

SOUTH PADRE ISLAND POLICE DEPARTMENT



2007 RACIAL PROFILING REPORT



SOUTH PADRE ISLAND POLICE DEPARTMENT

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ROBERT RODRIGUEZ
CHIEF OF POLICE

02/14/08

TO: Mayor & Board of Alderman Town of South Padre Island
FROM: Police Chief Robert Rodriguez
REF: 2007 Racial Profiling Law Requirements

Since January 1, 2002, the South Padre Island police department in accordance with the Texas Racial Profiling Law (S.B. No. 1074), has been collecting police contact data for the purpose of identify and responding (if necessary) to concerns regarding racial profiling practices. It is my hope that the findings provided in this report will serve as evidence that the South Padre Island police department continues to strive towards the goal of maintaining strong relations with the community.

In this report, the reader will encounter several sections designed at providing background information on the rationale and objectives of the Texas Racial Profiling Law. Other sections contain information relevant to the institutional policies adopted by the South Padre Island police department banishing the practice of racial profiling among its officers.

The final components of this report provide statistical data relevant to the public contacts made during the period of 1/1/07 and 12/31/07. This information has been analyzed and compared to the Department of Public Safety data on motorists residing in the South Padre Island area. The analysis of the data and recommendations for future areas of research are also included. It is my sincere hope that the channels of communication between community leaders and the South Padre Island police department continue to strengthen as we move forward to meet the challenges of the near future.

Sincerely,

A handwritten signature in cursive script that reads "Robert Rodriguez".

South Padre Island Police Department
Chief of Police



South Padre Island Police Department Contact Data Annual Report January 1, 2007---December 31, 2007

Table of Content

(I) Introduction

- a) Opening Statement Outlining Rationale and Objective of Report
- b) Table of Content
- c) The Texas Law on Racial Profiling
- d) Outline of Requirements Introduced by The Texas Racial Profiling Law

(II) Background

- a) City/County Historical and Demographical Information
- b) Police Department's Background/Demographics
- c) Police Department's General Orders/Procedures (include organizational chart if available)
- d) Report on Inventory/Usage of Video/Audio Equipment in Police Vehicles
- e) Police Department's Partnerships with the Local Community

(III) Responding to the Texas Racial Profiling Law

- a) Institutional Policy on Racial Profiling (definition/prohibition of racial profiling)
- b) Implementation of Complaint Process Addressing Allegations of Racial Profiling Practices (includes efforts relevant to the implementation of an educational campaign aimed at informing the public on the complaint process)
- c) Training Administered to Law Enforcement Personnel
- d) Tables Depicting Police Contact Information (1/1/02—12/31/02). Include Tier 1 and 2 information (Comparative Analysis)
- e) Report on Complaints (if any) Filed Against Officers for Violating Racial Profiling Policy (includes institutional procedures/corrective action used when responding to racial profiling complaints)
- f) Analysis and Interpretation of Data (explain rationale for use of DPS data)

(IV) Summary of Findings

- a) Summary Statement Regarding Findings
- b) Recommendations Addressing Issues of Concern (if applicable)
- c) Check List/Contact Information

AN ACT relating to the prevention of racial profiling by certain peace officers.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF TEXAS:

SECTION 1. Chapter 2, Code of Criminal Procedure, is amended by adding Articles 2.131 through 2.138 to read as follows:

Art. 2.131. RACIAL PROFILING PROHIBITED. A peace officer may not engage in racial profiling.

Art. 2.132. LAW ENFORCEMENT POLICY ON RACIAL PROFILING. (a) In this article:

(1) "Law enforcement agency" means an agency of the state, or of a county, municipality, or other political subdivision of the state, that employs peace officers who make traffic stops in the routine performance of the officers' official duties.

(2) "Race or ethnicity" means of a particular descent, including Caucasian, African, Hispanic, Asian, or Native American descent.

(b) Each law enforcement agency in this state shall adopt a detailed written policy on racial profiling. The policy must:

(1) clearly define acts constituting racial profiling;

(2) strictly prohibit peace officers employed by the agency from engaging in racial profiling;

(3) implement a process by which an individual may file a complaint with the agency if the individual believes that a peace officer employed by the agency has engaged in racial profiling with respect to the individual;

(4) provide public education relating to the agency's complaint process;

(5) require appropriate corrective action to be taken against a peace officer employed by the agency who, after an investigation, is shown to have engaged in racial profiling in violation of the agency's policy adopted under this article;

(6) require collection of information relating to traffic stops in which a citation is issued and to arrests resulting from those traffic stops, including information relating to:

(A) the race or ethnicity of the individual detained; and

(B) whether a search was conducted and, if so, whether the person detained consented to the search; and

(7) require the agency to submit to the governing body of each county or municipality served by the agency an annual report of the information collected under Subdivision (6) if the agency is an agency of a county, municipality, or other political subdivision of the state.

(c) The data collected as a result of the reporting requirements of this article shall not constitute prima facie evidence of racial profiling.

(d) On adoption of a policy under Subsection (b), a law enforcement agency shall examine the feasibility of installing video camera and transmitter-activated equipment in each agency law enforcement motor vehicle regularly used to make traffic stops and transmitter-activated equipment in each agency law enforcement motorcycle regularly used to make traffic stops. If a law enforcement agency installs video or audio equipment as provided by this subsection, the policy adopted by the agency under Subsection (b) must include standards for reviewing video and audio documentation.

(e) A report required under Subsection (b)(7) may not include identifying information about a peace officer who makes a traffic stop or about an individual who is stopped or arrested by a peace officer. This subsection does not affect the collection of information as required by a policy under Subsection (b)(6).

(f) On the commencement of an investigation by a law enforcement agency of a complaint described by Subsection (b)(3) in which a video or audio recording of the occurrence on which the complaint is based was made, the agency shall promptly provide a copy of the recording to the peace officer who is the subject of the complaint on written request by the officer.

Art. 2.133. REPORTS REQUIRED FOR TRAFFIC AND PEDESTRIAN STOPS. (a) In this article:

(1) "Race or ethnicity" has the meaning assigned by Article 2.132(a).

(2) "Pedestrian stop" means an interaction between a peace officer and an individual who is being detained for the purpose of a criminal investigation in which the individual is not under arrest.

(b) A peace officer who stops a motor vehicle for an alleged violation of a law or ordinance regulating traffic or who stops a pedestrian for any suspected offense shall report to the law enforcement agency that employs the officer information relating to the stop, including:

(1) a physical description of each person detained as a result of the stop, including:

(A) the person's gender; and

(B) the person's race or ethnicity, as stated by the person or, if the person does not state the person's race or ethnicity, as determined by the officer to the best of the officer's ability;

(2) the traffic law or ordinance alleged to have been violated or the suspected offense;

(3) whether the officer conducted a search as a result of the stop and, if so, whether the person detained consented to the search;

(4) whether any contraband was discovered in the course of the search and the type of contraband discovered;

(5) whether probable cause to search existed and the facts supporting the existence of that probable cause;

(6) whether the officer made an arrest as a result of the stop or the search, including a statement of the offense charged;

(7) the street address or approximate location of the stop; and

(8) whether the officer issued a warning or a citation as a result of the stop, including a description of the warning or a statement of the violation charged.

Art. 2.134. COMPILATION AND ANALYSIS OF INFORMATION COLLECTED. (a) In this article, "pedestrian stop" means an interaction between a peace officer and an individual who is being detained for the purpose of a criminal investigation in which the individual is not under arrest.

(b) A law enforcement agency shall compile and analyze the information contained in each report received by the agency under Article 2.133. Not later than March 1 of each year, each local law enforcement agency shall submit a report containing the information compiled during the previous calendar year to the governing body of each county or municipality served by the agency in a manner approved by the agency.

(c) A report required under Subsection (b) must include:

(1) a comparative analysis of the information compiled under Article 2.133 to:

(A) determine the prevalence of racial profiling by peace officers employed by the agency; and

(B) examine the disposition of traffic and pedestrian stops made by officers employed by the agency, including searches resulting from the stops; and

(2) information relating to each complaint filed with the agency alleging that a peace officer employed by the agency has engaged in racial profiling.

(d) A report required under Subsection (b) may not include identifying information about a peace officer who makes a traffic or pedestrian stop or about an individual who is stopped or arrested by a peace officer. This subsection does not affect the reporting of information required under Article 2.133(b)(1).

(e) The Commission on Law Enforcement Officer Standards and Education shall develop guidelines for compiling and reporting information as required by this article.

(f) The data collected as a result of the reporting requirements of this article shall not constitute prima facie evidence of racial profiling.

Art. 2.135. EXEMPTION FOR AGENCIES USING VIDEO AND AUDIO EQUIPMENT.

(a) A peace officer is exempt from the reporting requirement under Article 2.133 and a law enforcement agency is exempt from the compilation, analysis, and reporting requirements under Article 2.134 if:

(1) during the calendar year preceding the date that a report under Article 2.134 is required to be submitted;

(A) each law enforcement motor vehicle regularly used by an officer employed by the agency to make traffic and pedestrian stops is equipped with video camera and transmitter-activated equipment and each law enforcement motorcycle regularly used to make traffic and pedestrian stops is equipped with transmitter-activated equipment; and

(B) each traffic and pedestrian stop made by an officer employed by the agency that is capable of being recorded by video and audio or audio equipment, as appropriate, is recorded by using the equipment; or

(2) the governing body of the county or municipality served by the law enforcement agency, in conjunction with the law enforcement agency, certifies to the Department of Public Safety, not later than the date specified by rule by the department, that the law enforcement agency needs funds or video and audio equipment for the purpose of installing video and audio equipment as described by Subsection (a)(1)(A) and the agency does not receive from the state funds or video and audio equipment sufficient, as determined by the department, for the agency to accomplish that purpose.

(b) Except as otherwise provided by this subsection, a law enforcement agency that is exempt from the requirements under Article 2.134 shall retain the video and audio or audio documentation of each traffic and pedestrian stop for at least 90 days after the date of the stop. If a complaint is filed with the law enforcement agency alleging that a peace officer employed by the agency has engaged in racial profiling with respect to a traffic or pedestrian stop, the agency shall retain the video and audio or audio record of the stop until final disposition of the complaint.

(c) This article does not affect the collection or reporting requirements under Article 2.132.

Art. 2.136. LIABILITY. A peace officer is not liable for damages arising from an act relating to the collection or reporting of information as required by Article 2.133 or under a policy adopted under Article 2.132.

Art. 2.137. PROVISION OF FUNDING OR EQUIPMENT. (a) The Department of Public Safety shall adopt rules for providing funds or video and audio equipment to law enforcement

agencies for the purpose of installing video and audio equipment as described by Article 2.135(a)(1)(A), including specifying criteria to prioritize funding or equipment provided to law enforcement agencies. The criteria may include consideration of tax effort, financial hardship, available revenue, and budget surpluses. The criteria must give priority to:

(1) law enforcement agencies that employ peace officers whose primary duty is traffic enforcement;

(2) smaller jurisdictions; and

(3) municipal and county law enforcement agencies.

(b) The Department of Public Safety shall collaborate with an institution of higher education to identify law enforcement agencies that need funds or video and audio equipment for the purpose of installing video and audio equipment as described by Article 2.135(a)(1)(A). The collaboration may include the use of a survey to assist in developing criteria to prioritize funding or equipment provided to law enforcement agencies.

(c) To receive funds or video and audio equipment from the state for the purpose of installing video and audio equipment as described by Article 2.135(a)(1)(A), the governing body of a county or municipality, in conjunction with the law enforcement agency serving the county or municipality, shall certify to the Department of Public Safety that the law enforcement agency needs funds or video and audio equipment for that purpose.

(d) On receipt of funds or video and audio equipment from the state for the purpose of installing video and audio equipment as described by Article 2.135(a)(1)(A), the governing body of a county or municipality, in conjunction with the law enforcement agency serving the county or municipality, shall certify to the Department of Public Safety that the law enforcement agency has installed video and audio equipment as described by Article 2.135(a)(1)(A) and is using the equipment as required by Article 2.135(a)(1).

Art. 2.138. RULES. The Department of Public Safety may adopt rules to implement Articles 2.131-2.137.

SECTION 2. Chapter 3, Code of Criminal Procedure, is amended by adding Article 3.05 to read as follows:

Art. 3.05. RACIAL PROFILING. In this code, "racial profiling" means a law enforcement-initiated action based on an individual's race, ethnicity, or national origin rather than on the individual's behavior or on information identifying the individual as having engaged in criminal activity.

SECTION 3. Section 96.641, Education Code, is amended by adding Subsection (j) to read as follows:

(j) As part of the initial training and continuing education for police chiefs required under this section, the institute shall establish a program on racial profiling. The program must include an examination of the best practices for:

(1) monitoring peace officers' compliance with laws and internal agency policies relating to racial profiling;

(2) implementing laws and internal agency policies relating to preventing racial profiling; and

(3) analyzing and reporting collected information.

SECTION 4. Section 1701.253, Occupations Code, is amended by adding Subsection (e) to read as follows:

(e) As part of the minimum curriculum requirements, the commission shall establish a statewide comprehensive education and training program on racial profiling for officers licensed under this chapter. An officer shall complete a program established under this subsection not later than the second anniversary of the date the officer is licensed under this chapter or the date the officer applies for an intermediate proficiency certificate, whichever date is earlier.

SECTION 5. Section 1701.402, Occupations Code, is amended by adding Subsection (d) to read as follows:

(d) As a requirement for an intermediate proficiency certificate, an officer must complete an education and training program on racial profiling established by the commission under Section 1701.253(e).

SECTION 6. Section 543.202, Transportation Code, is amended to read as follows:

Sec. 543.202. FORM OF RECORD. (a) In this section, "race or ethnicity" means of a particular descent, including Caucasian, African, Hispanic, Asian, or Native American descent.

