PREPARED BY:

City of South Padre Island Finance Department Rodrigo Gimenez, Finance Director

City of

SOUTH PADRE ISLAND, TEXAS

COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2013

CITY OF SOUTH PADRE ISLAND, TEXAS

COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2013

City of South Padre Island, Texas

COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

For The Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2013

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City of South Padre Island, Texas

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CITY OF SOUTH PADRE ISLAND, TEXAS

INTRODUCTORY SECTION



March 11, 2014

The Honorable Mayor, Council Members, and Citizens of the City of South Padre Island, Texas:

We are pleased to submit to you the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) of the City of South Padre Island (City), Texas for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2013. This report was prepared from the books and records of the City of South Padre Island, Texas and includes the financial activities of the primary government and its component unit. All disclosures necessary to enable the reader to gain an understanding of the City's financial activities have been included.

Responsibility for both the accuracy of the presented data and the completeness and fairness of the presentation including all disclosures rests with the City. To the best of our knowledge and belief, the enclosed data is accurate, in all material respects, and is reported in a manner designed to present fairly the results of operations of the various funds of the City.

The goal of the independent audit, conducted by Long Chilton, LLP, was to provide reasonable assurance that the financial statements of the City for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2013, were free of material misstatement. The independent audit involved examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements; assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management; and evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. The independent auditor's report is included in this document.

GAAP require that management provide a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A). This letter of transmittal is intended to complement the MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it. The City's MD&A can be found immediately following the report of the independent auditors.

PROFILE OF THE CITY

Known as the Tropical Tip of Texas, the City is a tourist oriented resort community as well as a certified retirement community. The white sandy beaches of South Padre are known throughout the United States and are ranked as one of America's top 10 beaches. The City occupies approximately 2.5 square miles and serves a full time residential population of approximately 5,900.

The Town of South Padre Island was incorporated in 1973, and became the City of South Padre Island when the Home Rule Charter was adopted in 2009. The City operates under the council-manager form of government. Policy making and legislative authority are vested in a governing council consisting of the Mayor and five (5) Council members. City Council is responsible, among other things, for passing ordinances, adopting the budget, appointing committees, and hiring both the City Manager and the City Attorney. The City Manager is responsible for carrying out the policies and ordinances of the City Council, for overseeing the day-to-day operations of the City, and for appointing heads of various departments. The Mayor and the Council members serve three (3) year staggered terms and are elected at large.

"A Certified Retirement Community"

MAJOR INITIATIVES

The WAVE transit service saw a 30% increase in ridership for the last fiscal year. The architectural and engineering phase regarding the construction of a multi-modal transportation center has begun, with the total cost of this project estimated to be \$4.5 million.

The street improvement project for fiscal year ended 2013 included full reconstruction of E. Huisache and spot repairs on Laguna and Gulf Blvd. The costs allocated during the current year were \$210,000 with an additional \$462,000 budgeted to complete the project early in the next fiscal year.

The passage of House Bill 3042 allows the City to receive an additional 1% for a total of 2% of the state's portion of the hotel motel tax. The two percent in funding is allocated for cleaning, maintenance of, and erosion control of the City's beaches. HB 3042 was authored by State Representative Rene Oliveira and State Representative Eddie Lucio, III. State Senator Eddie Lucio, Jr. sponsored the bill, which was signed by Governor Rick Perry on June 14, 2013.

FACTORS AFFECTING FINANCIAL CONDITION

Local Economy

The City of South Padre Island is a tourist oriented resort community. The Queen Isabella Causeway crossings are estimated to be 7,900,000 per year per the Texas Department of Transportation. In the most recent Resort Market Analysis, an estimated 5.1 million visitors come to the island annually. As a result of the City's dependence on tourism, visitor travel may reflect the swings in the national and state economy as well as the economy of northern Mexico. Despite the economic uncertainties, the City has experienced stability in revenue receipts. Stable sales tax receipts, building activity, and hotel/motel tax receipts are key indicators of the strength of the City's economic position.

Long Term Financial Planning

Budgeting is an essential element of the financial planning, control and evaluation process of municipal government. Multi-year budgeting provides a means to identify the impact of implementing new programs and projects on future budgets. The Five Year Financial Plan is the City's long range operations and capital plan. The plan includes all of the operating departments of the General Fund as well as the capital improvement funds of the City. The plan is reviewed and updated annually.

POLICIES AND PRACTICES

Internal control

City management is responsible for establishing and maintaining an internal control structure designed to ensure that the assets of the City are protected from loss, theft, or misuse and to ensure that adequate accounting data are compiled to allow for the preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles.

Single Audit

As a recipient of federal assistance, the City is also responsible for ensuring that an adequate internal control structure is in place to ensure compliance with applicable laws and regulations related to those programs. This internal control structure is subject to periodic evaluation by management.

As part of the City's single audit, tests are made to determine the adequacy of the internal control structure, including that portion related to federal financial assistance programs, as well as to determine that the City has complied with applicable laws and regulations. The results of the City's single audit for the fiscal year ended

September 30, 2013, identified no material weaknesses of the internal control or violations of applicable laws and regulations.

OTHER INFORMATION

Independent Audit

The City is incorporated under the Laws of the State of Texas and is required to have an annual audit and prepare annual financial statements. This audit was also designed to meet the requirements of the Federal Single Audit Act as amended and the requirements of U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Circular A-133.

Awards

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the City of South Padre Island for its comprehensive annual financial report for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2012. This was the twenty third consecutive year the City has achieved this prestigious award. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a government must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized comprehensive annual financial report. This report must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe that our current comprehensive annual financial report continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements, and we are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

Acknowledgments

We would like to thank the Finance Department staff and the Department Directors for their diligent efforts in the preparation of the annual financial report. Also, we would like to thank the Mayor and Council Members. It is their leadership, and support of the City, that helped make the preparation of this report possible.

Sincerely,

Darla Jones, Interim City Manager

Rodrigo Gimenez, Finance Director



Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

City of South Padre Island Texas

For its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the Fiscal Year Ended

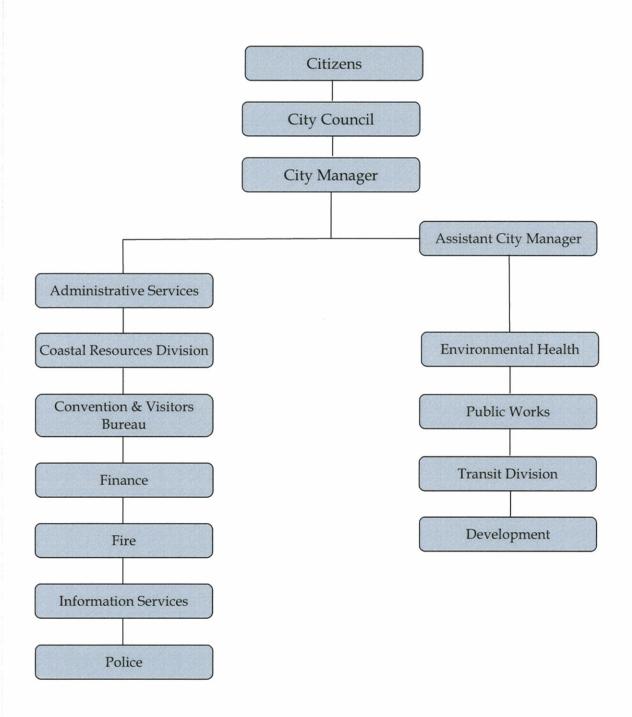
September 30, 2012

Executive Director/CEO

ffry R. Enow



City of South Padre Island Organizational Chart



City of South Padre Island, Texas LIST OF PRINCIPAL OFFICIALS

ELECTED OFFICIALS

	ELECTED OFFICIALS
NAME	TITLE
ROBERT N. PINKERTON JR.	MAYOR, COUNCIL MEMBER
JO ANN EVANS	MAYOR PRO TEM, COUNCIL MEMBER
SAM A. LISTI	COUNCIL MEMBER
ALITA BAGLEY	COUNCIL MEMBER
ROBERT FUDGE	COUNCIL MEMBER
ALEX AVALOS	COUNCIL MEMBER
	APPOINTED OFFICIALS
NAME	TITLE
DARLA A. JONES	INTERIM CITY MANAGER
(VACANT)	ASSISTANT CITY MANAGER
RODRIGO GIMENEZ	FINANCE DIRECTOR
SYLVIA SOLIZ	DIRECTOR OF CONVENTION AND VISITORS BUREAU
RANDY SMITH	POLICE CHIEF
MARCUS SMITH	FIRE CHIEF
MARCY NEWMAN	DIRECTOR OF PUBLIC WORKS
PAUL HOLTHUSEN, JR.	INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY MANAGER
WENDI DELGADO	ADMINISTRATIVE SERVICES DIRECTOR
VICTOR BALDOVINOS	ENVIRONMENTAL HEALTH SERVICES DIRECTOR
REUBEN TREVINO	COASTAL RESOURCES MANAGER
JESSE ARRIAGA	TRANSIT DIRECTOR
SUSAN HILL	CITY SECRETARY
PAUL Y. CUNNINGHAM, JR.	CITY ATTORNEY
DAVID COLWELL	MUNICIPAL COURT JUDGE

CITY OF SOUTH PADRE ISLAND, TEXAS

FINANCIAL SECTION



Members - Division of Firms, American Institute of CPAs 402 East Tyler Harlingen, Texas 78550 (956) 423-3765 Fax (956) 428-7520 www.longchilton.com

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

The Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City of South Padre Island, Texas

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the aggregate discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of City of South Padre Island, Texas as of and for the year ended September 30, 2013, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

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Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the aggregate discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of South Padre Island, Texas, as of September 30, 2013, and the respective changes in financial position, for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Emphasis of Matter

As described in Note A to the financial statements, in 2013, the City adopted new accounting guidance, Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") Statement No. 63, Financial Reporting of Deferred Outflows of Resources, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position, and GASB Statement No. 65, Items Previously Reported as Assets and Liabilities. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and required supplementary information on pages 17 through 24 and 60 through 68 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City of South Padre Island's basic financial statements. The introductory section, the other supplementary information, and statistical section, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*, and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The other supplementary information and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the other supplementary information and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

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The introductory and statistical sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated March 10, 2014, on our consideration of the City of South Padre Island's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering City of South Padre Island's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

LONG CHILTON, LLP

Certified Public Accountants

Long Chilton, LLP

Harlingen, Texas March 10, 2014

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MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

As management of the City of South Padre Island (the City), we offer readers of the City's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis as of September 30, 2013. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with additional information that we have furnished in our letter of transmittal, which can be found on pages 5-7 of this report.

Financial Highlights

- The assets of the City of South Padre Island exceeded its liabilities at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$31,488,160 (net position). Of this amount, \$6,588,837 (unrestricted net position) may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.
- Total net position for the City of South Padre Island increased by \$1,509,222 during the fiscal year.
- As of the close of the current fiscal year, the City of South Padre Island governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$15,597,163. Approximately 6% of this amount, \$902,086 is available for spending at the government's discretion (unassigned fund balance). In addition 34% of this amount or \$5,248,871 is assigned (the six month reserve established by the city charter).
- At the end of the current fiscal year 60%, \$9,334,441 of the governmental funds fund balance was restricted and 1%, \$111,765 was nonspendable.
- The City of South Padre Island's total bonded debt decreased by \$475,000 during the current fiscal year. This is the result of retirement of debt during the fiscal year.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the City's basic financial statements. The City of South Padre Island's basic financial statements are comprised of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements, including information on individual funds.

Government-wide financial statements. The government-wide financial statements include the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities. These statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the City of South Padre Island finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The statement of net position presents information on all of the City's assets and liabilities, including capital assets and long-term obligations. The difference between the two is reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City is improving or deteriorating. Other indicators of the City's financial position should also be taken into consideration, such as the change in the City's property tax base and condition of the City's infrastructure (i.e. roads and drainage systems), in order to more accurately assess the overall financial condition of the City.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the City's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave).

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the City that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities). The governmental activities of the City of South Padre Island include general government, public safety, public works, transportation, and community service. There are no business-type activities of the City of South Padre Island.

The government-wide financial statements include not only the City of South Padre Island itself (known as the primary government), but also a legally separate Economic Development Corporation for which the City of South Padre Island is financially accountable. Financial information for this component unit is reported separately from the financial information presented for the primary government itself.

Fund financial statements. The fund financial statements are designed to report information about groupings of related accounts which are used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City of South Padre Island, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance related legal requirements. All of the funds of the City are considered governmental funds.

Governmental funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. Most of the City's basic services are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how cash and other financial assets can readily be converted to available resources and on the available balances left at year-end. This information may be useful in determining what financial resources are available in the near future to finance the City's programs. Other funds are referred to as non-major funds and are presented as summary data.

Because the focus of governmental fund level statements is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. In addition to the governmental fund balance sheet and the statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balance, separate statements are provided that reconcile between the government-wide and fund level statements.

The City of South Padre Island maintains 17 individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the General Fund, the Hotel/Motel Fund, the Convention Centre Fund, the Transportation Fund and the Beach Nourishment Fund all of which are considered to be major funds. Data for the other governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these non-major governmental funds is provided in the form of combining statements elsewhere in this report.

The Governmental Accounting Standard Board (GASB) released Statement 54 – "Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions" on March 11, 2009, which was effective for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2011. This new statement was intended to improve the usefulness of the amount reported in fund balance by providing more structured classifications. Previously, fund balance was classified as "reserved" or "unreserved". GASB 54 has changed how fund balance is reported. The hierarchy of five possible classifications is as follows.

Non spendable fund balances are balances that cannot be spent because they are not expected to be converted to cash or they are legally or contractually required to remain intact.

The spendable fund balances include restricted, committed, assigned and unassigned based upon the hierarchy of spending constraints. **Restricted**: fund balances that are constrained by external parties, constitutional provisions or enabling legislation; **Committed**: fund balances that contain self-imposed constrains of the government from its highest level of decision making authority (the city council); **Assigned**: fund balances that contained self-imposed constraints of the government to be used for a particular purpose (the city manager has the authority to assign funds for specific purposes); and **Unassigned**: fund balance of the general fund that has not been constrained for any particular purpose.

Notes to the financial statements. The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

Other information. In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, The City of South Padre Island adopts an annual appropriated budget for its General Fund, certain Special Revenue Funds, and its Debt Service Fund. Budgetary comparison statements have been provided for these funds to demonstrate compliance with budget. This report also presents certain required supplementary information concerning the City's progress in funding its obligation to provide pension benefits to its employees.

Government-wide Financial Analysis

The following table reflects a summary of Net Position compared to the prior year (in thousands):

	Total Governmental Activities 2013	Total Governmental Activities 2012- Restated*
<u>ASSETS</u>		
Current and other assets	\$ 16,887	\$14,824
Capital assets	25,477	26,714
Total assets	42,364	41,538
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Deferred amount on refunding	280	303
Total deferred outflows of resources	280	303
LIABILITIES		
Current liabilities	923	1,883
Non-current liabilities	10,233	9,979
	11,156	11,862
NET POSITION		
Net Investment in capital assets	15,534	18,201
Restricted	9,366	6,080
Unrestricted	6,588	5,698
Total net position	\$31,488	\$29,979

^{*}As a result of implementing GASBS Statement No. 63, Financial Reporting of Deferred Outflows of Resources, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position, and Statement No. 65 Items Previously Reported as Assets and Liabilities, the City restated beginning net position in the government-wide Statement of Activities, resulting in capitalized bond issue costs of \$275,541 being removed from the 2012 Governmental Activities assets and net position, and portions of long term debt were reclassified as a deferred outflow of resources. Note T to the financial statements discloses other items of net position which were restated, resulting in a net decrease to 2012 net position of \$110,738.

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the City of South Padre Island, assets and deferred outflows of resources exceeded liabilities by \$31,488,160 at the close of the most recent fiscal year.

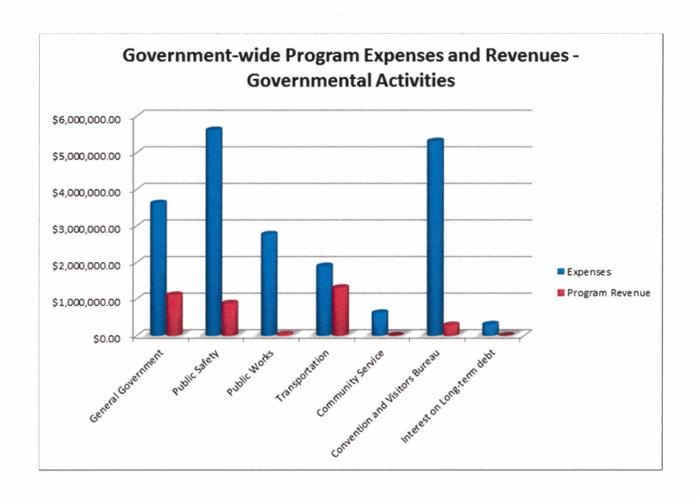
A large portion of the City's net position (49%) reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings, machinery, and equipment), less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The City uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the City's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

Changes in Net Position. Governmental activities increased the City's net position by \$1,509,222. Total revenues increased approximately \$821,000. This includes increases in sales tax (7.7% or \$151,077) property tax (1.33% or \$86,301), hotel motel tax (5.95% or \$367,221) and hotel motel beach maintenance tax (51.31% or \$557,652). Expenses during the fiscal period increased by \$1,196,427.

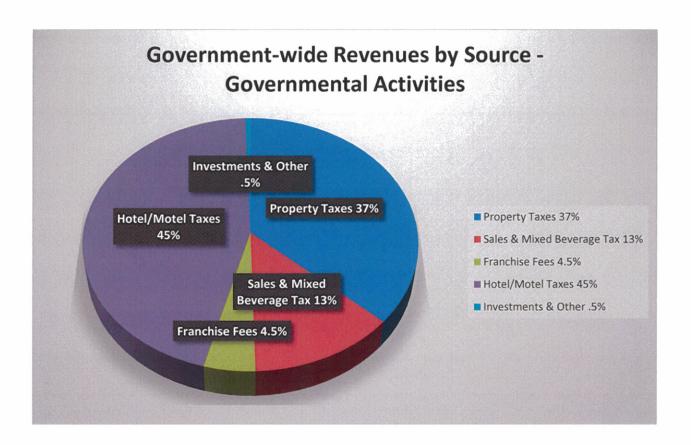
	Total Governmental Activities	Total Governmental Activities
	2013	2012 - Restated*
Program Revenues:		
Charges for Services	\$ 1,386,217	\$ 1,528,332
Operating Grants & Contributions	954,301	1,074,032
Capital Grants & Contributions	1,277,434	1,296,789
General Revenues:		
Property Tax	6,598,351	6,512,050
Sales Tax	2,116,649	1,965,572
Franchise Tax	819,865	806,646
Hotel Motel Tax	6,534,215	6,166,994
Hotel Motel Beach Mtn. Tax	1,644,572	1,086,920
Mixed Beverage Tax	218,657	205,562
Interest & Other	97,986	184,400
Total Revenues	21,648,247	20,827,297
Program Expenses:		
General Government	3,616,084	3,262,899
Public Safety	5,617,282	5,329,647
Public Works	2,766,161	2,928,951
Transportation	1,898,136	1,275,542
Community Service	621,036	119,300
Convention and Visitors Bureau	5,313,518	5,556,513
Interest on long-term debt	306,808	469,746
Total Expenses	20,139,025	18,942,598
Increase (decrease) in net position	1,509,222	1,884,699
Beginning Net Position	29,978,938	28,094,239
Ending Net Position	\$31,488,160	\$29,978,938

^{*}Due to the implementation of GASB Statement No. 65, the removal of deferred charges for issuance costs previously capitalized and any related amortization resulted in a reduction in 2012 beginning net position of \$200,902 and an increase in interest on long term debt of \$74,639 for 2012. Other adjustments resulted from items as disclosed in Note T to the financial statements, which resulted in a net decrease in interest on long term debt for 2012 in the amount of \$90,166.

