133 8,041 15,481,573 605,565 (936,485) (40,811) 29,654,273 2,820,933	61,725		-
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	-		-
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	128,879		-
34,438 - (421,312) - - (225,064) \$ 34,438 - \$ (646,376) \$ 34,438 - \$ (646,376) 5,426,117 - - 672,320 - - 2,001,606 594,251 802,819 - 5,238,745 - - 945,050 - - 143,463 3,273 16,810 - - 218,133 8,041 15,481,573 605,565 (936,485) (40,811) 29,654,273 2,820,933	-		-
34,438 - (421,312) - - (225,064) \$ 34,438 \$ - \$ (646,376) 5,426,117 - - 672,320 - - 2,001,606 594,251 - 802,819 - - 5,238,745 - - 945,050 - - 143,463 3,273 - 16,810 - - 218,133 8,041 - 15,481,573 605,565 - (936,485) (40,811) - 29,654,273 2,820,933		(278,571)	
34,438 - (421,312) - - (225,064) \$ 34,438 \$ - \$ (646,376) 5,426,117 - - 672,320 - - 2,001,606 594,251 - 802,819 - - 5,238,745 - - 945,050 - - 143,463 3,273 - 16,810 - - 218,133 8,041 - 15,481,573 605,565 - (936,485) (40,811) - 29,654,273 2,820,933	190 604	(16.418.058)	_
- (225,064) \$ 34,438 \$ - (325,064) \$ (646,376) 5,426,117 - 672,320 - 2,001,606 594,251 802,819 - 5,238,745 - 945,050 - 143,463 3,273 16,810 - 16,510 - 218,133 8,041 15,481,573 605,565 (936,485) (40,811) 29,654,273 2,820,933		(10,410,030)	
- (225,064) \$ 34,438 \$ - (325,064) \$ (646,376) 5,426,117 - 672,320 - 2,001,606 594,251 802,819 - 5,238,745 - 945,050 - 143,463 3,273 16,810 - 16,510 - 218,133 8,041 15,481,573 605,565 (936,485) (40,811) 29,654,273 2,820,933			
- (225,064) \$ 34,438 \$ - (325,064) \$ (646,376) 5,426,117 - 672,320 - 2,001,606 594,251 802,819 - 5,238,745 - 945,050 - 143,463 3,273 16,810 - 16,510 - 218,133 8,041 15,481,573 605,565 (936,485) (40,811) 29,654,273 2,820,933	34,438	-	(421,312)
\$ 34,438 \$ - \$ (646,376) 5,426,117 - - 672,320 - - 2,001,606 594,251 - 802,819 - - 5,238,745 - - 945,050 - - 143,463 3,273 - 16,810 - - 218,133 8,041 - 15,481,573 605,565 - (936,485) (40,811) - 29,654,273 2,820,933	-	-	
5,426,117 - 672,320 - 2,001,606 594,251 802,819 - 5,238,745 - 945,050 - 143,463 3,273 16,810 - 218,133 8,041 15,481,573 605,565 (936,485) (40,811) 29,654,273 2,820,933	\$ 34,438	\$ -	·
672,320 - 2,001,606 594,251 802,819 - 5,238,745 - 945,050 - 143,463 3,273 16,810 - 16,510 - 218,133 8,041 15,481,573 605,565 (936,485) (40,811) 29,654,273 2,820,933			
672,320 - 2,001,606 594,251 802,819 - 5,238,745 - 945,050 - 143,463 3,273 16,810 - 16,510 - 218,133 8,041 15,481,573 605,565 (936,485) (40,811) 29,654,273 2,820,933			
672,320 - 2,001,606 594,251 802,819 - 5,238,745 - 945,050 - 143,463 3,273 16,810 - 16,510 - 218,133 8,041 15,481,573 605,565 (936,485) (40,811) 29,654,273 2,820,933			
2,001,606 594,251 802,819 - 5,238,745 - 945,050 - 143,463 3,273 16,810 - 218,133 8,041 15,481,573 605,565 (936,485) (40,811) 29,654,273 2,820,933		5,426,117	-
802,819 - 5,238,745 - 945,050 - 143,463 3,273 16,810 - 16,510 - 218,133 8,041 15,481,573 605,565 (936,485) (40,811) 29,654,273 2,820,933		672,320	-
5,238,745 - 945,050 - 143,463 3,273 16,810 - 16,510 - 218,133 8,041 15,481,573 605,565 (936,485) (40,811) 29,654,273 2,820,933		2,001,606	594,251
945,050 - 143,463 3,273 16,810 - 16,510 - 218,133 8,041 15,481,573 605,565 (936,485) (40,811) 29,654,273 2,820,933		802,819	-
143,463 3,273 16,810 - 16,510 - 218,133 8,041 15,481,573 605,565 (936,485) (40,811) 29,654,273 2,820,933		5,238,745	-
16,810 - 16,510 - 218,133 8,041 15,481,573 605,565 (936,485) (40,811) 29,654,273 2,820,933		945,050	-
16,510 - 218,133 8,041 15,481,573 605,565 (936,485) (40,811) 29,654,273 2,820,933			3,273
218,133 8,041 15,481,573 605,565 (936,485) (40,811) 29,654,273 2,820,933			-
15,481,573 605,565 (936,485) (40,811) 29,654,273 2,820,933			-
(936,485) (40,811) 29,654,273 2,820,933		218,133	
<u>29,654,273</u> <u>2,820,933</u>		15,481,573	605,565
		(936,485)	(40,811)
		29,654,273	2,820,933
			<u> </u>

(This page intentionally left blank)

City of South Padre Island, Texas **STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS**September 30, 2009

Primary Government Total Governmental Activities Component Unit ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents \$ 4,023,701 \$ 717,727 Investments 7,644,835 - Receivables, net 1,985,994 - Due from component units 2,540 290 Due from other governments 690,295 71,780 Prepaid expenses 79,338 239,881 Bond issue costs 113,465 60,200 Capital assets, net Non-depreciable assets 1,497,793 657,236 Depreciable assets 23,774,486 6,194,634
ASSETS Governmental Activities Component Unit Cash and cash equivalents \$4,023,701 \$717,727 Investments 7,644,835 - Receivables, net 1,985,994 - Due from component units 2,540 290 Due from other governments 690,295 71,780 Prepaid expenses 79,338 239,881 Bond issue costs 113,465 60,200 Capital assets, net Non-depreciable assets 1,497,793 657,236
ASSETS Activities Unit Cash and cash equivalents \$ 4,023,701 \$ 717,727 Investments 7,644,835 - Receivables, net 1,985,994 - Due from component units 2,540 290 Due from other governments 690,295 71,780 Prepaid expenses 79,338 239,881 Bond issue costs 113,465 60,200 Capital assets, net Non-depreciable assets 1,497,793 657,236
ASSETS Unit Cash and cash equivalents \$ 4,023,701 \$ 717,727 Investments 7,644,835 - Receivables, net 1,985,994 - Due from component units 2,540 290 Due from other governments 690,295 71,780 Prepaid expenses 79,338 239,881 Bond issue costs 113,465 60,200 Capital assets, net Non-depreciable assets 1,497,793 657,236
Cash and cash equivalents \$ 4,023,701 \$ 717,727 Investments 7,644,835 - Receivables, net 1,985,994 - Due from component units 2,540 290 Due from other governments 690,295 71,780 Prepaid expenses 79,338 239,881 Bond issue costs 113,465 60,200 Capital assets, net Non-depreciable assets 1,497,793 657,236
Investments 7,644,835 - Receivables, net 1,985,994 - Due from component units 2,540 290 Due from other governments 690,295 71,780 Prepaid expenses 79,338 239,881 Bond issue costs 113,465 60,200 Capital assets, net 1,497,793 657,236
Receivables, net 1,985,994 - Due from component units 2,540 290 Due from other governments 690,295 71,780 Prepaid expenses 79,338 239,881 Bond issue costs 113,465 60,200 Capital assets, net 1,497,793 657,236
Due from component units 2,540 290 Due from other governments 690,295 71,780 Prepaid expenses 79,338 239,881 Bond issue costs 113,465 60,200 Capital assets, net Non-depreciable assets 1,497,793 657,236
Due from other governments 690,295 71,780 Prepaid expenses 79,338 239,881 Bond issue costs 113,465 60,200 Capital assets, net 1,497,793 657,236
Prepaid expenses 79,338 239,881 Bond issue costs 113,465 60,200 Capital assets, net 1,497,793 657,236
Prepaid expenses 79,338 239,881 Bond issue costs 113,465 60,200 Capital assets, net 1,497,793 657,236
Capital assets, net Non-depreciable assets 1,497,793 657,236
Non-depreciable assets 1,497,793 657,236
-
Depreciable assets 23,774,486 6,194,634
<u> </u>
TOTAL ASSETS \$ 39,812,447 \$7,941,748
LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS
Liabilities
Accounts payable \$ 3,107,152 \$ -
Other liabilities 106,307 1,793
Due to primary government - 2,540
Due to component unit - 290
Unearned revenues 65,918 -
Non-current liabilities
Due within one year 1,544,809 100,000
Due in more than one year $ \underline{5,333,988} \underline{5,021,192} $
Total liabilities 10,158,174 5,125,815
Net assets
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt 19,257,279 1,730,678
Restricted for:
Debt service 764,132 648,944
Beach maintenance 308,130 -
Unrestricted 9,324,732 436,311
29,654,273 2,815,933
TOTAL LIABILITIES
AND NET ASSETS \$ 39,812,447 \$7,941,748

The notes of the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

City of South Padre Island, Texas

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

For the Year Ended September 30, 2009

		Progran	Program Revenues		
	Expenses	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions		
Functions/Programs					
Governmental activities:					
General government	\$ 3,680,425	\$ 28,222	\$ 566,420		
Public safety	4,358,811	410,295	2,337		
Public works	2,761,388	280,498	36,535		
Transportation	647,664	30,000	768,088		
Community service	6,992,455	337,470	-		
Interest on long-term debt	295,920				
Total governmental activities	18,736,663	1,086,485	1,373,380		
Component unit:					
Economic development services	569,313	-	-		
Interest expense	229,023				
Total component unit	\$ 798,336	\$ -	\$ -		

General revenues:

Property taxes, levied for general purposes

Property taxes, levied for debt service

Sales tax

Franchise taxes

Hotel motel taxes

Hotel motel beach maintenance taxes

Unrestricted investment earnings

Gain on sale of capital assets

Insurance recoveries

Miscellaneous

Total general revenues, special items, and transfers

Change in net assets

Net assets - beginning

Net assets - ending

The notes of the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Assets

Program	Primary	
Revenues	Government	
Capital Grants	Total	
and	Governmental	Component
Contributions	Activities	Unit
\$ -	\$ (3,085,783)	\$ -
-	(3,946,179)	-
249,808	(2,194,547)	-
-	150,424	-
-	(6,654,985)	-
-	(295,920)	-
249,808	(16,026,990)	-
426,571	-	(142,742)
-	_	(229,023)
\$ 426,571	\$ -	\$ (371,765)
ψ .20,871	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
	5 400 551	
	5,433,571	-
	656,397	-
	2,295,465	699,973
	792,501	-
	4,638,099	-
	751,950	14.500
	198,941	14,508
	14,234	-
	4,401,118	-
	101,551	
	19,283,827	714,481
	3,256,837	342,716
	26,397,436	2,473,217
	\$ 29,654,273	\$ 2,815,933
	-	

Town of South Padre Island, Texas BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS September 30, 2010

ASSETS	General Fund	Hotel Motel Fund	Convention Centre Fund	Beach Nourishment Fund	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Cash and cash equivalents	\$4,573,778	\$ 46,335	\$1,615,146	\$1,463,619	\$ 1,206,152	\$ 8,905,030
Investments	2,077,634	-	-	-	-	2,077,634
Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles)						
Taxes	460,716	-	-	-	57,400	518,116
Accounts	47,351	229,682	117,417	20,929	12,190	427,569
Due from other governments	197,265	-	-	-	541,302	738,567
Due from other funds	321,124	-	-	-	-	321,124
Due from component unit	13,070	-	-	-	-	13,070
Prepaid items	31,623	92,960	22,201		579	147,363
TOTAL ASSETS	\$7,722,561	\$ 368,977	\$1,754,764	\$1,484,548	\$ 1,817,623	\$13,148,473
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES						
Liabilities						
Accounts payable	\$1,046,415	\$ 16,010	\$ 862	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,063,287
Due to other funds	-	-	-	-	321,124	321,124
Other liabilities	100,627	9,749	6,887	-	9,124	126,387
Deferred revenues	399,534		39,914		43,634	483,082
Total liabilities	1,546,576	25,759	47,663	-	373,882	1,993,880
Fund balance						
Reserved for						
Debt service	-	-	-	-	414,251	414,251
Beach maintenance	-	-	-	-	166,473	166,473
Prepaid expenditures	31,623	92,960	22,201	-	579	147,363
Unreserved, reported in non-major funds						
Special revenue funds	-	250,258	1,684,900	-	655,636	2,590,794
Capital projects funds	-	-	-	1,484,548	206,802	1,691,350
Unreserved	6,144,362					6,144,362
Total fund balances	6,175,985	343,218	1,707,101	1,484,548	1,443,741	11,154,593
TOTAL LIABILITIES						
AND FUND BALANCE	\$7,722,561	\$ 368,977	\$1,754,764	\$1,484,548	\$ 1,817,623	\$13,148,473

 ${\it The notes of the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.}$

City of South Padre Island, Texas

RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS

September 30, 2010

Fund balances of governmental funds	\$ 11,154,593
Amounts reported for <i>governmental activities</i> in the statement of net assets are different because:	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.	23,554,448
Some liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due in the current period and therefore not reported in the funds.	(5,659,328)
Liabilities for compensated absenses are not due in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds.	(807,566)
Bond issue costs are expensed during the period incurred in the funds, but are amortized as an adjustment to interest expense in the statement of activities over the remaining life of the debt.	129,834
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current period expenditures and therefore are deferred in the funds.	442,850
Liabilities for accrued interest on long-term debt are not due in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds.	(19,327)
Liabilities for net pension obligations are not due in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds.	(77,716)
Net assets of governmental activities	\$ 28,717,788

City of South Padre Island, Texas

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

For the Year Ended September 30, 2010

	General Fund	Hotel Motel Fund	Convention Centre Fund	Beach Nourishment Fund	Other Governmenta Funds	Total Governmenta Funds
REVENUES Proporty toyog	Ф.5. 270. 42.4	œ.	Φ.	r.	e (72.220	e (042.754
Property taxes	\$5,370,434 2,804,425	\$ - 4,332,862	\$ - 905,884	\$ - 325,818	\$ 672,320	\$ 6,042,754 8,988,221
Nonproperty taxes Fees and services	147,525	16,088	267,792	323,818	619,232 98,297	529,702
Fines and forfeitures	365,065	-	201,192	_	14,619	379,684
Licenses and permits	557,605	_	_	_	14,019	557,605
Intergovernmental	2,478	- -	-	-	903,064	905,542
Miscellaneous	199,563	396	17,745	102,333	41,559	361,596
Total revenues	9,447,095	4,349,346	1,191,421	428,151	2,349,091	17,765,104
Total revenues	9,447,093	4,349,340	1,191,421	428,131	2,349,091	17,703,104
EXPENDITURES						
Current						
General government	3,550,497	-	-	-	251,180	3,801,677
Public safety	4,450,340	-	-	-	28,044	4,478,384
Public works	1,665,743	-	-	-	492,901	2,158,644
Transportation	-	-	-	-	782,525	782,525
Community service	-	3,476,591	1,176,782	40,494	-	4,693,867
Debt service						
Principal retirement	-	-	-	-	1,205,000	1,205,000
Interest	-	-	35,939	-	239,673	275,612
Capital outlay	191,450	23,807	193,636		497,927	906,820
Total expenditures	9,858,030	3,500,398	1,406,357	40,494	3,497,250	18,302,529
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES						
OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(410,935)	848,948	(214,936)	387,657	(1,148,159)	(537,425)
Other financing sources (uses)						
Sale of capital assets	79,650	-	-	-	5,700	85,350
Bond proceeds	-	-	830,000	-	-	830,000
Insurance Proceeds	-	-	-	-	16,510	16,510
Transfers out	(292,200)	(50,000)	(808,150)	-	(437,329)	(1,587,679)
Transfers in	287,329	-	-	-	1,300,350	1,587,679
Total other financing sources (uses)	74,779	(50,000)	21,850		885,231	931,860
Net change in fund balances	(336,156)	798,948	(193,086)	387,657	(262,928)	394,435
Fund balance beginning	6,512,141	(455,730)	1,900,187	1,096,891	1,706,669	10,760,158
Fund balance ending	\$6,175,985	\$ 343,218	\$1,707,101	\$1,484,548	\$ 1,443,741	\$ 11,154,593