(b) The record must be made on a form or by a data processing method acceptable to the department and must include:

(1) the name, address, physical description, including race or ethnicity, date of birth, and driver's license number of the person charged;

(2) the registration number of the vehicle involved;

(3) whether the vehicle was a commercial motor vehicle as defined by Chapter 522 or was involved in transporting hazardous materials;

(4) the person's social security number, if the person was operating a commercial motor vehicle or was the holder of a commercial driver's license or commercial driver learner's permit;

(5) the date and nature of the offense, including whether the offense was a serious traffic violation as defined by Chapter 522;

(6) whether a search of the vehicle was conducted and whether consent for the search was obtained;

(7) the plea, the judgment, and whether bail was forfeited;

(8) [~~7~~] the date of conviction; and

(9) [~~8~~] the amount of the fine or forfeiture.

SECTION 7. Not later than January 1, 2002, a law enforcement agency shall adopt and implement a policy and begin collecting information under the policy as required by Article 2.132, Code of Criminal Procedure, as added by this Act. A local law enforcement agency shall first submit information to the governing body of each county or municipality served by the agency as required by Article 2.132, Code of Criminal Procedure, as added by this Act, on March 1, 2003. The first submission of information shall consist of information compiled by the agency during the period beginning January 1, 2002, and ending December 31, 2002.

SECTION 8. A local law enforcement agency shall first submit information to the governing body of each county or municipality served by the agency as required by Article 2.134, Code of Criminal Procedure, as added by this Act, on March 1, 2004. The first submission of information shall consist of information compiled by the agency during the period beginning January 1, 2003, and ending December 31, 2003.

SECTION 9. Not later than January 1, 2002:

(1) the Commission on Law Enforcement Officer Standards and Education shall establish an education and training program on racial profiling as required by Subsection (e), Section 1701.253, Occupations Code, as added by this Act; and

(2) the Bill Blackwood Law Enforcement Management Institute of Texas shall establish a program on racial profiling as required by Subsection (j), Section 96.641, Education Code, as added by this Act.

SECTION 10. A person who on the effective date of this Act holds an intermediate proficiency certificate issued by the Commission on Law Enforcement Officer Standards and Education or has held a peace officer license issued by the Commission on Law Enforcement Officer Standards and Education for at least two years shall complete an education and training program on racial profiling established under Subsection (e), Section 1701.253, Occupations Code, as added by this Act, not later than September 1, 2003.

SECTION 11. An individual appointed or elected as a police chief before the effective date of this Act shall complete a program on racial profiling established under Subsection (j), Section 96.641, Education Code, as added by this Act, not later than September 1, 2003.

SECTION 12. This Act takes effect September 1, 2001.

President of the Senate

Speaker of the House

I hereby certify that S.B. No. 1074 passed the Senate on April 4, 2001, by the following vote: Yeas 28, Nays 2; May 21, 2001, Senate refused to concur in House amendments and requested appointment of Conference Committee; May 22, 2001, House granted request of the Senate; May 24, 2001, Senate adopted Conference Committee Report by a viva-voce vote.

Secretary of the Senate

I hereby certify that S.B. No. 1074 passed the House, with amendments, on May 15, 2001, by a non-record vote; May 22, 2001, House granted request of the Senate for appointment of Conference Committee; May 24, 2001, House adopted Conference Committee Report by a non-record vote.

Chief Clerk of the House

Approved:

Date

Governor

History of South Padre Island, Texas

The Town of South Padre Island is easily accessible from the mainland via the 2.5 mile long Queen Isabella Causeway at Port Isabel, site of one of the nation's most historic lighthouses. Recorded history of the Island began in 1519, but in 1804, Padre Jose Nicolas Balli, a Catholic Missionary Priest, founded a settlement on South Padre Island called Rancho Santa Cruz where he raised cattle and horses. On April 10, 1973 The Town of South Padre Island was incorporated.

Our coastal resort town offers five miles of seashore fun, shopping, dining, hotels, condos, plenty of water sports, nature trails, water bird preserves, 20+ miles to the north of town is open to vehicular traffic, a 18-hole championship golf course just across the Laguna Madre Bay and Mexico is only 30 miles away. The 2000 Census estimated the population for the Town at 2,422, but our seasonal population 30,000+.

Police Department Background

The South Padre Island Police Department was passed and adopted on March 5, 1975, which consisted of a Chief of Police and up to five (5) subordinate police officers.

Today, the South Padre Island Police Department is made up of 25 commissioned officers, 7 reserves and 10 staff members. The SPIPD officers are committed to performing their jobs in a professional manner while serving the community members of the Town of South Padre Island and its surrounding areas.

In 2002, the Town of South Padre Island Police Department adopted a policy, in accordance to the Texas Law on Racial Profiling, banishing racial profiling practices amount all SPIPD officers.

South Padre Island Police Department

General Orders

The following section establishes the mission, vision, values, goals, objectives, oath, ethics, and employment practices of the South Padre Island Police Department. Each of these components is reviewed on an annual basis in order to ensure it adequately addresses the emerging needs of the department, the city, and the residents of the Town of South Padre Island.

Mission Statement

The South Padre Island Police Department was created to provide protection and service to the community. Major goals of the Department are to reduce crime through prevention, detection and apprehension; to provide for the orderly and safe movement of vehicular traffic through traffic law enforcement, accident prevention and accident investigation; to ensure public safety through regulation and control of hazardous conditions; the recovery and return of lost and stolen property; and to provide non-enforcement service through programs reflecting community needs and desires.

Vision

We, the men and women of the South Padre Island Police Department, are committed to excellence in leadership, providing progressive and proactive services, developing community partnerships, and building for a better future.

Values

We, the members of the South Padre Island Police Department, value the following in our members and our organization:

- Honesty
- Professionalism
- Integrity
- Compassion
- Cultural Diversity

Oath of Office

Each member and volunteer of the South Padre Island Police Department shall subscribe to and abide by the Oath of Office:

I _____ do solemnly swear or affirm that I will faithfully execute the duties of a Police Officer of the City of South Padre Island, Cameron County, Texas, and will to the best of my ability preserve, protect and defend the Constitution and Laws of the United States, and of this State, and of this City; and I furthermore solemnly swear or affirm that I have not directly nor indirectly paid, offered, or promised to pay, contributed, nor promised to contribute, any money or valuable thing to receive my appointment.

So Help Me God.

Upon swearing to the Oath of Office, a signed copy is placed in the employee's personnel file.

Code of Ethics

Each member of the South Padre Island Police Department shall subscribe to and abide by the Code of Ethics:

As a Law Enforcement Officer, my fundamental duty is to serve humanity; to safeguard lives and property; to protect the innocent against deception, the weak against oppression or intimidation, and the peaceful against violence or disorder; and to respect the Constitutional Rights of all people to liberty, equality and justice.

I will keep my private life unsullied as an example to all; maintain courageous calm in the face of danger, scorn, or ridicule; develop self-restraint; and be constantly mindful of the welfare of others. Honest in obeying the laws of the land and the regulations of my Department. Whatever I see or hear of a confidential nature or that is confided to me in my official capacity will be kept ever secret unless revelation is necessary in the performance of my duty.

I will never act officiously or permit personal feelings, prejudices, animosities, or friendships to influence my decisions. With no compromise for crime and with relentless prosecution of criminals, I will enforce the law courteously and appropriately without fear or favor, malice or violence and never accepting gratuities.

I recognize the badge of my office as a symbol of public faith, and I accept it as a public trust to be held so long as I am true to ethics of Law Enforcement. I will constantly strive to achieve these objectives and ideals, dedicating myself to my chosen profession . . . Law Enforcement.

The newly sworn member shall be given one copy of the Code of Ethics.

Equal Opportunity/Affirmative Action

The policy of the South Padre Island Police Department is to be fair and impartial in all of its relations with its employees or applicants for employment while adhering to the concept of equal employment opportunity and affirmative action as a necessary element of basic merit system principles. In order to achieve this goal, the South Padre Island Police Department hereby reaffirms its official policy that discrimination on the basis of race, sex, color, religion, national origin, age, mental or physical handicap, disabled or veteran status is prohibited by all employees of the South Padre Island Police Department. This policy will apply and is not limited to recruitment, promotion, hiring, layoff, termination, demotion, transfer, training, rates of pay, fringe benefits, or other forms of compensation, use of facilities, and other terms, conditions and privileges of employment for all job classifications. The Town of South Padre Island Police Department will take the necessary steps in its employment policies, practices and procedures and make reasonable accommodations in order to assure that appropriate equal employment opportunities are available to all persons.

TOWN OF SOUTH PADRE ISLAND RACIAL PROFILING POLICY

I. Policy and Purpose

This Racial Profiling Policy is adopted in compliance with the requirements of Articles 2.131 through 2.136, Texas Code of Criminal Procedure, which prohibits Texas peace officers from engaging in racial profiling.

II. Definitions

- a. **Racial Profiling:** means a law enforcement-initiated action based on an individual's race, ethnicity, or national origin rather than on the individual's behavior or on information identifying the individual as having engaged in criminal activity. Racial profiling pertains to persons who are viewed as suspects or potential suspects of criminal behavior. The term is not relevant as it pertains to witnesses, complainants, persons needing assistance, or other citizen contacts.
- b. **Race or Ethnicity:** means of a particular descent, including Caucasian, African, Hispanic, Asian, or Native American descent.
- c. **Acts Constituting Racial Profiling:** are acts initiating law enforcement action, such as a traffic stop, a detention, a search, issuance of a citation, or an arrest based solely upon an individual's race, ethnicity, or national origin or on the basis of racial or ethnic stereotypes, rather than upon the individual's behavior, information identifying the individual as having possibly engaged in criminal activity, or other lawful reasons for the law enforcement action.
- d. **Pedestrian Stop:** means an interaction between a peace officer and an individual who is being detained for the purposes of a criminal investigation in which the individual is not under arrest.
- e. **Traffic Stop:** means the stopping of a motor vehicle by a peace officer for an alleged violation of law or ordinance regulating traffic.

III. Prohibition

Peace officers of the Town of South Padre Island are strictly prohibited from engaging in racial profiling. The prohibition against racial profiling does not preclude the use of race, ethnicity, or national origin as factors in a detention decision by a peace officer. Race, ethnicity, or national origin may be legitimate factors in such a decision when used as part of a description of a suspect or witness for whom a peace officer is searching.

IV. Complaint Process and Public Education

Any person who believes that a peace officer employed by the Town of South Padre Island has engaged in racial profiling with respect to that person may file a complaint with the Town of South Padre Island Chief of Police, and no person shall be discouraged, intimidated, or coerced from filing such a complaint, or be discriminated against because they have filed such a complaint.

The Town of South Padre Island Police Chief shall accept and investigate the complaint himself or assign the investigation to one of his Division Commanders, on all complaints alleging racial profiling coming from Citizens when it involves Town Police Officers. Such complaints shall be in writing, or the Town employee, officer, or official receiving the complaint should reduce the same to writing, and should include the time, place, and details of the incident of alleged racial profiling, the identity or description of the peace officer or officers involved, and the identity and manner of contacting the complainant.

Any peace officer, city employee, or city official who receives a citizen complaint alleging racial profiling shall forward the complaint to the Chief of Police within 12 hours of receipt of the complaint. Receipt of each complaint shall be acknowledged to the complainant in writing, all such complaints shall be reviewed and investigated by the within a reasonable period of time, and the results of the Police review and investigation shall be filed with the Chief of Police and with the complainant.

In investigating a complaint alleging racial profiling, the investigating official shall seek to determine if the officer who is subject of the complaint has engaged in a pattern of racial profiling that includes multiple acts constituting racial profiling for which there is no reasonable, credible explanation based on established police and law enforcement procedures. A single act constituting racial profiling may not be considered a pattern of racial profiling, and may not be grounds for corrective action.

In the event that a complaint of racial profiling filed by an individual involves an occurrence that was recorded on audio or video, the investigating supervisor shall, upon commencement of the investigation of the complaint and upon written request of the officer, promptly provide a copy of the recording to the peace officer that is a subject of the complaint.

The Town of South Padre Island Police Department shall provide education to the public concerning the racial profiling complaint process. A summary of the public education efforts made during the preceding year shall be included with the annual report filed with the governing body of the Town of South Padre Island under Part VI below.

The Town of South Padre Island Police Department will be responsible for providing public education relating to the process for filing "Racial Profiling" complaints. This includes:

- (a) Internal Affairs pamphlets;
- (b) Public service announcements on local radio stations, television stations, and newspapers;
- (c) News/Press releases

V. Corrective Action

Any peace officer who is found, after investigation, to have engaged in racial profiling in violation of this policy shall be subject to corrective action, which may include: reprimand; diversity, sensitivity or other appropriate training or counseling; paid or unpaid suspension; termination of employment; or other appropriate action as determined by the Chief Of Police

VI. Collection of Information and Annual Report When Citation Issued or Arrest Made

For each traffic stop in which a citation is issued and for each arrest resulting from, such traffic stops, a peace officer involved in the stop shall collect information identifying the race or ethnicity of the person detained, stating whether a search was conducted, and if a search was conducted, whether the person detained consented to the search.

The information collected shall be compiled in an annual report covering the period January 1 through December 31 of each year, and shall be submitted to the governing body of the Town of South Padre Island no later than March 1 of the following year. The annual report shall not include identifying information about any individual stopped or arrested, and shall not include identifying information about any peace officer involved in a stop or arrest.