The chart below illustrates the City's governmental expense and revenues by function: general government; public safety; public works; transportation; community service and interest on long-term debt.



General revenues such as property taxes, sales taxes and franchise fees are not shown by program, but are used to support all governmental activities. Hotel Motel Taxes are the largest source of general governmental revenues, followed by Property Tax and Sales & Mixed Beverage Tax.



Financial Analysis of the Government's Funds

In comparison to the government-wide statements, the fund-level statements focus on the key funds of the City. The City uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental funds. The focus of the City of South Padre Island's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City's financing requirements. In particular, unreserved fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of the end of the current fiscal year, the City of South Padre Island's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$15,597,163 an increase of \$3,102,566 in comparison with the prior year. Approximately 6%, or \$902,086, constitutes unassigned fund balance, which is available for spending at the government's discretion. 34% or \$5,248,871 constitutes assigned fund balance. This portion is the six month reserve required by City Charter. 60% or \$9,334,441 of the total fund balance is restricted. This portion is the amount of the fund that is subject to externally enforceable legal restrictions such as imposed by creditors, grantors, laws or regulations or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. 1% or \$111,765 of the fund balance is nonspendable; in this case all of the \$111,765 consists of prepaid expenses.

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the City. At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance of the General Fund was \$909,253 while total fund balance reached \$6,213,825. As a measure of the general fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare both unassigned fund balance and total fund balance to total fund expenditures. Unassigned fund balance represents 8.4% of total general fund expenditures, while total fund balance represents 57.42% of that same amount.

The fund balance of the City General Fund decreased by \$164,810 during the current fiscal year:

- In comparison with last year, the total actual expenditures increased by \$947,154 mainly due to transfers for Gulf Blvd and other street paving projects in the amount of \$700,000.
- Revenues increased \$28,190.

Nonproperty taxes for both the Hotel Motel and Convention Centre funds, increased by 5.95% or \$367,000 compared to last fiscal year. The Hotel Motel fund expenditures increased by \$35,414 while the Convention Centre fund increased its expenditures by \$598,098 mainly due to professional services associated with the Convention Centre renovation project.

The Transportation fund didn't have significant variances in fund balance. A total of \$64,199 was spent in architectural services for the future Transit Multimodal facility.

The fund balance of the Beach Nourishment fund increased by \$676,748 based on additional funding received from interlocal agreements with Cameron County for nourishment projects for a total of \$670,000.

General Fund budgetary highlights

The original budget of the General Fund was amended thirteen times during fiscal year 2013. Expenditures were increased by \$912,191. Of this amount, \$500,000 was for the Gulf Boulevard and Huisache Street paving projects and \$100,000 was to fund the Gulf Boulevard Paid Parking Project. In addition \$50,000 was budgeted for demolition of old City Hall and \$39,000 was taken out of fund balance to fund the anti-litter beach campaign.

General Fund budget variances

During the year, revenues were \$121,148 higher than budgeted. This was primarily due to an increase of \$252,388 of non-property taxes which includes an increase of \$209,733 in Sales Tax and an increase of \$17,790 in Mixed Beverage tax. Fines and Forfeitures revenue increased by \$51,681 over budget.

Total expenditures were \$569,898 less than what was budgeted. All operating and capital outlay expenditures of the general fund departments came in under budget.

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital Assets. The City's investment in capital assets for its governmental activities as of September 30, 2013 amounts to \$25,477,206 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings, equipment, streets and construction in progress. Additional information on capital assets can be found in Note G. Capital asset balances are as follows:

Capital Assets, Net of Accumulated Depreciation September 30

	Total Governmental Activities 2013	Total Governmental Activities 2012
Land	\$ 1,497,793	\$ 1,497,793
Construction in progress	64,198	4,766,421
Buildings	16,265,519	12,718,020
Improvements	2,122,063	2,350,415
Furniture and equipment	3,057,222	2,781,985
Infrastructure	2,470,411	2,599,703
Total net position	\$25,477,206	\$26,714,337

Long-term debt. At the end of the current fiscal year, the City had total bonded debt outstanding of \$7,425,000. The table below reflects the outstanding debt at September 30. Additional information can be found in Note J. The City's outstanding bonds underlying rating is "AA-" by Standard and Poor's Rating Service and Aa2 Moody's rating.

Outstanding Debt September 30

	Total Governmental Activities	Total Governmental Activities
	2013	2012
General Obligation Bonds	\$7,425,000	\$7,640,000
Tax Anticipation Notes	0	260,000
	\$7,425,000	\$7,900,000

The City of South Padre Island's total bonded debt decreased by \$475,000 during the current fiscal year. This decrease is the result of paying off the Tax Notes and paying \$215,000 principal on the General Obligation 2005 series bonds.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

All of these factors were considered in preparing the City's budget for the 2013-2014 fiscal year.

Certified property tax values for the City decreased by \$20,573,052 or .767% from the preceding year and council adopted the effective tax rate of 0.254384 cents per hundred. The tax rate has been split with .227828 per hundred for maintenance and operations and .026556 per hundred for the debt service fund for the retirement of the general obligation bonds.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the City's finances for all those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the Office of the Finance Director, 4601 Padre Blvd., South Padre Island, Texas 78597.

City of South Padre Island, Texas STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

September 30, 2013

ACCETC	Primary Government Total Governmental Activities	Component Unit
ASSETS	¢ 0.016.927	\$ 774.905
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 9,016,837	\$ 774,805
Investments	5,178,997	160.096
Receivables, net	1,229,215	169,986
Due from other governments	1,350,571	200 102
Prepaid expenses	111,765	290,182
Loans receivable	-	89,988
Capital assets, net	1.5(1.001	005 (02
Non-depreciable assets	1,561,991	905,692
Depreciable assets	23,915,215	5,842,976
TOTAL ASSETS	42,364,591	8,073,629
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Deferred amount on refunding	280,279	-
2 stories amount on relating		
TOTAL DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	280,279	
LIABILITIES		
Accounts payable	623,429	69,224
Other liabilities	253,130	1,467
Unearned revenues	46,694	-
Non-current liabilities	FOR 6. PORCOD	
Due within one year	1,216,644	190,000
Due in more than one year	9,016,813	4,397,112
•		
TOTAL LIABILITIES	11,156,710	4,657,803
NET POSITION		
Net investment in capital assets	15,534,981	2,161,556
Restricted	10,000,000	_,,
Debt service	339,434	555,034
Capital projects	2,636,575	-
Transportation	287,934	-
Beach maintenance	790,655	_
Municipal court	52,316	-
Criminal justice	3,644	
Hurricane recovery	181,185	-
Parks and recreation	3,920	-
Hotel/motel taxes	5,068,679	_
Unrestricted	6,588,837	699,236
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$ 31,488,160	\$ 3,415,826

 ${\it The notes of the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.}$

City of South Padre Island, Texas

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

For the Year Ended September 30, 2013

		Program Revenues	
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions
Governmental activities:			
General government	\$ 3,616,084	\$ 156,108	\$ 19,955
Public safety	5,617,282	881,900	
Public works	2,766,161	31,246	-
Transportation	1,898,136	30,000	934,346
Community service	621,036	-	-
Convention and visitors bureau	5,313,518	286,963	-
Interest on long-term debt	306,808		
Total governmental activities	20,139,025	1,386,217	954,301
Component unit:			
Economic development services	416,454	1,300	13,253
Interest expense	203,870		
Total component unit	\$ 620,324	\$ 1,300	\$ 13,253

General revenues:

Property taxes, levied for general purposes

Property taxes, levied for debt service

Sales tax

Franchise taxes

Hotel motel taxes

Hotel motel beach maintenance taxes

Mixed beverage taxes

Unrestricted investment earnings

Miscellaneous

Total general revenues, special items, and transfers

Change in net assets

Net position - beginning, as restated

Net position - ending

The notes of the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Net (Expens	e) Revenue and
Changes in	n Net Position

Program	Primary	
Revenues	Government	
	Total	
Capital	Governmental	Component
Grants and		Unit
Contributions	Activities	
\$ 934,404	\$ (2,505,617)	\$ -
-	(4,735,382)	-
	(2,734,915)	-
343,030	(590,760)	-
-	(621,036)	-
-	(5,026,555)	_
-	(306,808)	_
	(200,000)	
1,277,434	(16,521,073)	_
1,277,434	(10,321,073)	
248,456	_	(153,445)
240,430	-	(203,870)
\$ 248,456	\$ -	\$ (357,315)
Ψ 240,430	Ψ	Φ (337,313)
	5,843,915	-
	754,436	_
	2,116,649	705,550
	819,865	-
	6,534,215	-
	1,644,572	-
	218,657	-
	38,830	3,952
	59,156	5,319
	18,030,295	714,821
	1,509,222	357,506
	29,978,938	3,058,320
	\$ 31,488,160	\$3,415,826

City of South Padre Island, Texas BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS September 30, 2013

ACCETC	General Fund	Hotel Motel Fund	Convention Centre Fund	Transportation Grant Fund	Beach Nourishment Fund	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
ASSETS	61 770 746	61 710 770	62.011.001	e.	6 1 401 200	6 1 107 022	6 0 01/ 027
Cash and cash equivalents	\$1,778,746	\$1,718,779	\$3,011,081	\$ -	\$ 1,401,209	\$ 1,107,022	\$ 9,016,837
Investments	4,527,794	-	-	-	651,203	-	5,178,997
Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles)	200 255					22.707	224174
Taxes	300,377	240.025		-	-	33,797	334,174
Accounts	500,205	240,937	124,250		22,039	7,610	895,041
Due from other governments			-	476,755	-	873,816	1,350,571
Due from other funds	284,955				-	-	284,955
Prepaid items	55,701	21,776	26,224	4,286		3,778	111,765
TOTAL ASSETS	\$7,447,778	\$1,981,492	\$3,161,555	\$ 481,041	\$ 2,074,451	\$ 2,026,023	\$17,172,340
LIABILITIES			e				
Accounts payable	\$ 622,969	\$ 446	\$ 14	\$ -	s -	s -	\$ 623,429
Due to other funds	\$ 022,909	3 440	5 14	188,821	· -	96,134	284,955
Other liabilities	187,179		-	100,021	-	-	187,179
Unearned revenues - other	20,786	-	25,908	-	-	-	46,694
Offeathed revenues - other	20,780		25,508				40,094
Total liabilities	830,934	446	25,922	188,821		96,134	1,142,257
Total habilities	830,934	440	23,722	100,021	-	90,134	1,142,237
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES							
Unavailable revenue - property taxes	268,920	_	-	72	-	29,901	298,821
Unavailable revenue - other	134,099						134,099
Total deferred inflows of resources	403,019	*		-	-	29,901	432,920
FUND BALANCE							
Nonspendable	55,701	21,776	26,224	4,286		3,778	111,765
Restricted	-	1,959,270	3,109,409	287,934	2,074,451	1,903,377	9,334,441
Assigned	5,248,871			-	_,,		5,248,871
Unassigned	909,253	-	-			(7,167)	902,086
Total fund balances	6,213,825	1,981,046	3,135,633	292,220	2,074,451	1,899,988	15,597,163
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND	0,2213,023	1,501,610	3,155,055	a y a ya a V	2,011,101	1,000,000	10,007,100
FUND BALANCE	\$7,447,778	\$1,981,492	\$3,161,555	\$ 481,041	\$ 2,074,451	\$ 2,026,023	\$17,172,340
I C. D BALANCE	97,117,770	01,701,772	00,101,000	4 101,041	0 2,077,731	02,020,023	011,112,040

The notes of the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

City of South Padre Island, Texas

RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

September 30, 2013

Fund	bal	lances	of	governmental	funds
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\$ 15,597,163

Amounts reported for *governmental activities* in the statement of net position are different because:

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial
resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.

25,477,206

Some liabilities, including bonds payable (\$7,725,783) and capital leases (\$1,566,230) are not due in the current period and therefore not reported in the funds.

(9,292,013)

Deferred outflows of resources are related to amounts deferred on refundings of long term debt and are not reported in the funds.

280,279

Liabilities for compensated absenses are not due in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds.

(814,660)

Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current period expenditures and therefore are deferred in the funds.

432,920

Liabilities for accrued interest on long-term debt are not due in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds.

(65,949)

Liabilities for net pension obligations are not due in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds.

(126,786)

Net position of governmental activities

\$ 31,488,160

The notes of the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

City of South Padre Island, Texas STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

For the Year Ended September 30, 2013

REVENUES Property taxes Nonproperty taxes Fees and services	S 5,903,445 3,155,171 499,126	Hotel Motel Fund \$ - 4,233,791 74,226	Convention Centre Fund \$ - 2,300,424 212,737	Transportation Grant Fund S	Beach Nourishment Fund \$ - 408,373	Other Governmental Funds \$ 762,903 1,236,199	Total Governmental Funds \$ 6,666,348 11,333,958 786,089
Fines and forfeitures	440,087	-	-	-		15,213	455,300
Licenses and permits	. 150,583	-		-	-	-	150,583
Intergovernmental	19,954	-	-	1,277,376	670,000	264,404	2,231,734
Miscellaneous	79,174	5,669	12,504	54,567	15	7,060	158,989
Total revenues	10,247,540	4,313,686	2,525,665	1,331,943	1,078,388	2,285,779	21,783,001
EXPENDITURES							
Current							
General government	3,121,933		-			82,575	3,204,508
Public safety	4,796,701		-	-		157,824	4,954,525
Public works	1,795,938	-	1-	-	-	283,801	2,079,739
Transportation			1	1,104,987	-	-	1,104,987
Community service		-		-	401,640	16,512	418,152
Convention and visitors bureau	-	3,455,372	1,858,146	-		-	5,313,518
Capital outlay	907,275	-	87,726	255,629		340,730	1,591,360
Debt service							
Principal retirement - bonds			-		-	475,000	475,000
Principal retirement - capital lease	152,636	-	1,750	3,158	-	2,376	159,920
Interest	41,719	-	174	314	-	259,509	301,716
Administrative charges	5,490		441	536		(7,367)	(900)
Total expenditures	10,821,692	3,455,372	1,948,237	1,364,624	401,640	1,610,960	19,602,525
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES							
OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(574,152)	858,314	577,428	(32,681)	676,748	674,819	2,180,476
Other financing sources (uses)							
Sale of capital assets					-	22,777	22,777
Lease proceeds	806,663		26,243	37,900		28,507	899,313
Transfers in	379,179			50,000	-	726,500	1,155,679
Transfers out	(776,500)	(96,405)	-	-	-	(282,774)	(1,155,679)
Total other financing sources (uses)	409,342	(96,405)	26,243	87,900		495,010	922,090
Net change in fund balances	(164,810)	761,909	603,671	55,219	676,748	1,169,829	3,102,566
Fund balance beginning	6,378,635	1,219,137	2,531,962	237,001	1,397,703	730,159	12,494,597
Fund balance ending	\$6,213,825	\$1,981,046	\$ 3,135,633	\$ 292,220	\$ 2,074,451	\$ 1,899,988	\$ 15,597,163

City of South Padre Island, Texas

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

For the Year Ended September 30, 2013

Net change in fund balancestotal governmental funds	\$ 3,102,566
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities	
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. The effect of removing capital outlays (\$1,591,360) and including depreciation (\$2,744,714), in the current period is to decrease net position.	(1,153,354)
In the statement of activities, only the gain (loss) on the sale of assets is reported, whereas in the funds, the proceeds from the sale increase financial resources. Thus, the change in net position differs from the change in fund balance by the book value of the assets sold.	
	(83,778)
Repayment of bond and capital lease principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net position.	634,920
The increase in compensated absences payable of \$3,228 during the year is reported as an increase to expenditures in the statement of activities but not in the governmental funds. The amortization of bond premiums (\$22,528), as well as amortization of deferred outflows of resources of \$23,357, are expenditures in the statement of activities but not in the governmental funds. The net effect of including the amortization of deferred outflows of resources, bond premiums and the change in compensated absences is to decrease net position.	
	(4,057)
The change in Net Pension Obligation during the year is reported as an increase or decrease to expenditures in the statement of activities but not in the governmental funds.	(8,846)
Some revenues (\$73,753 change in deferred revenue) and expenses reported in the statement of activities do not provide or require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as revenues or expenditures in governmental funds. Interest expense (\$5,164) in the statement of activities differs from the amount reported in governmental funds due to the change	
in accrued interest.	(78,917)

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

they are recorded as a long term debt in the statement of net position.

Change in net position of governmental activities

Capital lease proceeds are recorded as other financing sources in the governmental funds while

(899,312)

\$ 1,509,222

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CITY OF SOUTH PADRE ISLAND, TEXAS

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

September 30, 2013

NOTE A – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of the City of South Padre Island, Texas (the City) have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant of the City's accounting policies are described below.

1. Reporting Entity

The City of South Padre Island, Texas (the City), created in 1973, operates under the direction of a Mayor and five Council Members, elected by the voters of the City. It provides judicial, law enforcement, fire protection, public improvements, building and zoning administration, tourism, general administrative and health services to the City. The accounting policies of the City conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as applicable to governmental units. As required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the financial statements of the reporting entity include those of the City (the primary government) and its component unit. The component unit discussed below is included in the City's reporting entity because of the significance of its operational or financial relationship with the City.

Blended component units – Blended component units, although legally separate entities, are in substance part of the government's operations and so data from these units are combined with data of the primary government. The City of South Padre Island does not include any blended component units.