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

For the Year Ended September 30, 2010

Net change in fund balancestotal governmental funds	\$ 394,435
Amounts reported for <i>governmental activities</i> in the statement of activities	
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital depreciation (\$2,556,111)	
exceeded outlays (\$906,820), in the current period.	(1,649,291)
In the statement of activities, only the gain (loss) on the sale of assets is reported, whereas in the funds, the proceeds from the sale increase financial resources. Thus, the change in net assets differs from the change in fund balance by the book value of the assets sold.	(68,540)
Bond issue costs reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. This is the amount by which current year bond issue costs incurred (\$26,846) exceed current	
year amortization of bond issue costs (\$10,477).	16,369
Repayment of bond principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net assets.	1,205,000
The change in compensated absences payable during the year is reported as an increase or decrease to expenditures in the statement of activities but not in the governmental funds.	(15,626)
	(13,020)
The change in Net Pension Obligation during the year is reported as an increase or decrease to expenditures in the statement of activities but not in the governmental funds.	(25,187)
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Interest expense in the statement of activities differes from the amount reported in	
governmental funds due to the change in accrued interest.	(19,328)
Bond proceeds are recorded as other financing sources in the governmental funds while they are recorded as a long term debt in the statement of net assets.	(830,000)
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.	55,683
Change in net assets of governmental activities	\$ (936,485)

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

(This page intentionally left blank)

CITY OF South Padre ISLAND, TEXAS

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

September 30, 2010

NOTE A – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of the City of South Padre Island, Texas (the City) have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant of the City's accounting policies are described below.

1. Reporting Entity

The City of South Padre Island, Texas (the City), created in 1973, operates under the direction of a Mayor and five Council Members, elected by the voters of the City. It provides judicial, law enforcement, fire protection, public improvements, building and zoning administration, tourism, general administrative and health services to the City. The accounting policies of the City conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as applicable to governmental units. As required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the financial statements of the reporting entity include those of the City (the primary government) and its component unit. The component unit discussed below is included in the City's reporting entity because of the significance of its operational or financial relationship with the City.

Blended component units – Blended component units, although legally separate entities, are in substance part of the government's operations and so data from these units are combined with data of the primary government. The City of South Padre Island does not include any blended component units.

Discretely presented component units – The discretely presented component units, on the other hand, are reported in a separate column in the combined financial statements to emphasize that they are legally separate from the City. Discretely presented component units include the following:

South Padre Island Economic Development Corporation (EDC): The seven-member board of directors, five are appointed by the City Council and two are appointed by the board itself. The EDC is authorized to administer the distribution of the proceeds of any development bonds issued and the proceeds of certain development sales taxes received on behalf of the City. The EDC's operational and capital budget must be approved by the Council Members of the City.

The financial statement information included in the component unit column in the government-wide financial statements and the component unit section included in the other supplementary information constitutes the EDC's annual financial report. Additional financial information can be obtained at City Hall:

South Padre Island Economic Development Corporation 4601 Padre Boulevard, P. O. Box 3410 South Padre Island, Texas 78597

2. Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

Government-wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements consist of the statement of net assets, a statement of financial position and the statement of activities, a statement of results of operations. These statements report information on all the activities of the reporting entity. Generally, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from these statements.

Governmental activities, normally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which primarily rely on fees and charges. The City of South Padre Island, Texas does not include any business-type activities.

September 30, 2010

NOTE A – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – Continued

2. Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements – Continued

The statement of activities reflects the extent to which direct expenses of each function are offset by program revenues. *Direct expenses* are those that are attributable to a specific function and are clearly identifiable. *Program revenues* include charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods, services or privileges provided by a specific function as well as grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a specific function. Taxes and other items not appropriately included with program revenues are shown as *general revenues*.

In addition to and apart from the government-wide financial statements, fund financial statements are presented for the governmental funds. In each of these financial statements major funds are presented in separate columns.

3. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Basis of Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are presented using the *economic resources measurement focus* and the *accrual basis of accounting;* consistent with the presentation of proprietary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, without regard to the timing of the related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met. Restricted resources will be used before unrestricted resources when all requirements to relieve the restriction have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources measurement focus* and the *modified accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be *available* when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. The City considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, consistent with accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as those related to compensated absences and claims and judgments are recognized only when payment is made.

The City reports the following fund types and related major governmental funds:

The *general fund* is the primary operating fund. It accounts for all of the financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The *special revenue funds* are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources, other than for major capital projects, that are legally restricted to expenditure for specified purposes. The special revenue funds reported as a major funds are:

Hotel/Motel Fund is used to account for occupancy tax collections. This fund is used to account for that portion of collections used for tourism, advertising and promotion.

Convention Centre Fund is used to account for the portion of occupancy tax collections used for Convention Centre operations.

September 30, 2010

NOTE A – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – Continued

3. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Basis of Presentation – Continued

Beach Nourishment Fund was established to account for nourishment efforts on the beach.

Governmental funds are used to account for all or most of a government's general activities, including the collection and disbursement of earmarked monies (special revenue funds), the acquisition or construction of capital assets (capital project funds), and the servicing of long-term debt (debt service funds). The General Fund is used to account for all activities of the general government not accounted for in some other fund.

The accounting and financial reporting treatment applied to a fund is determined by its measurement focus. All governmental funds are accounted for using a current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities generally are included on the balance sheet. Operating statements of these funds present increases (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and decreases (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) in net current assets.

The modified accrual basis of accounting is used by all governmental fund types. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when susceptible to accrual (i.e., when they become both measurable and available). "Measurable" means the amount of the transaction can be determined and "available" means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. The government considers property taxes as available if they are collected within 60 days after year end. A 60-day availability period is also used for revenue recognition for all other governmental fund revenues. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred. Principal and interest on general long-term debt are recorded as fund liabilities when due or when amounts have been accumulated in the debt service fund for payments to be made early in the following year.

Those revenues susceptible to accrual are property taxes, franchise taxes, special assessments, licenses, interest revenue and charges for services. Sales taxes collected and held by the State at year end on behalf of the City also are recognized as revenue. Fines, permits and parking meter revenues are not susceptible to accrual because generally they are not measurable until received in cash.

The City reports deferred/unearned revenue on its balance sheet/statement of net assets. Deferred revenues arise when a potential revenue does not meet both the "measurable" and "available" criteria for recognition in the current period. Unearned revenues arise when resources are received by the City before it has a legal claim to them, as when grant monies are received prior to the incurrence of qualifying expenditures. In subsequent periods, when both revenue recognition criteria are met, or when the City has a legal claim to the resources, the liability for deferred/unearned revenue is removed from the balance sheet/statement of net assets and revenue is recognized.

4. Assets, Liabilities, Net Assets and/or Equity

a. Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include all demand deposits and short-term investments (inclusive of restricted assets) with maturity dates within ninety days of the date initially acquired.

September 30, 2010

NOTE A – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – Continued

4. Assets, Liabilities, Net Assets and/or Equity - Continued

b. Short-Term Interfund Receivables and Payables/Internal Balances

Short term lending/borrowing between funds that result in amounts outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as "due to/from other funds". "Due to/from other funds" represent the current portion of interfund loans. With respect to the government-wide financial statements, any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported as "internal balances."

c. Inventories

Inventories are valued at cost, which approximates market, using the first-in, first-out (FIFO) method. The costs of governmental fund-type inventories are recorded as expenditures when consumed rather than when purchased.

d. Prepaid Items

Expenditures made to third party vendors for goods and services that will benefit periods beyond September 30, 2010 are recorded as prepaid items, in both governmental and fund financial statements.

e. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which includes property, plant, equipment and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks and similar items), are reported in the governmental activities column in the government-wide financial statements. In 2009 the City changed its definition of capital assets as assets with an initial, individual cost of \$5,000 or more and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated assets are reflected at estimated fair market value at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized. Improvements are capitalized and depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets, as applicable.

Gains or losses on dispositions of capital assets are included in income within the governmental activities column of the government-wide financial statements. In the governmental fund financial statements, only the proceeds from the disposition are reported.

Depreciation of capital assets used by funds categorized as governmental activities is not provided in the fund financial statements; however, it is included in the gross expense by function in the government-wide Statement of Activities. Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, are reported on the governmental activities column of the government-wide statement of net assets. Depreciation has been provided over the estimated useful lives using the straight-line method. The estimated useful lives are as follows:

Buildings and improvements	10-40 years
Equipment	5-15 years
Infrastructure	15-40 years
Vehicles	3-7 years

September 30, 2010

NOTE A – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – Continued

4. Assets, Liabilities, Net Assets and/or Equity - Continued

f. Compensated Absences

Vested or accumulated vacation leave that is expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources is reported as an expenditure and a fund liability of the governmental fund that will pay it. Amounts of vested or accumulated vacation leave that are not expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources are reported as non-current liabilities. No expenditure is reported for these amounts. In accordance with the provisions of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 16, *Accounting for Compensated Absences*, no accrual is recorded for compensated absences that are dependent on the performance of future services by employees or when payments are dependent on future events outside the control of the employer and employees. However, a liability is recognized for that portion of accumulating sick leave benefits that is estimated will be taken as "terminal leave" prior to retirement. Compensated absences are reported in the governmental funds only if they have matured.

City employees are granted varying amounts of vacation and sick leave. In the event of termination or retirement, an employee is reimbursed up to 30 days of accumulated vacation and up to 90 days of accumulated sick leave. Sick leave earned after October 1, 1997 will be reimbursed at 50 percent of the earned sick leave. Sick leave accumulated before October 1, 1997 will be reimbursed at 100 percent of the earned sick leave.

g. Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the governmental activities column. Bond premiums and discounts, as well as issuance costs, are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs are reported as deferred charges and amortized over the term of the related debt.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources and discounts are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from debt proceeds, are reported as debt service expenditures.

h. Fund Equity

In the governmental fund financial statements, reserves represent those portions of fund equity not appropriable for expenditure or legally segregated for a specific future use. Designated fund balances represent tentative plans for future use of financial resources.

i. Bond Discounts/Issue Costs

In governmental fund types, bond discounts and issuance costs are recognized in the current period.

j. Loans to Other Funds/Component Units

Noncurrent portions of long-term interfund loan receivables are offset equally by a fund balance reserve account which indicates that they do not constitute expendable available financial resources and therefore are not available for appropriation.

September 30, 2010

NOTE A – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – Continued

4. Assets, Liabilities, Net Assets and/or Equity - Continued

k. Comparative Data

Partially comparative total data for the prior year have been presented in the government-wide financial statements.

l. Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

m. Income Taxes

South Padre Island Economic Development Corporation is exempt from income taxes under Section 501(c)(6) of the Internal Revenue Code. Therefore, no provision for income taxes has been made in these financial statements. Annually, the organization files Form 990, Income Tax Return of Tax Exempt Organizations.

n. Interfund Transfers

Transfers are used to 1) provide unrestricted revenues collected in the general fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds, and 2) move revenues from the fund that the budget requires to collect them to the fund that the budget requires to expend them.

NOTE B - STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

Budgetary Information

In establishing budgetary data reflected in the financial statements, the City follows these procedures:

- a. The City Manager establishes the amount of estimated revenues and other resources available for appropriation for the succeeding budget year.
- b. The City Manager submits to the City Council a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following October 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures by fund, function and activity and the means of financing them.
- c. Public hearings and workshops (including department heads) are conducted at the City Hall to obtain taxpayer and elected officials' comments.
- d. Prior to October 1, the budget is legally adopted by the City Council.

September 30, 2010

NOTE B - STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY - Continued

Budgetary Information - Continued

- e. Revisions that alter budgets at the department level within a fund must be approved by the Council Members. The Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Budget and Actual all Governmental Fund Types reflect these revisions. Actual expenditures and transfers may not legally exceed budget appropriations at the individual fund level.
- f. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for the General, certain Special Revenue and Debt Service Funds.
- g. Annual appropriated budgets are adopted for the General, certain Special Revenue and Debt Service Funds. All annual appropriations lapse at year-end to the extent they have not been expended or encumbered.

The City prepares its budget on a basis of accounting consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP).

During fiscal year 2010, various transfers of appropriations were made for the Governmental Funds. The original and final amended budget are presented in the Required Supplementary Information for the General Fund and major Special Revenue Funds (Hotel/Motel and Convention Centre Funds), that have adopted a budget.

The following non-major special revenue funds have legally adopted budgets, which are presented in the Other Supplementary Information section, as listed in the table of contents: Municipal Court Technology Fund, Municipal Court Security Fund, Transportation Grant Fund and Pirate Days Fund. Budgetary schedules are presented for the Debt Service Fund as well as the Capital Replacement Fund and Street Improvements Fund, which are capital projects funds that have a legally adopted annual budget.

On or before the end of May of each year, all agencies of the City submit requests for appropriation to the City Manager so that a budget may be prepared. The budget is prepared by fund, function and activity, and includes information on the past year, current year estimates and requested appropriations for the next fiscal year.

Before October 1, the proposed budget is presented to the City Council for review. The City Council holds public hearings and may add to, subtract from or change appropriations, but may not change the form of the budget. Any changes in the budget must be within the revenues and reserves estimated as available by the City Manager or the revenue estimates must be changed by an affirmative vote of a majority of the City Council.

Expenditures may not legally exceed budgeted appropriations at the fund level. During the year, several supplementary appropriations were necessary.

NOTE C - CASH AND INVESTMENTS

It is the City's policy for deposits plus accrued interest thereon to be 102% secured by collateral valued at fair value, less the amount of the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation insurance. During the year ended September 30, 2010, the City's cash deposits were covered by federal deposit insurance or were secured by collateral held by the City's agent in the City's name pursuant to the City's investment policy and its depository agreement.

Investments

Investments at fair value, including accrued interest, as of September 30, 2010 are as follows:

	Investment Ma	Greater	
Primary Government	Fair Value	1 or less	than 1 year
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 8,116,261	\$ 8,116,261	\$ -
TexPool	675,188	675,188	_
Texas Term	113,581	113,581	<u>-</u>
	8,905,030	8,905,030	-
Investments			
Certificates of deposit	2,077,634	2,077,634	<u>-</u> _
	\$ <u>10,982,664</u>	\$ <u>10,982,664</u>	\$ <u> </u>
Component Unit			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 712,993	\$ 712,993	\$ -
TexPool	32,163	32,163	
	\$ <u>745,156</u>	\$ <u>745,156</u>	\$ <u> </u>
A reconcilement of cash and investments follows:			
	Primary		
	Government		
	Governmental	Component	Tr. 4 1
Cash	<u>Activities</u> \$ 8,116,261	<u>Units</u> \$ 712,993	Total \$ 8,829,254
Cash equivalents	\$ 0,110,201	\$ 112,993	\$ 0,029,234
Texas Term	113,581	32,163	145,744
TexPool	675,188		675,188
	788,769	32,163	820,932
Investments Continued of demonit	2.077.624		2.077.624
Certificates of deposit	2,077,634 \$10,982,664	\$ <u>745,156</u>	2,077,634 \$11,727,820
	φ <u>10,962,004</u>	φ <u>/43,130</u>	Φ <u>11,/4/,040</u>

Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in market interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment.