VII. Audio and Video Equipment

- (a) The Chief of Police of the Town of South Padre Island shall, immediately upon enactment of this policy, commence examination of the feasibility of installing video camera equipment and transmitter-activated equipment in each Town motor vehicle regularly used to make traffic stops, and transmitter activated equipment in each Town motorcycle regularly used to make traffic stops, and shall report to the governing body of the Town of South Padre Island on the findings of such examination no later than six months following enactment of this policy. The report shall include funding options available to the Town, including any funding available through the Department of Public Safety.
- (b) In the event that the findings of such examination support the installation of such equipment, the governing body shall consider and take action on installing the equipment, applying for funding to secure and install such equipment, or such other action as the governing body considers appropriate. In the event the examination does not support installing such equipment, the Chief of Police of the Town of South Padre Island shall periodically update the governing body on such feasibility.
- (c) Supervisors have the responsibility of monitoring the activities of subordinates to ensure that "Racial Profiling" is not being practiced. Supervisors will take immediate corrective actions if these practices are observed and will document the infraction accordingly.
- (d) In the event that the governing body determines that funds are needed in order to install the equipment, it shall pass a resolution certifying that fact to the Department of Public Safety. On receipt of either sufficient funds or video and audio equipment, the governing body shall install video and transmitter activated equipment in each motor vehicle regularly used to make traffic stops, and shall install transmitter-activated equipment on each motorcycle regularly used to make traffic stops, and the governing body shall pass a resolution certifying to the Department of Public Safety that such equipment has been installed and is being used to record each traffic and pedestrian stop made by a peace officer employed by the Town that is capable of being recorded by video and audio or audio equipment, as appropriate.

VIII. Review of Video and Audio Documentation—Standards

In the event that audio and video equipment is installed, each audio and video recording shall be retained for a minimum period of ninety (90) days unless a complaint is filed alleging that a peace officer of the Town of South Padre Island has engaged in racial profiling with respect to a traffic or pedestrian stop, in which case the recording shall be retained until final disposition of the complaint.

In conjunction with preparation of the annual report required under Part VI above, the Chief of Police shall periodically conduct reviews of a randomly-selected sampling of video and audio recordings made recently by peace officers employed by the Town in order to determine if patterns of racial profiling exist.

In reviewing audio and video recordings, the Chief Of Police shall seek to determine if the officer who is involved therein has engaged in a pattern of racial profiling that includes multiple acts constituting racial profiling for which there is no reasonable, credible explanation based on established police and law enforcement procedures. A single act constituting racial profiling may not be considered a pattern of racial profiling, and may not be grounds for corrective action.

IX Collection, Compilation, Analysis, and Reporting Requirements in Absence of Either Audio and Video Equipment or Non-Funding Certification by the Governing Body

- (a) In addition to the annual report required when citations are issued and arrests made, and so long as the Town of South Padre Island has not equipped all motor vehicles and motorcycles regularly used to make traffic and pedestrian stops with audio and video equipment, as applicable, and so long as the Town has not or is not able to certify to the Department of Public Safety that it needs funds for such audio and video equipment but has not received such funds, then each peace officer of the Town shall make the following report for each traffic and pedestrian stop:
- (1) A physical description of each person detained as a result of the stop, including:
 - (A) The person's gender; and
 - (B) The person's race or ethnicity, as stated by the person, or if the person does not state the person's race or ethnicity, as determined by the officer to the best of his or her ability;
 - (2) The traffic law or ordinances alleged to have been violated or suspected offense;
 - (3) Whether the officer conducted a search as a result of the stop, and, if so, whether the person detained consented to the search;
 - (4) Whether any contraband was discovered in the course of the search and the type of contraband discovered;
 - (5) Whether probable cause to search existed and the facts supporting the existence of that probable cause;
 - (6) Whether the officer made an arrest as a result of the stop or the search, including a statement of the offense charged;

- (7) The street address or approximate location of the stop; and
 - (8) Whether the officer issued a warning or a citation as a result of the stop, including a description of the warning or a statement of the violation charged.
- (b) The information in each report shall be analyzed and compiled in a report that covers the period January 1 through December 31 of each year, and shall be submitted to the governing body of the Town of South Padre Island no later than March 1 of the following year. Each such report shall include:
- (1) A comparative analysis of the information compiled by each officer under Part DC(a) (1)-(8) to:
 - A. determine the prevalence of racial profiling by peace officers employed by the Town; and
 - B. examine the disposition of traffic and pedestrian stops made by officers employed by the Town, including searches resulting from such stops; and
 - (2) Information relating to each complaint filed with the Town alleging that a peace officer employed by the Town had engaged in racial profiling.
 - (c) The report required by this Part DC may not include identifying information about a peace officer who makes a traffic or pedestrian stop or about an individual who is stopped or arrested by an officer.
 - (d) The compilation of information, analysis, and report required by this Part IX shall not be required for any calendar year during which (1) the Town has equipped all motor vehicles and motorcycles regularly used to- make traffic and pedestrian stops with audio and video equipment, and each traffic and pedestrian stop made by a peace officer employed by the Town that is capable of being recorded by video and audio or audio equipment, as appropriate', has been so recorded; or (2) the Town has certified to the Department of Public Safety that it needs funds for such audio and video equipment, as described in Part VII(c) above, but has not received such funds,.

X. Peace Officer and Police Chief Training

- (a) Each peace officer employed by the Town shall complete the comprehensive education and training program on racial profiling established by the Texas Commission on Law Enforcement Officer Standards and Education (TCLEOSE) not later than the second anniversary of the date the officer was licensed, the date the officer applies for an intermediate proficiency certificate, whichever date is earlier. A person who on September 1, 2001, held a TCLEOSE intermediate proficiency certificate, or who had held a peace officer license issued by TCLEOSE for at least two years, shall complete a TCLEOSE training and education program on racial profiling not later than September 1, 2003.
- (b) The Chief of Police shall, in completing the training required by Section 96-641, Texas Education Code, complete the program on racial profiling established by the Bill Blackwood Law Enforcement Management Institute of Texas.

Community Partnerships

Although the South Padre Police Department has always enjoyed from the support of the community, since January 1, 2002, it has made extraordinary efforts to reach out to community leaders. This effort has been well received by the South Padre Island community; particularly, members of the minority community.

The South Padre Island Police Department, through its Public Information Officer and Police Program Coordinator, has kept the public informed of the traffic contact data collection effort. Further, it plans to present the data analyzed, on or before March 1, 2003, to members of city council.

Guidelines for Compiling and Reporting Data under Senate Bill 1074

Background

Senate Bill 1074 of the 77th Legislature established requirements in the Texas Code of Criminal Procedure (TCCP) for law enforcement agencies. The Commission developed this document to assist agencies in complying with the statutory requirements.

The guidelines are written in the form of standards using a style developed from accreditation organizations including the Commission on Accreditation for Law Enforcement Agencies (CALEA). The standards provide a description of *what* must be accomplished by an agency but allows wide latitude in determining *how* the agency will achieve compliance with each applicable standard.

Each standard is composed of two parts: the standard statement and the commentary. The *standard statement* is a declarative sentence that places a clear-cut requirement, or multiple requirements, on an agency. The commentary supports the standard statement but is not binding. The commentary can serve as a prompt, as guidance to clarify the intent of the standard, or as an example of one possible way to comply with the standard.

Standard 1

Each law enforcement agency has a detailed written directive that:

- clearly defines acts that constitute racial profiling;
- strictly prohibits peace officers employed by the agency from engaging in racial profiling;
- implements a process by which an individual may file a complaint with the agency if the individual believes a peace officer employed by the agency has engaged in racial profiling with respect to the individual filing the complaint;
- provides for public education relating to the complaint process;
- requires appropriate corrective action to be taken against a peace officer employed by the agency who, after investigation, is shown to have engaged in racial profiling in violation of the agency's written racial profiling policy; and
- requires the collection of certain types of data for subsequent reporting.

Commentary

Article 2.131 of the TCCP prohibits officers from engaging in racial profiling, and article 2.132 of the TCCP now requires a written policy that contains the elements listed in this standard. The article also specifically defines a law enforcement agency as it applies to this statute as an "agency of the state, or of a county, municipality, or other political subdivision of the state, that employs peace officers who make traffic stops in the routine performance of the officers' official duties."

The article further defines race or ethnicity as being of "a particular descent, including Caucasian, African, Hispanic, Asian, or Native American." The statute does not limit the required policies to just these ethnic groups.

This written policy is to be adopted and implemented no later than January 1, 2002.

Standard 2

Each peace officer who stops a motor vehicle for an alleged violation of a law or ordinance regulating traffic, or who stops a pedestrian for any suspected offense reports to the employing law enforcement agency information relating to the stop, to include:

- a physical description of each person detained, including gender and the person's race or ethnicity, as stated by the person, or, if the person does not state a race or ethnicity, as determined by the officer's best judgment;
- the traffic law or ordinance alleged to have been violated or the suspected offense;
- whether the officer conducted a search as a result of the stop and, if so, whether the person stopped consented to the search;
- whether any contraband was discovered in the course of the search, and the type of contraband discovered;
- whether probable cause to search existed, and the facts supporting the existence of that probable cause;
- whether the officer made an arrest as a result of the stop or the search, including a statement of the offense charged;
- the street address or approximate location of the stop; and
- whether the officer issued a warning or citation as a result of the stop, including a description of the warning or a statement of the violation charged.

Commentary

The information required by 2.133 TCCP is used to complete the agency reporting requirements found in Article 2.134. A peace officer and an agency may be exempted from this requirement under Article 2.135 TCCP Exemption for Agencies Using Video and Audio Equipment. An agency may be exempt from this reporting requirement by applying for the funds from the Department of Public Safety for video and audio equipment and the State does not supply those funds. Section 2.135 (a)(2) states, "the governing body of the county or municipality served by the law enforcement agency, in conjunction with the law enforcement agency, certifies to the Department of Public Safety, not later than the date specified by rule by the department, that the law enforcement agency needs funds or video and audio equipment for the purpose of installing video and audio equipment as described by Subsection (a) (1) (A) and the agency does not receive from the state funds for video and audio equipment sufficient, as determined by the department, for the agency to accomplish that purpose."

Standard 3

The agency compiles the information collected under 2.132 and 2.133 and analyzes the information identified in 2.133.

Commentary

Senate Bill 1074 from the 77th Session of the Texas Legislature created requirements for law enforcement agencies to gather specific information and to report it to each county or municipality served. New sections of law were added to the Code of Criminal Procedure regarding the reporting of traffic and pedestrian stops. Detained is defined as when a person stopped is not free to leave.

Article 2.134 TCCP requires the agency to compile and provide and analysis of the information collected by peace officer employed by the agency. The report is provided to the governing body of the municipality or county no later than March 1 of each year and covers the previous calendar year.

There is data collection and reporting required based on Article 2.132 CCP (tier one) and Article 2.133 CCP (tier two).

The minimum requirements for “tier one” data for traffic stops in which a citation results are:

- 1) the race or ethnicity of individual detained (race and ethnicity as defined by the bill means of “a particular descent, including Caucasian, African, Hispanic, Asian, or Native American”);
- 2) whether a search was conducted, and if there was a search, whether it was a consent search or a probable cause search; and
- 3) whether there was a custody arrest.

The minimum requirements for reporting on “tier two” reports include traffic and pedestrian stops. Tier two data include:

- 1) the detained person’s gender and race or ethnicity;
- 2) the type of law violation suspected, e.g., hazardous traffic, non-hazardous traffic, or other criminal investigation (the Texas Department of Public Safety publishes a categorization of traffic offenses into hazardous or non-hazardous);
- 3) whether a search was conducted, and if so whether it was based on consent or probable cause;
- 4) facts supporting probable cause;
- 5) the type, if any, of contraband that was collected;
- 6) disposition of the stop, e.g., arrest, ticket, warning, or release;
- 7) location of stop; and
- 8) statement of the charge, e.g., felony, misdemeanor, or traffic.

Tier one reports are made to the governing body of each county or municipality served by the agency an annual report of information if the agency is an agency of a county, municipality, or other political subdivision of the state. Tier one and two reports are reported to the county or municipality not later than March 1 for the previous calendar year beginning March 1, 2003. Tier two reports include a comparative analysis between the race and ethnicity of persons detained to see if a differential pattern of treatment can be discerned based on the disposition of stops including searches resulting from the stops. The reports also include information relating to each complaint filed with the agency alleging that a peace officer employed by the agency has engaged in racial profiling. An agency may be exempt from the tier two reporting requirement by applying for the funds from the Department of Public Safety for video and audio equipment and the State does not supply those funds [See 2.135 (a)(2) TCCP].

Reports should include both raw numbers and percentages for each group. Caution should be exercised in interpreting the data involving percentages because of statistical distortions caused by very small numbers in any particular category, for example, if only one American Indian is stopped and searched, that stop would not provide an accurate comparison with 200 stops among Caucasians with 100 searches. In the first case, a 100% search rate would be skewed data when compared to a 50% rate for Caucasians.

Standard 4

If a law enforcement agency has video and audio capabilities in motor vehicles regularly used for traffic stops, or audio capabilities on motorcycles regularly used to make traffic stops, the agency:

- adopts standards for reviewing and retaining audio and video documentation; and
- promptly provides a copy of the recording to a peace officer who is the subject of a complaint on written request by the officer.

Commentary

The agency should have a specific review and retention policy. Article 2.132 TCCP specifically requires that the peace officer be promptly provided with a copy of the audio or video recordings if the officer is the subject of a complaint and the officer makes a written request.

Standard 5

Agencies that do not currently have video or audio equipment must examine the feasibility of installing such equipment.

Commentary

None

Standard 6

Agencies that have video and audio recording capabilities are exempt from the reporting requirements of Article 2.134 TCCP and officers are exempt from the reporting requirements of Article 2.133 TCCP provided that:

- the equipment was in place and used during the proceeding calendar year; and
- video and audio documentation is retained for at least 90 days.

Commentary

The audio and video equipment and policy must have been in place during the previous calendar year. Audio and video documentation must be kept for at least 90 days or longer if a complaint has been filed. The documentation must be retained until the complaint is resolved. Peace officers are not exempt from the requirements under Article 2.132 TCCP.