Discretely presented component units – The discretely presented component units, on the other hand, are reported in a separate column in the combined financial statements to emphasize that they are legally separate from the City. Discretely presented component units include the following:

South Padre Island Economic Development Corporation (EDC): of the seven-member board of directors, five are appointed by the City Council and two are appointed by the board itself. The EDC is authorized to administer the distribution of the proceeds of any development bonds issued and the proceeds of certain development sales taxes received on behalf of the City. The EDC's operational and capital budget must be approved by the Council Members of the City.

Effective fiscal year ending 2012, the component unit no longer includes the Birding and Nature Center activity.

The financial statement information included in the component unit column in the government-wide financial statements and the component unit section included in the other supplementary information constitutes the EDC's annual financial report. Additional financial information can be obtained at City Hall:

South Padre Island Economic Development Corporation 4601 Padre Boulevard, P. O. Box 3410 South Padre Island, Texas 78597

NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

2. Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

Government-wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements consist of the statement of net position, a statement of financial position and the statement of activities, a statement of results of operations. These statements report information on all the activities of the reporting entity. Generally, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from these statements.

Governmental activities, normally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which primarily rely on fees and charges. The City of South Padre Island, Texas does not include any business-type activities.

The statement of activities reflects the extent to which direct expenses of each function are offset by program revenues. *Direct expenses* are those that are attributable to a specific function and are clearly identifiable. *Program revenues* include charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods, services or privileges provided by a specific function as well as grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a specific function. Taxes and other items not appropriately included with program revenues are shown as *general revenues*.

In addition to and apart from the government-wide financial statements, fund financial statements are presented for the governmental funds. In each of these financial statements major funds are presented in separate columns.

3. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Basis of Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are presented using the *economic resources measurement focus* and the *accrual basis of accounting;* consistent with the presentation of proprietary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, without regard to the timing of the related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met. Restricted resources will be used before unrestricted resources when all requirements to relieve the restriction have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources measurement focus* and the *modified accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be *available* when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. The City considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, consistent with accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as those related to compensated absences and claims and judgments are recognized only when payment is made.

September 30, 2013

NOTE A – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – Continued

2. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Basis of Presentation - Continued

The City reports the following fund types and related major governmental funds:

The *general fund* is the primary operating fund. It accounts for all of the financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The *special revenue funds* are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources, other than for major capital projects, that are legally restricted to expenditure for specified purposes. The special revenue funds reported as major funds are:

Hotel/Motel Fund is used to account for local occupancy tax collections. This fund is used to account for that portion of collections used for tourism, advertising and promotion.

Convention Centre Fund is used to account for the portion of local occupancy tax collections used for Convention Centre operations.

Transportation Grant Fund is used to account for the grant proceeds and expenditures that pertain to the Wave bus program.

Beach Nourishment Funds was established to account for nourishment efforts on the beach.

Governmental funds are used to account for all or most of a government's general activities, including the collection and disbursement of earmarked monies (special revenue funds), the acquisition or construction of capital assets (capital project funds), and the servicing of long-term debt (debt service funds). The General Fund is used to account for all activities of the general government not accounted for in some other fund.

The accounting and financial reporting treatment applied to a fund is determined by its measurement focus. All governmental funds are accounted for using a current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities generally are included on the balance sheet. Operating statements of these funds present increases (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and decreases (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) in net current assets.

The modified accrual basis of accounting is used by all governmental fund types. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when susceptible to accrual (i.e., when they become both measurable and available). "Measurable" means the amount of the transaction can be determined and "available" means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period.

September 30, 2013

NOTE A – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – Continued

The government considers property taxes as available if they are collected within 60 days after year end. A 60-day availability period is also used for revenue recognition for all other governmental fund revenues. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred. Principal and interest on general long-term debt are recorded as fund liabilities when due or when amounts have been accumulated in the debt service fund for payments to be made early in the following year.

Those revenues susceptible to accrual are property taxes, franchise taxes, special assessments, licenses, interest revenue and charges for services. Sales taxes collected and held by the State at year end on behalf of the City also are recognized as revenue. Fines, permits and parking meter revenues are not susceptible to accrual because generally they are not measurable until received in cash.

The City reports unearned revenue on its balance sheet/statement of net position. Unearned revenues arise when a potential revenue does not meet both the "measurable" and "available" criteria for recognition in the current period. Unearned revenues arise when resources are received by the City before it has a legal claim to them, as when grant monies are received prior to the incurrence of qualifying expenditures. In subsequent periods, when both revenue recognition criteria are met, or when the City has a legal claim to the resources, the liability for unearned revenue is removed from the balance sheet/statement of net position and revenue is recognized.

4. Assets, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Net Position, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows of Resources

a. Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include all demand deposits and short-term investments (inclusive of restricted assets) with maturity dates within ninety days of the date initially acquired.

b. Short-Term Interfund Receivables and Payables/Internal Balances

Short-term lending/borrowing between funds that result in amounts outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as "due to/from other funds". "Due to/from other funds" represent the current portion of interfund loans. With respect to the government-wide financial statements, any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported as "internal balances."

c. Inventories

Inventories are valued at cost, which approximates market, using the first-in, first-out (FIFO) method. The costs of governmental fund-type inventories are recorded as expenditures when consumed rather than when purchased.

d. Prepaid Items

Expenditures made to third party vendors for goods and services that will benefit periods beyond September 30, 2013 are recorded as prepaid items, in both governmental and fund financial statements. The cost of prepaid items is recorded as expenditures/expenses when consumed rather than when purchased.

September 30, 2013

NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

4. Assets, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Net Position, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows of Resources - Continued

e. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which includes property, plant, equipment and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks and similar items), are reported in the governmental activities column in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the City as assets with an initial, individual cost of \$5,000 or more and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated assets are reflected at estimated fair market value at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized. Improvements are capitalized and depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets, as applicable.

Gains or losses on dispositions of capital assets are included in income within the governmental activities column of the government-wide financial statements. In the governmental fund financial statements, only the proceeds from the disposition are reported.

Depreciation of capital assets used by funds categorized as governmental activities is not provided in the fund financial statements; however, it is included in the gross expense by function in the government-wide Statement of Activities. Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, are reported on the governmental activities column of the government-wide statement of net position. Depreciation has been provided over the estimated useful lives using the straight-line method. The estimated useful lives are as follows:

Buildings and improvements	10-40 years
Equipment	5-15 years
Infrastructure	15-40 years
Vehicles	3-7 years

f. Compensated Absences

Vested or accumulated vacation leave that is expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources is reported as an expenditure and a fund liability of the governmental fund that will pay it. Amounts of vested or accumulated vacation leave that are not expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources are reported as non-current liabilities. No expenditure is reported for these amounts. In accordance with the provisions of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 16, Accounting for Compensated Absences, no accrual is recorded for compensated absences that are dependent on the performance of future services by employees or when payments are dependent on future events outside the control of the employer and employees. However, a liability is recognized for that portion of accumulating sick leave benefits that is estimated will be taken as "terminal leave" prior to retirement. Compensated absences are reported in the governmental funds only if they have matured.

City employees are granted varying amounts of vacation and sick leave. In the event of termination or retirement, an employee is reimbursed up to 30 days of accumulated vacation and up to 90 days of accumulated sick leave. Sick leave earned after October 1, 1997 will be reimbursed at 50 percent of the earned sick leave. Sick leave accumulated before October 1, 1997 will be reimbursed at 100 percent of the earned sick leave.

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September 30, 2013

NOTE A – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – Continued

4. Assets, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Net Position, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows of Resources - Continued

g. Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the governmental activities column. Bond premiums and discounts, as well as issuance costs, are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs, except bond insurance costs are reported as expense in the period incurred. Bond insurance costs are considered as prepaid items.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources and discounts are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from debt proceeds, are reported as debt service expenditures.

h. Bond Discounts/Issue Costs

In governmental fund types, bond discounts and issuance costs are recognized in the current period.

i. Comparative Data

Partially comparative total data for the prior year have been presented in the government-wide financial statements.

i. Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

k. Income Taxes

South Padre Island Economic Development Corporation is exempt from income taxes under Section 501(c)(6) of the Internal Revenue Code. Therefore, no provision for income taxes has been made in these financial statements. Annually, the organization files Form 990, Income Tax Return of Tax Exempt Organizations.

l. Interfund Transfers

Transfers are used to 1) provide unrestricted revenues collected in the general fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds, and 2) move revenues from the fund that the budget requires to collect them to the fund that the budget requires to expend them.

m. Fund Balance Reporting

GASB 54 provides for two major types of fund balances, which are nonspendable and spendable. Nonspendable fund balances are balances that cannot be spent because they are not expected to be converted to cash or they are legally or

September 30, 2013

NOTE A – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – Continued

4. Assets, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Net Position, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows of Resources – Continued

In addition to the nonspendable fund balance, GASB Statement No. 54 has provided a hierarchy of spendable fund balances, based on a hierarchy of spending constraints.

- Restricted: fund balances that are constrained by external parties, constitutional provisions, or enabling legislation.
- Committed: fund balances that contain self-imposed constraints of the government from its highest level of
 decision making authority. The responsibility to commit funds rests with the City Council Members.
 Committed amounts cannot be released without formal action from the council.
- Assigned: fund balances that contain self-imposed constraints of the government to be used for a particular purpose. The responsibility to assign funds rests with the City Manager.
- Unassigned: fund balance of the general fund that is not constrained for any particular purpose.

In the instance when restricted, committed, assigned or unassigned resources are available for use, it is the government's policy to use the highest level of restricted, committed or assigned resources first, then unassigned resources as they are needed.

n. Net Position

The City's net position is classified as follows:

Net investments: consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any debt attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets.

Restricted net position: consists of net position that is subject to a legally enforceable restriction on their use.

Unrestricted: consists of all other net position that does not meet the definition of "restricted" or "invested in capital assets, net of related debt."

o. Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources

The City adopted GASB Statement No. 63, Financial Reporting of Deferred Outflows of Resources, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position, which provides guidance for reporting the financial statement elements of deferred outflows of resources, which represent the consumption of the City's net position that is applicable to a future reporting period, and deferred inflows of resources, which represent the City's acquisition of net position applicable to a future reporting period.

The City adopted GASB Statement No. 65, *Items Previously Reported as Assets and Liabilities*, which establishes accounting and financial reporting standards that reclassify, as deferred outflows of resources or deferred inflows of resources, certain items that were previously reported as assets and liabilities and recognizes, as outflows of resources or inflows of resources, certain items that were previously reported as assets and liabilities. The City has an accounting loss on refunding bonds which is a deferred resource outflow and also has unavailable revenues from property taxes which are deferred resource inflows under this standard.

September 30, 2013

NOTE B - STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

1. Budgetary Information

In establishing budgetary data reflected in the financial statements, the City follows these procedures:

- a. The City Manager establishes the amount of estimated revenues and other resources available for appropriation for the succeeding budget year.
- b. The City Manager submits to the City Council a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following October 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures by fund, function and activity and the means of financing them.
- c. Public hearings and workshops (including department heads) are conducted at the City Hall to obtain taxpayer and elected officials' comments.
- d. Prior to October 1, the budget is legally adopted by the City Council.
- e. Revisions that alter budgets at the department level within a fund must be approved by the Council Members. The Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Budget and Actual all Governmental Fund Types reflect these revisions. Actual expenditures and transfers may not legally exceed budget appropriations at the department level.
- f. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for the General, certain Special Revenue and Debt Service Funds.
- g. Annual appropriated budgets are adopted for the General, certain Special Revenue and Debt Service Funds. All annual appropriations lapse at year-end to the extent they have not been expended or encumbered.

The City prepares its budget on a basis of accounting consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP).

During fiscal year 2013, various transfers of appropriations were made for the Governmental Funds. The original and final amended budget are presented in the Required Supplementary Information for the General Fund and major Special Revenue Funds (Hotel/Motel, Convention Centre, Beach Nourishment and Transportation Grant Funds), that have adopted a budget.

On or before the end of May of each year, all agencies of the City submit requests for appropriation to the City Manager so that a budget may be prepared. The budget is prepared by fund, function and activity, and includes information on the past year, current year estimates and requested appropriations for the next fiscal year.

Before October 1, the proposed budget is presented to the City Council for review. The City Council holds public hearings and may add to, subtract from or change appropriations, but may not change the form of the budget. Any changes in the budget must be within the revenues and reserves estimated as available by the City Manager or the revenue estimates must be changed by an affirmative vote of a majority of the City Council.

September 30, 2013

NOTE B - STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY - Continued

Expenditures may not legally exceed budgeted appropriations at the fund level. During the year, several supplementary appropriations were necessary.

2. Expenditures over Appropriations

None noted.

3. Fund Balance Deficit

A deficit balance in unrestricted fund balance occurred in the following funds for the year ended September 30, 2013 by the indicated amounts:

Bay Access Fund

\$(7,167)

NOTE C – DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

It is the City's policy for deposits plus accrued interest thereon to be 102% secured by collateral valued at fair value, less the amount of the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation insurance. During the year ended September 30, 2013, the City's cash deposits were covered by federal deposit insurance or were secured by collateral held by the City's agent in the City's name pursuant to the City's investment policy and its depository agreement.

Investments

Investments at fair value, including accrued interest, as of September 30, 2013 are as follows:

	Investment Mat	Greater		
Primary Government	Fair Value	Fair Value 1 or less		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 8,895,485	\$ 8,895,485	\$ -	
TexPool	7,415	7,415	-	
Texas Term	113,937	113,937		
	9,016,837	9,016,837	-	
Investments				
Certificates of deposit	_5,178,997	5,178,997		
	\$14,195,834	\$ <u>14,195,834</u>	\$	
Component Unit				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 752,565	\$ 752,565	\$ -	
Tex Pool	22,240	22,240		
	\$774,805	\$774,805	\$	

September 30, 2013

NOTE C - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - Continued

A reconcilement of cash and investments follows:

	Primary		
	Government		
	Governmental	Component	
	Activities	Units	Total
Cash	\$ 8,895,485	\$ 752,565	\$ 9,648,050
Cash equivalents			
Texas Term	113,937	22,240	136,177
TexPool	7,415		7,415
	121,352	22,240	143,592
Investments			
Certificates of deposit	5,178,997		5,178,997
1	\$ <u>14,195,834</u>	\$ 774,805	\$14,970,639

Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in market interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment.

Generally, the longer the maturity of an investment, the greater the sensitivity of its fair value to changes in market interest rates. One of the ways that the City manages its exposure to interest rate risk is by purchasing a combination of shorter term and longer term investments and by timing cash flows from maturities so that a portion of the portfolio is maturing or coming close to maturity evenly over time as necessary to provide the cash flows and liquidity needed for operations.

Information about the sensitivity of the fair values of the City's investments to market interest rate fluctuations is provided by the following table that shows the specific investments and their maturity:

Description	Rate	Amount	Maturity
Certificate of deposit	0.59%	\$3,525,944	December 16, 2013
Certificate of deposit	0.375%	500,925	March 3, 2014
Certificate of deposit	0.375%	500,925	April 1, 2014
Certificate of deposit	0.375%	651,203	February 3, 2014
1		\$5,178,997	•

The investment policy states that operating funds and commingled pools shall not have an average maturity date exceeding one year from the date of purchase. Securities purchased for the purpose of making debt service payments shall not have a stated final maturity date which exceeds the debt service payment date. Securities for special projects or special fund portfolios should not have a stated final maturity date that exceeds the estimated project completion date.

Credit Risk

As of September 30, 2013, the investments in TexPool and Texas Term investment risk pools were rated AAAm and AAAf by Standard and Poor's, respectively.

The City's investment policy limits authorized investments to certain Texas government investments pools, obligations of or guaranteed by the U. S. and State of Texas and their agencies thereof, certificates of deposit of Texas banks and fully collateralized repurchase agreements.

banks and fully collateralized repurchase agreements.

City of South Padre Island, Texas

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

September 30, 2013

NOTE C - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - Continued

Public Funds Investment Pools

TexPool is a public funds investment pool created by the Texas Treasury Safekeeping Trust Company (Trust Company) to provide a safe environment for the placement of local government funds in authorized short-term, fully-collateralized investments, including direct obligations of, or obligations guaranteed by, the United States or State of Texas or their agencies; federally insured certificates of deposit issued by Texas banks or savings and loans; and fully collateralized direct repurchase agreements secured by United States Government agency securities and placed through a primary government securities dealer.

The Trust Company was incorporated by the State Treasurer by authority of the Texas Legislature as a special purpose trust company with direct access to the services of the Federal Reserve Bank to manage, disburse, transfer, safekeep, and invest public funds and securities more efficiently and economically. The State Comptroller of Public Accounts exercises oversight responsibility over TexPool. Oversight includes the ability to significantly influence operations, designation of management, and accountability for fiscal matters.

TexPool operates in a manner consistent with the Security and Exchange Commission's Rule 2a7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940. TexPool uses amortized cost rather than market value to report net assets to compute share prices. The fair value of the position in TexPool is the same as the value of TexPool shares. Accordingly, the City's investments in TexPool are stated at cost, which approximates fair value. TexPool is currently rated AAAm by Standard and Poor's. This rating indicates excellent safety and a superior capacity to maintain principal value and limit exposure to loss.

TEXAS Term is a local government investment pool created under the Interlocal Cooperation Act specifically tailored to meet Texas state and local government investment objectives of preservation of principal, daily liquidity and competitive yield. The fund is rated AAAf by Standard and Poor's and maintains a maturity of 60 days to one year. The fund seeks to maintain a constant dollar objective and fulfills all requirements of the Texas Public Funds Investment Act for local government investment pools.

NOTE D - PROPERTY TAXES

The assessed value for the tax roll as of January 1, 2012 upon which the 2012 levy was based, was \$2,681,365,919. State statutes require that all assessments be made on one hundred percent (100%) of fair market value.

Property tax revenues are recognized when they become available. Available includes those property tax receivables expected to be collected within sixty days after year end.

Property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property as of January 1. Property taxes are levied as of October 1. The county appraisal district certifies the tax roll by July 25th. This tax roll is used by the City to adopt a tax rate by September 1st or soon thereafter. The tax bills are mailed on October 1st or soon thereafter and are due and payable upon receipt. The billings become delinquent as of February 1 of the following calendar year and penalties and interest may be assessed by the City.

NOTE D - PROPERTY TAXES - Continued

Taxes receivable in the General Fund includes uncollected tax levies since 1983. All real property taxes receivable less than twenty years old are considered collectible. All personal property taxes receivable less than ten years old are considered collectible. All revenues were deferred at the time the levies were recorded. The Texas Legislature enacted a provision during the 1992 legislative session which requires all liens attached to properties because of delinquent taxes to be removed after twenty years. Also, liens attached to personal property for delinquent taxes are required to be removed after ten years. This legislation became effective August 27, 1992.