Generally, the longer the maturity of an investment, the greater the sensitivity of its fair value to changes in market interest rates. One of the ways that the City manages its exposure to interest rate risk is by purchasing a combination of shorter term and longer term investments and by timing cash flows from maturities so that a portion of the portfolio is maturing or coming close to maturity evenly over time as necessary to provide the cash flows and liquidity needed for operations.

September 30, 2010

NOTE C - CASH AND INVESTMENTS - Continued

Information about the sensitivity of the fair values of the City's investments to market interest rate fluctuations is provided by the following table that shows the specific investments and their maturity:

<u>Description</u>	Rate	Amount	<u>Maturity</u>	<u>Days</u>
Certificate of deposit	1.40%	\$ 529,829	March 15, 2011	166
Certificate of deposit	1.20%	\$ 530,745	November 24, 2010	55
Certificate of deposit	1.67%	\$1,017,060	March 10, 2011	161

The investment policy states that operating funds and commingled pools shall not have a maturity date exceeding one year from the date of purchase. Securities purchased for the purpose of making debt service payments shall not have a stated final maturity date which exceeds the debt service payment date. Securities for special projects or special fund portfolios should not have a stated final maturity date that exceeds the estimated project completion date.

Credit Risk

As of September 30, 2010, the investments in TexPool and Texas Term investment risk pools were rated AAAm and AAAf by Standard and Poor's, respectively.

The City's investment policy limits authorized investments to certain Texas government investments pools, obligations of or guaranteed by the U. S. and State of Texas and their agencies thereof, certificates of deposit of Texas banks and fully collateralized repurchase agreements.

Public Funds Investment Pools

TexPool is a public funds investment pool created by the Texas Treasury Safekeeping Trust Company (Trust Company) to provide a safe environment for the placement of local government funds in authorized short-term, fully-collateralized investments, including direct obligations of, or obligations guaranteed by, the United States or State of Texas or their agencies; federally insured certificates of deposit issued by Texas banks or savings and loans; and fully collateralized direct repurchase agreements secured by United States Government agency securities and placed through a primary government securities dealer.

The Trust Company was incorporated by the State Treasurer by authority of the Texas Legislature as a special purpose trust company with direct access to the services of the Federal Reserve Bank to manage, disburse, transfer, safekeep, and invest public funds and securities more efficiently and economically. The State Comptroller of Public Accounts exercises oversight responsibility over TexPool. Oversight includes the ability to significantly influence operations, designation of management, and accountability for fiscal matters. TexPool operates in a manner consistent with the Security and Exchange Commission's Rule 2a7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940. TexPool uses amortized cost rather than market value to report net assets to compute share prices. The fair value of the position in TexPool is the same as the value of TexPool shares. Accordingly, the City's investments in TexPool are stated at cost, which approximates fair value. TexPool is currently rated AAAm by Standard and Poor's. This rating indicates excellent safety and a superior capacity to maintain principal value and limit exposure to loss.

September 30, 2010

NOTE C - CASH AND INVESTMENTS - Continued

TEXAS Term is a local government investment pool created under the Interlocal Cooperation Act specifically tailored to meet Texas state and local government investment objectives of preservation of principal, daily liquidity and competitive yield. The fund is rated AAAf by Standard and Poor's and maintains a maturity of 60 days to one year. The fund seeks to maintain a constant dollar objective and fulfills all requirements of the Texas Public Funds Investment Act for local government investment pools.

Concentration of Credit Risk

The TexPool and Texas Term risk pools holdings at September 30, 2010 represents 28% of the total portfolio, and Certificates of Deposit holds the remaining 72%. The investment policy is silent in the concentration of holding in the various types of securities and investments.

NOTE D - PROPERTY TAXES

The assessed value for the tax roll as of January 1, 2009 upon which the 2009 levy was based, was \$2,485,982,741. State statutes require that all assessments be made on one hundred percent (100%) of fair market value.

Property tax revenues are recognized when they become available. Available includes those property tax receivables expected to be collected within sixty days after year end.

Property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property as of January 1. Property taxes are levied as of October 1. The county appraisal district certifies the tax roll by July 25th. This tax roll is used by the City to adopt a tax rate by September 1st or soon thereafter. The tax bills are mailed on October 1st or soon thereafter and are due and payable upon receipt. The billings become delinquent as of February 1 of the following calendar year and penalties and interest may be assessed by the City.

Taxes receivable in the General Fund includes uncollected tax levies since 1979. All real property taxes receivable less than twenty years old are considered collectible. All personal property taxes receivable less than ten years old are considered collectible. All revenues were deferred at the time the levies were recorded. The Texas Legislature enacted a provision during the 1992 legislative session which requires all liens attached to properties because of delinquent taxes to be removed after twenty years. Also, liens attached to personal property for delinquent taxes are required to be removed after ten years. This legislation became effective August 27, 1992.

The City is permitted by the Municipal Finance Law of Texas to levy taxes up to \$1.50 per \$100 of assessed valuation for general governmental services other than the payment of principal and interest on long-term debt and in unlimited amounts for the payment of principal and interest on long-term debt. The combined tax rate to finance general governmental service and the payment of principal and interest on long-term debt for the year ended September 30, 2010, was \$.24561 per \$100.

The City Charter provides for taxes to become due on October 1st of the year of levy and shall be paid by January 31st of the following year. Liens for unpaid taxes go into effect on July 1st as the taxes become delinquent. Current tax collections for the year ended September 30, 2010, were 95.6 percent of the tax levy.

September 30, 2010

NOTE E - RECEIVABLES

Receivables at September 30, 2010, consist of the following:

	Primary Government					
					Other	
		Hotel/Motel	Convention	Beach	Governmental	
	General	Tax	Center	Nourishment	Funds	Total
Receivables						
Taxes	\$484,964	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 60,421	\$ 545,385
Accounts	47,351	229,682	<u>117,417</u>	20,929	12,190	427,569
Gross receivables	532,315	229,682	117,417	20,929	72,611	972,954
Less allowance for uncollectibles	(24,248)	-		-	(3,021)	(27,269)
Net total receivables	\$ <u>508,067</u>	\$ <u>229,682</u>	\$ <u>117,417</u>	\$ <u>20,929</u>	\$ <u>69,590</u>	\$ <u>945,685</u>

NOTE F - DUE FROM OTHER GOVERNMENTS

Due from other governments at September 30, 2010 consist of the following:

	Primary Government						
	Other						
			Component				
	General	Transportation	Maintenance	Funds	Total	Unit	
Texas State Comptroller – sales taxes	\$197,265	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 197,265	\$ 67,901	
Texas State Comptroller – occupancy taxes	-	-	320,166	-	320,166	-	
State of Texas – Department of Transportation	-	204,166	-	-	204,166	-	
City of Brownsville	-	-		16,970	16,970		
Net total receivables	\$ <u>197,265</u>	\$ <u>204,166</u>	\$ <u>320,166</u>	\$ <u>16,970</u>	\$ <u>738,567</u>	\$ <u>67,901</u>	

NOTE G - CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended September 30, 2010 is as follows:

Governmental Activities

Governmental Activities					
	Beginning Balance				Ending Balance
	October 1, 2009	Additions	Transfers	Retirements	September 30, 2010
Capital assets, not being depreciated:					<u></u>
Land	\$ 1,497,793	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,497,793
Construction in progress	-	-	-	-	-
1 0	1,497,793	-	_	-	1,497,793
Capital assets, being depreciated:					
Buildings	23,440,915	91,117	1,265,252	(150,255)	24,647,029
Improvements	1,148,386	150,441	2,797,246	(5,500)	4,090,573
Furniture and equipment	7,900,989	633,580	(712,551)	(2,230,456)	5,591,562
Infrastructure	9,755,779	31,682	(2,836,710)	<u> </u>	6,950,751
	42,246,069	906,820	513,237	(2,386,211)	41,279,915
Less accumulated depreciation for:					
Buildings	(7,722,723)	(1,351,133)	(777,983)	73,621	(9,778,218)
Improvements	(929,530)	(231,445)	(612,238)	95,825	(1,677,388)
Furniture and equipment	(4,990,027)	(725, 196)	445,540	2,153,225	(3,116,458)
Infrastructure	<u>(4,829,303)</u>	(248,337)	426,444		<u>(4,651,196)</u>
Total accumulated depreciation	(<u>18,471,583</u>)	(2,556,111)	(518,237)	2,322,671	(19,223,260)
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	23,774,486	(1,649,291)	(5,000)	(63,540)	22,056,655
Governmental activities, capital assets, net	\$25,272,279	\$(1,649,291)	\$(5,000)	\$_(63,540)	\$23,554,448

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

September 30, 2010

NOTE G - CAPITAL ASSETS - Continued

Depreciation is provided in the funds in amounts sufficient to relate the cost of the depreciable assets to operations over their estimated service lives on the straight-line basis. The service lives by type of asset are as follows:

Buildings and improvements	10-40 years
Equipment	5-15 years
Infrastructure	15-40 years
Vehicles	3 - 7 years

Depreciation was charged to government functions as follows:

General government	\$ 401,882
Public safety	196,752
Public works	659,505
Community service	1,181,199
Transportation	_116,773
Total depreciation - governmental activities	\$ <u>2,556,111</u>

Component Unit:

Activity for Economic Development Corporation is as follows:

	Beginning Balance October 1, 2009	Additions	Transfers	Retirements	Ending Balance September 30, 2010
Capital assets, not being depreciated		·		·	
Land	\$ 657,236	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 657,236
Construction in progress	_				
	657,236	-	-	-	657,236
Capital assets, being depreciated					
Buildings	6,374,588	194,427	-	-	6,569,015
Furniture and equipment	18,304		5,000		23,304
	6,397,892	194,427	-	-	6,592,319
Less accumulated depreciation					
Buildings	(181,262)	(132,007)	-	-	(313,269)
Furniture and equipment	<u>(16,996</u>)	(6,285)			(23,281)
Total accumulated depreciation	(198,258)	(138,292)	-	-	(336,550)
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	<u>6,199,634</u>	56,135	5,000		6,255,769
Total capital assets	\$ <u>6,856,870</u>	\$ <u>56,135</u>	\$ <u>5,000</u>	\$ <u> </u>	\$ <u>6,913,005</u>

NOTE H - DEFERRED REVENUE

Governmental funds report *deferred revenue* in connection with receivables for revenues that are not considered to be available to liquidate liabilities of the current period. Governmental funds defer revenue recognition in connection with resources that have been received, but not yet earned. At the end of the current fiscal year, the various components of deferred revenue and unearned revenue reported in the fund financial statements were as follows:

	20	2010		9
	<u>Unavailable</u>	Unearned	Unavailable	Unearned
Governmental funds				
Delinquent property taxes receivable	\$442,850	\$ -	\$387,168	\$ -
Grants and other		40,231		65,918
Total deferred/unearned revenue for governmental funds	\$ <u>442,850</u>	\$ <u>40,231</u>	\$ <u>387,168</u>	\$ <u>65,918</u>

September 30, 2010

NOTE I - LONG-TERM DEBT

Primary Government

General Obligation Bonds

The City issues general obligation bonds and certificates of obligation to provide funds for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities. Certificates of obligation have been issued for general government activities.

General obligation bonds and certificates of obligation are direct obligations and pledge the full faith and credit of the City. These bonds and certificates generally are issued as 25-year serial bonds, with varying amounts of principal maturing each year. General obligation bonds and certificates of obligation currently outstanding are as follows:

1. Bonds

	Beginning Balance 10-1-09	Additions	Reductions	Ending Balance 9-30-10	Due In One Year
General Government:					
2002 Series, Combination					
Tax and Revenue Refunding					
Bonds	\$785,000	\$ -	\$ (785,000)	\$ -	\$ -
2005 Series, General Obligation					
Bonds	4,255,000	-	(190,000)	4,065,000	610,000
2006 Series, Tax Anticipation Notes	975,000	-	(230,000)	745,000	240,000
2009 Series, General Obligation					
Refunding Bonds		830,000	_	830,000	245,000
Total Bonds	\$ <u>6,015,000</u>	\$ <u>830,000</u>	\$ <u>(1,205,000</u>)	\$ <u>5,640,000</u>	\$ <u>1,095,000</u>

The annual debt service requirements to maturity for bonds are as follows:

						Total	<u></u>
Year Ending	General Ob	ligation Bonds	Tax Anticipa	tion Notes			Principal
September 30,	<u>Principal</u>	Interest	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	and Interest
2011	\$ 610,000	\$ 190,937	\$240,000	\$ 25,625	\$850,000	\$ 216,562	\$1,066,562
2012	625,000	169,330	245,000	15,683	870,000	185,013	1,055,013
2013	215,000	153,811	260,000	5,330	475,000	159,141	634,141
2014	225,000	143,911	-	-	225,000	143,911	368,911
2015	235,000	133,561	-	-	235,000	133,561	368,561
2016-2020	1,335,000	511,869	-	-	1,335,000	511,869	1,846,869
2021-2025	1,650,000	195,459			1,650,000	195,459	<u>1,845,459</u>
	\$ <u>4,895,000</u>	\$ <u>1,498,878</u>	\$ <u>745,000</u>	\$ <u>46,638</u>	\$5,640,000	\$ <u>1,545,516</u>	\$ <u>7,185,516</u>

Component Unit

2. Revenue Bond

	Beginning			Ending	
	Balance			Balance	Amount
	October 1,			September 30,	Due In
	2009	Additions	Reductions	2010	One Year
2007 Series, Sales Tax Bond	\$ <u>5,120,000</u>	\$ <u> </u>	\$ <u>(100,000</u>)	\$ <u>5,020,000</u>	\$ <u>125,000</u>
Total revenue bond	\$ <u>5,120,000</u>	\$ <u> </u>	\$ <u>(100,000)</u>	\$ <u>5,020,000</u>	\$ <u>125,000</u>

September 30, 2010

NOTE I - LONG-TERM DEBT - Continued

The annual debt service requirements to maturity for revenue bonds are as follows:

Year Ending			
September 30,	<u>Principal</u>	Interest	Total
2011	\$ 125,000	\$ 216,643	\$ 341,643
2012	145,000	210,743	355,743
2013	165,000	203,970	368,970
2014	190,000	196,213	386,213
2015	210,000	187,473	397,473
2016-2020	1,315,000	777,314	2,092,314
2021-2025	1,670,000	451,421	2,121,421
2026-2030	<u>1,200,000</u>	80,408	1,280,408
	\$5,020,000	\$2,324,185	\$7.344.185

Primary Government

The 1993 Series Combination Tax and Revenue Refunding Bonds were issued in August 1993 in order to refund a portion of the 1990 Series Certificates of Obligation. The bonds are collateralized by the net hotel tax revenues and Convention Centre revenues and from ad valorem taxes and will be repaid over a seventeen year period which began March 1, 1994. The bonds carry interest rates ranging from 3.0% to 5.5% with interest payment dates of March 1 and September 1. These bonds were defeased in December 2002 as discussed herein.