Standard 7

Agencies have citation forms or other electronic media that comply with Section 543.202 of the Transportation Code.

Commentary

Senate Bill 1074 changed Section 543.202 of the Transportation Code requiring citations to include:

- race or ethnicity, and
- whether a search of the vehicle was conducted and whether consent for the search was obtained.

Video Policy

Each motor vehicle regularly used by this department to make traffic and pedestrian stops is equipped with a video camera and transmitter-activated equipment, and each motorcycle regularly used by this department to make traffic and pedestrian stops is equipped with transmitter-activated equipment; and

Each traffic and pedestrian stop made by an officer of this department that is capable of being recorded by video and audio, or audio, as appropriate, is recorded.

It is the policy of this department that it is to retain the video and audiotapes, or the audiotape of each traffic and pedestrian stop for at least ninety (90) days after the date of the stop. If a complaint is filed with this department alleging that one of our officers has engaged in racial profiling with respect to a traffic or pedestrian stop, this department retains the video and audiotapes, or the audiotape of the stop until final disposition of the complaint.

Supervisors ensure that officers of this department are recording their traffic and pedestrian stops. A recording of each officer will be reviewed at least once every ninety (90) days.

*If the equipment used to record audio and/or video of traffic or pedestrian stops is malfunctioning or otherwise not operable, the officer making the stop is encouraged to properly record and report the information as required in Policy B Section VIII (*or the equivalent section in your departments policy*).

**(Footnote: In the event of equipment failure; as a consideration, agencies may wish to manually collect data when audio and/or video equipment is temporarily non-operational. An agency that chooses to collect data manually should incorporate the information as contained in Policy B Section VIII).*

Disclaimer: This model policy is intended as a guide. It should be reviewed by legal counsel prior to modification and implementation in any specific community.

41.2.17 Mobile Video/Audio Recording Equipment

This policy is to provide officers with guidelines for the use of mobile video and audio recording equipment. Mobile video/audio recording (MVR) equipment has been demonstrated to be of value in the prosecution of traffic violations and related offenses, in evaluation of officer performance as well as in training. In order to maximize the utility of this equipment in these and related areas, officers shall follow the procedures for MVR equipment use as set forth in this policy.

A. Program Objectives

This agency has adopted the use of in-car video/audio recording systems in order to accomplish several objectives, including

1. Accurate documentation of events, actions, conditions and statements made during arrests and critical incidents, so as to enhance officer reports, collection of evidence and testimony in court; and
2. The enhancement of this agency's ability to review probable cause for arrest, arrest procedures, officer and suspect interaction, and evidence for investigative purposes, as well as for officer evaluation and training.

B. Operating Procedures

Officers shall adhere to the following procedures when utilizing MVR equipment.

1. MVR equipment installed in vehicles is the responsibility of the officer assigned to that vehicle and will be maintained according to manufacturer's recommendations.
2. Prior to each shift, officers shall determine whether their MVR equipment is working satisfactorily and shall bring any problems at this

- or other times to the attention of their immediate supervisor as soon as possible.
3. MVR equipment will automatically activate when the vehicle's emergency warning devices are in operation. The equipment may be manually deactivated during non-enforcement activities such as when protecting accident scenes from other vehicular traffic.
 - a. Whenever equipment is manually deactivated, officers shall properly document the reasons for this action.
 4. Where possible, officers should ensure that MVR equipment is operating in order to record traffic stops or other enforcement actions. In so doing they will ensure that
 - a. The video recorder is positioned and adjusted to record events;
 - b. The MVR is not deactivated until the enforcement action is completed; and
 - c. Their wireless microphone is activated in order to provide narration with the video recording to explain the reason for their current or planned enforcement action.
 5. Where possible, officers shall also use their MVR equipment to record
 - a. The actions of suspects during interviews, when undergoing sobriety checks or when placed in custody if the recording would prove useful in later judicial proceedings; and
 - b. The circumstances at crime and accident scenes or other events such as the confiscation and documentation of evidence or contraband.
 6. Officers shall not erase, reuse or in any manner alter MYR tapes.
 7. Officers shall ensure that they are equipped with an adequate supply of videotapes to complete their tour of duty.
 8. All completed tapes shall be properly labeled and identified prior to being submitted with related documentation at the end of the officers' tour of duty.
 9. Officers are encouraged to inform their supervisor of any videotaped sequences that may be of value for training purposes.
 10. Officers will note in incident, arrest and related reports when video/audio recording were made during the incident in question.
 11. Officers shall only use videotapes as issued and approved by this agency.

C. Tape Control and Management

1. MYR tapes containing information that may be of value for case prosecution or in any criminal or civil adversarial proceeding shall be safe guarded as other forms of evidence. As such, these videotapes will
 - a. Be subjected to the same security restrictions and chain of evidence safeguard as detailed in this agency's evidence control policy;
 - b. Not be released to another criminal justice agency for trial or other reason without having signed out for the MVR tape with tape custodian.
2. Tapes not scheduled for court proceedings or other adversial or departmental uses shall be maintained for a minimum period authorized by law. All tapes shall be maintained in a manner that allows efficient identification and retrieval.
3. No videotapes shall be reissued for operational use unless completely erased by designated personnel in this agency.

D. Supervisory Responsibilities

Supervisory personnel who manage officers equipped with MVR equipment shall ensure that

1. All officers follow established procedures for the use and maintenance of MVR equipment, handling of video/audio recordings and the completion of MV documentation;
2. On at least a bimonthly basis, they randomly review videotapes and recordings to assist in periodic assessment of officer performance, determine whether MVR equipment is being fully and properly used and to identified material that may be appropriate for training;
3. Repairs and replacement of damaged or nonfunctional MVR equipment is performed; and
4. All statistical reporting requirements are being completed as required to ensure adequate program evaluation.

Robert Rodriguez
Police Chief

Effective Date: January 01, 1987
Reviewed Date: July 24, 2007

41.2.1 7A Use of Voice Recorders

This policy is to establish use of voice recorders for officers assigned to patrol duty.

A. It is the policy of the South Padre Island Police Department that voice recorders be made available to all patrol officers.

1. Patrol officers, while on duty, will have with them a voice recorder in good working condition and carry necessary tapes to complete shift.
2. The voice recorders will be activated by the officers before any contact is made with the public where an arrest, citation or warning may occur.
3. The officer may use the voice recorder at any other time they contact the public if the officer believes it will benefit him/her in any future conflict.

Robert Rodriguez
Police Chief

Effective Date: January 01, 1987

Reviewed Date: July 24, 2007

(I) Tier 1 Data

Table 1. General Demographics of Contacts and Searches

Race/Ethnicity*	Contacts		Searches		Consensual Searches		PC Search		Custody Arrest	
	N	%	N	%	N	%	N	%	N	%
Caucasian	1303	54	9	60	1	14	8	100	262	57
African	27	.01	0	0	0	0	0	0	7	2
Hispanic	1044	44	6	40	6	86	0	0	186	41
Asian	12	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Native American	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Other	5	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0
Total	2391	100	15	100	7	100	8	100	457	100

* Race/Ethnicity are defined by Senate Bill 1074 as being of a “particular descent, including Caucasian, African, Hispanic, Asian, or Native American”.

(II) Comparative Analysis

Table 1. Comparison of Self-Initiated Stops of Residents and DPS Resident Data

Race/Ethnicity*	Resident Contacts		DPS Data		Variance	
	N	%	N	%	N	%
Caucasian**	2347	98	9114	98.6	6767	1.69
African	27	1	40	.4	13	5.15
Asian	2	1	31	.3	29	1.13
Native American	0	0	8	.1	8	1
Other	5	0	54	.6	49	1.20
Total	2391	100	9247	100		

* Race/Ethnicity are defined by Senate Bill 1074 as being of a "particular descent, including Caucasian, African, Hispanic, Asian, or Native American".

** In this table, Hispanics have been added to the Caucasian population. This has been done in order to correspond with DPS data collection methods. According to DPS, Hispanics are combined, in their data reports, with the Caucasian population.

Corrective Action

It is the policy of the South Padre Island Police Department that any officer who, after an internal investigation, has been found guilty of engaging in racial profiling, that one of the following series of disciplinary measures is taken (as per the recommendation of the chief of police):

- 1) Officer is retrained in racial sensitivity issues
- 2) Officer is suspended and as a condition of further involvement with the police department is asked to undergo racial sensitivity training
- 2) Officer is terminated

Data on Corrective Action

The following table contains data regarding officers that have been the subject of a complaint, during the time period of 1/1/04---12/31/04, based on allegations outlining possible violations related to the Texas Racial Profiling Law. The final disposition of the case is also included.



Check above if the South Padre Island police department has not received any complaints, on any members of its police force, for having violated the Texas Racial Profiling Law during the time period of 1/1/07 ---- 12/31/07.

Complaints Filed for Possible Violations of S.R. 1074 (The Texas Racial Profiling Law)

Complaint No.	Alleged Violation			Disposition of the Case

Additional Comments:

Pop-Facts: Household Income by Age of Householder

ZIP CODE 78597

Area ZIP Codes (see appendix for geographies), Total

2000 Census Age/Income	Age 15 - 24	Age 25 - 34	Age 35 - 44	Age 45 - 54	Age 55 - 59	Age 60 - 64	Age 65 - 69	Age 70 - 74	Age 75 - 79	Age 80 - 84	Age 85+	Total
Household Totals	47	166	173	281	177	146	152	137	57	35	25	1,396
% of Total Households	3.37%	11.89%	12.39%	20.13%	12.68%	10.46%	10.89%	9.81%	4.08%	2.51%	1.79%	
Income Less than \$10,000	6	21	25	19	24	20	10	9	4	4	3	145
% Across Age Ranges	4.14%	14.48%	17.24%	13.10%	16.55%	13.79%	6.90%	6.21%	2.76%	2.76%	2.07%	
% Within Age Range	12.77%	12.65%	14.45%	6.76%	13.56%	13.70%	6.58%	6.57%	7.02%	11.43%	12.00%	
Income \$10,000 - \$14,999	0	13	12	14	5	5	7	6	2	1	0	65
% Across Age Ranges	0.00%	20.00%	18.46%	21.54%	7.69%	7.69%	10.77%	9.23%	3.08%	1.54%	0.00%	
% Within Age Range	0.00%	7.83%	6.94%	4.98%	2.82%	3.42%	4.61%	4.38%	3.51%	2.86%	0.00%	
Income \$15,000 - \$19,999	8	14	11	18	9	8	6	7	14	9	6	110
% Across Age Ranges	7.27%	12.73%	10.00%	16.36%	8.18%	7.27%	5.45%	6.36%	12.73%	8.18%	5.45%	
% Within Age Range	17.02%	8.43%	6.36%	6.41%	5.08%	5.48%	3.95%	5.11%	24.56%	25.71%	24.00%	
Income \$20,000 - \$24,999	11	0	11	10	12	9	17	15	0	0	0	85
% Across Age Ranges	12.94%	0.00%	12.94%	11.76%	14.12%	10.59%	20.00%	17.65%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	
% Within Age Range	23.40%	0.00%	6.36%	3.56%	6.78%	6.16%	11.18%	10.95%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	
Income \$25,000 - \$29,999	6	0	0	10	21	17	13	11	5	2	2	87
% Across Age Ranges	6.90%	0.00%	0.00%	11.49%	24.14%	19.54%	14.94%	12.64%	5.75%	2.30%	2.30%	
% Within Age Range	12.77%	0.00%	0.00%	3.56%	11.86%	11.64%	8.55%	8.03%	8.77%	5.71%	8.00%	
Income \$30,000 - \$34,999	6	4	10	10	3	3	7	6	2	1	1	53
% Across Age Ranges	11.32%	7.55%	18.87%	18.87%	5.66%	5.66%	13.21%	11.32%	3.77%	1.89%	1.89%	
% Within Age Range	12.77%	2.41%	5.78%	3.56%	1.69%	2.05%	4.61%	4.38%	3.51%	2.86%	4.00%	
Income \$35,000 - \$39,999	0	11	19	2	9	9	9	9	3	1	1	73
% Across Age Ranges	0.00%	15.07%	26.03%	2.74%	12.33%	12.33%	12.33%	12.33%	4.11%	1.37%	1.37%	
% Within Age Range	0.00%	6.63%	10.98%	0.71%	5.08%	6.16%	5.92%	6.57%	5.26%	2.86%	4.00%	
Income \$40,000 - \$44,999	0	21	23	16	3	2	12	11	2	1	1	92
% Across Age Ranges	0.00%	22.83%	25.00%	17.39%	3.26%	2.17%	13.04%	11.96%	2.17%	1.09%	1.09%	
% Within Age Range	0.00%	12.65%	13.29%	5.69%	1.69%	1.37%	7.89%	8.03%	3.51%	2.86%	4.00%	
Income \$45,000 - \$49,999	5	5	6	7	3	4	7	6	2	1	1	47
% Across Age Ranges	10.64%	10.64%	12.77%	14.89%	6.38%	8.51%	14.89%	12.77%	4.26%	2.13%	2.13%	
% Within Age Range	10.64%	3.01%	3.47%	2.49%	1.69%	2.74%	4.61%	4.38%	3.51%	2.86%	4.00%	
Income \$50,000 - \$59,999	0	17	0	36	9	7	22	19	2	2	1	115
% Across Age Ranges	0.00%	14.78%	0.00%	31.30%	7.83%	6.09%	19.13%	16.52%	1.74%	1.74%	0.87%	
% Within Age Range	0.00%	10.24%	0.00%	12.81%	5.08%	4.79%	14.47%	13.87%	3.51%	5.71%	4.00%	