The City is permitted by the Municipal Finance Law of Texas to levy taxes up to \$1.50 per \$100 of assessed valuation for general governmental services other than the payment of principal and interest on long-term debt and in unlimited amounts for the payment of principal and interest on long-term debt. The combined tax rate to finance general governmental service and the payment of principal and interest on long-term debt for the year ended September 30, 2013, was \$.252701 per \$100.

The City Charter provides for taxes to become due on October 1st of the year of levy and shall be paid by January 31st of the following year. Liens for unpaid taxes go into effect on July 1st as the taxes become delinquent. Current tax collections for the year ended September 30, 2013, were 98.1 percent of the tax levy.

NOTE E - RECEIVABLES

Receivables at September 30, 2013, consist of the following:

	Primary Government						
			Convention	Beach	Other	Total	
		Hotel/Motel	Center	Nourishment	Governmental	Governmental	Component
	General	Fund	Fund	Fund	Funds	Funds	Unit
Receivables							
Taxes	\$316,186	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 35,576	\$ 351,762	\$ -
Accounts	500,205	240,937	124,250	22,039	7,610	895,041	169,986
Gross receivables	816,391	240,937	124,250	22,039	43,186	1,246,803	169,986
Less allowance for uncollectibles	(15,809)				(1,779)	(17,588)	
Total receivables, net	\$800,582	\$240,937	\$124,250	\$ <u>22,039</u>	\$ <u>41,407</u>	\$ <u>1,229,215</u>	\$ <u>169,986</u>

NOTE F - DUE FROM OTHER GOVERNMENTS

Due from other governments at September 30, 2013 consist of the following:

	Primary Gov	ernment		
		Beach		
	Transportation	Maintenance	Total	
Texas State Comptroller – occupancy taxes	\$ -	\$873,816	\$ 873,816	
State of Texas – Department of Transportation	476,754	-	476,754	
Net total receivables	\$ <u>476,754</u>	\$ <u>873,816</u>	\$ <u>1,350,570</u>	

September 30, 2013

NOTE G - CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended September 30, 2013 is as follows:

Governmental Activities

	Beginning Balance				Ending Balance
	October 1, 2012	Additions	Transfers	Retirements	September 30, 2013
Capital assets, not being depreciated:					
Land	\$ 1,497,793	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,497,793
Construction in progress	4,766,421	115,222	(4,817,445)		64,198
	6,264,214	115,222	(4,817,445)		1,561,991
Capital assets, being depreciated:					
Buildings	24,454,268	18,953	4,809,958	-	29,283,179
Improvements	4,544,466	-	18,288	-	4,562,754
Furniture and equipment	7,191,896	1,246,299	36,815	(769,146)	7,705,864
Infrastructure	7,748,930	210,885	(47,616)		7,912,199
	43,939,560	1,476,137	4,817,445	(769,146)	49,463,996
Less accumulated depreciation for:					
Buildings	(11,733,248)	(1,284,695)	3,283		(13,017,660)
Improvements	(2,194,051)	(261,126)	14,486	-	(2,440,691)
Furniture and equipment	(4,409,911)	(906,332)	(17,769)	685,370	(4,648,642)
Infrastructure	(5,149,227)	(292,561)			(5,441,788)
Total accumulated depreciation	(23,489,437)	(2,744,714)		685,370	(25,548,781)
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	20,450,123	(1,268,577)	4,817,445	(83,776)	23,915,215
Governmental activities, capital assets, net	\$26,714,337	\$(<u>1,153,355</u>)	\$	\$ <u>(83,776)</u>	\$ <u>25,477,206</u>

Depreciation is provided in the funds in amounts sufficient to relate the cost of the depreciable assets to operations over their estimated service lives on the straight-line basis. The service lives by type of asset are as follows:

Buildings and improvements	10-40 years
Equipment	5-15 years
Infrastructure	15-40 years
Vehicles	3-7 years

Depreciation was charged to government functions as follows:

General government	\$ 399,502
Public safety	662,757
Public works	686,422
Community service	793,149
Transportation	202,884
Total depreciation - governmental activities	\$2,744,714

NOTE G - CAPITAL ASSETS - Continued

Component Unit:

Activity for Economic Development Corporation is as follows:

Beginning				Ending
Balance				Balance
October 1, 2012	Additions	Transfers	Retirements	September 30, 2013
\$ 657,236	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 657,236
	248,456			248,456
657,236	248,456	-	-	905,692
6,569,015	-	-	-	6,569,015
21,604				21,604
6,590,619	-	-	-	6,590,619
(589,892)	(136, 147)	-	-	(726,039)
(21,604)				_(21,604)
(611,496)	(136,147)	-	-	(747,643)
5,979,123	(136,147)			5,842,976
\$ <u>6,636,359</u>	\$ <u>112,309</u>	\$	\$	\$ <u>6,748,668</u>
	Balance October 1, 2012 \$ 657,236	Balance October 1, 2012 \$ 657,236	Balance October 1, 2012 Additions Transfers \$ 657,236 \$ - \$ - - 657,236 248,456 - 6,569,015 - - 21,604 - - 6,590,619 - - (589,892) (136,147) - (611,496) (136,147) - 5,979,123 (136,147) -	Balance October 1, 2012 Additions Transfers Retirements \$ 657,236 \$ - \$ - - - 248,456 - - 6,569,015 - - - 21,604 - - - 6,590,619 - - - (589,892) (136,147) - - (611,496) (136,147) - - 5,979,123 (136,147) - -

NOTE H - DEFERRED INFLOWS AND OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES

Governmental funds report deferred inflows of resources in connection with receivables for revenues that are not considered to be available to liquidate liabilities of the current period. Governmental funds defer revenue recognition in connection with resources that have been received, but not yet earned. At the end of the current fiscal year, the various components of deferred inflows of resources reported in the fund financial statements was as follows:

	<u>Unavailable</u>
Governmental funds Delinquent property taxes receivable Grants and other	\$298,822 <u>134,099</u>
Total deferred/inflows of resources for governmental funds	\$ <u>432,921</u>

Deferred outflows of resources consist of \$280,279 of deferred charges on refundings of long-term debt.

NOTE I – UNEARNED REVENUE

Unearned revenues principally consist of amounts for which the City has received funds in advanced for having completed the earning process and do not meet the definition of a deferred inflow of resources.

For the year ended September 30, 2013, \$46,694 of unearned revenues are reported in the government funds and in the statement of net position for amounts received for in advance of the City performing the related services.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

September 30, 2013

NOTE J - LONG-TERM DEBT

Primary Government

General Obligation Bonds

The City issues general obligation bonds and certificates of obligation to provide funds for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities. Certificates of obligation have been issued for general government activities.

General obligation bonds and certificates of obligation are direct obligations and pledge the full faith and credit of the City. These bonds and certificates generally are issued as 25-year serial bonds, with varying amounts of principal maturing each year. General obligation bonds and certificates of obligation currently outstanding are as follows:

1. Bonds

	Beginning Balance 10-1-12	Additions	Reductions	Ending Balance 9-30-13	Due In One Year
General Government:					
2005 Series, General Obligation					
Bonds	\$ 675,000	\$ -	\$(215,000)	\$ 460,000	\$225,000
2006 Series, Tax Anticipation Notes	260,000	-	(260,000)	-	
2009 Series, General Obligation					
Refunding Bonds		-	-	-	-
2011 Series, General Obligation					
Bonds	3,800,000	-	-	3,800,000	155,000
2012 Series, General Obligation					
Refunding Bonds	3,165,000			3,165,000	25,000
Total bonds	\$7,900,000	\$	\$(<u>475,000</u>)	\$7,425,000	\$ <u>405,000</u>

The annual debt service requirements to maturity for bonds are as follows:

						Total	
Year Ending	General Obl	igation Bonds	Tax Anticipa	tion Notes			Principal
September 30,	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	and Interest
2014	\$ 405,000	\$ 240,738	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 405,000	\$ 240,738	\$ 645,738
2015	420,000	225,163	-	-	420,000	225,163	645,163
2016	435,000	210,700	-	-	435,000	210,700	645,700
2017	450,000	197,425	-	-	450,000	197,425	647,425
2018	460,000	183,775	-	-	460,000	183,775	643,775
2019-2023	2,560,000	677,138	-	-	2,560,000	677,138	3,237,138
2024-2028	1,615,000	300,450	-	-	1,615,000	300,450	1,915,450
2029-2034	1,080,000	50,300			1,080,000	50,300	1,130,300
	\$7,425,000	\$2,085,689	\$	\$	\$ <u>7,425,000</u>	\$2,085,689	\$9,510,689

Component Unit

1. Revenue Bond

	Beginning Balance October 1, 2012	Additions	Reductions	Ending Balance September 30, 2013	Amount Due In One Year	
2007 Series, Sales Tax Bond	\$4,750,000	\$	\$ <u>(165,000)</u>	\$ <u>4,585,000</u>	\$ <u>190,000</u>	

NOTE J - LONG-TERM DEBT - Continued

The annual debt service requirements to maturity for revenue bonds are as follows:

Year Ending			
September 30,	Principal	Interest	Total
2014	\$ 190,000	\$ 196,213	\$ 386,213
2015	210,000	187,473	397,473
2016	230,000	177,859	407,859
2017	250,000	167,371	417,371
2018	265,000	156,118	421,118
2019-2023	1,525,000	590,933	2,115,933
2024-2028	1,915,000	216,861	2,131,861
	\$4,585,000	\$1,692,828	\$6,277,828

Primary Government

On April 20, 2005, the City issued 2005 Series General Obligation Bonds in order to construct and equip a new City Hall Complex, which will consist of a new City Hall, improvements to and renovations of the existing fire department and public works facilities, and related parking and pay costs of issuance. The bonds are collateralized by the levy and collection of ad valorem taxes and will be repaid over 20 years beginning in 2006. The bonds carry interest rates ranging from 3.5% to 4.625% with interest payment dates of March 1 and September 1.

During August 2006, the City issued Series 2006 Tax Notes in order to supplement previously secured debt funding (2005 Series GO Bonds) to construct and equip a new City Hall Complex. The additional funding is necessary as a result of significant increases in construction costs which exceeded the amount of funds on deposit from the previous bond issue. The Tax Notes are collateralized by the full faith and credit of the government, and carry a term of seven years, maturing March 1, 2013. Principal is due annually, and interest payments at the rate of 4.10% are due March 1 and September 1. The debt covenants require an interest and sinking fund wherein the ad valorem taxes levied sufficient to provide for the payment of the interest on and principal of the notes will be deposited.

On December 16, 2009 the City issued General Obligation Refunding Bonds, Series 2009 in order to advance refund all of the 2002 Series, Combination Tax and Revenue Refunding Bonds as discussed above. The bonds are collateralized by the levy and collection of ad valorem taxes and will be repaid over 2 years which will begin on March 1, 2011. The bonds carry an interest rate of 2.89% with interest payment dates of March 1 and September 1.

During June 2011, the City issued Series 2011 General Obligation Bonds to construct and equip a new fire station. The bonds are collateralized by the full faith and credit of the government and will be repaid over the next 20 years. Principal is due annually, and interest payments at the rate of 3.00 - 4.00% are due March 1 and September 1. The first principal payment does not start until March 1, 2014.

NOTE J - LONG-TERM DEBT - Continued

Advance Refunding

In August 2012, the City issued Series 2012 General Obligation Refunding bonds in the amount of \$3,165,000 to provide resources to refund the majority of the City's 2005 Series General Obligation bonds and cover costs of issuance. As a result, \$2,985,000 of the Series 2005 bonds are considered to be defeased and the liability has been removed from the accounts of the City. The cost of issuance totaled \$103,287 on the Series 2012 bonds. Principal and interest payments are due annually on March 1 of each year until maturity on March 1, 2025.

The advance refunding was undertaken to reduce the City's interest payments. The advance refunding resulted in an economic gain (difference between the present value of the debt service payment of the refunded and refunding bonds) of \$201,901, and a gross savings of \$223,738. At September 30, 2013, the defeased portion of the 2005 Series General Obligation bonds had a balance of \$2,985,000. The amount of the 2005 Series General Obligation bonds that are still on the City's books is \$460,000.

The City does not have a legal debt limit mandated by law.

Capital Lease Obligations

In May 2011, the City entered into a lease-purchase agreement with Government Capital Corporation for the purchase of pickup truck. Lease payments are due annually beginning April 6, 2012.

In October 2010, the City entered into a lease-purchase agreement with Government Capital Corporation for the purchase of a Fire Ladder Truck. Lease payments are due annually beginning October 18, 2010.

In October 2010, the City entered into a lease-purchase agreement with Government Capital Corporation for the purchase of a Fire Quick Attack Truck. Lease payments are due annually beginning October 18, 2010.

In October 2011, the City entered into a lease-purchase agreement with Republic First National for the purchase of an ambulance. Lease payments are due annually beginning October 15, 2011.

In September 2012, the City entered into a lease-purchase agreement with Motorola Solutions, Inc. for the purchase of a Police Radio and Communication System. Lease payments are due in seven annual installments beginning September of 2013.

On October 10, 2012 the City entered into a master lease agreement with Merchants Automotive Group, Inc. for the purchase of a variety of vehicles for the City. The total vehicles acquired under capital leases with Merchants Automotive Group, Inc. as of September 30, 2013 was \$378,581. Lease payments are due annually beginning in June of 2013.

In May 2013, the City entered into a lease-purchase agreement with Merchants Automotive Group, Inc. for the purchase of an ambulance. Lease payments are due annually beginning May 2014.

NOTE J - LONG-TERM DEBT - Continued

The following is a schedule of the future minimum lease payments under the capital lease together with the present value of the next minimum lease payments as of September 30, 2013:

			Fire					
		Fire	Quick			Police		
	Pickup	Ladder	Attack			Radio	Vehicles	
Year ending September 30,	Truck	Truck	Truck	Ambulance	Ambulance	Equipment	Merchant	Total
2014	\$ 6,317	\$106,439	\$ 15,163	\$ 25,700	\$ 29,276	\$ 63,062	\$104,098	\$ 350,055
2015	6,317	106,439	15,163	25,700	29,276	63,062	104,098	350,055
2016	-	106,439	23,351	25,700	29,276	63,062	77,130	324,958
2017	-	106,439	-	-	29,276	63,062	55,326	254,103
2018	-	242,788	-	-	29,276	63,062	36,346	371,472
2019 and thereafter						126,124		_126,124
Total minimum lease payments	12,634	668,544	53,677	77,100	146,380	441,434	376,998	1,776,767
Less the amount representing interest	(1,570)	(89,235)	(3,997)	(4,924)	(14,573)	(52,507)	(43,731)	(210,537)
Present value of net minimum								
lease payments	\$ <u>11,064</u>	\$ <u>579,309</u>	\$ <u>49,680</u>	\$ <u>72,176</u>	\$ <u>131,807</u>	\$388,927	\$333,267	\$ <u>1,566,230</u>

Changes in Long-term Liabilities for Governmental Activities

During the year ended September 30, 2013, the following changes occurred in liabilities reported as non-current liabilities.

					Amount
					Due
	October 1,			September 30,	Within
	2012	Additions	Reductions	2013	One Year
Compensated absences*	\$ 811,432	\$ 613,834	\$ (610,606)	\$ 814,660	\$ 422,987
Bonds payable	7,900,000	-	(475,000)	7,425,000	405,000
Premium on bond issuances	323,312	-	(22,529)	300,783	22,529
Capital leases	826,837	899,313	(159,920)	1,566,230	366,128
Net pension obligation*	117,940	8,846		126,786	
Total long-term debt	\$9,979,521	\$ <u>1,521,993</u>	\$(<u>1,268,055</u>)	\$ <u>10,233,459</u>	\$ <u>1,216,644</u>

^{*}Compensated absences and the net pension obligation are generally liquidated by the General Fund.

Component Unit

During July 2007, the Economic Development Corporation ("EDC") issued Sales Tax Revenue Bond Series 2007 for the purpose of paying the costs of the acquisition and construction of land, buildings, equipment, facilities and improvements relating to a birding and nature center as a public facility, funding a debt service reserve fund and paying the costs of issuance. The bonds are collateralized by the full faith and credit of the EDC and carry a term of 20 years, maturing September 30, 2028. The debt covenants require a debt service reserve fund sufficient to provide for the final principal and interest payment. The bonds carry an interest rate of 4.37% with interest payments due in March and September.

September 30, 2013

NOTE J- LONG-TERM DEBT - Continued

Changes in Long-term Liabilities for Component Units

					Amount Due
	October 1,			September 30,	Within
	2012	Additions	Reductions	2013	One Year
2007 Series, Sales Tax Bond	\$4,750,000	\$ -	\$(165,000)	\$4,585,000	\$190,000
Net pension obligation	1,965	147		2,112	
Total long-term debt	\$ <u>4,751,965</u>	\$147	\$ <u>(165,000)</u>	\$ <u>4,587,112</u>	\$ <u>190,000</u>

NOTE K - INTERFUND ASSETS/LIABILITIES

Due to/from other funds:

	Receivable Fund
Payable Fund	General
Transportation Grant	\$188,821
Beach Maintenance	88,967
Bay Access	
	\$ <u>284,955</u>

The due to/from other funds primarily represent temporary short-term borrowings for working capital, which are intended to be satisfied soon after year end.

NOTE L - TRANSFERS

Transfers are used to 1) provide unrestricted revenues collected in the general fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds, and 2) move revenues from the fund that the budget requires to collect them to the fund that the budget requires to expend them.

		Transfer in Funds				
		Parks,				
		Recreation and				
		Beautification	Transportation	Street	Bay	
Transfer Out Funds	General	Fund	Grant	Improvement	Access	Total
General	\$ -	\$ 11,000	\$ -	\$700,000	\$ 15,500	\$ 726,500
Hotel/Motel	96,405	-	50,000	-	-	146,405
Beach Maintenance	282,774					282,774
	\$379,179	\$ <u>11,000</u>	\$ 50,000	\$ <u>700,000</u>	\$ <u>15,500</u>	\$ <u>1,155,679</u>

Transfer between funds within the Component Units

Transfer in Funds

EDC

Debt Service Fund

Economic Development Corporation General Fund

\$390,365

September 30, 2013

NOTE M - COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

1. Litigation

The City is party to various legal proceedings generally incidental to its operations. Although the ultimate disposition of these proceedings are not presently determinable in the opinion of the City Attorney, the resolution of these matters will not have a material adverse effect on the financial condition of the City.

2. Grant Programs

The City and component unit participate in a number of grant programs funded by State and Federal Agencies. These programs are subject to compliance audits by the grantor agencies or their representatives.