As discussed below, the City defeased \$4,705,000 in Series 1993 Combination Tax and Revenue Refunding Bonds during December 2002 by creating a separate irrevocable trust fund. New debt was issued and the proceeds were used to purchase U. S. Governmental securities that were placed in the trust fund. The investments and fixed earnings from the investments were sufficient to fully service the defeased debt upon its first call date, of March 2003. For financial reporting purposes, the debt has been considered defeased and, therefore, removed as a liability from the City's long-term debt. This advance refunding was undertaken to reduce total debt service payments. This transaction resulted in an economic gain of \$200,362 and a reduction in debt service payments of \$210,113. The balance outstanding of the refunded bonds was \$785,000 as of September 30, 2010.

On December 1, 2002 the City issued 2002 Series Combination Tax and Revenue Refunding Bonds in order to advance refund all of the 1993 Series Combination Tax and Revenue Refunding Bonds as discussed above. The bonds are collateralized by the net hotel tax revenue and Convention Centre revenues and from ad valorem taxes and will be repaid over 7 years which began March 1, 2003. The bonds carry interest rates ranging from 3.0% to 4.625% with interest payment dates of March 1 and September 1.

On April 20, 2005, the City issued 2005 Series General Obligation Bonds in order to construct and equip a new City Hall Complex, which will consist of a new City Hall, improvements to and renovations of the existing fire department and public works facilities, and related parking and pay costs of issuance. The bonds are collateralized by the levy and collection of ad valorem taxes and will be repaid over 20 years beginning in 2006. The bonds carry interest rates ranging from 3.5% to 4.625% with interest payment dates of March 1 and September 1.

September 30, 2010

NOTE I - LONG-TERM DEBT - Continued

During August 2006, the City issued Series 2006 Tax Notes in order to supplement previously secured debt funding (2005 Series GO Bonds) to construct and equip a new City Hall Complex. The additional funding is necessary as a result of significant increases in construction costs which exceeded the amount of funds on deposit from the previous bond issue. The Tax Notes are collateralized by the full faith and credit of the government, and carry a term of seven years, maturing March 1, 2013. Principal is due annually, and interest payments at the rate of 4.10% are due March 1 and September 1. The debt covenants require an interest and sinking fund wherein the ad valorem taxes levied sufficient to provide for the payment of the interest on and principal of the notes will be deposited.

On December 16, 2009 the City issued General Obligation Refunding Bonds, Series 2009 in order to advance refund all of the 2002 Series, Combination Tax and Revenue Refunding Bonds as discussed above. The bonds are collateralized by the levy and collection of ad valorem taxes and will be repaid over 2 years which will begin on March 1, 2011. The bonds carry an interest rate of 2.89% with interest payment dates of March 1 and September 1.

The City does not have a legal debt limit mandated by law.

Changes in Long-term Liabilities for Governmental Activities

During the year ended September 30, 2010, the following changes occurred in liabilities reported as non-current liabilities.

					Amount
					Due
	October 1,			September 30,	Within
	2009	Additions	Reductions	2010	One Year
Compensated Absences*	\$ 791,940	\$ 424,573	\$ (408,947)	\$ 807,566	\$ 357,094
General Obligation Bonds Payable	6,015,000	830,000	(1,205,000)	5,640,000	1,095,000
Net pension obligation	71,857	25,187	_	97,044	
T . 11	Φ.C. 0.7.0. 7.0.7	Ф 1 27 0 7 60	Φ(1, 612, 047)	ΦC 544 C10	Ф1 4 53 004
Total long-term debt	\$ <u>6,878,797</u>	\$ <u>1,279,760</u>	\$(<u>1,613,947</u>)	\$ <u>6,544,610</u>	\$ <u>1,452,094</u>

^{*}Compensated absences are generally liquidated by the General Fund.

Component Unit

During July 2007, the Economic Development Corporation ("EDC") issued Sales Tax Revenue Bond Series 2007 for the purpose of paying the costs of the acquisition and construction of land, buildings, equipment, facilities and improvements relating to a birding and nature center as a public facility, funding a debt service reserve fund and paying the costs of issuance. The bonds are collateralized by the full faith and credit of the EDC and carry a term of 20 years, maturing September 30, 2028. The debt covenants require a debt service reserve fund sufficient to provide for the final principal and interest payment. The bonds carry an interest rate of 4.37% with interest payments due in March and September.

1 mount

Changes in Long-term Liabilities for Component Units

					Amount
					Due
	October 1,			September 30,	Within
	2009	Additions	Reductions	2010	One Year
2007 Series, Sales Tax Bond	\$5,120,000	\$ -	\$ (100,000)	\$5,020,000	\$ 125,000
Net pension obligation	1,192	425	-	<u>1,617</u>	
Total long-term debt	\$ <u>5,121,192</u>	\$ <u>425</u>	\$ <u>(100,000</u>)	\$ <u>5,021,617</u>	\$ <u>125,000</u>

NOTE J - INTERFUND ASSETS/LIABILITIES

Due to/from other funds:

	Receivable Fund
Payable Fund 30 Transportation Grant 32 Criminal Justice Grant	General \$ 150,654 19,971
60 Beach Maintenance	150,499 \$ <u>321,124</u>
Due to/from primary government/component unit	
	Receivable Fund
Payable Fund	Birding Center Construction
General Fund	\$ 13,070

The to/from other funds primarily represent temporary short-term borrowings for working capital, which are intended to be satisfied soon after year end.

NOTE K - TRANSFERS

Transfers are used to 1) provide unrestricted revenues collected in the general fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds, and 2) move revenues from the fund that the budget requires to collect them to the fund that the budget requires to expend them.

			Transfer	in Funds			
			Long				
		Transportation	Range	Debt	Beach	Bay	
Transfer Out Funds	General	Grant	<u>Planning</u>	Service	Access	Access	Total
General	\$ -	\$ -	\$162,200	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 292,200
Hotel/Motel	-	50,000	-	-	-	-	50,000
Convention Center	-	-	-	808,150	-	-	808,150
Street Improvement	25,000	-	-	-	-	-	25,000
Beach Maintenance	262,329				150,000		412,329
	\$ <u>287,329</u>	\$ <u>50,000</u>	\$ <u>162,200</u>	\$ <u>808,150</u>	\$ <u>150,000</u>	\$ <u>130,000</u>	\$ <u>1,587,679</u>

Transfer between Component Units

September 30, 2010

NOTE L - COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

1. Litigation

The City is party to various legal proceedings generally incidental to its operations. Although the ultimate disposition of these proceedings in not presently determinable in the opinion of the City Attorney, the resolution of these matters will not have a material adverse effect on the financial condition of the City.

2. Grant Programs

The City and component unit participates in a number of grant programs funded by State and Federal Agencies. These programs are subject to compliance audits by the grantor agencies or their representatives.

NOTE M - RISK MANAGEMENT

The City is exposed to various uncertainties for losses related to intentional and unintentional torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of real and personal property; errors-and-omissions; catastrophes, and medical claims by employees; job-related illnesses and injuries and pollution claims for which the City carries commercial insurance coverage. There has been no significant reductions in insurance coverage from the previous year. No negotiated settlements or jury awards have exceeded policy limits in any of the past three years. The City is a member of an intergovernmental risk pool.

The risk pool is an interlocal non-assessable agency with present unreserved resources in excess of \$300,000,000 (as of September 30, 2009, the most recently audited financial statements completed for the risk pool). Reinsurance is provided by several A and A++ rated companies in amounts ranging from \$10,000,000 to \$100,000,000 depending on type of insurance coverage. City management is not aware of any pending or alleged claims that could exceed the policy limits of the present insurance coverage.

NOTE N - PENSION PLAN

Plan Description

The City provides pension benefits for all of its eligible employees through a non-traditional, joint contributory, hybrid defined benefit plan in the state-wide Texas Municipal Retirement System (TMRS), an agent multiple-employer public employee retirement system. The plan provisions that have been adopted by the City are within the options available in the governing state statutes of TMRS.

September 30, 2010

NOTE N - PENSION PLAN - Continued

TMRS issues a publicly available comprehensive annual financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information (RSI) for TMRS; the report also provides detailed explanations of the contributions, benefits and actuarial methods and assumptions used by the System. This report may be obtained by writing to TMRS, P. O Box 149153, Austin, Texas 78714-9153 or by calling 800-924-8677; in addition, the report is available on TMRS' website at www.TMRS.com.

The plan provisions are adopted by the governing body of the City, within the options available in the state statutes governing TMRS. Plan provisions for the City were as follows:

	<u>Plan Year 2009</u>	Plan Year 2010
Employee deposit rate	7.0%	7.0%
Matching ratio (City to employee)	2 to 1	2 to 1
Years required for vesting	5	5
Service retirement eligibility (expressed as age/		
years of service)	60/5,0/20	60/5,0/20
Updated service credit	100% repeating transfers	100% repeating transfers
Annuity increase (to retirees)	70% of CPI	70% of CPI

Contributions

Under the state law governing TMRS, the contribution rate for the City is determined annually by the actuary, using the Projected Unit Credit actuarial cost method. This rate consists of the normal cost contribution rate and the prior service cost contribution rate, which is calculated to be a level percent of payroll from year to year. The normal cost contribution rate finances the portion of an active member's projected benefit allocated annually; the prior service contribution rate amortizes the unfunded (overfunded) actuarial liability (asset) over the applicable period for the City. Both the normal cost and prior service contribution rates include recognition of the projected impact of annually repeating benefits, such as Updated Service Credits and Annuity Increases.

The City contributes to the TMRS Plan at an actuarially determined rate. Both the employees and the City make contributions monthly. Since the City needs to know its contribution rate in advance for budgetary purposes, there is a one-year delay between the actuarial valuation that serves as the basis for the rate and the calendar year when the rate goes into effect. The annual pension cost and net pension obligation/(asset) are as follows:

	Primary	Component
	Government	<u>Unit</u>
Annual Required Contribution (ARC)	\$781,911	\$ 12,917
Interest on net pension obligation	-	-
Adjustment to the ARC		
Annual Pension Cost (APC)	781,911	12,917
Contributions made	<u>(756,724</u>)	<u>(12,492</u>)
Increase (decrease) in net pension obligation	25,187	425
Net pension obligation/(asset), beginning of year	71,857	1,192
Net pension obligation/(asset), end of year	\$ <u>97,044</u>	\$ <u>1,617</u>

NOTE N - PENSION PLAN - Continued

Three year trend information is as follows:

Cite? A nevel Presion Cost (ABC)	Primary <u>Government</u>	Component Unit
City's Annual Pension Cost (APC) 2008 2009 2010	\$639,840 684,789 781,911	\$ 10,820 11,583 12,917
Percentage of APC Contributed 2008 2009 2010	100% 90% 97%	100% 90% 97%
Net Pension Obligation 2008 2009 2010	25,187 97,044	425 1,617

The required contribution rates for fiscal year 2010 were determined as part of the December 31, 2007 and 2008 actuarial valuations. Additional information as of the latest actuarial valuation, December 31, 2009, also follows:

Valuation Date	12/31/2007	12/31/2008	12/31/2009
		Projected	Projected
Actuarial Cost Method	Unit Credit	Unit Credit	Unit Credit
Amortization Method	Level Percent of Payroll	Level Percent of Payroll	Level Percent of Payroll
Remaining Amortization Period	30 years; closed period	29 years; closed period	28 years; closed period
Asset Valuation Method	Amortized Cost	Amortized Cost	10yr Smoothed Market
Actuarial Assumptions:			

Investment rate of return*	7.0%	7.5%	7.5%
Projected salary increases*	Varies by age and service	Varies by age and service	Varies by age and service
*Includes Inflation at	3.00%	3.00%	3.00%
Cost-of-Living Adjustments	2.10%	2.10%	2.10%

The funded status as of December 31, 2009, the most recent actuarial valuation date, is as follows:

Actuarial <u>Valuation Date</u>	Actuarial Value of Assets (1)	Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL) (2)	Funded Ratio (3)	Unfunded AAL (UAAL) (4)	Covered Payroll (5)	UAAL as a Percentage of Covered Payroll (6)
			(1)/(2)	(2)-(1)		(4)/(5)
12/31/2009	\$ <u>11,621,877</u>	\$ <u>14,279,003</u>	81.4%	\$ <u>(2,657,126)</u>	\$ <u>6,483,656</u>	(41.0%)

The schedule of funding progress, presented as Required Supplementary Information following the notes to the financial statements, presents multi-year trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liability of benefits.

September 30, 2010

NOTE O - OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

Plan Description

The City also participates in the cost sharing multiple-employer benefit group-term life insurance plan operated by the Texas Municipal Retirement System (TMRS) known as the Supplemental Death Benefits Fund (SDBF). The City elected, by ordinance, to provide group-term life insurance coverage to both current and retired employees. The City may terminate coverage under and discontinue participation in the SDBF by adopting an ordinance before November 1 of any year to be effective the following January 1.

Benefits

The death benefit for active employees provides a lump-sum payment approximately equal to the employee's annual salary (calculated based on the employee's actual earnings, for the 12-month period preceding the month of death); retired employees are insured for \$7,500; this coverage is an "other post-employment benefit," or OPEB.

Contributions

The City contributes to the SDBF at a contractually required rate as determined by an annual actuarial valuation. The rate is equal to the cost of providing one-year term life insurance. The funding policy for the SDBF program is to assure that adequate resources are available to meet all death benefit payments for the upcoming year; the intent is not to pre-fund retiree term life insurance during employees' entire careers.

The City's contributions to the TMRS SDBF for the years ended 2010, 2009 and 2008 were \$12,176, \$12,803 and \$10,145, respectively, which equaled the required contributions each year.

Schedule of Contribution Rates (RETIREE – only portion of the rate)

	Annual	Actual	
Plan/	Required	Contribution	Percentage
Calendar	Contribution	Made	of ARC
<u>Year</u>	(Rate)	(Rate)	Contributed
2006	0.21%	0.21%	100.0%
2007	0.20%	0.20%	100.0%
2008	0.19%	0.19%	100.0%
2009	0.20%	0.20%	100.0%
2010	0.19%	0.19%	100.0%

NOTE P - ADDITIONAL HOTEL/MOTEL OCCUPANCY TAX

Senate Bill No. 550 was passed which entitles certain small coastal municipalities to receive an additional 1% hotel/motel occupancy tax allocation from the State beginning September 1, 1999. Under this law, the money must be used to clean and maintain public beaches within the City. The City received \$619,232 as a result of this additional allocation and expended \$865,323 of it and reserved funds during the fiscal year ended September 30, 2010. The City accounts for this activity in the Beach Maintenance Fund. The balance of the unexpended funds at the beginning of the year, \$313,572, together with interest earned on these funds of \$695, is decreased by the current year expenditure amount being larger than current year revenue amount, leaving \$166,473 legally reserved in the fund equity portion of the balance sheet at year end.

CITY OF South Padre ISLAND, TEXAS

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

City of South Padre Island, Texas **Pension Plan (TMRS) Schedule of Funding Progress**September 30, 2010

Funding Progress - An analysis of funding progress for the entity as of September 30, 2010, follows.