Pop-Facts: Household Income by Age of Householder

ZIP CODE 78597

Area ZIP Codes (see appendix for geographies), Total

	5	6	17	14	17	14	7	5	3	154
Income \$60,000 - \$74,999	3.25%	3.90%	11.04%	9.09%	11.04%	9.09%	4.55%	3.25%	1.95%	
% Across Age Ranges	10.64%	3.47%	9.60%	9.59%	11.18%	10.22%	12.28%	14.29%	12.00%	
% Within Age Range										
Income \$75,000 - \$99,999	0	23	20	16	13	12	11	7	4	181
% Across Age Ranges	0.00%	12.71%	11.05%	8.84%	7.18%	6.63%	6.08%	3.87%	2.21%	
% Within Age Range	0.00%	13.29%	11.30%	10.96%	8.55%	8.76%	19.30%	20.00%	16.00%	
Income \$100,000 - \$124,999	0	10	9	7	4	5	0	0	0	43
% Across Age Ranges	0.00%	23.26%	20.93%	16.28%	9.30%	11.63%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	
% Within Age Range	0.00%	5.78%	5.08%	4.79%	2.63%	3.65%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	
Income \$125,000 - \$149,999	0	0	3	3	0	0	3	1	2	27
% Across Age Ranges	0.00%	0.00%	11.11%	11.11%	0.00%	0.00%	11.11%	3.70%	7.41%	
% Within Age Range	0.00%	0.00%	1.69%	2.05%	0.00%	0.00%	5.26%	2.86%	8.00%	
Income \$150,000 - \$199,999	0	13	10	8	4	4	0	0	0	48
% Across Age Ranges	0.00%	27.08%	20.83%	16.67%	8.33%	8.33%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	
% Within Age Range	0.00%	7.51%	5.65%	5.48%	2.63%	2.92%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	
Income \$200,000 - \$249,999	0	3	7	5	2	2	0	0	0	27
% Across Age Ranges	0.00%	11.11%	25.93%	18.52%	7.41%	7.41%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	
% Within Age Range	0.00%	1.73%	3.95%	3.42%	1.32%	1.46%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	
Income \$250,000 - \$499,999	0	1	8	6	2	1	0	0	0	28
% Across Age Ranges	0.00%	3.57%	28.57%	21.43%	7.14%	3.57%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	
% Within Age Range	0.00%	0.58%	4.52%	4.11%	1.32%	0.73%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	
Income \$500,000 or more	0	0	5	3	0	0	0	0	0	16
% Across Age Ranges	0.00%	0.00%	31.25%	18.75%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	
% Within Age Range	0.00%	0.00%	2.82%	2.05%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	
Median Household Income	\$24,167	\$44,659	\$39,500	\$59,459	\$48,750	\$44,667	\$42,885	\$42,500	\$37,500	\$44,328



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Pop-Facts: Household Income by Age of Householder

ZIP CODE 78597

Area ZIP Codes (see appendix for geographies), Total

2007 Estimate Age/Income	Age 15 - 24	Age 25 - 34	Age 35 - 44	Age 45 - 54	Age 55 - 59	Age 60 - 64	Age 65 - 69	Age 70 - 74	Age 75 - 79	Age 80 - 84	Age 85+	Total
Household Totals	57	195	264	290	249	219	191	155	117	72	36	1,845
% of Total Households	3.09%	10.57%	14.31%	15.72%	13.50%	11.87%	10.35%	8.40%	6.34%	3.90%	1.95%	
Income Less than \$10,000	4	21	36	17	30	27	10	13	6	6	3	173
% Across Age Ranges	2.31%	12.14%	20.81%	9.83%	17.34%	15.61%	5.78%	7.51%	3.47%	3.47%	1.73%	
% Within Age Range	7.02%	10.77%	13.64%	5.86%	12.05%	12.33%	5.24%	8.39%	5.13%	8.33%	8.33%	
Income \$10,000 - \$14,999	0	13	21	11	9	9	6	4	2	4	2	81
% Across Age Ranges	0.00%	16.05%	25.93%	13.58%	11.11%	11.11%	7.41%	4.94%	2.47%	4.94%	2.47%	
% Within Age Range	0.00%	6.67%	7.95%	3.79%	3.61%	4.11%	3.14%	2.58%	1.71%	5.56%	5.56%	
Income \$15,000 - \$19,999	1	16	17	13	13	12	10	9	11	9	4	115
% Across Age Ranges	0.87%	13.91%	14.78%	11.30%	11.30%	10.43%	8.70%	7.83%	9.57%	7.83%	3.48%	
% Within Age Range	1.75%	8.21%	6.44%	4.48%	5.22%	5.48%	5.24%	5.81%	9.40%	12.50%	11.11%	
Income \$20,000 - \$24,999	6	6	16	14	9	7	8	5	22	14	6	113
% Across Age Ranges	5.31%	5.31%	14.16%	12.39%	7.96%	6.19%	7.08%	4.42%	19.47%	12.39%	5.31%	
% Within Age Range	10.53%	3.08%	6.06%	4.83%	3.61%	3.20%	4.19%	3.23%	18.80%	19.44%	16.67%	
Income \$25,000 - \$29,999	14	0	17	10	16	14	22	15	1	0	0	109
% Across Age Ranges	12.84%	0.00%	15.60%	9.17%	14.68%	12.84%	20.18%	13.76%	0.92%	0.00%	0.00%	
% Within Age Range	24.56%	0.00%	6.44%	3.45%	6.43%	6.39%	11.52%	9.68%	0.85%	0.00%	0.00%	
Income \$30,000 - \$34,999	8	0	0	11	20	20	11	7	6	4	2	89
% Across Age Ranges	8.99%	0.00%	0.00%	12.36%	22.47%	22.47%	12.36%	7.87%	6.74%	4.49%	2.25%	
% Within Age Range	14.04%	0.00%	0.00%	3.79%	8.03%	9.13%	5.76%	4.52%	5.13%	5.56%	5.56%	
Income \$35,000 - \$39,999	7	5	13	8	6	5	10	6	6	4	0	70
% Across Age Ranges	10.00%	7.14%	18.57%	11.43%	8.57%	7.14%	14.29%	8.57%	8.57%	5.71%	0.00%	
% Within Age Range	12.28%	2.56%	4.92%	2.76%	2.41%	2.28%	5.24%	3.87%	5.13%	5.56%	0.00%	
Income \$40,000 - \$44,999	3	13	24	5	12	11	6	6	6	0	0	86
% Across Age Ranges	3.49%	15.12%	27.91%	5.81%	13.95%	12.79%	6.98%	6.98%	6.98%	0.00%	0.00%	
% Within Age Range	5.26%	6.67%	9.09%	1.72%	4.82%	5.02%	3.14%	3.87%	5.13%	0.00%	0.00%	
Income \$45,000 - \$49,999	0	15	25	10	11	16	11	11	2	3	2	106
% Across Age Ranges	0.00%	14.15%	23.58%	9.43%	10.38%	15.09%	10.38%	10.38%	1.89%	2.83%	1.89%	
% Within Age Range	0.00%	7.69%	9.47%	3.45%	4.42%	7.31%	5.76%	7.10%	1.71%	4.17%	5.56%	
Income \$50,000 - \$59,999	5	21	23	20	6	5	17	15	5	4	2	123
% Across Age Ranges	4.07%	17.07%	18.70%	16.26%	4.88%	4.07%	13.82%	12.20%	4.07%	3.25%	1.63%	
% Within Age Range	8.77%	10.77%	8.71%	6.90%	2.41%	2.28%	8.90%	9.68%	4.27%	5.56%	5.56%	



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Page 3 Of 7

Prepared On: Fri May 11, 2007

Project Code: 2910849

Prepared For: SOUTH PADRE ISLAND EDC



Pop-Facts: Household Income by Age of Householder

ZIP CODE 78597

Area ZIP Codes (see appendix for geographies), Total

	2	28	46	18	12	38	30	10	3	1	190
Income \$60,000 - \$74,999	2	28	46	18	12	38	30	10	3	1	190
% Across Age Ranges	1.05%	14.74%	24.21%	9.47%	6.32%	20.00%	15.79%	5.26%	1.58%	0.53%	
% Within Age Range	3.51%	14.36%	15.86%	7.23%	5.48%	19.90%	19.35%	8.55%	4.17%	2.78%	
Income \$75,000 - \$99,999	7	40	40	39	30	18	15	17	10	7	239
% Across Age Ranges	2.93%	16.74%	16.74%	16.32%	12.55%	7.53%	6.28%	7.11%	4.18%	2.93%	
% Within Age Range	12.28%	20.51%	13.79%	15.66%	13.70%	9.42%	9.68%	14.53%	13.89%	19.44%	
Income \$100,000 - \$124,999	0	10	32	15	12	9	5	10	6	4	122
% Across Age Ranges	0.00%	8.20%	26.23%	12.30%	9.84%	7.38%	4.10%	8.20%	4.92%	3.28%	
% Within Age Range	0.00%	5.13%	11.03%	6.02%	5.48%	4.71%	3.23%	8.55%	8.33%	11.11%	
Income \$125,000 - \$149,999	0	3	3	8	8	5	4	1	2	0	45
% Across Age Ranges	0.00%	6.67%	6.67%	17.78%	17.78%	11.11%	8.89%	2.22%	4.44%	0.00%	
% Within Age Range	0.00%	1.54%	1.03%	3.21%	3.65%	2.62%	2.58%	0.85%	2.78%	0.00%	
Income \$150,000 - \$199,999	0	4	15	6	8	3	2	12	3	3	62
% Across Age Ranges	0.00%	6.45%	24.19%	9.68%	12.90%	4.84%	3.23%	19.35%	4.84%	4.84%	
% Within Age Range	0.00%	2.05%	5.17%	2.41%	3.65%	1.57%	1.29%	10.26%	4.17%	8.33%	
Income \$200,000 - \$249,999	0	0	5	11	8	2	6	0	0	0	43
% Across Age Ranges	0.00%	0.00%	11.63%	25.58%	18.60%	4.65%	13.95%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	
% Within Age Range	0.00%	0.00%	1.72%	4.42%	3.65%	1.05%	3.87%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	
Income \$250,000 - \$499,999	0	0	18	12	11	3	1	0	0	0	50
% Across Age Ranges	0.00%	0.00%	36.00%	24.00%	22.00%	6.00%	2.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	
% Within Age Range	0.00%	0.00%	6.21%	4.82%	5.02%	1.57%	0.65%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	
Income \$500,000 or more	0	0	12	8	4	2	1	0	0	0	29
% Across Age Ranges	0.00%	0.00%	41.38%	27.59%	13.79%	6.90%	3.45%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	
% Within Age Range	0.00%	0.00%	4.14%	3.21%	1.83%	1.05%	0.65%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	
Median Household Income	\$32,222	\$54,091	\$68,457	\$49,167	\$46,471	\$51,111	\$51,250	\$43,571	\$33,500	\$47,500	\$49,065



Prepared On: Fri May 11, 2007
 Project Code: 2910849
 Prepared For: SOUTH PADRE ISLAND EDC

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Pop-Facts: Household Income by Age of Householder

ZIP CODE 78597

Area ZIP Codes (see appendix for geographies), Total

2012 Projection Age/Income	Age 15 - 24	Age 25 - 34	Age 35 - 44	Age 45 - 54	Age 55 - 59	Age 60 - 64	Age 65 - 69	Age 70 - 74	Age 75 - 79	Age 80 - 84	Age 85+	Total
Household Totals	66	177	296	324	278	287	249	186	138	84	61	2,146
% of Total Households	3.08%	8.25%	13.79%	15.10%	12.95%	13.37%	11.60%	8.67%	6.43%	3.91%	2.84%	
Income Less than \$10,000	6	18	36	18	30	37	12	14	4	7	6	188
% Across Age Ranges	3.19%	9.57%	19.15%	9.57%	15.96%	19.68%	6.38%	7.45%	2.13%	3.72%	3.19%	
% Within Age Range	9.09%	10.17%	12.16%	5.56%	10.79%	12.89%	4.82%	7.53%	2.90%	8.33%	9.84%	
Income \$10,000 - \$14,999	1	9	19	9	11	16	9	6	3	4	2	89
% Across Age Ranges	1.12%	10.11%	21.35%	10.11%	12.36%	17.98%	10.11%	6.74%	3.37%	4.49%	2.25%	
% Within Age Range	1.52%	5.08%	6.42%	2.78%	3.96%	5.57%	3.61%	3.23%	2.17%	4.76%	3.28%	
Income \$15,000 - \$19,999	1	11	19	12	12	14	12	12	9	10	5	117
% Across Age Ranges	0.85%	9.40%	16.24%	10.26%	10.26%	11.97%	10.26%	10.26%	7.69%	8.55%	4.27%	
% Within Age Range	1.52%	6.21%	6.42%	3.70%	4.32%	4.88%	4.82%	6.45%	6.52%	11.90%	8.20%	
Income \$20,000 - \$24,999	3	8	15	12	10	11	12	9	23	14	8	125
% Across Age Ranges	2.40%	6.40%	12.00%	9.60%	8.00%	8.80%	9.60%	7.20%	18.40%	11.20%	6.40%	
% Within Age Range	4.55%	4.52%	5.07%	3.70%	3.60%	3.83%	4.82%	4.84%	16.67%	16.67%	13.11%	
Income \$25,000 - \$29,999	11	3	20	10	12	13	18	12	12	5	6	122
% Across Age Ranges	9.02%	2.46%	16.39%	8.20%	9.84%	10.66%	14.75%	9.84%	9.84%	4.10%	4.92%	
% Within Age Range	16.67%	1.69%	6.76%	3.09%	4.32%	4.53%	7.23%	6.45%	8.70%	5.95%	9.84%	
Income \$30,000 - \$34,999	12	0	8	12	17	20	19	12	3	3	2	108
% Across Age Ranges	11.11%	0.00%	7.41%	11.11%	15.74%	18.52%	17.59%	11.11%	2.78%	2.78%	1.85%	
% Within Age Range	18.18%	0.00%	2.70%	3.70%	6.12%	6.97%	7.63%	6.45%	2.17%	3.57%	3.28%	
Income \$35,000 - \$39,999	8	2	3	10	12	18	12	8	6	6	0	85
% Across Age Ranges	9.41%	2.35%	3.53%	11.76%	14.12%	21.18%	14.12%	9.41%	7.06%	7.06%	0.00%	
% Within Age Range	12.12%	1.13%	1.01%	3.09%	4.32%	6.27%	4.82%	4.30%	4.35%	7.14%	0.00%	
Income \$40,000 - \$44,999	6	7	18	6	7	11	11	7	8	2	0	83
% Across Age Ranges	7.23%	8.43%	21.69%	7.23%	8.43%	13.25%	13.25%	8.43%	9.64%	2.41%	0.00%	
% Within Age Range	9.09%	3.95%	6.08%	1.85%	2.52%	3.83%	4.42%	3.76%	5.80%	2.38%	0.00%	
Income \$45,000 - \$49,999	1	13	26	6	14	15	9	9	5	0	2	100
% Across Age Ranges	1.00%	13.00%	26.00%	6.00%	14.00%	15.00%	9.00%	9.00%	5.00%	0.00%	2.00%	
% Within Age Range	1.52%	7.34%	8.78%	1.85%	5.04%	5.23%	3.61%	4.84%	3.62%	0.00%	3.28%	
Income \$50,000 - \$59,999	4	21	36	18	17	18	20	18	7	5	4	168
% Across Age Ranges	2.38%	12.50%	21.43%	10.71%	10.12%	10.71%	11.90%	10.71%	4.17%	2.98%	2.38%	
% Within Age Range	6.06%	11.86%	12.16%	5.56%	6.12%	6.27%	8.03%	9.68%	5.07%	5.95%	6.56%	