NOTE N - RISK MANAGEMENT

The City is exposed to various uncertainties for losses related to intentional and unintentional torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of real and personal property; errors and omissions; catastrophes, medical and dental claims by employees; employee illnesses and injuries and pollution claims for which the City carries commercial insurance coverage. There have been no significant reductions in insurance coverage from the previous year. No negotiated settlements or jury awards have exceeded policy limits in any of the past three years. The City is a member of an intergovernmental risk pool. The risk pool is an interlocal non-assessable agency with present unreserved resources in excess of \$392,687,606 (as of September 30, 2013, the most recently audited financial statements completed for the risk pool). Reinsurance is provided by several A and A++ rated companies in amounts ranging from \$10,000,000 to \$100,000,000 depending on the type of insurance coverage. The City must promptly pay contributions to the risk pool as outlined by the coverage contracts, comply with underwriting standards and implement loss control recommendations deemed necessary by a risk pool representative due to an eminent high risk of loss situation. City management is not aware of any pending or alleged claims that could exceed the policy limits of the present insurance coverage.

NOTE O - PENSION PLAN

Plan Description

The City provides pension benefits for all of its eligible employees through a non-traditional, joint contributory, hybrid defined benefit plan in the state-wide Texas Municipal Retirement System (TMRS), an agent multiple-employer public employee retirement system. The plan provisions that have been adopted by the City are within the options available in the governing state statutes of TMRS.

TMRS issues a publicly available comprehensive annual financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information (RSI) for TMRS; the report also provides detailed explanations of the contributions, benefits and actuarial methods and assumptions used by the System. This report may be obtained by writing to TMRS, P. O Box 149153, Austin, Texas 78714-9153 or by calling 800-924-8677; in addition, the report is available on TMRS' website at www.TMRS.com.

NOTE O - PENSION PLAN - Continued

Plan Description - Continued

The plan provisions are adopted by the governing body of the City, within the options available in the state statutes governing TMRS. Plan provisions for the City were as follows:

	Plan Year 2012	Plan Year 2013
Employee deposit rate	7.0%	7.0%
Matching ratio (City to employee)	2 to 1	2 to 1
Years required for vesting	5	5
Service retirement eligibility (expressed as age/		
years of service)	60/5,0/20	60/5,0/20
Updated service credit	100% repeating transfers	100% repeating transfers
Annuity increase (to retirees)	70% of CPI	70% of CPI

Contributions

Under the state law governing TMRS, the contribution rate for the City is determined annually by the actuary, using the Projected Unit Credit actuarial cost method. This rate consists of the normal cost contribution rate and the prior service cost contribution rate, which is calculated to be a level percent of payroll from year to year. The normal cost contribution rate finances the portion of an active member's projected benefit allocated annually; the prior service contribution rate amortizes the unfunded (overfunded) actuarial liability (asset) over the applicable period for the City. Both the normal cost and prior service contribution rates include recognition of the projected impact of annually repeating benefits, such as Updated Service Credits and Annuity Increases.

The City contributes to the TMRS Plan at an actuarially determined rate. Both the employees and the City make contributions monthly. Since the City needs to know its contribution rate in advance for budgetary purposes, there is a one-year delay between the actuarial valuation that serves as the basis for the rate and the calendar year when the rate goes into effect. The annual pension cost and net pension obligation/(asset) are as follows:

Annual Required Contribution (ARC) Interest on net pension obligation Adjustment to the ARC * Annual Pension Cost (APC) Contributions made Increase (decrease) in net pension obligation	Primary <u>Government</u> \$885,144 8,846	Component <u>Unit</u> \$ 6,782 147 <u>-0-</u> 6,929 <u>(6,782)</u> 147
Net pension obligation/(asset), beginning of year	117,940	1,965
Net pension obligation/(asset), end of year	\$ <u>126,786</u>	\$_2,112

^{*}No adjustments were required to be made to the ARC at September 30, 2013.

NOTE O - PENSION PLAN - Continued

Three year trend information is as follows:

	Primary	Component
	Government	Unit
City's Annual Pension Cost (APC)		
2011	\$808,926	\$16,347
2012	859,094	7,746
2013	893,990	6,929
Percentage of APC Contributed		
2011	98%	99%
2012	99%	99%
2013	99%	98%
Net Pension Obligation		
2011	109,712	1,828
2012	117,940	1,965
2013	126,786	2,112

The required contribution rates for fiscal year 2013 were determined as part of the December 31, 2010 and 2011 actuarial valuations. Additional information as of the latest actuarial valuation, December 31, 2012, also follows:

Valuation Date	December 31, 2010	December 31, 2011	<u>December 31, 2012</u>
Actuarial Cost Method	Projected Unit Credit	Projected Unit Credit	Projected Unit Credit
Amortization Method	Level Percent of Payroll	Level Percent of Payroll	Level Percent of Payroll
GASB 25 Equivalent Single Amortization Period	27.3 years; closed period	26.5 years; closed period	26.6 years; closed period
Amortization Period for New Gains/Losses	30 years	30 years	30 years
Asset Valuation Method	10-year Smoothed Market	10-year Smoothed Market	10-year Smoothed Market
Actuarial Assumptions:			
Investment Rate of Return*	7.0%	7.0%	7.0%
Projected Salary Increases*	Varies by age and service	Varies by age and service	Varies by age and service
*Includes Inflation at	3.00%	3.00%	3.00%
Cost of Living Adjustments	2.1%	2.1%	2.1%

NOTE O - PENSION PLAN - Continued

The funded status as of December 31, 2012, the most recent actuarial valuation date, is as follows:

Actuarial Valuation Date	Actuarial Value of Assets (1)	Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL) (2)	Funded Ratio (3)	Unfunded AAL (UAAL) (4)	Covered Payroll (5)	UAAL as a Percentage of Covered Payroll (6)
			(1)/(2)	(2)-(1)		(4)/(5)
12/31/2012	\$ <u>19,912,595</u>	\$21,571,594	92.3%	\$ <u>(1,658,999)</u>	\$6,794,662	24.4%

The schedule of funding progress, presented as Required Supplementary Information following the notes to the financial statements, presents multi-year trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liability of benefits.

NOTE P - OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

Plan Description

The City also participates in the cost sharing multiple-employer benefit group-term life insurance plan operated by the Texas Municipal Retirement System (TMRS) known as the Supplemental Death Benefits Fund (SDBF). The City elected, by ordinance, to provide group-term life insurance coverage to both current and retired employees. The City may terminate coverage under and discontinue participation in the SDBF by adopting an ordinance before November 1 of any year to be effective the following January 1.

Benefits

The death benefit for active employees provides a lump-sum payment approximately equal to the employee's annual salary (calculated based on the employee's actual earnings, for the 12-month period preceding the month of death); retired employees are insured for \$7,500; this coverage is an "other post-employment benefit," or OPEB.

Contributions

The City contributes to the SDBF at a contractually required rate as determined by an annual actuarial valuation. The rate is equal to the cost of providing one-year term life insurance. The funding policy for the SDBF program is to assure that adequate resources are available to meet all death benefit payments for the upcoming year; the intent is not to pre-fund retiree term life insurance during employees' entire careers.

NOTE P - OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS - Continued

The City's contributions to the TMRS SDBF for the years ended 2011, 2012 and 2013 were \$1,272, \$1,340 and \$1,382, respectively, which equaled the required contributions each year.

Schedule of Contribution Rates (RETIREE – only portion of the rate)

	Annual	Actual	
Plan/	Required	Contribution	Percentage
Calendar	Contribution	Made	of ARC
Year	(Rate)	(Rate)	Contributed
2011	0.02%	0.02%	100.0%
2012	0.02%	0.02%	100.0%
2013	0.02%	0.02%	100.0%

NOTE Q - ADDITIONAL HOTEL/MOTEL OCCUPANCY TAX

Senate Bill No. 550 was passed which entitles certain small coastal municipalities to receive an additional 1% hotel/motel occupancy tax allocation from the State beginning September 1, 1999. Under this law, the money must be used to clean and maintain public beaches within the City. The City received \$1,236,199 as a result of this additional allocation and expended \$781,730 of it and reserved funds during the fiscal year ended September 30, 2013. The City accounts for this activity in the Beach Maintenance Fund. The balance of the unexpended funds at the beginning of the year, \$264,745, together with interest earned on these funds of \$-0-, is increased by the current year revenue amount being larger than current year expenditure amount, leaving \$793,155 legally restricted in the fund equity portion of the balance sheet at year end.

NOTE R – GASB STATEMENT NO. 54 FUND BALANCE REPORTING

Nonspendable – These funds were used for prepaid items.

Assigned – The City Council has authorized by resolution the assignment of a six month reserve of operating expenses in the General Fund.

Restricted – External parties have restricted these funds to be used for their intended purpose.

Unassigned – The unassigned fund balance has no constraints.

	General Fund	Hotel Motel/ Fund	Convention Centre Fund	Transportation Grant Fund	Beach Nourishment Fund	Other Governmental Funds	Total Government Funds
Fund balance (deficit)							
Non-spendable Prepaid	\$ 55,701	\$ 21,776	\$ 26,224	\$ 4,286	\$ -	\$ 3,778	\$ 111,765
Assigned	0 22,701	21,,,,	20,22	,,200		,	
Six month operating							
reserve	5,248,871	-		-	-	-	5,248,871
Restricted							
Debt service						309,533	309,533
Capital projects		-			2,074,451	562,124	2,636,575
Transportation	-	-	-	287,934	-		287,934
Beach maintenance	-	-	-		-	790,655	790,655
Municipal court	-	-	-	-	-	52,316	52,316
Criminal justice	-	-	-		-	3,644	3,644
Hurricane recovery	-	-	-		-	181,185	181,185
Parks and recreation	-	-	-		-	3,920	3,920
Hotel/motel tax	-	1,959,270	3,109,409	-	-	-	5,068,679
Unassigned	909,253	.		.		(7,167)	902,086
	\$6,213,825	\$1,981,046	\$3,135,633	\$292,220	\$2,074,451	\$ <u>1,899,988</u>	\$ <u>15,597,163</u>

NOTE S – NET POSITION

Net position is composed of three categories: Net Investment in Capital Assets, Restricted and Unrestricted.

	Governmental <u>Activities</u>	Component Units
Net investment in capital assets:		
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	\$25,477,206	\$ 6,748,668
Less related liabilities (bonds and capital leases)	(9,948,327)	(4,587,112)
Restricted cash (unexpended bond proceeds)	6,102	
Net investment in capital assets – total	15,534,981	2,161,556
Restricted net position consist of the following:		
Restricted for debt service	339,434	555,034
Restricted for capital projects	2,636,575	-
Transportation	287,934	-
Restricted for beach maintenance	790,655	-
Restricted for municipal court	52,316	-1
Restricted for criminal justice	3,644	-
Restricted for hurricane recovery	181,185	-
Restricted for parks and recreation	3,920	-
Restricted for hotel/motel taxes	5,068,679	
Restricted net position – total	9,364,342	555,034
Unrestricted net position	6,588,837	699,236
Total net position	\$31,488,160	\$ <u>3,415,826</u>

NOTE T – ADJUSTMENT TO BEGINNING NET POSITION

Due to the early implementation of GASB Statement No. 65, as discussed in Note A, most issuance costs for debt are no longer capitalized and amortized but rather expensed as incurred. This statement, then, requires the removal of deferred charges for issuance costs previously capitalized and reduces the beginning net position in the amounts of \$275,541 and \$49,577 in the primary government and component unit, respectively.

In addition to the removal of bond issuance costs, additional restatement of beginning net position was required to correct the deferred amount on refunding and bond premium totals, resulting in an increase in net position of \$164,803. The net restatement to net position for the current year as a result of these adjustments is a reduction of \$110,738 and \$49,577 in the primary government and component unit, respectively.

CITY OF SOUTH PADRE ISLAND, TEXAS

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

GENERAL FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

	Buc	lget		Variance Final Budget Positive
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)
REVENUES				
Property taxes - including penalty and interest	\$ 6,078,198	\$6,078,198	\$ 5,903,445	\$ (174,753)
Nonproperty taxes	2,902,783	2,902,783	3,155,171	252,388
Fees and services	440,106	440,106	499,126	59,020
Fines and forfeitures	388,406	388,406	440,087	51,681
Licenses and permits	216,000	216,000	150,583	(65,417)
Intergovernmental	36,249	46,987	19,954	(27,033)
Miscellaneous and program revenues	50,500	53,912	79,174	25,262
Total revenues	10,112,242	10,126,392	10,247,540	121,148
EXPENDITURES				
Current				
General government				
City council	37,500	42,500	31,719	10,781
City administration	644,670	726,679	692,165	34,514
Finance	337,773	337,773	321,135	16,638
Planning	161,719	161,719	133,074	28,645
Information services	484,380	484,380	473,966	10,414
Environmental health services	408,408	436,338	386,654	49,684
General services	891,926	892,226	816,569	75,657
Special projects	175,300	285,300	266,651	18,649
Total general government	3,141,676	3,366,915	3,121,933	244,982
Public safety	-	100000	6.00.000	70 (22)
Municipal court	185,446	185,447	167,258	18,189
Police	2,605,454	2,605,454	2,518,465	86,989
Fire	2,095,548	2,111,062	2,054,236	56,826
Emergency management	56,470	59,470	56,742	2,728
Total public safety	4,942,918	4,961,433	4,796,701	164,732
Public works				
Building maintenance	186,080	186,080	173,685	12,395
Inspections	186,772	186,772	175,069	11,703
Fleet Management	588,824	469,186	449,945	19,241
Public works	978,252	1,045,434	997,239	48,195
Total public works	1,939,928	1,887,472	1,795,938	91,534
Capital outlay	105,900	979,550	907,275	72,275
Debt service				
Principal retirement - capital lease	-	153,606	152,636	970
Interest and fees	-	42,614	47,209	(4,595)
Total debt service		196,220	199,845	(3,625)
Total expenditures	10,130,422	11,391,590	10,821,692	569,898
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	(18,180)	(1,265,198)	(574,152)	691,046

GENERAL FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL - CONTINUED

	Buc	dget		Variance Final Budget Positive
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Sale of fixed asset	32,000	\$ 32,000	\$ -	\$ (32,000)
Lease proceeds	-	\$ 804,825	\$ 806,663	\$ 1,838
Transfers in	321,405	321,405	379,179	57,774
Transfers out	(276,500)	(776,500)	(776,500)	
Total other financing sources (uses)	76,905	381,730	409,342	27,612
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$ 58,725	\$ (883,468)	(164,810)	\$ 718,658
Fund balance beginning			6,378,635	
Fund balance ending			\$ 6,213,825	

HOTEL/MOTEL TAX FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

		Budge Original	et Final	Actual	Fir	Variance hal Budget Positive Negative)
REVENUES						
Nonproperty taxes	\$	3,883,271	\$3,883,271	\$ 4,233,791	\$	350,520
Fees and services		13,000	13,000	74,226		61,226
Miscellaneous and program revenues		-	-	5,669		5,669
Total revenues		3,896,271	3,896,271	4,313,686		417,415
Total revenues		3,070,271	3,030,271	.,,		* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *
EXPENDITURES						
Current						
Convention and visitors bureau						
Visitors bureau		220,304	220,304	214,420		5,884
Sales and marketing		798,714	835,337	717,417		117,920
Events marketing		709,532	872,909	774,213		98,696
Marketing		2,017,000	1,832,000	1,749,322		82,678
Total community service		3,745,550	3,760,550	3,455,372		305,178
Total community service		3,743,330		3,100,072		
T. t. I		3,745,550	3,760,550	3,455,372		305,178
Total expenditures		3,743,330	3,700,330	3,433,372		300,170
THE PART OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PARTY OF THE						
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER		150 721	125 721	050 214		722,593
EXPENDITURES		150,721	135,721	858,314		122,393
OTHER EDIANGRIC GOLINGES (LISES)						
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)		(06.405)	(96,405)	(96,405)		
Transfers out		(96,405)	(90,403)	(90,403)		
NET CHANCE IN FUND BALANCE	¢	54 216	\$ 39,316	761,909	\$	722,593
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$	54,316	\$ 39,310	701,509	Ψ	122,070
Fund balance beginning				1,219,137		
rund balance beginning						
Fund balance ending				\$ 1,981,046		

CONVENTION CENTRE FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

	Bud	lget		Variance Final Budget Positive
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)
REVENUES				
Nonproperty taxes	1,949,253	1,949,253	\$ 2,300,424	\$ 351,171
Convention center revenue	201,000	201,000	212,737	11,737
Miscellaneous and program revenues	5,000	5,000	12,504	7,504
Total revenues	2,155,253	2,155,253	2,525,665	370,412
EXPENDITURES				
Current				
Convention and visitors bureau				
Convention centre	1,956,020	2,607,132	1,858,146	748,986
Total community service	1,956,020	2,607,132	1,858,146	748,986
Debt service				
Principal retirement - capital lease	-	1,750	1,750	-
Interest and fees	-	615	615	-
Capital outlay	131,500	129,144	87,726	41,418
Total expenditures	2,087,520	2,738,641	1,948,237	790,404
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	67,733	(583,388)	577,428	1,160,816
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Lease proceeds		26,243	26,243	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$ 67,733	\$ (557,145)	603,671	\$ 1,160,816
Fund balance beginning			2,531,962	
Fund balance ending			\$ 3,135,633	

TRANSPORTATION GRANT SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

				Variance	
	_			Final Budget Positive	
		lget Final	A1		
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)	
REVENUES					
Intergovernmental	\$ 1,193,309	\$ 1,523,309	\$ 1,277,376	\$ (245,933)	
Miscellaneous and program revenues	50,000	\$ 50,000	54,567	4,567	
Total revenues	1,243,309	1,573,309	1,331,943	(241,366)	
EXPENDITURES					
Current					
Transportation					
Transportation	1,132,099	1,194,403	1,104,987	89,416	
Total transportation	1,132,099	1,194,403	1,104,987	89,416	
Capital outlay	134,547	506,738	255,629	251,109	
Debt service					
Principal retirement - capital lease	-	3,158	3,158	-	
Interest and fees		850	850		
Total debt service	-	4,008	4,008		
Total expenditures	1,266,646	1,705,149	1,364,624	340,525	
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES					
OVER EXPENDITURES	(23,337)	(131,840)	(32,681)	(581,891)	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Lease proceeds	-	37,900	37,900	-	
Transfers in	50,000	50,000	50,000		
Total other financing sources (uses)	50,000	87,900	87,900		
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$ 26,663	\$ (43,940)	55,219	\$ (581,891)	
Fund balance beginning			237,001		
Fund balance ending			\$ 292,220		

BEACH NOURISHMENT FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

	Pou	daat		Variance Final Budget Positive
		dget Final	Actual	
REVENUES Nonproperty taxes Intergovernmental Miscellaneous and program revenues Total revenues	Original \$ 361,189	\$ 361,189 170,000 	\$ 408,373 670,000 	(Negative) \$ 47,184 500,000
EXPENDITURES Current Community service	725,825	725,825	401,640	324,185
Total expenditures	725,825	725,825	401,640	324,185
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	(364,636)	(194,636)	676,748	871,384
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$ (364,636)	\$ (194,636)	676,748	\$ 871,384
Fund balance beginning			1,397,703	
Fund balance ending			\$ 2,074,451	

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City of South Padre Island, Texas Pension Plan (TMRS) Schedule of Funding Progress September 30, 2013

Funding Progress - An analysis of funding progress for the entity as of September 30, 2013, follows.