						AAL (UAAL)
		Actuarial				as a
		Accrued	Overfunded			Percentage
Actuarial	Actuarial	Liability	(Unfunded)			of
Valuation	Value of	(AAL) -	AAL	Funded	Covered	Covered
Date	Assets	Unit Credit	(UAAL)	Ratio	Payroll	<u>Payroll</u>
12/31/00	\$4,329,488	\$3,988,713	\$ 340,775	108.5%	\$2,615,100	13.03%
12/31/01	4,963,975	4,914,601	49,374	101.0	3,004,274	1.64%
12/31/02	5,847,815	5,931,321	(83,506)	98.6	3,473,974	(2.40%)
12/31/03	6,706,656	7,041,472	(334,816)	95.2	3,645,911	(9.18%)
12/31/04	7,548,520	7,751,625	(203,105)	97.4	3,632,677	(5.59%)
12/31/05	8,454,007	8,728,488	(274,481)	96.9	4,265,760	(6.43%)
12/31/06	9,414,303	9,739,958	(325,655)	96.7	4,604,059	(7.07%)
12/31/07	9,493,921	11,001,566	(1,507,645)	86.3	4,748,977	(31.75%)
12/31/08	10,760,696	12,965,920	(2,205,224)	83.0	5,769,030	(38.23%)
12/31/09	11,621,877	14,279,003	(2,657,126)	81.4	6,483,656	(40.98%)

Town of South Padre Island, Texas

GENERAL FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

	Budget			Variance Final Budget Positive	
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)	
REVENUES	Originar	1 11141	1 Tettati	(Tregutive)	
Property taxes - including penalty and interest	\$ 5,456,033	\$5,456,033	\$ 5,370,434	\$ (85,599)	
Nonproperty taxes	3,070,000	3,070,000	2,804,425	(265,575)	
Fees and services	229,800	229,800	147,525	(82,275)	
Fines and forfeitures	225,000	225,000	365,065	140,065	
Licenses and permits	272,350	272,350	557,605	285,255	
Intergovernmental		30,000	2,478	(27,522)	
Miscellaneous and program revenues	175,700	184,450	199,563	15,113	
Total revenues	9,428,883	9,467,633	9,447,095	(20,538)	
EXPENDITURES					
Current					
General government					
City council	25,000	25,000	13,776	11,224	
City administration	709,775	718,600	641,551	77,049	
Finance	314,603	316,702	292,640	24,062	
Planning	163,222	799,947	546,450	253,497	
Information services	346,679	360,679	343,450	17,229	
Environmental health services	371,812	380,658	369,061	11,597	
General services	1,063,000	1,108,000	1,073,504	34,496	
Special projects	439,840	356,740	270,066	86,674	
Total general government	3,433,931	4,066,326	3,550,498	515,828	
Public safety					
Municipal court	211,042	208,863	166,227	42,636	
Police	2,352,959	2,352,172	2,380,396	(28,224)	
Fire	1,539,365	1,925,111	1,897,617	27,494	
Emergency management	5,600	5,600	6,099	(499)	
Total public safety	4,108,966	4,491,746	4,450,339	41,407	
Public works					
Building maintenance	179,801	190,551	169,930	20,621	
Inspections	236,234	236,234	222,919	13,315	
Fleet Management	308,271	341,271	318,183	23,088	
Public works	1,018,972	1,031,972	954,711	77,261	
Total public works	1,743,278	1,800,028	1,665,743	134,285	
Capital outlay	287,800	277,449	191,450	85,999	
Total expenditures	9,573,975	10,635,549	9,858,030	777,519	
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	(145,092)	(1,167,916)	(410,935)	756,981	

Town of South Padre Island, Texas

GENERAL FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL - CONTINUED

	Bud Original	get Final	Actual	Variance Final Budget Positive (Negative)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Sale of fixed asset Transfers in Transfers out Total other financing sources (uses)	\$ - 450,000 (253,200) 196,800	\$ - 475,000 (292,200) 182,800	\$ 79,650 287,329 (292,200) 74,779	\$ 79,650 (187,671) - (108,021)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$ 51,708	\$ (985,116)	(336,156)	\$ 648,960
Fund balance beginning			6,512,141	
Fund balance ending			\$ 6,175,985	

HOTEL/MOTEL TAX FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

	Budget			Variance Final Budget Positive	
	Original	Final	Final Actual		
REVENUES					
Nonproperty taxes	4,238,894	4,238,894	\$ 4,332,862	\$ 93,968	
Fees and services	50,000	50,000	16,088 396	(33,912)	
Miscellaneous and program revenues	4,288,894	4,288,894	4,349,346	396 60,452	
Total revenues	4,288,894	4,288,894	4,349,340	60,432	
EXPENDITURES					
Current					
Community service					
Visitors bureau	268,647	282,247	274,606	7,641	
Sales and marketing	3,036,341	2,660,141	2,694,619	(34,478)	
Events marketing	320,571	507,070	507,366	(296)	
Total community service	3,625,559	3,449,458	3,476,591	(27,133)	
Capital outlay	35,000	28,100	23,807	4,293	
Total expenditures	3,660,559	3,477,558	3,500,398	(22,840)	
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	628,335	811,336	848,948	37,612	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers out	(50,000)	(50,000)	(50,000)		
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$ 578,335	\$ 761,336	798,948	\$ 37,612	
Fund balance beginning			(455,730)		
Fund balance ending			\$ 343,218		

CONVENTION CENTRE FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

	_			Variance Final Budget	
		Budget		Positive (Negative)	
REVENUES	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)	
Nonproperty taxes	991 107	881,107	\$ 905.884	¢ 24.777	
Convention center revenue	881,107 250,000	250,000	\$ 905,884 267,792	\$ 24,777 17,792	
Miscellaneous and program revenues	230,000	230,000	17,745	17,792	
Total revenues	1,131,107	1,131,107	1,191,421	60,314	
Total revenues	1,131,107	1,131,107	1,191,421	00,314	
EXPENDITURES					
Current					
Community service					
Convention centre	1,173,382	1,197,626	1,176,782	20,844	
Total community service	1,173,382	1,197,626	1,176,782	20,844	
Debt service					
Interest	40,000	36,000	35,939	61	
Capital outlay	35,000	215,856	193,636	22,220	
Total expenditures	1,248,382	1,449,482	1,406,357	43,125	
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES					
OVER EXPENDITURES	(117,275)	(318,375)	(214,936)	103,439	
	(', ', ',	(,)	9	,	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	0.45,000	0.45,000		(15,000)	
Bond proceeds	845,000 (817,412)	845,000 (808,312)	830,000 (808,150)	(15,000) 162	
Transfers out	27,588	36,688	21,850	(14,838)	
Total other financing sources (uses)	27,388	30,088	21,630	(14,636)	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$ (89,687)	\$ (281,687)	(193,086)	\$ 103,601	
Fund balance beginning			1,900,187		
Fund balance ending			<u>\$ 1,707,101</u>		

BEACH NOURISHMENT FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

	Bu	dget		Variance Final Budget Positive
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)
REVENUES				
Nonproperty taxes	\$ 300,000	\$ 300,000	\$ 325,818	\$ 25,818
Intergovernmental	294,520	294,520	-	(294,520)
Miscellaneous and program revenues	102,000	102,000	102,333	333
Total revenues	696,520	696,520	428,151	(268,369)
EXPENDITURES				
Current				
Community service	635,969	635,969	40,494	595,475
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$ 60,551	\$ 60,551	387,657	\$ 327,106
Fund balance beginning			1,096,891	
Fund balance ending			\$ 1,484,548	

City of South Padre Island, Texas NOTES TO THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Year Ended September 30, 2010

Stewardship, compliance, and accountability

Budgetary information

The Board adopts an "appropriated budget" on a basis consistent with GAAP for the general fund, certain special revenue funds and the debt service fund. The City is required to present the original and the final amended budgets for revenues and expenditures compared to actual revenues and expenditures for the general fund and major special revenue funds at the functional level of detail, as included herein.

In establishing budgetary data reflected in the financial statements, the City follows these procedures:

- a. The City Manager establishes the amount of estimated revenues and other resources available for appropriation for the succeeding budget year.
- b. The City Manager submits to the City Council a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following October 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures by fund, function and activity and the means of financing them.
- c. Public hearings and workshops (including department heads) are conducted at the City Hall to obtain taxpayer and elected officials' comments.
- d. Prior to October 1, the budget is legally adopted by the City Council.
- e. Revisions that alter budgets at the department level within a fund must be approved by the City Council. The Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Budget and Actual all Governmental Fund Types reflect these revisions. Actual expenditures and operating transfers may not legally exceed budget appropriations at the individual fund level.
- f. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for the General, certain Special Revenue and Debt Service Funds.
- g. Annual appropriated budgets are adopted for the General, certain Special Revenue and Debt Service Funds. All annual appropriations lapse at year-end to the extent they have not been expended or encumbered.

Before October 1, the proposed budget is presented to the City Council for review. The City Council holds public hearings and may add to, subtract from or change appropriations, but may not change the form of the budget. Any changes in the budget must be within the revenues and reserves estimated as available by the City Manager or the revenue estimates must be changed by an affirmative vote of a majority of the City Council.

Expenditures may not legally exceed budgeted appropriations at the fund level. During the year, several supplementary appropriations were necessary.

(This page intentionally left blank)

CITY OF South Padre ISLAND, TEXAS

OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

(This page intentionally left blank)

NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUND STATEMENTS AND SCHEDULES

Special revenue fund: **Municipal Court Technology Fund** was established to account for monies collected on traffic fines. \$4.00 is collected on each ticket and is used specifically for technology improvements in the Municipal Court.

Special revenue fund: **Municipal Court Security Fund** was established to account for monies collected on traffic fines. \$3.00 is collected on each ticket and is used specifically for security needs in the Municipal Court.

Special revenue fund: **Transportation Grant Fund** was established to account for the State and Federal grant awarded to the City to operate the Wave transportation system.

Special revenue fund: Criminal Justice Fund is used to account for miscellaneous grant revenues that are received.

Special revenue fund: Pirate Days Fund was used to account for the South Padre Island 35th Anniversary Celebration.

Special revenue fund: **Capital Replacement Fund** was established to account for capital acquisitions needed which include fleet for police, fire, and public works.

Special revenue fund: Street Improvement Fund is used to account for improvements on the streets of the City.

Capital project fund: Long Range Planning Fund was established to account for projects that affect the planning and growth of the City including the City's comprehensive plan.

Capital project fund: Municipal Complex Fund is used to account for the bond proceeds received to fund the expenditures associated with the construction of the City's new City Hall.

Capital project fund: **Beach Maintenance Fund** is used to clean and maintain the beach. The State of Texas sends the City 1% of the hotel motel tax collected by the State for these efforts.

Capital project fund: **Bay Access Fund** was established to account for projects to improve access to the Laguna Madre Bay.

Capital project fund: Beach Access Fund is used to account for projects to improve access to the beaches of the City.

The **Debt Service Fund** is used to account for the accumulation of resources for the payment of long-term debt principal and interest and related costs. An ad valorem tax rate and tax levy is required to be computed and levied, which will be sufficient to produce the money required to pay principal and interest as it comes due. A transfer from the Convention Centre fund is also made to support the debt for the Convention Centre.

City of South Padre Island, Texas NON MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEETS September 30, 2010

	Special Revenue Funds						
ASSETS	Municipal Court Technology Fund	Municipal Court Security Fund	Transportation Grant Fund	Criminal Justice Grant	Hurricane Recovery Fund	Pirate Days Fund	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 22,294	\$ 25,366	\$ 50,160	\$ 3,761	\$ 246,781	\$ -	
Receivables (net of allowance)	Ψ 22,274	\$ 25,500	\$ 50,100	\$ 5,701	3 240,761	Ψ -	
Taxes		-	_	_			
Accounts	-	-	10,000	-	-	-	
	-	-	204,166	16,970	-	-	
Due from other governments Prepaid items	-	-	204,166 579	10,970	-	-	
repaid items							
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 22,294	\$ 25,366	\$ 264,905	\$ 20,731	\$ 246,781	\$ -	
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE							
Due to other funds	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 150,654	\$ 19,971	\$ -	\$ -	
Other liabilities	-	-	5,286	-	-	-	
Deferred revenues				317			
TOTAL LIABILITIES	-	-	155,940	20,288	-	-	
Fund balance							
Unreserved, undesignated	22,294	25,366	108,386	443	246,781	-	
Reserved for beach maintenance	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Reserved for prepaid expenditures	-	-	579	-	-	-	
Reserved for debt service							
	22,294	25,366	108,965	443	246,781		
TOTAL LIABILITIES							
AND FUND BALANCE	\$ 22,294	\$ 25,366	\$ 264,905	\$ 20,731	\$ 246,781	\$ -	

	Special Re	venue Funds		(Capital Projects Fur	nds				
Rep	Capital lacement Fund	Street Improvement Fund	Long Range Planning Fund	Municipal Complex Fund	Beach Maintenance Fund	Bay Access Fund	Beach Access Fund	Total	Debt Service	Total Non Major Governmental Funds
\$	1,019	\$ 251,347	\$ 24,676	\$ 27,775	\$ 644	\$ 116,619	\$ 37,732	\$ 808,174	\$ 397,978	\$ 1,206,152
	- - -	- - - -	- - -	- - - -	320,166	- - - -	- - - -	10,000 541,302 579	57,400 2,190 -	57,400 12,190 541,302 579
\$	1,019	\$ 251,347	\$ 24,676	<u>\$ 27,775</u>	\$ 320,810	\$ 116,619	\$ 37,732	\$ 1,360,055	\$ 457,568	\$ 1,817,623
\$	- - - -	\$ - - -	\$ - - -	\$ - - -	\$ 150,499 3,838 	\$ - - -	\$ - - -	\$ 321,124 9,124 317 330,565	\$ - 43,317 43,317	\$ 321,124 9,124 43,634 373,882
	1,019	251,347 - - - 251,347	24,676	27,775 - - - 27,775	166,473 - 166,473	116,619 - - - - 116,619	37,732 - - - 37,732	862,438 166,473 579 - 1,029,490	43,317 - - - 414,251 414,251	862,438 166,473 579 414,251 1,443,741
\$	1,019	\$ 251,347	\$ 24,676	\$ 27,775	\$ 320,810	\$ 116,619	\$ 37,732	\$ 1,360,055	\$ 457,568	\$ 1,817,623

NON MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

STATEMENT OF REVENUE, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

			Special Reven	ue Funds		
	Municipal Court Technology Fund	Municipal Court Security Fund	Transportation Grant Fund	Criminal Justice Grant	Pirate Days Fund	
Revenues						
Property taxes	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Nonproperty taxes	-	-	-	-	-	-
Fees and services	- 0.254	-	-	-	-	-
Fines and forfeitures	8,354	6,265	-	-	-	-
Intergovernmental	-	-	837,844	65,220	-	-
Miscellaneous and program revenue	40	44	20,012	7	18,266	
Total revenues	8,394	6,309	857,856	65,227	18,266	-
Expenditures						
Current						
General government	-	-	-	-	89,974	83
Public safety	3,923	330	-	23,791	-	-
Public works	-	-	-	-	-	-
Transportation	-	-	782,525	-	-	-
Capital outlay	-	-	128,879	44,755	36,542	-
Debt service						
Principal	-	-	-	-	-	-
Interest	-					
Total expenditures	3,923	330	911,404	68,546	126,516	83
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) REVENUES						
OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	4,471	5,979	(53,548)	(3,319)	(108,250)	(83)
Other financing sources (uses)						
Sale of capital assets	-	-	5,700	-	-	-
Insurance Proceeds	-	-	-	-	16,510	-
Transfers in	-	-	50,000	-	-	-
Transfers (out)						
Total other financing sources (uses)			55,700		16,510	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	4,471	5,979	2,152	(3,319)	(91,740)	(83)
Fund balance, beginning of year	17,823	19,387	106,813	3,762	338,521	83
Fund balance, end of year	\$ 22,294	\$ 25,366	\$ 108,965	\$ 443	\$ 246,781	<u>\$ -</u>