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 Prepared For: SOUTH PADRE ISLAND EDC

Pop-Facts: Household Income by Age of Householder

ZIP CODE 78597

Area ZIP Codes (see appendix for geographies), Total

	4	24	14	44	16	12	42	30	9	5	4	204
Income \$60,000 - \$74,999	4	24	14	44	16	12	42	30	9	5	4	204
% Across Age Ranges	1.96%	11.76%	6.86%	21.57%	7.84%	5.88%	20.59%	14.71%	4.41%	2.45%	1.96%	
% Within Age Range	6.06%	13.56%	4.73%	13.58%	5.76%	4.18%	16.87%	16.13%	6.52%	5.95%	6.56%	
Income \$75,000 - \$99,999	5	33	17	52	39	33	34	28	17	8	8	274
% Across Age Ranges	1.82%	12.04%	6.20%	18.98%	14.23%	12.04%	12.41%	10.22%	6.20%	2.92%	2.92%	
% Within Age Range	7.58%	18.64%	5.74%	16.05%	14.03%	11.50%	13.65%	15.05%	12.32%	9.52%	13.11%	
Income \$100,000 - \$124,999	4	15	19	37	23	20	13	8	14	8	6	167
% Across Age Ranges	2.40%	8.98%	11.38%	22.16%	13.77%	11.98%	7.78%	4.79%	8.38%	4.79%	3.59%	
% Within Age Range	6.06%	8.47%	6.42%	11.42%	8.27%	6.97%	5.22%	4.30%	10.14%	9.52%	9.84%	
Income \$125,000 - \$149,999	0	5	14	18	11	9	8	4	4	3	3	79
% Across Age Ranges	0.00%	6.33%	17.72%	22.78%	13.92%	11.39%	10.13%	5.06%	5.06%	3.80%	3.80%	
% Within Age Range	0.00%	2.82%	4.73%	5.56%	3.96%	3.14%	3.21%	2.15%	2.90%	3.57%	4.92%	
Income \$150,000 - \$199,999	0	4	10	14	9	10	7	2	10	2	4	72
% Across Age Ranges	0.00%	5.56%	13.89%	19.44%	12.50%	13.89%	9.72%	2.78%	13.89%	2.78%	5.56%	
% Within Age Range	0.00%	2.26%	3.38%	4.32%	3.24%	3.48%	2.81%	1.08%	7.25%	2.38%	6.56%	
Income \$200,000 - \$249,999	0	4	10	11	10	8	2	3	4	2	1	55
% Across Age Ranges	0.00%	7.27%	18.18%	20.00%	18.18%	14.55%	3.64%	5.45%	7.27%	3.64%	1.82%	
% Within Age Range	0.00%	2.26%	3.38%	3.40%	3.60%	2.79%	0.80%	1.61%	2.90%	2.38%	1.64%	
Income \$250,000 - \$499,999	0	0	8	19	17	16	4	4	0	0	0	68
% Across Age Ranges	0.00%	0.00%	11.76%	27.94%	25.00%	23.53%	5.88%	5.88%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	
% Within Age Range	0.00%	0.00%	2.70%	5.86%	6.12%	5.57%	1.61%	2.15%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	
Income \$500,000 or more	0	0	4	16	11	6	5	0	0	0	0	42
% Across Age Ranges	0.00%	0.00%	9.52%	38.10%	26.19%	14.29%	11.90%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	
% Within Age Range	0.00%	0.00%	1.35%	4.94%	3.96%	2.09%	2.01%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	

Median Household Income	\$34,423	\$58,182	\$46,944	\$77,594	\$58,056	\$46,250	\$55,238	\$52,368	\$46,250	\$33,125	\$48,333	\$53,343
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Pop-Facts: Household Income by Age of Householder

ZIP CODE 78597

Appendix: Area Listing

Area Name:

Type: List - Area ZIP Codes Reporting Detail: Aggregate Reporting Level: Area ZIP Codes

<u>Geography Code</u>	<u>Geography Name</u>	<u>Geography Code</u>	<u>Geography Name</u>
78597	South Padre Island		

Project Information:

Site: 1

Order Number: 965227137

Household Trend

ZIP CODE 78597

Area ZIP Codes (see appendix for geographies), Total

Description	2000 Census	2007 Estimate	%Change 2000-2007	2012 Projection	%Change 2007-2012
Universe Totals					
Population	2,836	3,591	26.62%	4,114	14.56%
Households	1,423	1,845	29.66%	2,146	16.31%
Families	823	1,057	28.43%	1,224	15.80%
Housing Units	5,408	6,981	29.09%	8,048	15.28%
Group Quarters Population	0	0	0.00%	0	0.00%
Average Household Size	1.99	1.95	-2.01%	1.92	-1.54%

Income Totals					
Aggregate(\$MM) Household Income	93	139	49.46%	174	25.18%
Per Capita(\$)	31,220	38,509	23.35%	42,410	10.13%

Description	2000 Census	%	2007 Estimate	%	2012 Projection	%
Total Household Income	1,396		1,845		2,146	
Income Less than \$15,000	210	15.04%	254	13.77%	277	12.91%
Income \$15,000 - \$24,999	195	13.97%	228	12.36%	242	11.28%
Income \$25,000 - \$34,999	140	10.03%	198	10.73%	230	10.72%
Income \$35,000 - \$49,999	212	15.19%	262	14.20%	268	12.49%
Income \$50,000 - \$74,999	269	19.27%	313	16.96%	372	17.33%
Income \$75,000 - \$99,999	181	12.97%	239	12.95%	274	12.77%
Income \$100,000 - \$149,999	70	5.01%	167	9.05%	246	11.46%
Income \$150,000 - \$249,999	75	5.37%	105	5.69%	127	5.92%
Income \$250,000 - \$499,999	28	2.01%	50	2.71%	68	3.17%
Income \$500,000 or more	16	1.15%	29	1.57%	42	1.96%

Average Household Income(\$)	66,513		75,096		81,269	
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Median Household Income(\$)	45,810		48,859		53,787	
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Total Family Household Income						
Income Less than \$15,000	85	10.18%	95	8.99%	102	8.33%
Income \$15,000 - \$24,999	67	8.02%	49	4.64%	53	4.33%
Income \$25,000 - \$34,999	89	10.66%	108	10.22%	103	8.42%
Income \$35,000 - \$49,999	137	16.41%	151	14.29%	163	13.32%
Income \$50,000 - \$74,999	179	21.44%	214	20.25%	232	18.95%
Income \$75,000 - \$99,999	125	14.97%	139	13.15%	169	13.81%
Income \$100,000 - \$149,999	64	7.66%	152	14.38%	207	16.91%
Income \$150,000 - \$249,999	65	7.78%	94	8.89%	112	9.15%
Income \$250,000 - \$499,999	19	2.28%	40	3.78%	58	4.74%
Income \$500,000 or more	5	0.60%	15	1.42%	25	2.04%



Household Trend

ZIP CODE 78597

Area ZIP Codes (see appendix for geographies), Total

Description	2000 Census	%	2007 Estimate	%	2012 Projection	%
Households by Household Type and Size						
Nonfamily Households	600		788		922	
1-person household	477	79.50%	665	84.39%	802	86.98%
2-person household	106	17.67%	105	13.32%	103	11.17%
3-person household	12	2.00%	13	1.65%	12	1.30%
4-person household	2	0.33%	3	0.38%	3	0.33%
5-person household	2	0.33%	1	0.13%	1	0.11%
6-person household	1	0.17%	1	0.13%	1	0.11%
7 or more person household	0	0.00%	0	0.00%	0	0.00%
Family Households	823		1,057		1,224	
2-person household	591	71.81%	765	72.37%	895	73.12%
3-person household	100	12.15%	134	12.68%	154	12.58%
4-person household	82	9.96%	100	9.46%	112	9.15%
5-person household	32	3.89%	38	3.60%	42	3.43%
6-person household	12	1.46%	14	1.32%	15	1.23%
7 or more person household	6	0.73%	6	0.57%	6	0.49%

*In contrast to Claritas Demographic Estimates, "smoothed" data items are Census 2000 tables made consistent with current year estimated and 5 year projected base counts.



Household Trend

ZIP CODE 78597

Appendix: Area Listing

Area Name:

Type: List - Area ZIP Codes

Reporting Detail: Aggregate

Reporting Level: Area ZIP Codes

<u>Geography Code</u>	<u>Geography Name</u>	<u>Geography Code</u>	<u>Geography Name</u>
78597	South Padre Island		

Project Information:

Site: 1

Order Number: 965227137



Population by Age and Sex Trend

ZIP CODE 78597

Area ZIP Codes (see appendix for geographies), Total

Population	Totals
2012 Projection	4,114
2007 Estimate	3,591
2000 Census	2,836
1990 Census	1,802
Growth 1990 - 2000	57.38%

Description	2000 Census	Percent	2007 Estimate	Percent	2012 Projection	Percent
Total Population by Age	2,836		3,591		4,114	
Age 0 - 4	103	3.63%	143	3.98%	147	3.57%
Age 5 - 9	77	2.72%	138	3.84%	164	3.99%
Age 10 - 14	87	3.07%	113	3.15%	161	3.91%
Age 15 - 17	64	2.26%	73	2.03%	90	2.19%
Age 18 - 20	43	1.52%	44	1.23%	52	1.26%
Age 21 - 24	117	4.13%	103	2.87%	109	2.65%
Age 25 - 34	346	12.20%	369	10.28%	325	7.90%
Age 35 - 44	361	12.73%	466	12.98%	515	12.52%
Age 45 - 49	216	7.62%	228	6.35%	271	6.59%
Age 50 - 54	230	8.11%	256	7.13%	261	6.34%
Age 55 - 59	272	9.59%	431	12.00%	478	11.62%
Age 60 - 64	268	9.45%	373	10.39%	484	11.76%
Age 65 - 74	463	16.33%	545	15.18%	669	16.26%
Age 75 - 84	180	6.35%	257	7.16%	301	7.32%
Age 85 and over	9	0.32%	52	1.45%	87	2.11%
Age 16 and over	2,547	89.81%	3,171	88.30%	3,611	87.77%
Age 18 and over	2,505	88.33%	3,124	87.00%	3,552	86.34%
Age 21 and over	2,462	86.81%	3,080	85.77%	3,500	85.08%
Age 65 and over	652	22.99%	854	23.78%	1,057	25.69%
Median Age	50.10		52.32		54.27	
Average Age	47.05		48.05		49.04	



Population by Age and Sex Trend

ZIP CODE 78597

Area ZIP Codes (see appendix for geographies), Total

Description	2000 Census	Percent	2007 Estimate	Percent	2012 Projection	Percent
Male Population by Age	1,493		1,880		2,135	
Age 0 - 4	45	3.01%	71	3.78%	76	3.56%
Age 5 - 9	43	2.88%	67	3.56%	82	3.84%
Age 10 - 14	48	3.22%	58	3.09%	78	3.65%
Age 15 - 17	30	2.01%	39	2.07%	44	2.06%
Age 18 - 20	27	1.81%	27	1.44%	30	1.41%
Age 21 - 24	72	4.82%	50	2.66%	59	2.76%
Age 25 - 34	193	12.93%	213	11.33%	177	8.29%
Age 35 - 44	181	12.12%	251	13.35%	287	13.44%
Age 45 - 49	107	7.17%	116	6.17%	144	6.74%
Age 50 - 54	122	8.17%	126	6.70%	131	6.14%
Age 55 - 59	135	9.04%	220	11.70%	236	11.05%
Age 60 - 64	135	9.04%	190	10.11%	246	11.52%
Age 65 - 74	252	16.88%	290	15.43%	352	16.49%
Age 75 - 84	100	6.70%	138	7.34%	157	7.35%
Age 85 and over	3	0.20%	24	1.28%	36	1.69%
Age 16 and over	1,346	90.15%	1,669	88.78%	1,883	88.20%
Age 18 and over	1,327	88.88%	1,645	87.50%	1,855	86.89%
Age 21 and over	1,300	87.07%	1,618	86.06%	1,825	85.48%
Age 65 and over	355	23.78%	452	24.04%	545	25.53%
Median Age	50.04		51.91		53.45	
Average Age	46.99		47.95		48.78	