						AAL (UAAL)
		Actuarial				as a
		Accrued	Overfunded			Percentage
Actuarial	Actuarial	Liability	(Unfunded)			of
Valuation	Value of	(AAL) -	AAL	Funded	Covered	Covered
Date	Assets	Unit Credit	(UAAL)	Ratio	Payroll	Payroll
12/31/00	\$ 4,329,488	\$3,988,713	\$ 340,775	108.5%	\$2,615,100	13.03%
12/31/01	4,963,975	4,914,601	49,374	101.0	3,004,274	1.64%
12/31/02	5,847,815	5,931,321	(83,506)	98.6	3,473,974	(2.40%)
12/31/03	6,706,656	7,041,472	(334,816)	95.2	3,645,911	(9.18%)
12/31/04	7,548,520	7,751,625	(203,105)	97.4	3,632,677	(5.59%)
12/31/05	8,454,007	8,728,488	(274,481)	96.9	4,265,760	(6.43%)
12/31/06	9,414,303	9,739,958	(325,655)	96.7	4,604,059	(7.07%)
12/31/07	9,493,921	11,001,566	(1,507,645)	86.3	4,748,977	(31.75%)
12/31/08	10,760,696	12,965,920	(2,205,224)	83.0	5,769,030	(38.23%)
12/31/09	11,621,877	14,279,003	(2,657,126)	81.4	6,483,656	(40.98%)
12/31/10	15,874,558	18,452,536	(2,577,978)	86.0	6,403,565	(40.26%)
12/31/11	17,787,878	19,875,154	(2,087,276)	89.5	6,572,549	(31.76%)
12/31/12	19,912,595	21,571,594	(1,658,999)	92.3	6,794,662	(24.4%)

NOTES TO THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Year Ended September 30, 2013

Stewardship, compliance, and accountability

1. Budgetary information

The Board adopts an "appropriated budget" on a basis consistent with GAAP for the general fund, certain special revenue funds and the debt service fund. The City is required to present the original and the final amended budgets for revenues and expenditures compared to actual revenues and expenditures for the general fund and major special revenue funds at the functional level of detail, as included herein.

In establishing budgetary data reflected in the financial statements, the City follows these procedures:

- The City Manager establishes the amount of estimated revenues and other resources available for appropriation for the succeeding budget year.
- b. The City Manager submits to the City Council a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following October 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures by fund, function and activity and the means of financing them.
- Public hearings and workshops (including department heads) are conducted at the City Hall to obtain taxpayer and elected officials' comments.
- d. Prior to October 1, the budget is legally adopted by the City Council.
- e. Revisions that alter budgets at the department level within a fund must be approved by the City Council. The Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Budget and Actual all Governmental Fund Types reflect these revisions. Actual expenditures and operating transfers may not legally exceed budget appropriations at the individual fund level.
- f. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for the General, certain Special Revenue and Debt Service Funds.
- g. Annual appropriated budgets are adopted for the General, certain Special Revenue and Debt Service Funds. All annual appropriations lapse at year-end to the extent they have not been expended or encumbered.

Before October 1, the proposed budget is presented to the City Council for review. The City Council holds public hearings and may add to, subtract from or change appropriations, but may not change the form of the budget. Any changes in the budget must be within the revenues and reserves estimated as available by the City Manager or the revenue estimates must be changed by an affirmative vote of a majority of the City Council.

Expenditures may not legally exceed budgeted appropriations at the fund level. During the year, several supplementary appropriations were necessary.

2. Expenditures over Appropriations

None noted.

3. Net Position Deficit

A deficit balance in unrestricted net position/fund balance occurred in the following funds for the year ended September 30, 2013 by the indicated amounts:

Bay Access Fund \$(7,167)

CITY OF SOUTH PADRE ISLAND, TEXAS

OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUND STATEMENTS AND SCHEDULES

Special revenue fund: Municipal Court Technology Fund was established to account for monies collected on traffic fines. \$4.00 is collected on each ticket and is used specifically for technology improvements in the Municipal Court.

Special revenue fund: **Municipal Court Security Fund** was established to account for monies collected on traffic fines. \$3.00 is collected on each ticket and is used specifically for security needs in the Municipal Court.

Special revenue fund: Criminal Justice Fund is used to account for miscellaneous grant revenues that are received.

Special revenue fund: **Hurricane Recovery Fund** was established to account for insurance, grant and local funds that will be used for future hurricane related expenditures.

Special revenue fund: **Parks and Recreation Fund** was established to account for funds set aside for upgrades to City parks.

Special revenue fund: Capital Replacement Fund was established to account for capital acquisitions needed which include fleet for police, fire, and public works.

Special revenue fund: Street Improvement Fund is used to account for improvements on the streets of the City.

Capital project fund: Construction in Progress Fund is used to account for the bond proceeds received to fund the expenditures associated with the construction of the City's new fire station.

Capital project fund: Beach Maintenance Fund is used to clean and maintain the beach. The State of Texas sends the City 1% of the hotel/motel tax collected by the State for these efforts.

Capital project fund: Beach Access Fund is used to account for projects to improve access to the beaches of the City.

Capital project fund: Bay Access Fund was established to account for projects to improve access to the Laguna Madre Bay.

The **Debt Service Fund** is used to account for the accumulation of resources for the payment of long-term debt principal and interest and related costs. An ad valorem tax rate and tax levy is required to be computed and levied, which will be sufficient to produce the money required to pay principal and interest as it comes due. A transfer from the Convention Centre fund is also made to support the debt for the Convention Centre.

City of South Padre Island, Texas NON MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS COMBINING BALANCE SHEETS September 30, 2013

	Special Revenue Funds												
ASSETS	Municipal Court Technology Fund	Municipal Court Security Fund	Criminal Justice Grant	Hurricane Recovery Fund	Parks and Recreation Fund	Capital Replacement Fund	Street Improvement Fund						
ASSETS													
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 11,331	\$ 40,985	\$ 3,644	\$ 181,185	\$ 3,920	\$ 54,500	\$ 497,027						
Receivables (net of allowance)													
Taxes	-	-	-	-	2	-	-						
Accounts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-						
Due from other governments	=	-	-	-	-	-	-						
Prepaid items	1,278	-			-		-						
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 12,609	\$ 40,985	\$ 3,644	\$ 181,185	\$ 3,920	\$ 54,500	\$ 497,027						
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE													
Due to other funds	s -	\$ -	s -	\$ -	\$ -	s -	\$ -						
TOTAL LIABILITIES		-	-	-	-	-	-						
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES													
Unavailable revenue - property taxes													
TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	6 -	-		-		-	-						
Fund balance													
Nonspendable	1,278	-	-		-								
Restricted	11,331	40,985	3,644	181,185	3,920	54,500	497,027						
Unassigned	-												
TOTAL FUND BALANCE	12,609	40,985	3,644	181,185	3,920	54,500	497,027						
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED													
INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND													
FUND BALANCE	\$ 12,609	\$ 40,985	\$ 3,644	\$ 181,185	\$ 3,920	\$ 54,500	\$ 497,027						

		Capital Proje	cts Funds				
In	estruction Progress Fund	Beach Maintenance Fund	Beach Access Fund	Bay Access Fund	Total	Debt Service	Total Non Major Governmental Funds
\$	6,102	s -	\$ 4,495	\$ -	\$ 803,189	\$ 303,833	\$1,107,022
\$	6,102	5,806 873,816 2,500 \$ 882,122	\$ 4,495	- - - - - \$ -	5,806 873,816 3,778 \$ 1,686,589	33,797 1,804 - - \$ 339,434	33,797 7,610 873,816 3,778 \$2,026,023
\$		88,967 88,967		\$ 7,167 7,167	\$ 96,134 96,134	<u>\$ -</u>	\$ 96,134 96,134
	<u>-</u>			.	<u>.</u>	29,901 29,901	<u>29,901</u> 29,901
_	6,102	2,500 790,655 - 793,155	4,495	(7,167) (7,167)	3,778 1,593,844 (7,167) 1,590,455	309,533	3,778 1,903,377 (7,167) 1,899,988
\$	6,102	\$ 882,122	\$ 4,495	\$	\$ 1,686,589	\$ 339,434	\$2,026,023

NON MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

For the Year Ended September 30, 2013

	Special Revenue Funds											
	Municipal Court Technology Fund	Municipal Court Security Fund	Criminal Justice Grant	Hurricane Recovery Fund	Parks and Recreation Fund	Capital Replacement Fund	Street Improvement Fund					
Revenues	6	s -	S -	\$ -	\$ -	s -	s -					
Property taxes	\$ -	5 -	3 -	5 -	3 -	3 -	3 -					
Nonproperty taxes	-	-	-	-	-	-	-					
Fees and services	9 602 6 52		-	-	-	-	-					
Fines and forfeitures	8,693	6,520	-	-	-	-	-					
Intergovernmental	-	-	-	-	7.060	-	-					
Miscellaneous					7,060							
Total revenues	8,693	6,520	-	-	7,060							
Expenditures												
Current												
General government	-	-	-	24,103	-	-	-					
Public safety	9,972	560		-	7 -		-					
Public works		-	-	-	-	-	-					
Community service	-	-	-	-	16,512	-	-					
Capital outlay	-	-	-0	-	-	-	210,885					
Debt service												
Principal - bonds	-	-	-	-	-	-	-					
Principal - capital lease	-	-	-	-	-		-					
Interest	-	-	-	-	-	-	-					
Administrative charges												
Total expenditures	9,972	560		24,103	16,512		210,885					
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) REVENUES												
OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(1,279)	5,960	-	(24,103)	(9,452)	1-	(210,885)					
Other financing sources (uses)												
Sale of capital assets	-	-	-	-	-	22,777	-					
Lease proceeds	-	-	-	-	-	-	-					
Transfers in		:	-	-	11,000	+	700,000					
Transfers (out)							-					
Total other financing sources (uses)					11,000	22,777	700,000					
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	(1,279)	5,960	-	(24,103)	1,548	22,777	489,115					
Fund balance, beginning of year	13,888	35,025	3,644	205,288	2,372	31,723	7,912					
Fund balance, end of year	\$ 12,609	\$ 40,985	\$ 3,644	\$181,185	\$ 3,920	\$ 54,500	\$ 497,027					

	Capital Proje	ects Funds				
Construction In Progress Fund	Beach Maintenance Fund	Beach Access Fund	Bay Access Fund	Total	Debt Service	Total Non Major Governmental Funds
s -	s -	s -	s -	\$ -	\$ 762,903	\$ 762,903
-	1,236,199	-	-	1,236,199	-	1,236,199
-	-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	15,213	-	15,213
54,772	45,434	-	164,198	264,404	-	264,404
-				7,060		7,060
54,772	1,281,633		164,198	1,522,876	762,903	2,285,779
50 472				92 575		82,575
58,472		-	-	82,575 157,824	-	157,824
-	147,292	-	13,973	283,801	-	283,801
	269,828	•	13,973	16,512	-	16,512
51,024		-		340,730	-	340,730
31,024	76,621			540,750		340,730
	-	-	-	-	475,000	475,000
-	2,376	-	-	2,376	-	2,376
	236	_	-	236	259,273	259,509
-	403			403	(7,770)	(7,367)
109,496	498,956		13,973	884,457	726,503	1,610,960
(54,724	782,677	-	150,225	638,419	36,400	674,819
-			7-	22,777	-	22,777
-	28,507	-	-	28,507	-	28,507
1-	-	-	15,500	726,500	-	726,500
-	(282,774)			(282,774)		(282,774)
	(254,267)		15,500	495,010		495,010
(54,724	528,410	-	165,725	1,133,429	36,400	1,169,829
60,826	264,745	4,495	(172,892)	457,026	273,133	730,159
\$ 6,102	\$ 793,155	\$ 4,495	\$ (7,167)	\$ 1,590,455	\$ 309,533	\$1,899,988

DEBT SERVICE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

For the Year Ended September 30, 2013

	Budget								
	Original	Final	Actual	Positive					
REVENUES	Original	Fillal	Actual	(Negative)					
	¢ 724 271	¢ 724 271	¢ 762.002	e 20.622					
Property taxes	\$734,271	\$734,271	\$ 762,903	\$ 28,632					
Total revenues	734,271	734,271	762,903	28,632					
EXPENDITURES									
Debt service									
Principal retirement	475,000	475,000	475,000						
Interest	259,271	259,271	259,273	(2)					
Administrative charges			(7,770)	7,770					
Total expenditures	734,271	734,271	726,503	7,768					
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES									
OVER EXPENDITURES	-	-	36,400	36,400					
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$ -	\$ -	36,400	\$ 36,400					
Fund balance beginning			273,133						
Fund balance ending			\$ 309,533						

COMPONENT UNIT

South Padre Island Economic Development Corporation (EDC): The five-member board of directors is appointed by the City Council. The EDC is authorized to administer the distribution of the proceeds of any development bonds issued and the proceeds of certain development sales taxes received on behalf of the City. The EDC's operational and capital budget must be approved by the City Council.

SOUTH PADRE ISLAND ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT CORPORATION DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNIT COMBINING BALANCE SHEET

September 30, 2013

ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents Receivables Prepaid items Loans receivable	Economic Development Corporation General Fund \$ 309,759 169,986 - 89,988		Const	eding enter ruction and - - -		EDC bt Service Reserve Fund 438,808	\$	EDC Debt Service Fund 26,238	\$	Total mponent Unit 774,805 169,986 290,182 89,988
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	569,733	\$		\$	438,808	\$	316,420	\$1.	324,961
LIABILITIES Accounts payable Other liabilities TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$ \$	69,224 1,467 70,691	\$ \$	· ·	\$ \$	- - -	\$ \$	-	\$ \$	69,224 1,467 70,691
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Unavailable revenue - noncurrent receivables		89,988			_		_	-	_	89,988
TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		89,988		-9		-		-		89,988
FUND BALANCE Nonspendable Restricted Unassigned TOTAL FUND BALANCES	_	409,054			_	438,808	_	290,182 26,238 - 316,420	_	290,182 465,046 409,054 ,164,282
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCE	\$	569,733	\$		\$	438,808	\$	316,420	<u>\$1</u>	,324,961

SOUTH PADRE ISLAND ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT CORPORATION RECONCILIATION OF THE COMBINING BALANCE SHEET OF THE COMPONENT UNIT TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

September 30, 2013

Fund balances of the component unit funds	\$	1,164,282
Amounts reported for <i>governmental type activities</i> in the statement of net position are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental type activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the		6,748,668
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current period expenditures and therefore are deferred in the funds.		89,988
Some liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due in the current period and therefore not reported in the funds.		(4,586,975)
Bond issue costs are expensed during the period incurred in the funds, but are amortized as an adjustment to interest expense in the statement of activities over the remaining life		
Liabilities for net pension obligations are not due in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds.	_	(137)
Net position of governmental type activities	<u>\$</u>	3,415,826

SOUTH PADRE ISLAND ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT CORPORATION DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNIT

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE

For the Year Ended September 30, 2013

REVENUES	De Co Ge	conomic velopment orporation neral Fund	Cons	enter struction Fund	Deb R	EDC of Service esserve Fund	Ser Fr	DC rebt rvice und	Total Component Unit
Sales taxes	\$	705,550	\$		\$	-	\$	-	\$ 705,550
Fees and services		1,300		-		-		-	1,300
Intergovernmental revenues		261,709		-		-		-	261,709
Loan revenue		7,457		-		-		-	7,457
Miscellaneous and program revenues		8,632		-		618		21	9,271
Total revenues		984,648		-		618		21	985,287
EXPENDITURES									
Current Community service		280,160		-		-		;-	280,160
Debt service							16	55,000	165,000
Principal retirement		-		-		-		3,870	203,870
Interest expense Capital outlay		248,456					20	-	248,456
7	_						26	0 070	
Total expenditures	-	528,616						8,870	897,486
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		456,032		-		618	(36	58,849)	87,801
Other financing sources (uses) Transfers out		(390,365)						_	(390,365)
Transfers out Transfers in		(390,303)					30	0,365	390,365
	_	(390,365)						0,365	370,303
Total other financing sources (uses)	_	(390,303)	_					70,303	
Net change in fund balances		65,667		-7		618	2	21,516	87,801
Fund balance beginning	_	343,387				438,190	_ 29	94,904	1,076,481
Fund balance ending	\$	409,054	\$	-	\$	438,808	\$ 31	6,420	\$1,164,282

SOUTH PADRE ISLAND ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT CORPORATION RECONCILIATION OF THE COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE OF THE COMPONENT UNIT FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

For the Year Ended September 30, 2013

Net chang	ge in fund balancestotal component unit funds	\$ 87,801
	reported for governmental type activities in the of activities	
	Governmental type funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which current period capital outlay (\$248,456) exceeded depreciation (\$136,147).	112,309
	Bond issue costs reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental type funds.	
	The change in Net Pension Obligation during the year is reported as an increase or decrease to expenditures in the statement of activities but not in the governmental funds.	(147)
	Repayment of bond principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net position.	165,000
	Governmental type funds report loans made to outside parties as expenditures. However, in government wide statements, it has no effect on the change in net position.	(7,457)

Change in net position of governmental activities

\$357,506

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CITY OF SOUTH PADRE ISLAND, TEXAS

STATISTICAL SECTION

City of South Padre Island, Texas September 30, 2013

STATISTICAL SECTION

This part of the City of South Padre Island's comprehensive annual financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the government's overall financial health.

CONTENTS

Financial Trends Schedules 1-4

These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the government's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.

Revenue Capacity Schedules 5-9

These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the government's most significant local revenue sources, the property tax and the hotel-motel tax.

Debt Capacity Schedules 10-13

These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the government's current levels of outstanding debt and the government's ability to issue additional debt in the future.

Demographic and Economic Information

Schedules 14-15

These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the government's financial activities take place.

Operating Information Schedules 16-19

These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the government's financial report related to the services the government provides and the activities it performs.

Sources: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the comprehensive annual financial report for the relevant year.