	Special Rev	venue Funds		(Capital Projects Fur	nds				
Repl	apital acement	Street Improvement Fund	Long Range Planning Fund	Municipal Complex Fund	Beach Maintenance Fund	Bay Access Fund	Beach Access Fund	Total	Debt Service	Total Non Major Governmental Funds
\$	-	s -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 672,320	\$ 672,320
	-	-	-	-	619,232	-	-	619,232	-	619,232
	-	-	-	-	98,297	-	-	98,297	-	98,297
	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	14,619	-	14,619
	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	903,064	-	903,064
	1	748	112	19	695	64	61	40,069	1,490	41,559
	1	748	112	19	718,224	64	61	1,675,281	673,810	2,349,091
	_	-	161,123	_	_	_	_	251,180	_	251,180
	_	_	-	_	_	_	_	28,044	_	28,044
	-	81,704	_	_	347,698	62,195	1,304	492,901	_	492,901
	-	_	_	_	-	-	-	782,525	_	782,525
	-	31,682	-	-	105,296	-	150,773	497,927	-	497,927
	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,205,000	1,205,000
	-								239,673	239,673
		113,386	161,123		452,994	62,195	152,077	2,052,577	1,444,673	3,497,250
	1	(112,638)	(161,011)	19	265,230	(62,131)	(152,016) #	(377,296)	(770,863)	(1,148,159)
	_	-	-	_	-	-	-	5,700	-	5,700
	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	16,510	-	16,510
	-	-	162,200	-	-	130,000	150,000	492,200	808,150	1,300,350
		(25,000)			(412,329)			(437,329)		(437,329)
		(25,000)	162,200		(412,329)	130,000	150,000	77,081	808,150	885,231
	1	(137,638)	1,189	19	(147,099)	67,869	(2,016)	(300,215)	37,287	(262,928)
	1,018	388,985	23,487	27,756	313,572	48,750	39,748	1,329,705	376,964	1,706,669
\$	1,019	\$ 251,347	\$ 24,676	\$ 27,775	\$ 166,473	\$ 116,619	\$ 37,732	\$ 1,029,490	\$ 414,251	\$ 1,443,741

MUNICIPAL COURT TECHNOLOGY FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

	Buc	lget		Variance Final Budget Positive		
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)		
REVENUES			<u> </u>			
Fines and forfeitures	\$ 4,000	\$ 4,000	\$ 8,354	\$ 4,354		
Miscellaneous and program revenues	100	100	40	(60)		
Total revenues	4,100	4,100	8,394	4,294		
EXPENDITURES						
Current						
Municipal court	7,900	7,900	3,923	3,977		
Capital outlay						
Total expenditures	7,900	7,900	3,923	3,977		
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$ (3,800)	\$ (3,800)	4,471	\$ 8,271		
Fund balance beginning			17,823			
Fund balance ending			\$ 22,294			

MUNICIPAL COURT SECURITY FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

	D	1		Variance Final Budget
		dget		Positive
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)
REVENUES				
Fines and forfeitures	\$ 3,500	\$ 3,500	\$ 6,265	\$ 2,765
Miscellaneous and program revenues	100	100	44	(56)
Total revenues	3,600	3,600	6,309	2,709
EXPENDITURES				
Current				
Public safety	1,000	1,000	330	670
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$ 2,600	\$ 2,600	5,979	\$ 3,379
Fund halance hasinning			10 297	
Fund balance beginning			19,387	
Fund balance ending			\$ 25,366	

TRANSPORTATION GRANT

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

				Variance Final Budget
		dget		Positive
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)
REVENUES				
Intergovernmental	\$ 982,055	\$ 982,055	\$ 837,844	\$ (144,211)
Miscellaneous and program revenues	20,000	20,000	20,012	12
Total revenues	1,002,055	1,002,055	857,856	(144,199)
EXPENDITURES				
Current				
Transportation				
Transportation	714,153	765,187	782,525	(17,338)
Capital outlay	407,902	356,868	128,879	227,989
Total expenditures	1,122,055	1,122,055	911,404	210,651
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES				
OVER EXPENDITURES	(120,000)	(120,000)	(53,548)	66,452
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Sale of capital assets	-	-	5,700	5,700
Transfers in	50,000	50,000	50,000	
Total other financing sources (uses)	50,000	50,000	55,700	5,700
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$ (70,000)	\$ (70,000)	2,152	\$ 72,152
Fund balance beginning			106,813	
Fund balance ending			\$ 108,965	

STREET IMPROVEMENT FUND

${\bf SCHEDULE\ OF\ REVENUES,\ EXPENDITURES\ AND\ CHANGES}$

IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

	Bud	gat		Variance Final Budget Positive	
		Final	Antual		
REVENUES	Original	Finai	Actual	(Negative)	
	2.500	2.500	Φ 740	e (1.752)	
Miscellaneous and program revenues	2,500	2,500	\$ 748	\$ (1,752)	
EXPENDITURES					
Current					
Public works	-	267,923	81,704	186,219	
Capital outlay	_	-	31,682	(31,682)	
Total expenditures		267,923	113,386	154,537	
•					
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER					
EXPENDITURES	2,500	(265,423)	(112,638)	152,785	
	2,300	(203, 123)	(112,030)	132,703	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Transfers out	_	(25,000)	(25,000)	_	
114.101.01.0 04.0					
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$ 2,500	\$(290,423)	\$(137,638)	\$ 152,785	
					
Fund balance beginning			388,985		
Fund balance ending			\$ 251,347		
i und outunee chang			Ψ 231,371		

DEBT SERVICE FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

	Bud Original	lget Final	Actual	Variance Final Budget Positive (Negative)
REVENUES	Originar	Tillai	Hettai	(regative)
Property taxes	\$ 632,586	\$ 632,586	\$ 672,320	\$ 39,734
Miscellaneous and program revenues	1,000	1,000	1,490	490
Total revenues	633,586	633,586	673,810	40,224
EXPENDITURES				
Debt service				
Principal retirement	1,205,000	1,205,000	1,205,000	-
Interest	234,613	239,613	239,673	(60)
Total expenditures	1,439,613	1,444,613	1,444,673	(60)
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	(806,027)	(811,027)	(770,863)	40,164
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in	803,153	798,153	808,150	-
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$ (2,874)	\$ (12,874)	37,287	\$ 50,161
Fund balance beginning			376,964	
Fund balance ending			\$ 414,251	

COMPONENT UNIT

South Padre Island Economic Development Corporation (EDC): The five-member board of directors is appointed by the City Council. The EDC is authorized to administer the distribution of the proceeds of any development bonds issued and the proceeds of certain development sales taxes received on behalf of the City. The EDC's operational and capital budget must be approved by the City Council.

(This page intentionally left blank)

SOUTH PADRE ISLAND ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT CORPORATION DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNIT COMBINING BALANCE SHEET

September 30, 2010

ASSETS	De ^o	conomic velopment orporation neral Fund	Birding Center Instruction Fund		EDC bbt Service Reserve Fund	E Se	DC Debt rvice und	Co	Total omponent Unit
Cash	\$	29,296	\$ 41,474	\$	435,242	\$ 23	39,144	\$	745,156
Prepaid expenses		22,201	-		-		-		22,201
Due from other governments		67,901	-		-		-		67,901
Inventory		17,338	 <u>-</u>	_					17,338
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	136,736	\$ 41,474	\$	435,242	\$ 23	39 <u>,144</u>	\$	852,596
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE									
Liabilities									
Accounts payable	\$	10,543	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	10,543
Other liabilities		1,908	-		-		-		1,908
Due to primary government/comp unit			 13,070					_	13,070
Total liabilities		12,451	13,070		-		-		25,521
Fund balance									
Reserved for debt service		-	-		435,242	23	39,144		674,386
Unreserved		124,285	 28,404		-			_	152,689
		124,285	 28,404		435,242	23	39,144		827,075
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND									
FUND BALANCE	\$	136,736	\$ 41,474	\$	435,242	\$ 23	39,144	\$	852,596

City of South Padre Island, Texas SOUTH PADRE ISLAND ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT CORPORATION RECONCILIATION OF THE COMBINING BALANCE SHEET OF THE COMPONENT UNIT TO THE STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS

September 30, 2010

Fund balances of the component unit funds	\$	827,075
Amounts reported for <i>governmental type activities</i> in the statement of net assets are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental type activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.		6,918,005
Some liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due in the current period and therefore not reported in the funds.	(5,022,042)
Bond issue costs are expensed during the period incurred in the funds, but are amortized as an adjustment to interest expense in the statement of activities over the remaining life		
of the debt.		56,659
Liabilities for net pension obligations are not due in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds.		425
Net assets of governmental type activities	\$	2,780,122

City of South Padre Island, Texas SOUTH PADRE ISLAND ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT CORPORATION DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNIT

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE

	Economic Development Corporation General Fund	Birding Center Construction Fund	EDC Debt Service Reserve Fund	EDC Debt Service Fund	Total Component Unit
REVENUES				Φ.	
Sales taxes	\$ 594,251	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 594,251
Fees and services	219,693	-	-	-	219,693
Intergovernmental revenues	- 5.502	29,438	- 2 274	-	29,438
Miscellaneous and program revenues	5,503	220	2,374	217	8,314
Total revenues	819,447	29,658	2,374	217	851,696
EXPENDITURES					
Current					
Community service	536,726	-	-	-	536,726
Debt service	,				ŕ
Principal retirement	-	-	_	100,000	100,000
Interest expense	_	-	-	221,523	221,523
Capital outlay	-	194,427	-	-	194,427
Total expenditures	536,726	194,427		321,523	1,052,676
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES					
OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	282,721	(164,769)	2,374	(321,306)	(200,980)
OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	202,721	(104,709)	2,374	(321,300)	(200,980)
Other financing sources (uses)					
Contributed Capital	-	3,000	-	-	3,000
Transfers out	(344,374)	-	-	-	(344,374)
Transfers in				344,374	344,374
Total other financing sources (uses)	(344,374)	3,000		344,374	3,000
Net change in fund balances	(61,653)	(161,769)	2,374	23,068	(197,980)
Fund balance beginning	185,938	190,173	432,868	216,076	1,025,055
Fund balance ending	\$ 124,285	\$ 28,404	\$ 435,242	\$239,144	\$ 827,075

SOUTH PADRE ISLAND ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT CORPORATION RECONCILIATION OF THE COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE OF THE COMPONENT UNIT FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

Net change in fund balancestotal component unit funds	\$ (197,980)
Amounts reported for <i>governmental type activities</i> in the statement of activities	
Governmental type funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays (\$194,427) exceeded depreciation, (\$138,292) in the current period and the capital assets donated (\$5,000) by	
the primary government.	61,135
Bond issue costs reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental type funds.	(3,541)
The change in Net Pension Obligation during the year is reported as an increase or decrease to expenditures in the statement of activities but not in the governmental funds.	(425)
Repayment of bond principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net assets.	 100,000
Change in net assets of governmental activities	\$ (40,811)

CITY OF South Padre ISLAND, TEXAS

STATISTICAL SECTION

(This page intentionally left blank)

City of South Padre Island, Texas September 30, 2010

STATISTICAL SECTION

This part of the City of South Padre Island's comprehensive annual financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the government's overall financial health.

CONTENTS

Financial Trends Schedules 1-4

These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the government's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.

Revenue Capacity Schedules 5-9

These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the government's most significant local revenue sources, the property tax and the hotel-motel tax.

Debt Capacity Schedules 10-14

These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the government's current levels of outstanding debt and the government's ability to issue additional debt in the future.

Demographic and Economic Information

Schedules 15-16

These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the government's financial activities take place.

Operating Information Schedules 17-20

These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the government's financial report related to the services the government provides and the activities it performs.

Sources: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the comprehensive annual financial report for the relevant year.

(This page intentionally left blank)

City of South Padre Island, Texas **NET ASSETS BY COMPONENT**

Last Seven Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting)

Fiscal Year 2007 2004 2005 2006 2008 2009 2010 Governmental activities Invested in capital assets, net of related debt \$ 9,242,667 \$ 9,506,514 \$11,150,821 \$13,855,905 \$15,236,797 \$19,257,279 \$17,914,448 Restricted 1,320,614 1,535,329 1,000,669 1,072,262 1,023,575 10,454,635 11,440,132 9,324,732 9,779,765 Unrestricted 12,393,418 11,831,195 10,159,970 Total governmental activities net assets \$26,831,366 \$26,397,436 \$29,654,273 \$19,697,302 \$21,899,932 \$24,302,630 \$28,717,788

89

Note: The City of South Padre Island first applied GASB Statement No. 34 in fiscal year 2004; therefore, government-wide financial information for years prior to fiscal year 2004 is not available.

City of South Padre Island, Texas CHANGES IN NET ASSETS

Last Seven Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting)

				Fiscal Year			
	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010
Expenses							
Governmental activities:							
General government	\$ 1,820,340	\$ 2,290,443	\$ 2,077,020	\$ 3,412,111	\$ 3,668,745	\$ 3,680,425	\$ 4,244,372
Public safety	2,979,773	3,122,467	3,322,420	3,408,818	4,106,050	4,358,811	4,675,136
Public works	1,466,481	1,565,958	1,640,199	1,833,529	2,090,705	2,761,388	2,818,149
Transportation	330,647	336,807	438,652	474,087	1,129,802	647,664	899,298
Community service	3,650,369	6,223,221	5,331,206	4,621,231	6,852,646	6,992,455	5,875,066
Interest on long-term debt	171,308	20,700	336,307	383,137	340,220	295,920	278,571
Total primary governmental activities expenses	10,418,918	13,559,596	13,145,804	14,132,913	18,188,168	18,736,663	18,790,592
Program Revenues							
Governmental activities:							
Charges for services:							
General government	33,493	35,720	39,589	35,585	30,642	28,222	27,973
Public safety	495,914	430,254	265,699	295,561	219,209	410,295	424,681
Public works	314,149	465,949	838,069	399,519	529,974	280,498	639,148
Transportation	27,216	27,206	28,945	32,050	27,302	30,000	74,500
Community service	256,112	271,599	316,844	271,693	275,347	337,470	300,690
Operating grants and contributions	262,471	2,036,705	618,358	777,984	843,668	1,373,380	714,938
Capital grants and contributions	89,710	130,064	71,000	123,767	234,310	249,808	190,604
Total governmental activities program revenues	1,479,065	3,397,497	2,178,504	1,936,159	2,160,452	2,709,673	2,372,534
Net (Expense)/Revenue							
Total primary government net expense	(8,939,853)	(10,162,099)	(10,967,300)	(12,196,754)	(16,027,716)	(16,026,990)	(16,418,058)
General revenues							
Property taxes	3,126,830	3,732,956	4,165,498	4,780,512	5,483,386	6,089,968	6,098,437
Sales taxes	1,642,306	1,711,622	1,866,426	1,897,938	1,965,363	2,295,465	2,001,606
Franchise taxes	602,821	621,012	644,126	748,363	792,992	792,501	802,819
Hotel motel taxes	4,473,153	4,878,739	5,191,304	5,334,627	4,610,239	4,638,099	5,238,745
Hotel motel padre blvd. taxes	331,870	350,414	33,305	-	-	-	-
Hotel motel beach mtn. taxes	626,481	661,420	704,337	741,411	630,474	751,950	945,050
Unrestricted investment earnings	92,230	375,354	734,068	796,864	546,491	198,941	143,463
Sale of fixed assets	-	10,365	(5,767)	-	1,485,785	14,234	16,810
Insurance recoveries	-	-	-	-	-	4,401,118	16,510
Miscellaneous	10,718	22,847	36,701	425,776	79,056	101,551	218,133
Total general revenues	10,906,409	12,364,729	13,369,998	14,725,491	15,593,786	19,283,827	15,481,573
Changes in Net Assets							
Total governmental activities	\$ 1,966,556	\$ 2,202,630	\$ 2,402,698	\$ 2,528,737	\$ (433,930)	\$ 3,256,837	<u>\$ (936,485)</u>

Source: Statement of Activities

CIty of South Padre Island, Texas FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Last Ten Fiscal Years (modified accrual basis of accounting)