Population by Age and Sex Trend

ZIP CODE 78597

Area ZIP Codes (see appendix for geographies), Total

Description	2000 Census	Percent	2007 Estimate	Percent	2012 Projection	Percent
Female Population by Age	1,343		1,711		1,979	
Age 0 - 4	58	4.32%	72	4.21%	71	3.59%
Age 5 - 9	34	2.53%	71	4.15%	82	4.14%
Age 10 - 14	39	2.90%	55	3.21%	83	4.19%
Age 15 - 17	34	2.53%	34	1.99%	46	2.32%
Age 18 - 20	16	1.19%	17	0.99%	22	1.11%
Age 21 - 24	45	3.35%	53	3.10%	50	2.53%
Age 25 - 34	153	11.39%	156	9.12%	148	7.48%
Age 35 - 44	180	13.40%	215	12.57%	228	11.52%
Age 45 - 49	109	8.12%	112	6.55%	127	6.42%
Age 50 - 54	108	8.04%	130	7.60%	130	6.57%
Age 55 - 59	137	10.20%	211	12.33%	242	12.23%
Age 60 - 64	133	9.90%	183	10.70%	238	12.03%
Age 65 - 74	211	15.71%	255	14.90%	317	16.02%
Age 75 - 84	80	5.96%	119	6.95%	144	7.28%
Age 85 and over	6	0.45%	28	1.64%	51	2.58%
Age 16 and over	1,201	89.43%	1,502	87.78%	1,728	87.32%
Age 18 and over	1,178	87.71%	1,479	86.44%	1,697	85.75%
Age 21 and over	1,162	86.52%	1,462	85.45%	1,675	84.64%
Age 65 and over	297	22.11%	402	23.50%	512	25.87%
Median Age	50.18		52.71		55.06	
Average Age	47.11		48.15		49.31	



Population by Age and Sex Trend

ZIP CODE 78597

Appendix: Area Listing

Area Name:

Type: List - Area ZIP Codes

Reporting Detail: Aggregate

Reporting Level: Area ZIP Codes

<u>Geography Code</u>	<u>Geography Name</u>	<u>Geography Code</u>	<u>Geography Name</u>
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78597	South Padre Island		
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Project Information:

Site: 1

Order Number: 965227137



Prepared On: Fri May 11, 2007 Page 4 Of 4

Project Code: 2910849

Prepared For: SOUTH PADRE ISLAND EDC

Claritas Tech Support: 1 800 866 6511

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Prepared By:

CLARITAS
MARKETPLACE

Business-Facts: WorkPlace and Employment Summary 2006

ZIP CODE 78597

Area ZIP Codes (see appendix for geographies), Total

Business Description	Total Establishment	Total Employees	Employees Per Establishment
Industries (All)	505	7,098	14
Industries (Private Sector)	479	6,655	14
Industries (Government and Non-Profit)*	26	443	17
Agriculture (All)	3	12	4
Mining (All)	0	0	0
Construction (All)	15	90	6
Manufacturing (All)	10	94	9
Transportation, Communications/Public Utilities	22	161	7
Wholesale Trade (All)	3	24	8
Retail (All Retail)	138	1,950	14
Building Mats and Garden Supply	2	14	7
General Merchandise Stores	1	3	3
Food Stores	13	132	10
Auto Dealers and Gas Stations	2	7	4
Apparel and Accessory Stores	31	169	6
Home Furniture, Furnishings and Equipment	3	10	3
Eating and Drinking Places	58	1,504	26
Miscellaneous Retail Stores	28	111	4
Finance (All)	124	919	7
Bank, Savings and Lending Institutions	10	79	8
Security and Commodity Brokers	4	33	8
Insurance Carriers and Agencies	2	8	4
Real Estate	108	799	7
Trusts, Holdings and Other Investments	0	0	0



Business-Facts: WorkPlace and Employment Summary 2006

ZIP CODE 78597

Area ZIP Codes (see appendix for geographies), Total

Business Description	Total Establishment	Total Employees	Employees Per Establishment
Service (All)	176	3,684	21
Hotel and Other Lodging	39	2,268	58
Personal Services	27	88	3
Business Services	25	134	5
Motion Picture and Amusement	38	748	20
Health Services	6	28	5
Legal Services	12	25	2
Educational Services	3	123	41
Social Services	0	0	0
Misc, Membership Orgs and Nonclassified	26	270	10
Public Administration (All)	14	164	12
CY Population	3,583		
CY Residential Pop per Business	7		
CY Households	1,833		
CY HHs per Businesses	4		

Prepared from Claritas Business-Facts which includes data from infoUSA.

* Industries (Government & Non-Profit), or the Public Sector, includes Public Administration , Museums, Educational, and Social Services. All the rest of the Industries are the Private Sector.



Business-Facts: WorkPlace and Employment Summary 2006

ZIP CODE 78597

Appendix: Area Listing

Area Name:

Type: List - Area ZIP Codes

Reporting Detail: Aggregate

Reporting Level: Area ZIP Codes

<u>Geography Code</u>	<u>Geography Name</u>	<u>Geography Code</u>	<u>Geography Name</u>
78597	South Padre Island		

Project Information:

Site: 3

Order Number: 965227137



Executive Summary

ZIP CODE 78597

Area ZIP Codes (see appendix for geographies), Total



- The population in this area is estimated to change from 2,836 to 3,591, resulting in a growth of 26.6% between 2000 and the current year. Over the next five years, the population is projected to grow by 14.6%.

The population in the United States is estimated to change from 281,421,906 to 301,045,522, resulting in a growth of 7.0% between 2000 and the current year. Over the next five years, the population is projected to grow by 4.6%.

- The current year median age for this population is 52.3, while the average age is 48.0. Five years from now, the median age is projected to be 54.3.

The current year median age for the United States is 36.5, while the average age is 37.3. Five years from now, the median age is projected to be 37.6.

- Of this area's current year estimated population:

95.6% are White Alone, 0.7% are Black or African Am. Alone, 0.5% are Am. Indian and Alaska Nat. Alone, 0.1% are Asian Alone, 0.1% are Nat. Hawaiian and Other Pacific Isl. Alone, 2.0% are Some Other Race, and 1.1% are Two or More Races.

For the entire United States:

73.1% are White Alone, 12.4% are Black or African Am. Alone, 0.9% are Am. Indian and Alaska Nat. Alone, 4.3% are Asian Alone, 0.2% are Nat. Hawaiian and Other Pacific Isl. Alone, 6.4% are Some Other Race, and 2.8% are Two or More Races.

- This area's current estimated Hispanic or Latino population is 26.1%, while the United States current estimated Hispanic or Latino population is 14.9%.
-



- The number of households in this area is estimated to change from 1,423 to 1,845, resulting in an increase of 29.7% between 2000 and the current year. Over the next five years, the number of households is projected to increase by 16.3%.

The number of households in the United States is estimated to change from 105,480,101 to 113,668,003, resulting in an increase of 7.8% between 2000 and the current year. Over the next five years, the number of households is projected to increase by 4.9%.



- The average household income is estimated to be \$75,096 for the current year, while the average household income for the United States is estimated to be \$66,670 for the same time frame. The average household income in this area is projected to increase 8.2% over the next five years, from \$75,096 to \$81,269. The United States is projected to have a 10.6% increase in average household income.
 - The current year estimated per capita income for this area is \$38,509, compared to an estimate of \$25,495 for the United States as a whole.
-



Executive Summary

ZIP CODE 78597

Area ZIP Codes (see appendix for geographies), Total



- For this area, 42.7% of the population is estimated to be employed and age 16 and over for the current year. The employment status of this labor force is as follows:
0.5% are in the Armed Forces, 48.3% are employed civilians, 2.0% are unemployed civilians, and 49.2% are not in the labor force.

For the United States, 47.1% of the population is estimated to be employed and age 16 and over for the current year. The employment status of this labor force is as follows:

0.5% are in the Armed Forces, 60.2% are employed civilians, 3.6% are unemployed civilians, and 35.7% are not in the labor force.

- For this area, 42.7% of the population is estimated to be employed and age 16 and over for the current year. The occupational classifications are as follows:
10.9% have occupation type blue collar, 70.2% are white collar, and 18.9% are Service & farm workers.

For the United States, 47.1% of the population is estimated to be employed and age 16 and over for the current year. The occupational classifications are as follows:

23.9% have occupation type blue collar, 60.1% are white collar, and 16.0% are Service & farm workers.

- For the civilian employed population age 16 and over in this area, it is estimated that they are employed in the following occupational categories:
25.4% are in "Management, Business, and Financial Operations", 19.6% are in "Professional and Related Occupations", 18.2% are in "Service", and 25.1% are in "Sales and Office".
0.7% are in "Farming, Fishing, and Forestry", 6.1% are in "Construction, Extraction, and Maintenance", and 4.8% are in "Production, Transportation, and Material Moving".

For the civilian employed population age 16 and over in the United States, it is estimated that they are employed in the following occupational categories:

13.7% are in "Management, Business, and Financial Operations", 20.3% are in "Professional and Related Occupations", 14.7% are in "Service", and 26.7% are in "Sales and Office".

0.7% are in "Farming, Fishing, and Forestry", 9.5% are in "Construction, Extraction, and Maintenance", and 14.4% are in "Production, Transportation, and Material Moving".



- Currently, it is estimated that 16.0% of the population age 25 and over in this area had earned a Master's, Professional, or Doctorate Degree and 18.5% had earned a Bachelor's Degree.

In comparison, for the United States, it is estimated that for the population over age 25, 8.9% had earned a Master's, Professional, and Doctorate Degree, while 15.7% had earned a Bachelor's Degree.



Executive Summary

ZIP CODE 78597

Area ZIP Codes (see appendix for geographies), Total



- Most of the dwellings in this area (68.0%) are estimated to be Owner-Occupied for the current year. For the entire country the majority of the housing units are Owner-Occupied (67.0%).
- The majority of dwellings in this area are estimated to be structures of 50 or More Units (26.5%) for the current year. In the United States, the majority of dwellings are estimated to be structures of 1 Unit Detached (60.8%) for the same year.
- The majority of housing units in this area (38.7%) are estimated to have been Housing Unit Built 1980 to 1989 for the current year. The majority of housing units in the United States (16.5%) are estimated to have been Housing Unit Built 1970 to 1979 for the current year.



Executive Summary

ZIP CODE 78597

Appendix: Area Listing

Area Name:

Type: List - Area ZIP Codes

Reporting Detail: Aggregate

Reporting Level: Area ZIP Codes

<u>Geography Code</u>	<u>Geography Name</u>	<u>Geography Code</u>	<u>Geography Name</u>
78597	South Padre Island		

Project Information:

Site: 1

Order Number: 965227137



COUNTS BROKEN DOWN BY RACE AND SEX WITH ZIP CODE OF 78597

SEX	WHITES	BLACKS	INDIANS	ASIANS	OTHERS	ALL RACES
MALE	1508	9	5	10	20	1552
FEMALE	1179	8	1	9	5	1202
ALL	2687	17	6	19	25	2754

COUNTS BROKEN DOWN BY RACE AND SEX WITH ZIP CODE OF 78578

SEX	WHITES	BLACKS	INDIANS	ASIANS	OTHERS	ALL RACES
MALE	3515	17	0	4	18	3551
FEMALE	2912	6	2	8	14	2942
ALL	6427	23	2	12	29	6493

SOUTH PADRE ISLAND POLICE DEPARTMENT CALLS FOR SERVICE STATISTICS

CALLS BY TYPE	JAN-DEC. 2006	JAN-DEC. 2007	(+)	(-)
INDECENT EXPOSURE	16	19	19%	
ASSAULT	164	177	8%	
AGG ASSAULT	15	6		60%
CRIMINAL MISCHIEF	182	195	7%	
GRAFFITI	10	6		40%
BURGLARY	103	122	18%	
BURGLARY OF VEHICLE	67	83	24%	
CRIMINAL TRESPASS	192	157		18%
THEFT	623	545		13%
STOLEN VEHICLE	46	56	22%	
CREDIT CARD ABUSE	21	19		10%
ISSUANCE OF BAD CHECKS	1	2	100%	
DISORDERLY CONDUCT	37	52	41%	
HARASSMENT	66	62		6%
PUBLIC INTOXICATION	407	335		18%
911 HANG UP CALL	71	57	20%	
ACCIDENT	486	504	4%	
ALARM	951	830		13%
AMBULANCE CALL	741	755	2%	
ASSIST MOTORIST	352	364	4%	
ASSIST OTHER AGENCY	195	173		11%
CHILD (LOST/FOUND)	79	71		10%
CIVIL MATTER	251	231		8%
CODE 9 OPEN DOOR	208	123		41%
COURTESY CALL	24	27	13%	
DEBRIS ON BRIDGE	39	49	26%	
DECEASED PERSON	1	5	400%	
DISTURBANCE	455	484	6%	
FIRE ALARM	16	69	331%	
FIRE CALL	35	118	237%	
IMPROPERLY PARKED VEHICLE(S)	1,135	807		29%
INFORMATION	510	487		5%
INVESTIGATION	22	94	372%	
NOISE DISTURBANCE	590	573		3%
ORDINANCE VIOLATION	413	308		25%
OTHER	389	176		55%
PEDESTRIAN WALKING ON CAUSEWAY	1	25	2300%	
PROPERTY (LOST/FOUND)	297	310	4%	
SUSPICIOUS PERSON	631	520		18%
SUSPICIOUS VEHICLE	554	394		29%
SWIMMER IN DISTRESS	14	43	207%	
TERRORISTIC THREAT	30	24		20%
TRAFFIC STOP	4,593	3,388		26%

Summary Statement

The findings suggest that the South Padre Island Police Department does not currently experience a problem regarding racial profiling practices. This is supported by the fact that it has/has not received complaints from community members regarding officers misconduct associated with racial profiling practices.