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City of South Padre Island, Texas
NET POSITION BY COMPONENT
Last ten Fiscal Years
(accrual basis of accounting)

	2013*	\$ 15,534,981 9,364,342 6,588,837 \$ 31,488,160
	2012	\$ 18,312,199 6,079,979 5,697,496 \$ 30,089,674
	2011	\$ 17,420,780 4,700,307 6,174,054 \$ 28,295,141
	2010	\$ 17,882,812 5,034,471 5,768,869 \$ 28,686,152
Year	2009	\$ 19,257,279 308,130 10,088,864 \$ 29,654,273
Fiscal Year	2008	\$ 15,236,797 1,000,669 10,159,970 \$ 26,397,436
	2007	\$ 13,855,905 1,535,329 11,440,132 \$ 26,831,366
	2006	\$ 11,150,821 1,320,614 11,831,195 \$ 24,302,630
	2005	\$ 9,506,514 - 12,393,418 \$ 21,899,932
	2004	\$ 9,242,667 - 10,454,635 \$ 19,697,302
		Governmental activities Net investment in capital assets Restricted Unrestricted Total governmental activities net position

* The City of South Padre Island first implemented GASB Statement No. 63 and 65 in 2013, resulting in adjustment to beginning net position. None of the years prior to fiscal year end 2013 have been restated to reflect implementation of the new standards.

Note: The City of South Padre Island first applied GASB Statement No. 34 in fiscal year 2004; therefore, government-wide financial information for years prior to fiscal year 2004 is not available.

City of South Padre Island, Texas CHANGES IN NET POSITION Last ten Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting)

2013	\$ 3,616,084 5,617,282 2,766,161 1,898,136 621,036 5,313,518	20,139,025	156,108 881,900 31,246 30,000 286,963 954,301 1,277,434 3,617,952	(16,521,073)	6,598,351 2,335,306 819,865 6,534,215 1,644,572 38,830 - 59,156	\$ 1,509,222
2012	\$ 3,262,899 5,154,019 3,104,579 1,275,542 119,300 5,556,513 559,912	19,032,764	218,276 990,410 22,646 52,250 244,750 1,074,032 1,296,789 3,899,153	(15,133,611)	6,512,050 2,171,134 806,646 6,166,994 - 1,086,920 49,345 4,545 130,510	\$ 1,794,533
2011	\$ 3,916,708 4,639,591 2,842,168 1,103,616 820,784 5,846,869	19,497,268	222.573 497,534 36,843 30,000 270,838 996,779 682,935 2,737,902	(16,759,366)	6,391,852 2,116,727 821,796 5,658,555 98,132 97,265 (17,050)	(391,011)
2010	\$ 4,244,372 4,675,136 2,818,149 899,298 40,494 5,834,572 310,207	18,822,228	27.973 424.681 639,148 74,500 300,690 714,938 190,604 2,372,334	(16,449,694)	6,098,437 2,001,606 802,819 5,238,745 - 945,050 143,463 16,810 16,510 16,510	\$ (968,121)
Year 2009	\$ 3,680,425 4,358,811 2,761,388 647,664 832,168 6,160,287 295,920	18,736,663	28,222 410,295 280,498 30,000 337,470 1,373,380 2,49,808	(16,026,990)	6,089,968 2,295,465 792,501 4,638,099 198,941 14,234 4,401,118 101,551	\$ 3,256,837
Fiscal Year 2008	\$ 3,668,745 4,106,050 2,090,705 1,129,802 528,546 6,324,100 340,220	18,188,168	30,642 219,209 529,574 27,302 275,347 843,668 234,310 2,160,452	(16,027,716)	5,483,386 1,965,363 792,992 4,610,239 630,474 546,491 1,485,785 79,056	\$ (433,930)
2007	\$ 3,412,111 3,408,818 1,833,529 474,087 365,753 4,255,478 383,137	14,132,913	35,585 295,561 399,519 32,050 271,693 777,984 123,767 1,936,159	(12,196,754)	4.780,512 1,897,938 748,363 5,334,627 741,411 796,864	\$ 2,528,737
2006	\$ 2,077,020 3,322,420 1,640,199 438,652 5,331,206 336,307	13,145,804	39,589 265,699 838,069 28,945 316,844 618,358 71,000	(10,967,300)	4,165,498 1,866,426 644,126 5,191,304 33,305 704,337 734,068 (5,767) 13,369,998	\$ 2,402,698
2005	\$ 2,290,443 3,122,467 1,565,958 336,807 6,223,221 20,700	13,559,596	35,720 430,254 465,949 27,206 271,599 2,036,705 130,064	(10,162,099)	3,732,956 1,711,622 621,012 4,878,739 350,414 661,420 375,354 10,365	\$ 2,202,630
2004	\$ 1,820,340 2,979,773 1,466,481 330,647 3,650,369 171,308	10,418,918	33,493 495,914 314,149 27,216 256,112 262,471 89,710 1,479,065	(8,939,853)	3,126,830 1,642,306 6,02,821 4,473,153 331,870 6,26,481 92,230	\$ 1,966,556
	Governmental activities: Governmental activities: General government Public safety Public works Transportation Community service Convention and visitors bureau Interest on long-term debt	Total primary governmental activities expenses	Program Revenues Governmental activities: Charges for services General government Public safety Public works Transportation Convention and visitors bureau Operating grants and contributions Capital grants and contributions Total governmental activities program revenues	Net (Expense)/Revenue Total primary government net expense	General revenues Property taxes Sales & Mixed Beverage taxes Franchise taxes Hotel motel bade blvd taxes Hotel motel bade min taxes Unrestricted investment earnings Gain (loss) on sale of capital assets Insurance recoveries Miscellaneous Total general revenues	Changes in Net Position Total governmental activities

Source: Statement of Activities

Note: The City of South Padre Island first applied GASB Statement No. 34 in fiscal year 2004; therefore, government-wide financial information for years prior to fiscal year 2004 is not available.

City of South Padre Island, Texas
FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
Last Ten Fiscal Years
(modified accrual basis of accounting)

2013	s s	\$ 55,701	5,248,871 909,253 \$ 6,213,825	6	,	1 1	\$		\$ 54,786	309,533	2,636,575	287,934	790,655	53,594	3,644	181,185	3,920	5,068,679	(7,167)	\$ 9,383,338
2012	s s	\$ 21,542	4,937,269 1,419,824 \$ 6,378,635	(•		\$		\$ 148,890	273,133	1,502,659	235,999	264,395	48,913	3,644	205,288	2,372	3,603,561	(172,892)	\$ 6,115,962
2011	s s	\$ 45,959	4,899,405 1,344,359 \$6,289,723	•		' '	\$		\$ 114,554	429,784	4,914,411	154,277	78,887	43,562	3,433	248,227	2,185	2,442,154	'	\$8,431,474
2010	\$ 31,623 6,144,362 \$6,175,985	•	· ' '		\$ 696,464	2,590,794	\$4,978,608		\$	•	1	1	ř	ı	•	•	1	1	1	
2009	\$ 35,092 6,477,049 \$6,512,141		· ' '		\$ 729,340	3,040,415	\$4,248,017		- - -	•	1	•	•	1	•		ı	1	'	\$
2008	\$ 37,321 5,768,180 \$5,805,501	· ·	· ' ' ·	ì	\$ 766,366	681,831 4,048,185	\$5,496,382		\$	•	1		r	1	Ţ	•	•	1	'	
2007	\$ 54,073 5,095,575 \$5,149,648	· ·	9		\$ 568,453	5,857,458 1,609,091	\$8,035,002		\$	1	•	£	•	1	1	,	•	1	1	\$
2006	\$ 35,721 4,329,297 \$ 4,365,018	· ·	9		\$ 577,625	6,133,843 7,307,966	\$14,019,434		s	1	•	E	'	•	7	1	1	E	'	
2005	\$ 448,862 4,250,065 \$ 4,698,927	· •	\$		\$ 427,649	6,598,953 5,700,520	\$12,727,122			,	•	ř.	•	,)	•	•		'	
2004	\$ 481,152 3,454,047 \$3,935,199	· ·	·		\$ 485,622	5,736,110 625,681	\$6,847,413		· ·	31	•	C	•	•	•	3		•	1	\$
General fund	Pre GASB 54 Reserved Unreserved Total pre GASB 54	Post GASB 54 Nonspendable	Assigned Six month operating reserve Unassigned Total post GASB 54	All Other Governmental Funds Pre GASB 54	Reserved Unreserved, reported in:	Special revenue funds Capital projects funds	Total pre GASB 54	Post GASB 54	Nonspendable Restricted:	Debt service	Capital projects	Transportation	Beach maintenance	Municipal court	Criminal justice	Hurricane recovery	Parks and recreation	Hotel/motel tax	Unassigned	Total post GASB 54

City of South Padre Island, Texas CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Last Ten Fiscal Years

(modified accrual basis of accounting)

	2004	2005	2006	2007
REVENUES				
Property taxes	\$3,126,553	\$3,743,132	\$4,123,204	\$4,719,773
Nonproperty taxes	7,676,631	8,223,206	8,439,497	8,722,337
Fees and services	273,285	288,136	335,617	287,475
Fines and forfeitures	454,340	386,011	265,700	295,560
Licenses and permits	316,180	512,384	887,829	451,372
Intergovernmental	434,464	2,210,966	489,358	920,629
Miscellaneous and program revenues	103,745	398,202	970,769	1,203,760
Total revenues	12,385,198	15,762,037	15,511,974	16,600,906
EXPENDITURES				
General	1,788,195	2,123,657	1,967,410	2,179,937
Public safety	2,697,669	2,860,988	3,135,257	3,256,352
Public works	1,028,903	1,101,741	1,158,093	1,346,075
Transportation	292,721	295,769	382,221	430,979
Community service	91,080	1,572,109	179,277	616,566
Convention and visitors bureau	3,045,418	4,145,010	4,627,296	4,423,112
Debt service				
Principal retirement	585,000	655,000	845,000	1,065,000
Interest	171,308	234,820	329,844	372,160
Administrative charges	-	119,461	32,100	500
Capital outlay	869,735	1,065,470	3,503,133	8,110,027
Total expenditures	10,570,029	14,174,025	16,159,631	21,800,708
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES				
OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	1,815,169	1,588,012	(647,657)	(5,199,802)
Other financing sources (uses)				
Sale of fixed assets	-	10,365	6,060	-
Lease Proceeds	-	-	-	-
Proceeds from issuance of bonds	-	5,045,060	1,600,000	-
Premium on issuance of bonds	-	-	-	-
Uses of debt refunding	-	-	-	-
Bond issue costs	-	-	-	-
Insurance Proceeds	-	-	-	-
Transfers out	(1,648,535)	(1,929,200)	(3,105,238)	(2,031,131)
Transfers in	1,648,535	1,929,200	3,105,238	2,031,131
Total other financing sources and (uses)		5,055,425	1,606,060	
Net change in fund balances	\$1,815,169	\$6,643,437	\$958,403	(\$5,199,802)
Debt service as a percentage				
of noncapital expenditures	7.80%	6.79%	9.28%	10.50%

2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013
\$5,393,449	\$6,115,209	\$6,042,754	\$6,407,899	\$6,572,035	\$6,666,348
7,999,068	8,478,004	8,988,221	9,585,210	10,231,694	11,333,958
298,189	353,545	529,702	411,771	847,528	786,089
219,209	295,990	379,684	424,124	517,776	455,300
573,866	322,645	557,605	222,292	191,105	150,583
1,077,978	1,056,767	905,542	1,679,714	2,202,888	2,231,734
616,757	981,229	361,596	408,344	179,856	158,989
16,178,516	17,603,389	17,765,104	19,139,354	20,742,882	21,783,001
4,084,721	3,124,195	3,801,677	3,441,451	2,912,655	3,204,508
3,822,108	4,101,247	4,478,384	4,313,528	4,806,764	4,954,525
1,484,580	2,156,348	2,158,644	2,188,234	2,424,423	2,079,739
1,063,572	552,966	782,525	957,492	1,078,641	1,104,987
326,736	832,168	40,494	820,784	119,300	418,152
5,114,147	5,532,594	4,653,373	4,972,074	4,740,409	5,313,518
1,110,000	1,160,000	1,205,000	932,358	982,225	634,920
329,243	285,443	275,612	261,642	400,165	301,716
500	-	_	2,736	800	(900)
3,211,465	4,816,260	906,820	2,417,098	5,628,071	1,591,360
20,547,072	22,561,221	18,302,529	20,307,397	23,093,453	19,602,525
(4,368,556)	(4,957,832)	(537,425)	(1,168,043)	(2,350,571)	2,180,476
			1 10 000 000000000000000000000000000000		
1,485,785	14,989	85,350	25,933	4,771	22,777
-	_	-	902,220	119,200	899,313
1,000,000	-	830,000	3,800,000	3,165,000	-
-	-	-	101,462	289,990	-
-	-	-	-	(3,351,703)	-
-	-	-	(94,968)	(103,287)	-
-	4,401,118	16,510	-	-	-
(2,209,420)	(2,371,184)	(1,587,679)	(853,568)	(1,200,089)	(1,155,679)
2,209,420	2,371,184	1,587,679	853,568	1,200,089	1,155,679
2,485,785	4,416,107	931,860	4,734,647	123,971	922,090
(\$1,882,771)	(\$541,725)	\$394,435	\$3,566,604	(\$2,226,600)	\$3,102,566
8.30%	8.15%	8.51%	6.67%	7.92%	5.20%
0.00,0	0,0				

City of South Padre Island, Texas ASSESSED VALUE AND ACTUAL VALUE OF TAXABLE PROPERTY Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	Net Taxable Asse	essed Value	Less:	Total Taxable	Total Direct
Ended	Real	Personal	Exempt	Assessed	Tax
September 30,	Property	Property	Property	Value	Rate
2004	1,222,211,135	26,540,260	44,573,534	1,204,177,861	0.25811
2005	1,503,904,613	28,449,556	77,073,416	1,455,280,753	0.25811
2006	1,712,735,440	31,000,283	83,532,833	1,660,202,890	0.25311
2007	1,941,204,388	32,472,880	61,850,862	1,911,826,406	0.25311
2008	2,305,658,543	34,289,547	71,535,213	2,268,412,877	0.24561
2009	2,545,047,287	33,419,535	78,289,018	2,500,177,804	0.24561
2010	2,539,540,899	29,230,095	76,526,864	2,492,244,130	0.24561
2011	2,635,413,859	30,316,814	84,535,004	2,581,195,669	0.24561
2012	2,656,625,431	29,055,461	77,035,264	2,608,645,628	0.25040
2013	2,653,041,784	28,324,135	75,246,646	2,606,119,273	0.25270

Source: Cameron County Appraisal District

Note: Property in the city is reassessed each year. Property is assessed at actual value; therefore, the assessed values are equal to actual value. Tax rates are per \$100 of assessed value.

City of South Padre Island, Texas DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING PROPERTY TAX RATES

Last Ten Fiscal Years (rate per \$100 of assessed value)

	City of South Padre Island Direct Rates	and Direct Rates		Water Supply	Point Isabel		Texas	South
Fiscal Period	Maintenance & Operations Rate	Debt Service	Total Direct	District No. 1	Cons. ISD	Cameron County	Southmost College	Texas
2004	0.258110	0.000000	0.258110	0.139306	1.35612	0.358191	0.131400	0.0392
2005	0.258110	0.000000	0.258110	0.123807	1.35612	0.358191	0.131400	0.0392
2006	0.230197	0.022913	0.253110	0.105800	1.35612	0.358191	0.128782	0.0392
2007	0.219598	0.033512	0.253110	0.080820	1.06163	0.343191	0.162772	0.0492
2008	0.216810	0.028800	0.245610	0.080820	1.06163	0.353191	0.161089	0.0492
2009	0.218400	0.027210	0.245610	0.080820	1.061634	0.363191	0.161089	0.0492
2010	0.220310	0.025300	0.245610	0.080820	1.081634	0.364291	0.161924	0.0492
2011	0.220310	0.025300	0.245610	0.080820	1.081634	0.384291	0.162423	0.0492
2012	0.224355	0.026045	0.250400	0.080820	1.081634	0.384291	0.164026	0.0492
2013	0.223631	0.029070	0.252701	0.080820	1.08164	0.384291	0.162935	0.0492

Source: Cameron County Appraisal District.

City of South Padre Island, Texas PRINCIPAL PROPERTY TAXPAYERS Current Year and Ten Years Ago

		2013			2004	
			Percentage			Percentage
	Taxable		of Total	Taxable		of Total
	Assessed		Assessed	Assessed		Assessed
Taxpayer	Valuation	Rank	Valuation	Valuation	Rank	Valuation
Bahia Mar Tower LLC	\$ 24,996,527	1	0.96%			
Sapphire VP LP (ID 516435)	19,035,555	2	0.73%			
Agora USA LP	11,239,668	3	0.43%			
SPI Beach Water Resort Waterpark LLC	10,743,489	4	0.41%			
Sapphire VP LP (ID 526932)	10,164,460	5	0.39%			
ICS Management Company	8,540,278	6	0.33%	7,258,708	3	0.60%
Peninsula Island Resort & Spa LLC	8,233,286	7	0.32%			
First National Bank	7,378,638	8	0.28%			
Shores Development Inc.	7,451,714	9	0.29%			
SPI La Copa Ltd	6,377,206	10	0.24%	5,422,993	7	0.45%
Padre Central Limited Partnership				12,594,939	1	1.05%
SSPIBR, Ltd				8,402,143	2	0.70%
HISPI, Ltd				6,230,164	4	0.52%
ALMA Investments, Inc.				5,993,161	5	0.50%
AEP Texas Central Co.				5,434,280	6	0.45%
Saida Royale Corporation				5,336,786	8	0.44%
Legendary SPI Ltd.				5,292,540	9	0.44%
Oleander Hospitality				5,083,492	10	0.42%
Total	\$114,160,821		3.42%	\$67,049,206		5.57%

Source: Cameron County Appraisal District

City of South Padre Island, Texas

PROPERTY TAX LEVIES AND COLLECTIONS
Last Ten Fiscal Years
(Unaudited)

Collected within the

	Percentage of Levy	%06.66	99.92%	%06.66	%08.66	99.63%	%19.66	99.51%	99.24%	%27.86	97.91%
	Amount	3,105,021	3,734,849	4,191,848	4,762,674	5,458,527	6,052,402	6,044,093	6,262,438	6,317,828	6,384,778
	Collections in Subsequent Years	95,337	88,338	158,278	198,226	242,776	248,047	240,022	138,773	138,657	•
r of the Levy	Percentage of Levy	96.83%	97.55%	96.13%	95.64%	95.19%	95.59%	95.56%	97.04%	%09.96	97.91%
Fiscal Year of the Levy	Amount	3,009,684	3,646,511	4,033,570	4,564,448	5,215,751	5,804,355	5,804,071	6,123,665	6,179,171	6,384,778
'	Taxes Levied for the Fiscal Year	3,108,102	3,737,909	4,196,142	4,772,418	5,479,052	6,072,211	6,073,653	6,310,281	6,396,519	6,521,119
	Tax Roll Year	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012
	Fiscal Year	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013