	<u>2001</u>	<u>2002</u>	2003	<u>2004</u>	<u>2005</u>	<u>2006</u>	2007	<u>2008</u>	<u>2009</u>	<u>2010</u>
General fund Reserved Unreserved	\$ 124,105 2,520,959	\$ 206,631 3,283,352	\$ 126,658 _3,241,689	\$ 481,152 3,454,047	\$ 448,862 4,250,065	\$ 35,721 4,329,297	\$ 54,073 _5,095,575	\$ 37,321 5,768,180	\$ 35,092 6,477,049	\$ 31,623 6,144,362
Total General fund	\$ 2,645,064	\$3,489,983	\$3,368,347	\$3,935,199	\$ 4,698,927	\$ 4,365,018	\$5,149,648	\$5,805,501	\$6,512,141	\$6,175,985
All Other Governmental Funds Reserved Unreserved, reported in:	\$ 711,187	\$1,153,404	\$1,134,956	\$ 485,622	\$ 427,649	\$ 577,625	\$ 568,453	\$ 766,366	\$ 729,340	\$ 696,464
Special revenue funds Capital projects funds	3,144,092 532,575	3,507,383 764,078	3,539,846 924,292	5,736,110 625,681	6,598,953 5,700,520	6,133,843 7,307,966	5,857,458 1,609,091	681,831 4,048,185	3,040,415 478,262	2,590,794 1,691,350
Total all other governmental funds	\$4,387,854	\$5,424,865	\$5,599,094	\$6,847,413	\$12,727,122	\$14,019,434	\$8,035,002	\$5,496,382	\$4,248,017	\$4,978,608

City of South Padre Island, Texas CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS Last Ten Fiscal Years

(modified accrual basis of accounting)

	2001	2002	2003	2004
REVENUES			_	_
Property taxes	\$2,144,755	\$2,373,906	\$2,622,048	\$3,126,553
Nonproperty taxes	6,871,130	7,136,979	6,996,138	7,676,631
Fees and services	341,174	273,336	326,843	273,285
Fines and forfeitures	404,229	490,373	499,703	454,340
Licenses and permits	255,371	351,697	292,731	316,180
Intergovernmental	966,728	1,025,363	3,113,629	434,464
Miscellaneous and program	386,984	173,923	146,666	103,745
Total revenues	11,370,371	11,825,577	13,997,758	12,385,198
EXPENDITURES				
General	1,187,929	1,199,137	1,470,151	1,788,195
Public safety	1,951,917	2,188,162	2,335,486	2,697,669
Public works	715,740	776,603	919,703	1,028,903
Transportation	279,857	700,312	271,787	292,721
Community service	3,765,124	3,219,760	6,152,517	3,136,498
Debt service				
Principal retirement	690,000	719,000	808,000	585,000
Interest	354,213	320,271	318,399	171,308
Administrative charges	· -	-	-	
Capital outlay	1,580,868	877,359	1,772,868	869,735
Total expenditures	10,525,648	10,000,604	14,048,911	10,570,029
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES				
OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	844,723	1,824,973	(51,153)	1,815,169
Other financing sources (uses)				
Sale of fixed assets	3,369	10,711	8,500	_
Bond proceeds	-	· -	112,854	_
Insurance Proceeds	-	-	· -	_
Transfers out	(2,102,567)	(1,734,839)	(1,749,908)	(1,648,535)
Transfers in	2,233,403	1,781,085	1,809,319	1,648,535
Total other financing sources and (uses)	134,205	56,957	180,765	-
Net change in fund balances	\$978,928	\$1,881,930	\$129,612	\$1,815,169
Debt service as a percentage				
of noncapital expenditures	11.67%	11.39%	9.18%	7.80%

City of South Padre Island, Texas CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS Last Ten Fiscal Years (modified accrual basis of accounting)

2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010
\$3,743,132	\$4,123,204	\$4,719,773	\$5,393,449	\$6,115,209	\$6,042,754
8,223,206	8,439,497	8,722,337	7,999,068	8,478,004	8,988,221
288,136	335,617	287,475	298,189	353,545	529,702
386,011	265,700	295,560	219,209	295,990	379,684
512,384	887,829	451,372	573,866	322,645	557,605
2,210,966	489,358	920,629	1,077,978	1,056,767	905,542
398,202	970,769	1,203,760	616,757	981,229	361,596
15,762,037	15,511,974	16,600,906	16,178,516	17,603,389	17,765,104
2,123,657	1,967,410	2,179,937	4,084,721	3,124,195	3,801,677
2,860,988	3,135,257	3,256,352	3,822,108	4,101,247	4,478,384
1,101,741	1,158,093	1,346,075	1,484,580	2,156,348	2,158,644
295,769	382,221	430,979	1,063,572	552,966	782,525
5,717,119	4,806,573	5,039,678	5,440,883	6,364,762	4,693,867
655,000	845,000	1,065,000	1,110,000	1,160,000	1,205,000
234,820	329,844	372,160	329,243	285,443	275,612
119,461	32,100	500	500	-	-
1,065,470	3,503,133	8,110,027	3,211,465	4,816,260	906,820
14,174,025	16,159,631	21,800,708	20,547,072	22,561,221	18,302,529
1,588,012	(647,657)	(5,199,802)	(4,368,556)	(4,957,832)	(537,425)
10,365	6,060	_	1,485,785	14,989	85,350
5,045,060	1,600,000	_	1,000,000	, -	830,000
, , , <u>-</u>	, , <u>-</u>	-	, , , <u>-</u>	4,401,118	16,510
(1,929,200)	(3,105,238)	(2,031,131)	(2,209,420)	(2,371,184)	(1,587,679)
1,929,200	3,105,238	2,031,131	2,209,420	2,371,184	1,587,679
5,055,425	1,606,060		2,485,785	4,416,107	931,860
\$6,643,437	\$958,403	(\$5,199,802)	(\$1,882,771)	(\$541,725)	\$394,435
7.70%	9.54%	10.50%	8.31%	8.15%	8.51%

City of South Padre Island, Texas ASSESSED VALUE AND ACTUAL VALUE OF TAXABLE PROPERTY Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal					Total
Year	Net Taxable Asse	essed Value	Less:	Total Taxable	Direct
Ended	Real	Personal	Exempt	Assessed	Tax
September 30,	Property	Property	Property	Value	Rate
2001	840,436,989	22,201,672	30,082,516	832,556,145	0.25811
2002	916,777,350	24,612,338	32,429,740	908,959,948	0.25811
2003	1,037,328,591	25,832,316	35,218,564	1,027,942,343	0.25811
2004	1,222,211,135	26,540,260	44,573,534	1,204,177,861	0.25811
2005	1,503,904,613	28,449,556	77,073,416	1,455,280,753	0.25811
2006	1,712,735,440	31,000,283	83,532,833	1,660,202,890	0.25311
2007	1,941,204,388	32,472,880	61,850,862	1,911,826,406	0.25311
2008	2,305,658,543	34,289,547	71,535,213	2,268,412,877	0.24561
2009	2,545,047,287	33,419,535	78,289,018	2,500,177,804	0.24561
2010	2,539,540,899	29,230,095	76,526,864	2,492,244,130	0.24561

Source: Cameron County Appraisal District

Note: Property in the town is reassessed each year. Property is assessed at actual value; therefore, the assessed values are equal to actual value. Tax rates are per \$100 of assessed value.

City of South Padre Island, Texas DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING PROPERTY TAX RATES

Last Ten Fiscal Years (rate per \$100 of assessed value)

Water Point South Town of South Padre Island Direct Rates Supply Isabel Texas Fiscal Maintenance & Debt District Southmost Total Cons. Cameron Texas ISD Period Operations Rate Service Direct No. 1 ISD County College 2001 0.246360 0.011750 0.258110 0.212260 1.30500 0.340536 0.131400 0.0392 2002 0.247360 0.010750 0.258110 0.187420 1.35612 0.340536 0.131400 0.0392 2003 1.35612 0.358191 0.0392 0.248640 0.009470 0.258110 0.139306 0.131400 2004 0.258110 0.000000 0.258110 0.139306 1.35612 0.358191 0.0392 0.131400 2005 0.258110 0.000000 0.258110 0.123807 1.35612 0.358191 0.1287820.0392 2006 0.230197 0.022913 0.253110 0.105800 1.35612 0.358191 0.1627720.0392 0.161089 2007 0.219598 0.033512 0.253110 0.080820 1.06163 0.343191 0.0492 2008 0.028800 0.245610 0.080820 1.06163 0.353191 0.0492 0.216810 0.161089 2009 0.218400 0.027210 0.245610 0.080820 1.061634 0.363191 0.161924 0.0492 2010 0.220310 0.025300 0.245610 0.080820 1.081634 0.364291 0.162423 0.0492

Note: Data presented is received from various government agencies.

Source: Cameron County Appraisal District.

City of South Padre Island, Texas **PRINCIPAL PROPERY TAXPAYERS**

Current Year and Ten Years Ago

		2010			2001	
Taxpayer	Taxable Assessed Valuation	Rank	Percentage of Total Assessed Valuation	Taxable Assessed Valuation	Rank	Percentage of Total Assessed Valuation
Sapphire VP LP	\$ 48,717,558	1	2.00%			
Los Corales Inc.	21,525,758	2	0.88%			
ICS Management Company	10,837,560	3	0.45%	4,768,213	4	0.61%
Peninsula Island Resort & Spa Llc	8,907,176	4	0.37%			
Rio Padre LLC	7,077,818	5	0.29%			
SPI La Copa Ltd	7,020,689	6	0.29%			
SPI Oleander Ltd	6,848,439	7	0.28%			
AEP Texas Central Co.	6,727,450	8	0.28%			
Bayside Capital LLC	6,686,247	9	0.27%			
Shores Development Inc.	6,598,081	10	0.27%	10,277,143	1	1.32%
The Villas of South Padre, Llc				5,129,427	2	0.66%
SPI Management				4,910,533	3	0.63%
ALMA Investments Inc.				4,679,598	5	0.60%
HISPI, Ltd				4,040,315	6	0.52%
Saida Royale Corporation				3,255,391	7	0.42%
Central & Southwest Corp.				3,198,930	8	0.41%
Dalor Limited Partnership				3,153,387	9	0.41%
Williamson, Joe				2,893,828	10	0.38%
Total	\$130,946,776		5.38%	\$46,306,765		5.96%

Source: Cameron County Appraisal District

Shores Development Inc

City of South Padre Island, Texas PROPERTY TAX LEVIES AND COLLECTIONS

Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

Collected within the Fiscal Year of the Levy

			Fiscal Year of	f the Levy			
Fiscal Year	Tax Roll Year	Taxes Levied for the Fiscal Year	Amount	Percentage of Levy	Collections in Subsequent Years	Amount	Percentage of Levy
2001	2000	2,148,911	2,071,557	96.40%	74,562	2,146,119	99.87%
2002	2001	2,346,116	2,259,269	96.30%	82,638	2,341,907	99.82%
2003	2002	2,653,324	2,543,740	95.87%	99,686	2,643,426	99.63%
2004	2003	3,108,102	3,009,684	96.83%	86,016	3,095,700	99.60%
2005	2004	3,737,909	3,646,511	97.55%	77,979	3,724,490	99.64%
2006	2005	4,196,142	4,033,570	96.13%	103,851	4,137,421	98.60%
2007	2006	4,772,418	4,564,448	95.64%	123,798	4,688,246	98.24%
2008	2007	5,479,052	5,215,751	95.19%	162,000	5,377,751	98.15%
2009	2008	6,072,211	5,804,355	95.59%	143,069	5,947,424	97.94%
2010	2009	6,074,043	5,804,071	95.56%	0.00	5,804,071	95.56%

Source: Point Isabel Independent School District.

City of South Padre Island, Texas **TAX REVENUES BY SOURCE - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS**

Last Ten Fiscal Years (modified accrual basis of accounting)

Fiscal	Property	Sales	Franchise	Hotel/Motel	
Year	Taxes	Tax	Tax	Tax	Total
2001	2,144,755	1,288,091	653,160	4,736,162	8,822,168
2002	2,373,906	1,350,574	652,118	4,953,531	9,330,129
2003	2,622,048	1,385,146	558,947	4,831,285	9,397,426
2004	3,126,553	1,642,306	602,821	4,473,153	9,844,833
2005	3,743,132	1,711,622	621,012	4,878,739	10,954,505
2006	4,123,204	1,866,426	644,126	5,191,304	11,825,060
2007	4,719,773	1,897,938	748,363	5,334,627	12,700,701
2008	5,393,449	1,965,363	792,992	4,610,239	12,762,043
2009	6,115,209	2,295,465	792,501	4,766,668	13,969,843
2010	6,042,754	2,001,606	802,819	5,564,657	14,411,836

99

City of South Padre Island, Texas RATIO OF OUTSTANDING DEBT BY TYPE Last Ten Fiscal Years

		G	overnmental Activities	S					
Fiscal Year	General Obligation Bonds	Public Property Finance Contractual Obligations	Combination Tax & Revenue Refunding Bonds	Combination Tax & Revenue Certificates of Obligation	Tax Anticipation Notes	Total Primary Government	Percentage of Personal Income	Per Capita ¹	
2001	-	390,000	5,765,000	172,000	-	6,327,000	6.20%	1,838	
2002	-	270,000	5,250,000	88,000	-	5,608,000	4.45%	1,853	
2003	-	140,000	4,745,000	-	-	4,885,000	3.95%	1,517	
2004	-	-	4,300,000	-	-	4,300,000	3.56%	1,285	
2005	4,950,000	-	3,645,000	-	-	8,595,000	4.08%	1,507	
2006	4,785,000	-	2,965,000	-	1,600,000	9,350,000	4.14%	1,639	
2007	4,615,000	-	2,265,000	-	1,405,000	8,285,000	3.77%	1,452	
2008	4,440,000	-	1,540,000	-	1,195,000	7,175,000	3.49%	1,258	
2009	4,255,000	-	785,000	-	975,000	6,015,000	2.77%	1,019	
2010	4,895,000	-	-		745,000	5,640,000	2.57%	956	

Note: Details regarding the City's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

¹ See Schedule 15 for personal income and population data.

City of South Padre Island, Texas RATIO OF GENERAL BONDED DEBT OUTSTANDING

Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	General Obligation Bonds	Percentage of Actual Taxable Value of Property (1)	Per Capita (2)
2001	-	-	-
2002	-	-	-
2003	-	-	-
2004	-	-	-
2005	4,950,000	0.34%	868
2006	4,785,000	0.29%	839
2007	4,615,000	0.24%	809
2008	4,440,000	0.20%	778
2009	4,255,000	0.17%	721
2010	4,895,000	0.20%	830

Note: Details regarding the City's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements

¹ See Schedule 5 for property value data

² See Schedule 14 for population data

City of South Padre Island, Texas **DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES DEBT**

As of September 30, 2010

Governmental Unit	Debt Outstanding	Estimated Percentage Applicable	Estimated Share of Overlapping Debt
Debt repaid with property taxes			
Cameron County	\$ 63,405,000	16.49%	\$ 10,455,485
Point Isabel Independent School District	33,224,024	69.55%	23,107,309
Laguna Madre Water District #1	11,937,000	78.84%	9,411,131
Texas Southmost College	101,620,000	24.03%	24,419,286
Subtotal, overlapping debt			67,393,211
City direct debt	5,640,000	100.00%	5,640,000
Total direct and overlapping debt			\$ 73,033,211

Sources: Assessed value data used to estimate applicable percentages provided by the Cameron County Appraisal District.

Debt outstanding data provided by each governmental unit listed above.