The continuing effort to collect police contact data will assure an on-going evaluation of the South Padre Island Police Department practices. Thus, allowing for the citizens of South Padre Island community to benefit from professional and courteous service from their police department.

Recommendations

Based on the findings introduced in this report, the Chief of police, along with command staff, have agreed to adopt the following measures aimed at addressing potential racial profiling problems:

- Provide further racial sensitivity training to its police personnel
- Host a series of seminars on racial profiling issues
- Disseminate information to all officers regarding the guidelines of behavior acceptable under the newly adopted Texas Racial Profiling Law
- Hire an outside evaluator to continuously provide feedback regarding progress made by the Department on racial profiling issues
- Host a public session where information can be provided to the community regarding the newly adopted measures by the police department
- Create an advisory board made up of minority leaders in the community
- Seek outside resources to implement an Early Warning System
- Keep Town Alderman and other city officials of measures being implemented at the South Padre Island Police Department

Checklist

(I) The following requirements ***must*** be met by all law enforcement agencies in the State of Texas:

- Clearly defined act of actions that constitute racial profiling
- Statement indicating prohibition of any peace officer employed by the South Padre Island police department from engaging in racial profiling
- Implement a process by which an individual may file a complaint regarding racial profiling violations
- Provide public education related to the complaint process
- Implement disciplinary guidelines for officer found in violation of the Texas Racial Profiling Law
- Collect data (Tier 1) that includes information on
 - a) Race and ethnicity of individual detained
 - b) Whether a search was conducted
 - c) If there was a search, whether it was a consent search or a probable cause search
 - d) Whether a custody arrest took place
- Produce an annual report on police contacts (Tier 1) and present this to local governing body by March 1, 2006.
- Adopt a policy, if video/audio equipment is installed, on standards for reviewing video and audio documentation

(II) For additional questions regarding the information presented in this report, please contact:

SOUTH PADRE ISLAND POLICE DEPARTMENT/INCIDENTS-BY VIOLATIONS

VIOLATION	INCIDENTS			
	JAN-DEC	JAN-DEC	(+)	(-)
	2006	2007		
ABANDON/ENDANGER CHILD CRIMINAL NEGLIGENCE	1	0		100%
ABANDON/ENDANGER CHILD W/INTENT TO RETURN	1	0		10%
ACCIDENT INVOLVING DAMAGE TO VEHICLE	1	1	0%	
ASSAULT (SERIOUS BODILY INJURY)	5	2		60%
ASSAULT AGGRAVATED AGAINST PUBLIC SERVANT	2	3	50%	
ASSAULT CAUSES SEVERE BODILY INJURY	4	9	125%	
ASSAULT F/V CLASS C MISDEMEANOR	38	53	39%	
ASSAULT THREAT OR OFFENSIVE TOUCH	8	11	38%	
ASSAULT THREAT OR OFFENSIVE TOUCH F/V	3	0		100%
ASSAULT W/DEADLY WEAPON	11	10		9%
ATTEMPTED SUICIDE	3	1		67%
BAIL JUMPING/FAILURE TO APPEAR	1	0		100%
BURGLARY	101	107	6%	
BURGLARY OF A VEHICLE	58	78	34%	
CONSUME ALCOHOLIC BEVERAGE WHILE DRIVING	1	0		100%
CONSUMPTION OF ALCOHOL (DEFERRED)	1	0		100%
CREDIT CARD OR DEBIT CARD ABUSE	25	22		12%
CRIMINAL MISCHIEF	136	138	1%	
CRIMINAL MISCHIEF UNDER \$50	3	2		33%
CRIMINAL TRESPASS	29	25		14%
CRIMINAL TRESPASS IN HABITATION	9	14	56%	
DISORDERLY CONDUCT BY BREACH OF PEACE	12	2		83%
DISORDERLY CONDUCT BY EXPOSURE	6	11	83%	
DISORDERLY CONDUCT BY FIGHTING	10	3		70%
ASSAULT FV/MULTIPLE CONV.	1	0		100%
DISPLAY INSPECTION CERT. ISSUED FOR ANOTHER VEH.	1	1	0%	
DRAG RACING-ACCELERATION CONTEST, ETC.	1	1	0%	
DRIVING UNDER THE INFLUENCE-MINOR	22	16		27%
DRIVING WHILE INTOXICATED 2ND	9	8		11%
DRIVING WHILE INTOXICATED 3RD OR MORE	2	0		100%
DRIVING WHILE INTOXICATED MB	58	51		12%
DRIVING WHILE LICENSE SUSPENDED/INVALID	10	8		20%
ESCAPE FROM CUSTODY	2	2	0%	
EVADING ARREST/DETENTION	10	7		30%
EVADING ARREST/DETENTION USING VEHICLE	5	3		40%
FAILED TO COMPLY W/REQUIREMENTS ON STRIKING WHY FIXTURES	1	3	200%	
FAILED TO PASS TO LEFT SAFELY	1	0		100%
FAILED TO STOP AND RENDER AID	4	2		50%
FAILURE TO IDENTIFY	18	17		6%
FIREWORKS	1	0		100%
FLEEING FROM POLICE OFFICER	1	0		100%
FORGERY	8	3		63%
FRAUDENT POSSESSION OF A CS PRESCRIPTION	1	1	0%	

SOUTH PADRE ISLAND POLICE DEPARTMENT INCIDENTS/BY VIOLATION			CONT.	
VIOLATION	INCIDENTS			
	JAN-DEC	JAN-DEC	(+)	(-)
	2006	2007		
FRAUDULENT USE OR POSSESSION OF ID INFORMATION	9	9	0%	
GRAFFITI	6	3		50%
HARASSMENT	20	40	100%	
INDECENCY W/CHILD EXPOSES	2	0		100%
INDECENT EXPOSURE	2	1		50%
INHALANT PARAPHERNALIA POSS TO INHALE GLUE/PAINT	1	0		100%
INHALANT PARAPHERNALIA TO INGEST	1	0		100%
INJURY TO A CHILD W/INT BODILY INJURY	1	1	0%	
INJURY TO A DISABLED PERSON SBI/MENTAL	1	0		100%
INJURY AN ELDERLY PERSON W/INT BODILY INJURY	1	2	100%	
INTERFERE W/PUBLIC DUTIES	1	0	0%	
ENTERFERENCE WITH EMERGENCY TELEPHONE CALL	3	0		100%
INTOXICATED ASSAULT W/VEHICLE SBI	6	6	0%	
ISSUANCE OF BAD CHECK	1	0		100%
MAN DANGEROUS DRUG	1	0		100%
MAN DEL CS PG 1>=1G<4G	2	1		50%
MAN DEL CS PG 1>=1G<200G	1	0		100%
MINOR IN POSSESSION OF TABACCO	2	1		50%
POSSESSION OF DRUG PARAPHENALIA	37	31		16%
POSS CS ANALOGUE PG 1<1G	8	2		75%
POSS CS ANALOGUE PG 1<1G<4G	4	2		50%
POSS CS ANALOGUE PG 1>=4G<200G	1	1	0%	
POSS CS PG 1<1G	9	9	0%	
POSS CS PG 1>=1G<4G	4	5	25%	
POSS CS PG 1>=4G<200G	1	2	100%	
POSS CS PG 2<1G	1	0		100%
POSS CS PG 2>=1G<4G	1	0		100%
POSS CS PG 3<28G	11	4		64%
POSS CS PG 3<28G DRUG FREE ZONE	1	0		100%
POSS DANGEROUS DRUG	1	0		100%
POSS DEL DRUG PARAPHERNALIA TO PERSON U/18YR	3	4	33%	
POSS OF MARIJUANA <2OZ	28	17		39%
POSS OF MARIJUANA >2OZ<=4OZ	3	3	0%	
POSSESSION OF A FIREARM BY A FELON	1	2	100%	
POSSESSION OF ALCOHOL BY A MINOR	7	0		100%
PRESUMPTION FOR THEFT BY CHECK	2	2	0%	
PROHIBITED WEAPONS/POSS	4	1		75%
PUBLIC INTOXICATION BY MINOR	8	7		13%
PUBLIC INTOXICATION	284	311		10%
PUBLIC INTOXICATION W/3 PRIOR CONVICTIONS	5	7	40%	
PUBLIC INTOXICATION: MINOR 3RD ENH	1	0		100%
PURCHASE ALCOHOL BY MINOR (DEFERRED)	1	1	0%	
RECKLESS DAMAGE OR DESTRUCTION	11	5		56%
RECKLESS DRIVING	1	4	300%	
RESIST ARREST SEARCH OR TRANSPORTATION MA	9	5		44%

SOUTH PADRE ISLAND POLICE DEPARTMENT INCEDENTS/BY VIOLATION CONT.

VIOLATIONS	INCIDENTS			
	JAN-DEC	JAN-DEC	(+)	(-)
	2006	2007		
ROBBERY	5	1		80%
RUNAWAY	5	4		20%
SEXUAL ASSAULT	15	10		33%
SEXUAL ASSAULT-FORCIBLE SODOMY	1	2	100%	
SEXUAL ASSAULT ON A CHILD	1	2	100%	
SILENT OR ABUSIVE CALLS TO 911 SERVICE	1	0		100%
SIMPLE ASSAULT	98	5		95%
SPEEDING-15 MILES OR OVER	2	1		50%
TERRORISTIC THREAT	15	6		60%
THEFT (ALL OTHERS)	2	13		550%
THEFT (FROM A MOTOR VEHICLE)	2	2		0%
THEFT (FROM A MOTOR VEHICLE PARTS)	14	4		71%
THEFT (SHOPLIFTING)	45	0		100%
THEFT<\$50	136	158	16%	
THEFT>\$1500<\$20k	18	23	28%	
THEFT>=\$100k<\$200k	1	1	0%	
THEFT>=\$20K<\$100K	1	1	0%	
THEFT>=\$50<\$500	182	175		4%
THEFT>=\$500<1500	43	38		12%
THEFT OF A MOTOR VEHICLE	30	37	23%	
THEFT OF SERVICES	20	12		40%
TRAFFIC ARREST WARRANT OR OTHER	55	31		44%
UNAUTHORIZE USE OF A MOTOR VEHICLE	11	9		18%
UNLAWFULLY CARRYING A WEAPON	6	3		50%
WARRANT-ISSUED OTHER AGENCY	0	18	0%	
AGGRAVATED ASSAULT WITH MOTOR VEH.	0	3	0%	
ASSAULT CLASS A MISD.	30	21		30%
ATTEMPTED MURDER 19.02(b)(2)	0	1	0%	
ATTEMPTED SUICIDE	0	1	0%	
BURGLARY COIN OP MACHINE	0	3	0%	
COUNTERFEITING	0	1	0%	
DEL OFFER DEL OF DANGEROUS DRUGS	0	1	0%	
DISORDERLY CONDUCT (GESTURE)	0	2	0%	
DISPLAY EXPIRED REGISTRATION/LICENSE PLATES	0	1	0%	
DISPLAY/POSSES AN EXPIRED OPERATOR DRIVERS LICENSE	0	1	0%	
DOG/CAT AT LARGE	0	1	0%	
DRIVING WHILE INTOXICATED/W CHILD UNDER 15 YOA	0	1	0%	
IMPERSONATING SECURITY OFFICER-CLASS A MISD.	0	1	0%	
IMPROPER PHOTOGRAPHY OR VISUAL RECORDING	0	1	0%	
INTOXICATED ASSAULT W/VEHICLE SBI	0	6	0%	
LEAVING CHILD IN VEHICLE	0	1	0%	
MAKING ALCOHOL AVAILABLE TO MINOR	0	1	0%	
MAN DEL CS ANALOGUE PG 2>=400G	0	1	0%	
MAN DEL CS ANALOGUE PG 2>=4G<400G	0	1	0%	

SOUTH PADRE ISLAND POLICE DEPARTMENT INCEDENTS/BY VIOLATION CONT					
VIOLATIONS	INCIDENTS				
		JAN-DEC	JAN-DEC	(+)	(-)
		2006	2007		
MAN DEL CS PG 3/4 >=28G<200G		0	1	0%	
MINOR IN POSESSION (DEFERRED)		0	1	0%	
MURDER		0	2	0%	
NO OPERATION/DRIVERS LICENSE		0	1	0%	
POSESSION OF DRUG PARAPHENALIA		37	31		16%
POSS CS PG 2 >=4G<400G		0	1	0%	
POSS MARIJUANA >4OZ<=5LBS		0	17	0%	
RESIST ARREST SEARCH OR TRANSPORTATION DEADLY WEAPON		0	1	0%	
SELL, MANUFACTURE, DISTRIBUTE, OR POSS. FICT. DL OR ID CERT.		0	1	0%	
SEXUAL ASSAULT W/OBJECT		0	3	0%	
THEFT (PURSE SNATCHING)		0	2	0%	
THEFT >=\$20<\$500 BY CHECK		0	1	0%	
UNLAWFUL RESTRAINT		0	1	0%	
VIOLATION OF PROTECTIVE ORDER OR MAGISTRATE'S ORDER		0	3	0%	
WARRANT-ISSUED BY CID		0	1	0%	
DISORDERLY CONDUCT BY LOUD & PROFANE LANGUAGE		19	24	26%	
POSS OF DRUG PARAPHENALIA TO PERSON UHDER 18 YRS		3	4	33%	

TOTALS FOR 2006 AND 2007

1,811 1,757 3%