Source: Cameron County Tax Office

City of South Padre Island, Texas TAX REVENUES BY SOURCE - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Last Ten Fiscal Years

(modified accrual basis of accounting)

Fiscal	Property	Sales & Mixed	Franchise	Hotel/Motel	
Year	Taxes	Beverage Tax	Tax	Tax	Total
	371070				
2004	3,126,830	1,642,306	602,821	4,473,153	9,845,110
2005	3,732,956	1,711,622	621,012	4,878,739	10,944,329
2006	4,165,498	1,866,426	644,126	5,191,304	11,867,354
2007	4,780,512	1,897,938	748,363	5,334,627	12,761,440
2008	5,483,386	1,965,363	792,992	4,610,239	12,851,980
2009	6,089,968	2,295,465	792,501	4,766,668	13,944,602
2010	6,098,437	2,001,606	802,819	5,564,657	14,467,519
2011	6,407,899	2,116,728	821,796	6,012,126	15,358,549
2012	6,572,035	2,171,134	806,646	7,253,914	16,803,729
2013	6,666,348	2,335,306	819,865	8,178,787	18,000,306

City of South Padre Island, Texas RATIO OF OUTSTANDING DEBT BY TYPE

Last Ten Fiscal Years

	7										
	Per Capita	1,285	1,507	1,639	1,452	1,258	1,019	926	1,456	1,339	1,258
	Percentage of Personal Income	3.56%	4.08%	4.14%	3.77%	3.49%	2.77%	2.57%	3.88%	3.57%	3.43%
	Total Primary Government	4,300,000	8,595,000	9,350,000	8,285,000	7,175,000	6,015,000	5,640,000	8,590,000	7,900,000	7,425,000
	Tax Anticipation Notes	1	1	1,600,000	1,405,000	1,195,000	975,000	745,000	505,000	260,000	•
	Combination Tax & Revenue Certificates of Obligation	•	7	,	ī		r	T		1	•
Governmental Activities	Combination Tax & Revenue Refunding Bonds	4,300,000	3,645,000	2,965,000	2,265,000	1,540,000	785,000	830,000	420,000		i
OG	Public Property Finance Contractual Obligations	•		•	•	•	,	•	•	•	,
	General Obligation Bonds	,	4,950,000	4,785,000	4,615,000	4,440,000	4,255,000	4,065,000	7,665,000	7,640,000	7,425,000
	Fiscal Year	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013

Note: Details regarding the City's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

1 See Schedule 14 for personal income and population data.

City of South Padre Island, Texas RATIO OF GENERAL BONDED DEBT OUTSTANDING Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	General Obligation Bonds	Debt Service Restricted Net Position	Net Bonded Debt	Percentage of Actual Taxable Value of Property (1)	Per Capita (2)
2004	-,	-		-	-1
2005	4,950,000	312,326	4,637,674	0.32%	868
2006	4,785,000	330,344	4,454,656	0.27%	839
2007	4,615,000	330,961	4,284,039	0.22%	809
2008	4,440,000	364,509	4,075,491	0.18%	778
2009	4,255,000	372,222	3,882,778	0.16%	721
2010	4,065,000	413,918	3,651,082	0.15%	689
2011	7,665,000	430,535	7,234,465	0.28%	1,299
2012	7,640,000	266,563	7,373,437	0.28%	1250
2013	7,425,000	339,434	7,085,566	0.27%	1,201

Note: Details regarding the City's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements

¹ See Schedule 5 for property value data

² See Schedule 14 for population data

City of South Padre Island, Texas DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES DEBT As of September 30, 2013

Governmental Unit	Debt Outstanding	Estimated Percentage Applicable	Estimated Share of Overlapping Debt
Debt repaid with property taxes			
Cameron County	\$ 115,470,000	16.54%	\$19,098,738
Point Isabel Independent School District	20,786,260	70.99%	14,756,166
Laguna Madre Water District #1	18,459,000	74.27%	13,709,499
Texas Southmost College	67,450,000	24.12%	16,268,940
Subtotal, overlapping debt			63,833,343
City direct debt	7,425,000	100.00%	7,425,000
Total direct and overlapping debt			\$71,258,343

Source: The Municipal Advisory of Texas

City of South Padre Island, Texas PLEDGED-REVENUE COVERAGE

Last Ten Fiscal Years

	Coverage	1.77	2.18	1.52	1.25	1.58	1.04	0.95	(0.02)	1.75	ř	7
ents	Total	809,625	611,713	805,213	808,488	805,650	807,025	807,822	871,122	426,069	1	ī
Debt Service Requirements	Interest	219,625	166,713	150,213	128,488	105,650	82,025	52,822	41,122	690'9	1	1
Õ	Principal	290,000	445,000	655,000	680,000	700,000	725,000	755,000	830,000	420,000	1	•
Net Revenue Available For Debt	Service	1,437,057	1,336,513	1,221,148	1,009,195	1,273,284	835,994	768,186	(21,300)	744,887	963,695	665,154
Operating Expenditures	(2)	692,439	827,257	837,927	868,660	899,167	1,045,290	1,099,504	1,212,721	1,332,802	1,320,451	1,860,511
Gross Revenue	(1)	2,129,496	2,163,770	2,059,075	1,877,855	2,172,451	1,881,284	1,867,690	1,191,421	2,077,689	2,284,146	2,525,665
Fiscal	Year	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013

(1) Convention Center Fund revenues, including interest.

(2) Convention Center Fund operating expenditures, exclusive of capital outlay.

City of South Padre Island, Texas **DEMOGRAPHIC AND ECONOMIC STATISTICS**

Last Ten Calendar Years

Year	Estimated Population 1	Personal Income 2	Per Capita Personal Income 2*	Median Age	School 2 Enrollment 3	Unemployment Rate 4
2004	3,346	120,673,490	36,065	50.7	2,500	8.7%
2005	5,705	210,828,275	36,955	51.8	2,487	7.6%
2006	5,705	225,957,935	39,607	51.9	2,585	6.6%
2007	5,705	219,693,845	38,509	52.3	2,593	6.0%
2008	5,705	205,665,250	36,050	57.2	2,418	8.2%
2009	5,900	217,090,500	36,795	57.7	2,520	8.3%
2010	5,900	219,780,900	37,251	58	2,507	10.9%
2011	5,900	221,592,200	37,558	58.1	2,544	12.4%
2012	5,900	221,592,200	37,558	58.3	2,574	10.2%
2013	5,900	216,553,600	36,704	58.7	2,588	10.10%

Source:

¹ George Wm. Berry, Ph. D. Analysis 2008

² Claritas MarketPlace Executive Summary

³ Point Isabel Independent School District

⁴ Texas Workforce Commission: Information is for entire Cameron County as no data is available on city only

^{* 2012} and 2013 Personal Income is not available

City of South Padre Island, Texas PRINCIPAL EMPLOYERS

PRINCIPAL EMPLOYERS	Currenty Year and Ten Years Ago

		2013			2004*	
	Number of Employees		Percent of Total City	Number of		Percent of Total City
Employer	(Peak)	Rank	Employment	Employees	Rank	Employment
Schlitterbahn Beach Water Park	926	-	21.03%	,	1	,
City of South Padre Island	250	2	5.39%		ı	9
The Pearl Beach Resort	242	3	5.21%			1
Isla Grand Resort	207	4	4.46%	,	ī	ī
Blackbeard's Restaurant	176	5	3.79%	1	1	7
Hilton Garden Inn	150	9	3.23%	í	ř	1
Louie's Backyard	130	7	2.80%	1	ï	
La Quinta Inn & Suites	120	8	2.59%	ı	î	•
Sea Ranch Enterprises	120	6	2.59%		1	·
La Copa Inn	110	10	2.37%	i	î	•
Total	2,481		53.46%			

Source: South Padre Island Economic Development Corporation

^{*}Information for 2004 not available

City of South Padre Island, Texas FULL-TIME EQUIVALENT CITY GOVERNMENT EMPLOYEES BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM

Last Ten Fiscal Years

Function	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013
General Fund	•	ų	4	¥	v	9	4	_	_	V
City Administration	4 (0 4	0 4	0 4	0 4	0 4	0 4	t 4	t 4	r v
Finance	S	4	4 (C (n (1 (0 (,	,	0 (
Planning	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	1.75	1.75	7
Technology	0	1	2	2	2	2	2	3	3	3.25
Human Resources	0	0	0	0	0	1	2	3	3	3
Municipal Court	2	2	2	2	2	2	3	2	2	2
Police	33	33	34	34	34	39	39	39	38	38
Fire	18	18	18	18	18	21	21	21	27	27
Code Enforcement	2	2	3	4	4	9	9	5	5	9
Fleet Management	0	0	0	0	0	2	2	2	2	2
Building Maintenance	0	0	0	0	0	3	3	3	3	3
Inspections	3	3	4	4	4	4	4	3	3	3
Public Works	21	21	22	22	22	18	18	19	19	18
Hotel Motel Fund										
Visitor's Center	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Hotel Motel	11	11	12	13.5	13	13	9.5	9.5	9.5	8.75
Events Marketing	1	1	_	2	2	2	1	1	-	2
Convention Centre										
Convention Centre	10	10	11	13.5	13	13	13.5	11.5	10.5	12
Transportation										
Transportation	5	5	9	7	7	7	6	9.25	15.25	15
Beach Maintenance										
Beach Maintenance	0	0	0	0	0	0	4	4	4	4
Total Operating Budget FTE's	117	120	128	136	135	147	152	148	158	160

Source: City of South Padre Island Annual Budget Note: Full-time budgeted positions are shown

City of South Padre Island, Texas

OPERATING INDICATORS BY FUNCTION

Last Ten Fiscal Years

Function	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013
Police										
Physical arrests	1,402	1,212				952		1,199	1,454	1,258
Parking violations	456	552				1,643		1,897	1,138	724
Traffic violations	3,277	2,803	2,215	3,100	942	995	1,204	1,038	748	481
Number of commissioned police officers	25	25				29		28	28	29
Number of employees - police officers & civilians	33	33				40		38	38	39
Fire										
Number of calls answered	470	821	928	1,194	1,420	1,667	1,783	1,858	1,964	2,107
EMS calls	199	443	536	712	838	816	1,082	1,172	1,415	1,377
Inspections	414	307	331	355	219	475	369	490	327	288
Number of firefighters	17	17	17	17	18	18	18	20	26	26
Number of employees - firefighters & civilians	18	18	18	18	21	21	21	21	27	27
Streets										
Street resurfacing (square yards)	18,679	10,811	,	7,040	16,837	956'9	8,611	9,032	7,867	12,050
Sidewalk construction (square yards)	,		1,160	647	220	693	0	73	2,069	440

Source: City Departments

City of South Padre Island, Texas

CAPITAL ASSET STATISTICS BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM

Last Ten Fiscal Years

2 3 4.5 19 5 47.39 1901 Ξ 2013 47.39 2 3 4.5 19 5 1527 10 2012 47.39 2 4.5 19 5 6 2011 2 4.5 4.5 18 10 47.39 1640 2010 47.09 18 12 2009 47.09 4.5 ∞ 2008 1 2 4.5 1.8 1.8 47.09 9 2007 47.09 1 2 4.5 18 2006 47.09 4.5 9 2005 4.5 16 8 1562 47.31 2004 Beach accesses (undeveloped) Beach accesses (developed) Function/Program Municipal Beach (miles) Transit - minibuses Development Services City area (acres) Parks and recreation Police Stations Streets (miles) Fire Stations Playground Transportation Public Safety Parks

Note: In 2012, the city acquired mapping technology to more accurately calculate its square acreage.

Source: City Departments

City of South Padre Island, Texas MISCELLANEOUS STATISTICAL DATA

Date of incorporation

1973

Fiscal year begins

October 1st

Number of budgeted City employees

160

Geographical location:

Southern tip of Texas on the Gulf of Mexico

approximately 15 miles north of the Mexican

border.

Temperature:

68.4 degrees average low temperature

80 degrees average high temperature

Source: City Staff

Source: www.weatherbase.com

CITY OF SOUTH PADRE ISLAND, TEXAS

COMPLIANCE

COMPLIANCE SECTION

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the City Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City of South Padre Island, Texas

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the aggregate discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of City of South Padre Island, Texas, as of and for the year ended September 30, 2013, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise City of South Padre Island's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated March 10, 2014.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered City of South Padre Island, Texas' internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of City of South Padre Island, Texas' internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of City of South Padre Island, Texas' internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether City of South Padre Island, Texas' financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

LONG CHILTON, LLP

Certified Public Accountants

Long Chilton, LLP

Harlingen, Texas March 10, 2014

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY OMB CIRCULAR A-133

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City of South Padre Island, Texas

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited City of South Padre Island, Texas' compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Circular A-133 Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of City of South Padre Island, Texas' major federal programs for the year ended September 30, 2013. City of South Padre Island, Texas' major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to its federal programs.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of City of South Padre Island, Texas' major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Those standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about City of South Padre Island, Texas' compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of City of South Padre Island, Texas' compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, City of South Padre Island, Texas, complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended September 30, 2013.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of City of South Padre Island, Texas, is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered City of South Padre Island, Texas' internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with OMB Circular A-133, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of City of South Padre Island, Texas' internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of OMB Circular A-133. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

LONG CHILTON, LLP

Certified Public Accountants

Long Chilton, LLP

Harlingen, Texas March 10, 2014

City of South Padre Island, Texas SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

For the Year Ended September 30, 2013

Section I - Summary of Auditors' Results

Financial Statements Unmodified Type of auditors' report issued: Internal control over financial reporting: * Material weakness(es) identified? __X__ no ___ yes * Significant deficiencies identified that are not X none reported considered to be material weakness(es)? ____ yes Noncompliance material to financial statements noted? X no ____ yes Federal Awards Internal control over major programs: __X__ no * Material weakness(es) identified? ____ yes * Significant deficiencies identified that are not considered to be material weakness(es)? X none reported __ yes Type of auditors' report issued on compliance for Unmodified major programs: Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with Section 510(a) of Circular A-133? X no ___ yes Identification of major programs: Name of Federal Program or Cluster CFDA Number(s) Coastal Impact Assistance Program 15.668 Dollar threshold used to distinguish between \$300,000 Type A and Type B programs: Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee? X yes ____ no

City of South Padre Island, Texas SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS - CONTINUED

For the Year Ended September 30, 2013

Section II – Findings Relating to the Financial Statement Audit as Required to Be Reported in Accordance with Generally Accepted Government Auditing Standards

A. Significant Deficiencies in Internal Control

None reported.

B. Compliance Findings

None reported.

Section III - Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs

None reported.

City of South Padre Island, Texas SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS - CONTINUED SCHEDULE OF STATUS OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS

For the Year Ended September 30, 2013

PROGRAM DESCRIPTION

DESCRIPTION

Not applicable

There were no findings reported in the prior year.

City of South Padre Island, Texas SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS For the Year Ended September 30, 2013

Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/Program or Cluster Title	Federal CFDA Number	Pass-Through Entity Identifying Number	Expenditures
Federal Awards			
U.S. Department of Transportation Transit Services Programs Cluster-Cluster Passed-through Texas Department of Transportation Enhanced Mobility of Seniors and Individuals with Disabilities	20.513	ED 1204	\$ 45,506
Job Access And Reverse Commute Program	20.516	JAC 1301 (21) 76	3,383
Total Transit Services Programs Cluster-Cluster			48,889
Formula Grants for Rural Areas - WAVE Grant	20.509	RPT 1206 RPT 1307 RPT 1304	459,840 167,526 67,170 694,536
Federal Transit_Capital Investment Grants Total Passed-through Texas Department of Transportation	20.500	VCR 1303(21)	70,000 813,425
Total U.S. Department of Transportation			813,425
U.S. Department of Homeland Security Passed-through Texas Department of Public Safety Homeland Security Grant Program Total Passed-through Texas Department of Public Safety	97.067	11-SR 69140-01	19,955 19,955
Department of Homeland Security Direct Programs Disaster Grants - Public Assistance (Presidentially Declared Disasters)	97.036	1931-DR	164,198
Total U.S. Department of Homeland Security			184,153
U.S. Department of Commerce Passed through Texas General Land Office			
Coastal Zone Management Administration Awards	11.419	13-048-000-6915	45,434
Total passed through Texas General Land Office			45,434
Total Department of Commerce			45,434
U.S. Department of the Interior Passed-through Cameron County Coastal Impact Assistance Program Total Passed-through Cameron County Total Department of the Interior	15.668	F12AF01271	918,456 918,456 918,456
U.S. Department of Labor WIA Dislocated Worker Formula Grants	17.278	300-4-0051	13,253
Total U.S. Department of Labor			13,253
U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development Community Development Block Grants/State's program and Non-Entitlement Grants in Hawaii	14.228	DRS010177	54,772
Total U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development			54,772
Total Expenditures of Federal Awards			\$ 2,029,493

City of South Padre Island, Texas NOTES ON ACCOUNTING POLICIES FOR FEDERAL AWARDS

For the Year Ended September 30, 2013

1. General

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards presents the activity of all federal award programs of City of South Padre Island, Texas, for the year ended September 30, 2013. The reporting entity consists of the primary government, organizations for which the primary government is financially accountable, and other organizations for which the primary government is not accountable, but for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete.

Financial accountability exists if a primary government appoints a voting majority of an organization's governing Board and is either able to impose its will on that organization or there is a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits to, or impose specific financial burdens on, the primary government. A primary government may also be financially accountable for governmental organizations with a separately elected governing Board, a governing Board appointed by another government, or a jointly appointed Board that is fiscally dependent on the primary government.

In accordance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board requirements, the City has reviewed other entities and activities for possible inclusion in the reporting entity and determined that there are none; however, federal financial assistance passed through other governmental agencies is included on the schedule.

2. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The federal grant funds were accounted for in the Special Revenue Funds and a component of the Governmental Fund type. The accounting and financial reporting treatment applied to a fund is determined by its measurement focus. The Governmental Fund types are accounted for using a current financial resources measurement focus. With the Governmental Fund type measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities generally are included on the balance sheet. Operating statements of these funds present increases (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and decreases (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) in net current assets.

The modified accrual basis of accounting is used for the Governmental Fund types. This basis of accounting recognizes revenues in the accounting period in which they become susceptible to accrual, i.e., both measurable and available, and expenditures in the accounting period in which the fund liability is incurred, if measurable, except for certain compensated absences and claims and judgments, which are recognized when the obligations are expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources.

City of South Padre Island, Texas EXIT CONFERENCE

For the Year Ended September 30, 2013

Discussion with City Personnel: The results of the audit were discussed at an exit briefing with the following grantee personnel:

Rodrigo Gimenez, Finance Director Darla Jones, Interim City Manager

No exceptions were taken to the factual contents of the items contained in this report.