Town of South Padre Island, Texas COMPUTATION OF LEGAL DEBT MARGIN September 30, 2010

	<u>2001</u>	<u>2002</u>	<u>2003</u>	<u>2004</u>	2005	<u>2006</u>	<u>2007</u>	<u>2008</u>	<u>2009</u>	<u>2010</u>
Assessed Value	\$832,556,145	\$908,959,948	\$1,027,942,343	\$1,204,177,861	\$1,455,280,753	\$1,660,202,890	\$1,911,826,406	\$2,268,412,877	\$2,500,177,804	\$2,492,244,130
Economic Debt Margin										
*Debt Limit (5% of asessed valuation assessed value)	\$ 41,627,807	\$ 45,447,997	\$ 51,397,117	\$ 60,208,893	\$ 72,764,038	\$ 83,010,145	\$ 95,591,320	\$ 113,420,644	\$ 125,008,890	\$ 124,612,207
Debt applicable to limit: General obligation bonds Less: Amount reserved for	-	-	-	-	4,950,000	4,785,000	4,615,000	4,440,000	4,255,000	4,895,000
repayment of general obligation debt					312,326	330,344	330,960	356,794	376,964	414,251
Total debt apllicable to limit					4,637,674	4,454,656	4,284,040	4,083,206	3,878,036	4,480,749
Economic debt margin	\$ 41,627,807	\$ 45,447,997	\$ 51,397,117	\$ 60,208,893	\$ 68,126,364	\$ 78,555,489	\$ 91,307,280	\$ 109,337,438	\$ 121,130,854	\$ 120,131,458
As a percentage of debt limit	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	6.37%	5.37%	4.48%	3.60%	3.10%	3.60%

The City of South Padre Island, Texas does not have a legal debt limit by law. The maximum tax rate permitted by the constitution of the State of Texas is \$2.50 per \$100 of assessed valuation. The City charter provides no limitation within the \$2.50 tax rate for annual debt service general obligations.

^{*}Debt Limit - by custom the practical economic debt limit of 5% of assessed valuation is utilized.

103

City of South Padre Island, Texas PLEDGED-REVENUE COVERAGE Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal	Gross Revenue	Operating Expenditures	Net Revenue Available For Debt	Deb	t Service Requiremer	nts	
Year	(1)	(2)	Service	Principal	Interest	Total	Coverage
2001	2,064,632	625,371	1,439,261	495,000	313,825	808,825	1.78
2002	2,083,985	581,527	1,502,458	515,000	290,209	805,209	1.87
2003	2,129,496	692,439	1,437,057	590,000	219,625	809,625	1.77
2004	2,163,770	827,257	1,336,513	445,000	166,713	611,713	2.18
2005	2,059,075	837,927	1,221,148	655,000	150,213	805,213	1.52
2006	1,877,855	868,660	1,009,195	680,000	128,488	808,488	1.25
2007	2,172,451	899,167	1,273,284	700,000	105,650	805,650	1.58
2008	1,881,284	1,045,290	835,994	725,000	82,025	807,025	1.04
2009	1,867,690	1,099,504	768,186	755,000	52,822	807,822	0.95
2010	1,191,421	1,212,721	(21,300)	830,000	41,122	871,122	(0.02)

⁽¹⁾ Convention Center Fund revenues, including interest.

⁽²⁾ Convention Center Fund operating expenditures, exclusive of capital outlay.

City of South Padre Island, Texas **DEMOGRAPHIC AND ECONOMIC STATISTICS**

Last Ten Calendar Years

			Per Capita			
	Estimated	Personal	Personal	Median	School	Unemployment
Year	Population 1	Income 1	Income 1	Age	2 Enrollment 3	Rate
2001	3,443	102,002,318	29,626	46.6	2,389	7.90% 4
2002	3,026	125,954,224	41,624	50.4	2,447	9.00% 4
2003	3,220	123,599,700	38,385	51.4	2,246	9.50% 4
2004	3,346	120,673,490	36,065	50.7	2,500	8.70% 4
2005	5,705	210,828,275	36,955	51.8	2,487	7.60% 4
2006	5,705	225,957,935	39,607	51.9	2,585	6.60% 4
2007	5,705	219,693,845	38,509	52.3	2,593	6.00% 4
2008	5,705	205,665,250	36,050	57.2	2,418	8.20% 4
2009	5,900	217,090,500	36,795	57.7	2,520	8.30% 4
2010	5,900	219,780,900	37,251	58	2,507	10.90% 4

Source:

Unemployment Info. at tracer2.com: LMCI Search

¹ U.S. Census Bureau - 2000 and local estimates

² U.S. Census Bureau 2000 and Claritas MarketPlace Executive Summary

³ Point Isabel Independent School District

⁴ Texas Workforce Commission: Information is for entire Cameron County as no data is available on Town only

City of South Padre Island, Texas PRINCIPAL EMPLOYERS Currenty Year and Ten Years Ago

		2010		2001*		
	Number of		Percent of			Percent of
	Employees		Total City	Number of		Total City
Employer	(Peak)	Rank	Employment	Employees	Rank	Employment
Schlitterbahn Beach Water Park	383	1	7.16%	-	-	-
Sheraton South PadreIsland Beach Hotel	225	2	4.21%	-	-	-
Isla Grand Resort	217	3	4.06%	-	-	-
City of South Padre Island	200	4	3.74%	-	-	-
Blackbeard's Restaurant	180	5	3.37%	-	-	-
Hilton Garden Inn	150	6	2.81%	-	-	-
Louie's Backyard	130	7	2.43%	-	-	-
La Quinta Inn & Suites	120	8	2.24%	-	-	-
La Copa Inn	110	9	2.06%	-	-	-
Sea Ranch Enterprises	85	10	1.59%	-	-	-
Total	1,800		33.67%			

Louie's Backyard

Source: South Padre Island Economic Development Corporation

^{*}Information for 2001 not available

City of South Padre Island, Texas

FULL-TIME EQUIVALENT CITY GOVERNMENT EMPLOYEES BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM Last Ten Fiscal Years

Function	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010
General Fund	·									
City Administration	3	3	4	4	5	5	5	5	6	6
Finance	2	2	3	3	4	4	5	5	4	5
Planning	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Technology	0	0	0	0	1	2	2	2	2	2
Human Resources	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	2
Municipal Court	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	3
Police	32	31	32	33	33	34	34	34	39	39
Fire	15	15	18	18	18	18	18	18	21	21
Code Enforcement	2	2	2	2	2	3	4	4	6	6
Fleet Management	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	2
Building Maintenance	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	3
Inspections	3	3	3	3	3	4	4	4	4	4
Public Works	15	16	21	21	21	22	22	22	18	18
Hotel Motel Fund										
Visitor's Center	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Hotel Motel	10	11	11	11	11	12	13.5	13	13	9.5
Events Marketing	0.5	0.5	1	1	1	1	2	2	2	1
Convention Centre										
Convention Centre	9.5	9.5	11	10	10	11	13.5	13	13	13.5
Transportation										
Transportation	0	0	0	5	5	6	7	7	7	9
Beach Maintenance										
Beach Maintenance										4
Total Operating Budget FTE's	98	99	112	117	120	128	136	135	147	152

Source: Town of South Padre Island Annual Budget Note: Full-time budgeted positions are shown

107

City of South Padre Island, Texas OPERATING INDICATORS BY FUNCTION

Last Ten Fiscal Years

Function	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010
Police	- '									
Physical arrests	1,381	1,431	1,824	1,402	1,212	973	896	727	952	1002
Parking violations	957	956	851	456	552	1,227	306	514	1,643	2123
Traffic violations	3,955	3,660	3,877	3,277	2,803	2,215	3,100	942	995	1204
Number of commissioned police officers	25	24	24	25	25	25	25	26	29	28
Number of employees - police officers & civilians	32	31	32	33	33	34	35	36	40	39
Fire										
Number of calls answered	568	1,121	477	470	821	928	1,194	1,420	1,667	1783
EMS calls	304	259	165	199	443	536	712	838	816	1082
Inspections	693	527	507	414	307	331	355	219	475	369
Number of firefighters	14	14	17	17	17	17	17	18	18	18
Number of employees - firefighters & civilians	15	15	18	18	18	18	18	21	21	21
Streets										
Street resurfacing (square yards)	-	23,500	24,617	18,679	10,811	-	7,040	16,837	6,956	8611
Sidewalk construction (square yards)	-	2,105	-	-	-	1,160	647	220	693	0

Source: City Departments Note: n/a data not available

City of South Padre Island, Texas CAPITAL ASSET STATISTICS BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM

Last Ten Fiscal Years

Function/Program	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010
Public Safety										
Police Stations	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Fire Stations	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Development Services										
Streets (miles)	47.31	47.31	47.31	47.31	47.09	47.09	47.09	47.09	47.09	47.39
City area (acres)	1333	1333	1333	1562	1562	1562	1589	1640	1640	1640
Parks and recreation										
Playground	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	2
Parks	1	1	1	1	1	2	2	2	2	2
Municipal Beach (miles)	4.5	4.5	4.5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5
Beach accesses (developed)	16	16	16	16	17	18	18	18	18	18
Beach accesses (undeveloped)	8	8	8	8	7	6	6	6	6	6
Transportation										
Transit - minibuses	4	4	4	4	6	5	6	8	12	10

Source: City Departments

City of South Padre Island, Texas MISCELLANEOUS STATISTICAL DATA

Date of incorporation 1973

Fiscal year begins October 1st
Number of budgeted City employees 152

Geographical location: Southern tip of Texas on the Gulf of Mexico

approximately 15 miles north of the Mexican

border.

Temperature: 65 degrees winter average

82 degrees summer average

Source: City Staff

CITY OF South Padre ISLAND, TEXAS

COMPLIANCE

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

The Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City of South Padre Island, Texas

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the aggregate discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of South Padre Island, Texas ("the City") as of and for the year ended September 30, 2010, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the Table of Contents. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered City of South Padre Island, Texas' internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of City of South Padre Island, Texas' internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of City of South Padre Island, Texas' internal control over financial reporting.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be deficiencies, significant deficiencies, or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether City of South Padre Island, Texas' financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

We noted certain matters that we reported to management in a separate letter dated February 9, 2011.

This report is intended for the information of the City Council, management and federal awarding agencies and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

LONG CHILTON, LLP

Certified Public Accountants

Harlingen, Texas February 9, 2011

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH REQUIREMENTS THAT COULD HAVE A DIRECT AND MATERIAL EFFECT ON EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE IN ACCORDANCE WITH OMB CIRCULAR A-133

The Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City of South Padre Island, Texas

Compliance

We have audited the compliance of City of South Padre Island, Texas with the types of compliance requirements described in the *U. S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Circular A-133 Compliance Supplement* that are applicable to each of its major federal programs for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2010. City of South Padre Island, Texas' major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditors' results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. Compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts and grants applicable to each of its major federal programs is the responsibility of City of South Padre Island, Texas' management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on City of South Padre Island, Texas compliance based on our audit.

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Those standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about City of South Padre Island, Texas' compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our audit does not provide a legal determination on City of South Padre Island, Texas compliance with those requirements.

In our opinion, City of South Padre Island, Texas complied, in all material respects, with the requirements referred to above that are applicable to each of its major federal programs for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2010.

Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of the City of South Padre Island, Texas is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with requirements of laws, regulations, contracts and grants applicable to federal programs. In planning and performing our audit, we considered City of South Padre Island, Texas' internal control over compliance with the requirements that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program to determine the auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on compliance and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with OMB Circular A-133, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of South Padre Island, Texas' internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be deficiencies, significant deficiencies, or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the City Council, management, and federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than those specified parties.

LONG CHILTON, LLP Certified Public Accountants

Harlingen, Texas February 9, 2011

City of South Padre Island, Texas SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

For the Year Ended September 30, 2010

Section I - Summary of Auditors' Results

Financial Statements							
Type of auditors' report issued:	Unqualified						
Internal control over financial reporting:							
* Material weakness(es) identified?	yes	X no					
* Significant deficiencies identified that are not considered to be material weakness(es)?	yes	X none reported					
Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?	yes	X no					
Federal and State Awards							
Internal control over major programs:							
* Material weakness(es) identified?	yes	X no					
* Significant deficiencies identified that are not considered to be material weakness(es)?	yes	X none reported					
Type of auditors' report issued on compliance for major programs:	Unqualified						
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with Section 510(a) of Circular A-133?	yes	Xno					
Identification of major programs:							
CFDA Number(s)	Name of Federa	al Program or Cluster					
20.509	Department of T	Transportation WAVE Grant					
Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B programs:	\$300,000						
Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?	X ves	no					

City of South Padre Island, Texas SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS - CONTINUED

For the Year Ended September 30, 2010

Section II – Findings Relating to the Financial Statement Audit as Required to Be Reported in Accordance with Generally Accepted Government Auditing Standards

A. Significant Deficiencies in Internal Control

None reported.

B. Compliance Findings

None reported.

Section III - Federal and State Award Findings and Questioned Costs

None reported.

City of South Padre Island, Texas SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS - CONTINUED SCHEDULE OF STATUS OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS

For the Year Ended September 30, 2010

PROGRAM DESCRIPTION

DESCRIPTION

Not applicable

There were no findings reported in the prior year.

City of South Padre Island, Texas SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS

For the Year Ended September 30, 2010

Federal Grantor/ Pass/Through Grantor/ Program Title	Federal CFDA <u>Number</u>	Pass-Through Entity Identifying Number	Expenditures
U. S. Department of Transportation			
Formula Grants for Other Than Non- Urbanized areas	20.509	RPT 0906(21) 31 RPT 0909ARRA ED0910	\$374,470 139,655 <u>12,352</u> 526,477
National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration			320,177
Texas Coastal Management Program	11.419	NA08NOS4190459	29,438
U. S. Department of Justice			
Justice Assistance Grant	16.804	SU-09-A10-22469-01 2009-SB-B9-2601	44,755 20,464 65,219
Total Federal Awards			\$ <u>621,134</u>

City of South Padre Island, Texas NOTES ON ACCOUNTING POLICIES FOR FEDERAL AWARDS

For the Year Ended September 30, 2010

1. General

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards presents the activity of all federal award programs of City of South Padre Island, Texas, for the year ended September 30, 2010. The reporting entity consists of the primary government, organizations for which the primary government is financially accountable, and other organizations for which the primary government is not accountable, but for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete.

Financial accountability exists if a primary government appoints a voting majority of an organization's governing Board and is either able to impose its will on that organization or there is a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits to, or impose specific financial burdens on, the primary government. A primary government may also be financially accountable for governmental organizations with a separately elected governing Board, a governing Board appointed by another government, or a jointly appointed Board that is fiscally dependent on the primary government.

In accordance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board requirements, the City has reviewed other entities and activities for possible inclusion in the reporting entity and determined that there are none; however, federal financial assistance passed through other governmental agencies is included on the schedule.

2. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The federal grant funds were accounted for in the Special Revenue Funds and a component of the Governmental Fund type. The accounting and financial reporting treatment applied to a fund is determined by its measurement focus. The Governmental Fund types are accounted for using a current financial resources measurement focus. With the Governmental Fund type measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities generally are included on the balance sheet. Operating statements of these funds present increases (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and decreases (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) in net current assets.

The modified accrual basis of accounting is used for the Governmental Fund types. This basis of accounting recognizes revenues in the accounting period in which they become susceptible to accrual, i.e., both measurable and available, and expenditures in the accounting period in which the fund liability is incurred, if measurable, except for certain compensated absences and claims and judgments, which are recognized when the obligations are expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources.

City of South Padre Island, Texas **EXIT CONFERENCE**Year Ended September 30, 2010

Discuss	ion with City	Personnel:	The results	of the audi	it were d	liscussed a	it an exit	briefing v	with the f	following	grantee
personn	el:										

Lawrence Homan, Finance Director Joni Clarke, City Manager

No exceptions were taken to the factual contents of the items contained in this report.